



Classes and Objects

Universal Classification

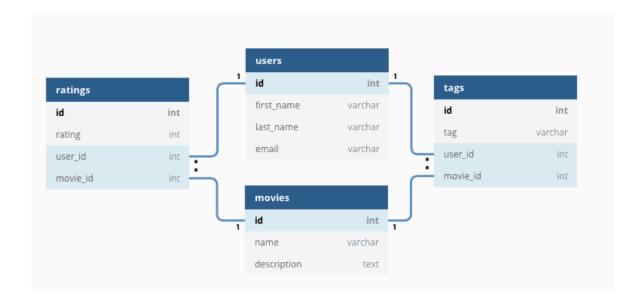
BOMs & XBOM Manager Variant Management

Requirements Mgmt.



## Classes and Objects: Basic Concepts for Relational Databases

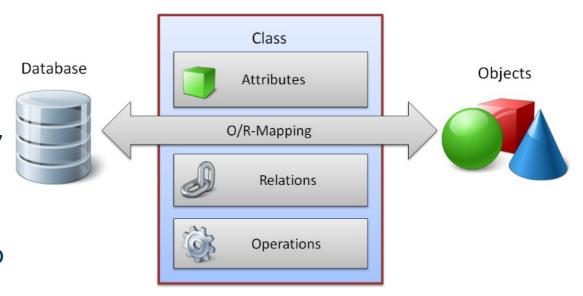
- Data stored in SQL database
- Each table represents a certain object class (Person, Organization, Document, Part, ...)
- Each column represents an attribute of that class (Person: Name, Address, Phone Number, Employer, ...)
- Each row represents an object of that class
- Tables have primary keys that uniquely identify each record, and may have foreign keys that establish relationships to other tables





# Classes and Objects: The Data Dictionary

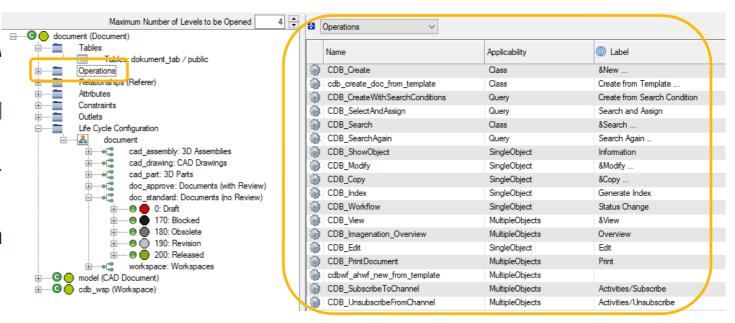
- The Data Dictionary is used to define classes in CONTACT Elements
- It serves as a blueprint for each object
- It defines attributes of various types: Char, Int, Float, Date, ...
- Compiling a DD class creates a corresponding SQL database scheme
- The DD allows the definition of relationships to other classes





## Classes and Objects: Operations

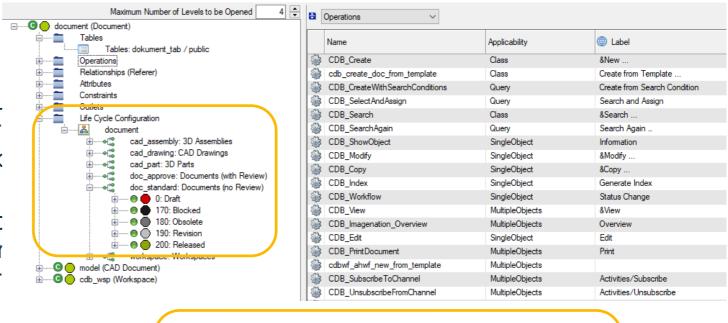
- Describe how the user interacts w class and its objects
- Examples: Create, Copy, Search, I Show Object, Status Change, ...
- Operations are connected to the r and rights system
- Different input dialogs can be con for each operation
- User Exits connect business logic operations:
  - "Do X, Y and Z after a new document has been created."
  - "Verify the input data before allowing a user to modify object X."
  - "Automatically fill the author, department and project number when a new object is being created in a specific context."
  - ...

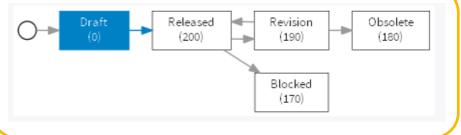




## Classes and Objects: Object Lifecycle

- Describes the various states that object can be in
- Transitions can be triggered manu (by users with the correct role) or automatically during certain work or user exits
- Status changes can trigger their c follow-up processes, and determing which users have which rights for respective object
- Different lifecycles for different sub-categories of a class are possible







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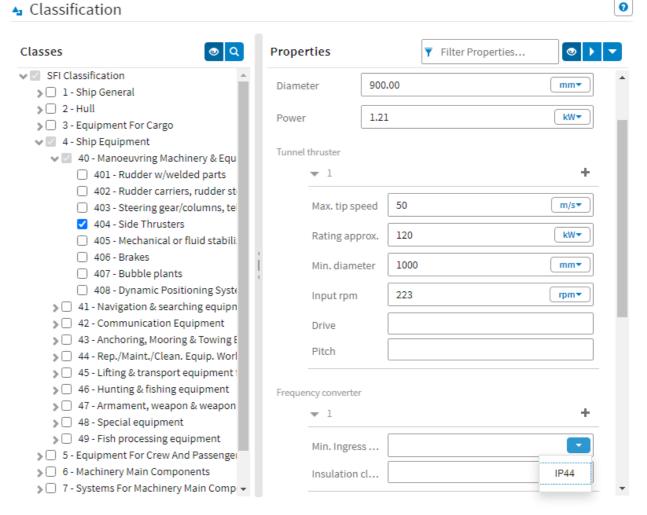
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Universal Classification: Basic

Concepts

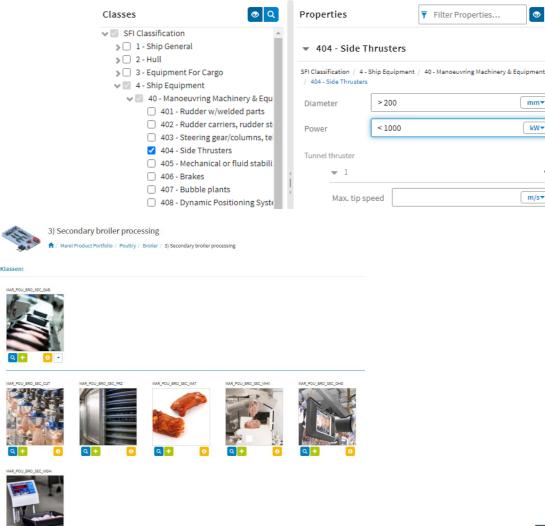
- Allows the classification of all objects in the system for additional description, or separation or grouping
- Extends the data model, but only where needed
- Highly flexible
  - One UC class can be used for multiple data dictionary classes
  - Does not modify the database schema
  - Can be administrated by certain user groups





### Universal Classification: Classes and Properties

- Any object can be classified with one or multiple Universal Classification classes
- Each UC class has a list of pre-defined class properties, for which an object can have its own property values
- The classified search allows users to find objects belonging to certain UC classes, and with specific property values within these classes
- The object plan allows for easy navigation and search based on the UC structure





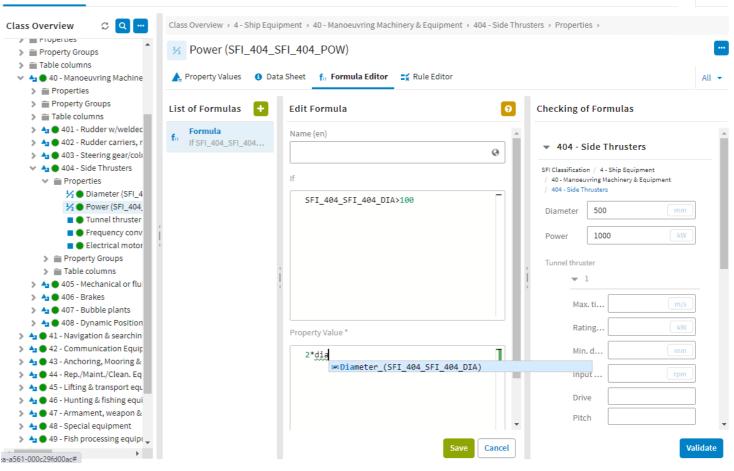
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## Universal Classification: Rules, Formulas and Conchication: A Properties A Properti

- Universal Classification brings certain features out of the box that would usually need to be customized through user exits:
  - Rules: set certain class properties to mandatory/optional and editable/read-only based on other property values
  - Formulas: automatically fill property values based on other property values
  - Constraints: restrict users from assigning specific property values or combinations





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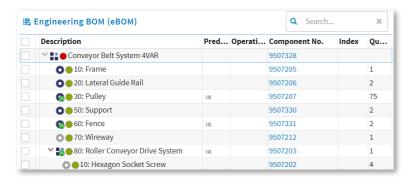
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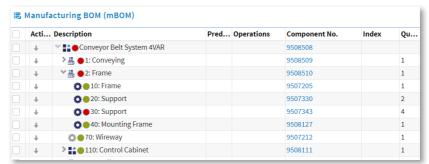
## BOMs and XBOM Manager: Basic Concepts

- The Bill of Material (BOM) is a key component of CONTACT Element's Virtual Product module
- It describes the structure of a whole product or one of its various sub-

#### eBOM reflects how the product has been designed



#### mBOM reflects the stages involved in assembly

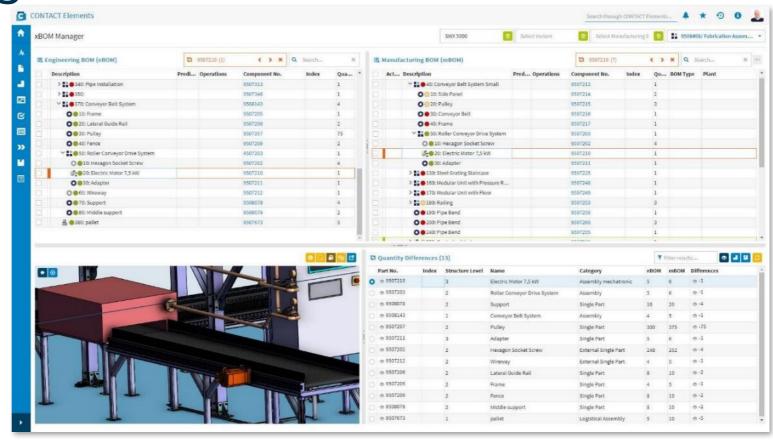


Takes into account logistical parts, pseudo-parts, logistical units; integration of lubricants, shipping protection, ...



## BOMs and XBOM Manager: Features of the XBOM Manager

- The XBOM Manager offers side-by-side comparison between eBOMs, mBOMs, other BOM types
- Automatic calculation of quantity differences
- Highlighting of matching positions (and components in 3D model)
- Easy and intuitive creation and maintenance of derived BOMs





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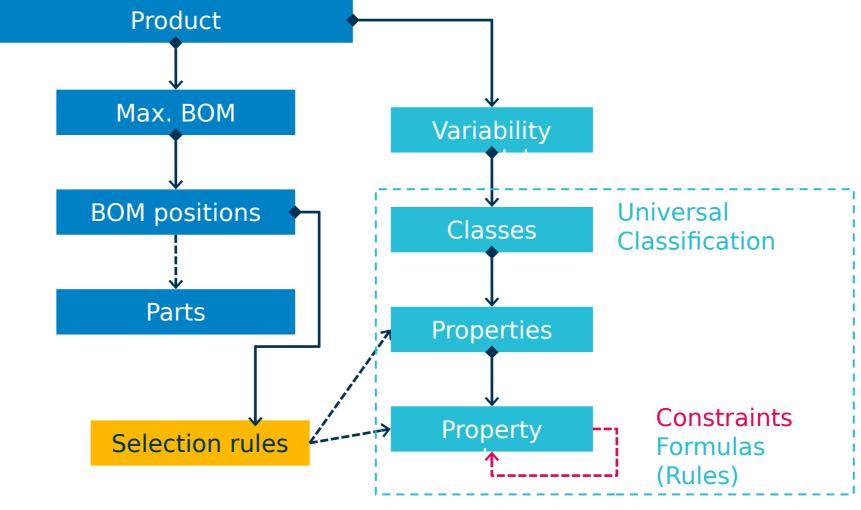
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### Variant Management: Basic Concepts

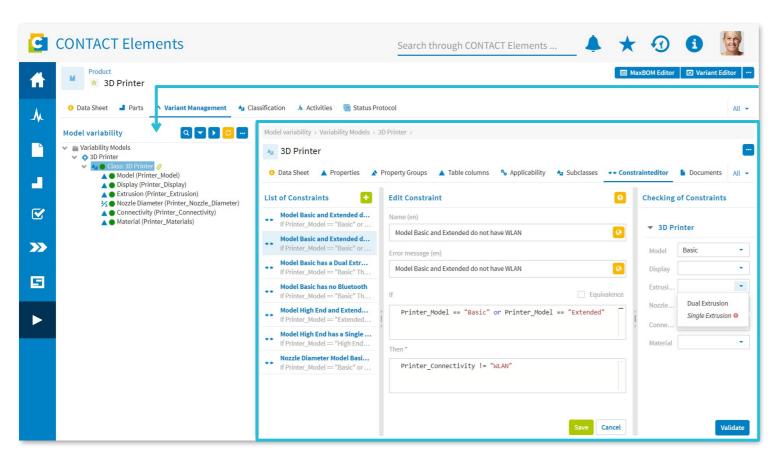
- Variant Management combines the worlds of BOM Management and Universal Classification
- A product's maximum BOM contains all possible parts and assemblies
- A UC-based variability model describes the variant space
- Selection rules define which of





15 othese wariable parts are instantiated for

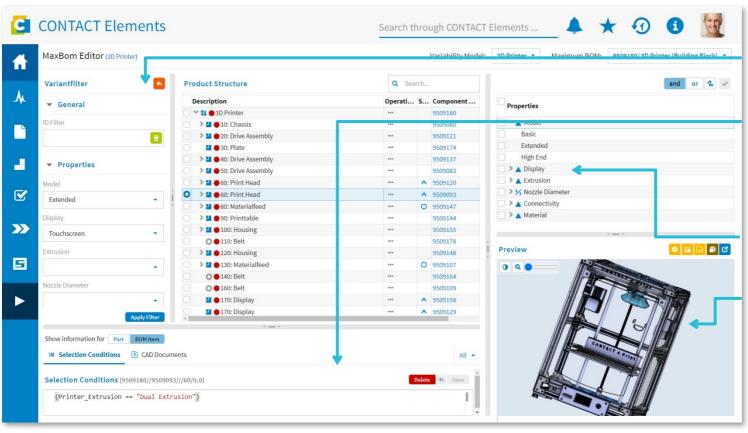
## Variant Management: Variability Model



- Create properties and their values
- Easily define and validate constraints in the Constraint Editor



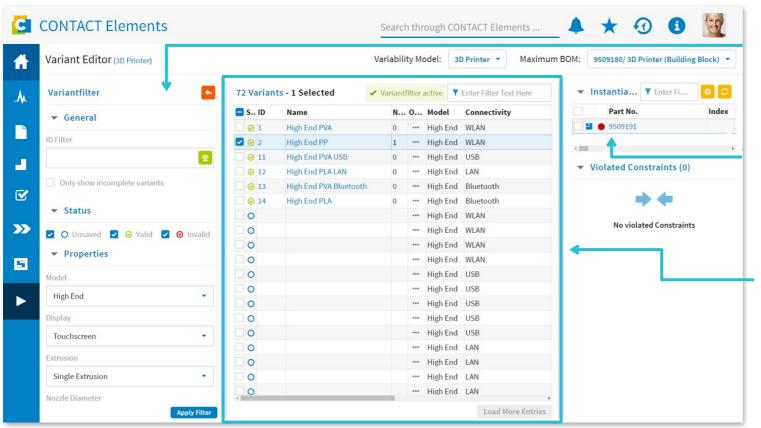
### Variant Management: MaxBOM Editor



- 1 Variant filter for validating regulation of the maximum
- 2 BOM Definition of the selection conditions via text input with auto-completion ...
  - 3 ... or with a few clicks
- 4 Visual support thanks to the integration of 3D preview



## Variant Management: Variant Editor



- Filter options for quickly limiting the variant space
- Overview of a variant's instantiated parts
- 3 Entire variant space as a result of properties and constraints, variants can be saved, named, and instantiated from this view



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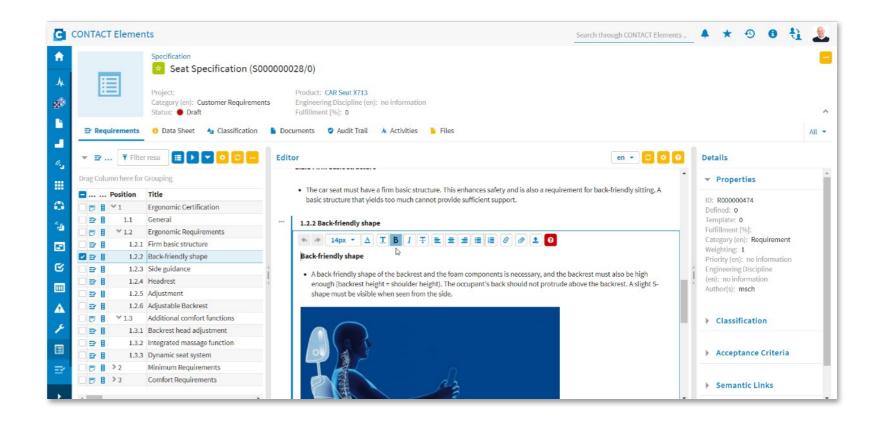
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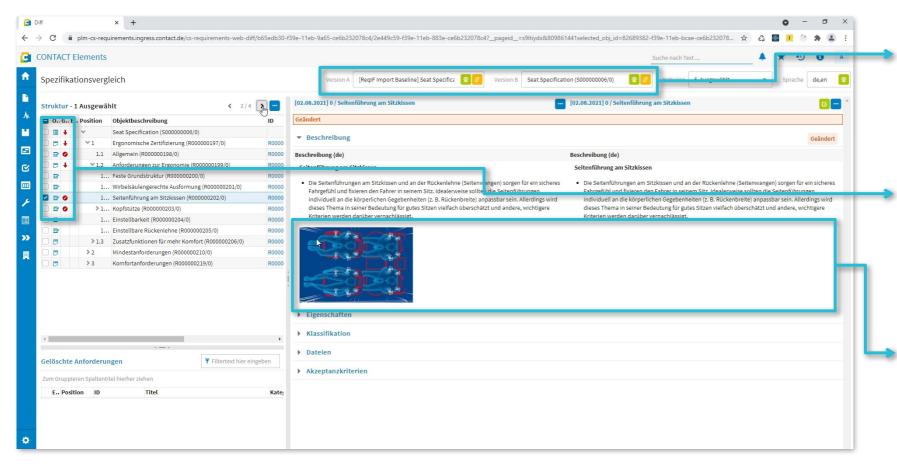
## Requirements Management: Basic Concepts

- Create and edit web-based specifications, their requirements and acceptance criteria
- Add layouts and image information
- Classification and evaluation of requirements
- Link requirements to acceptance





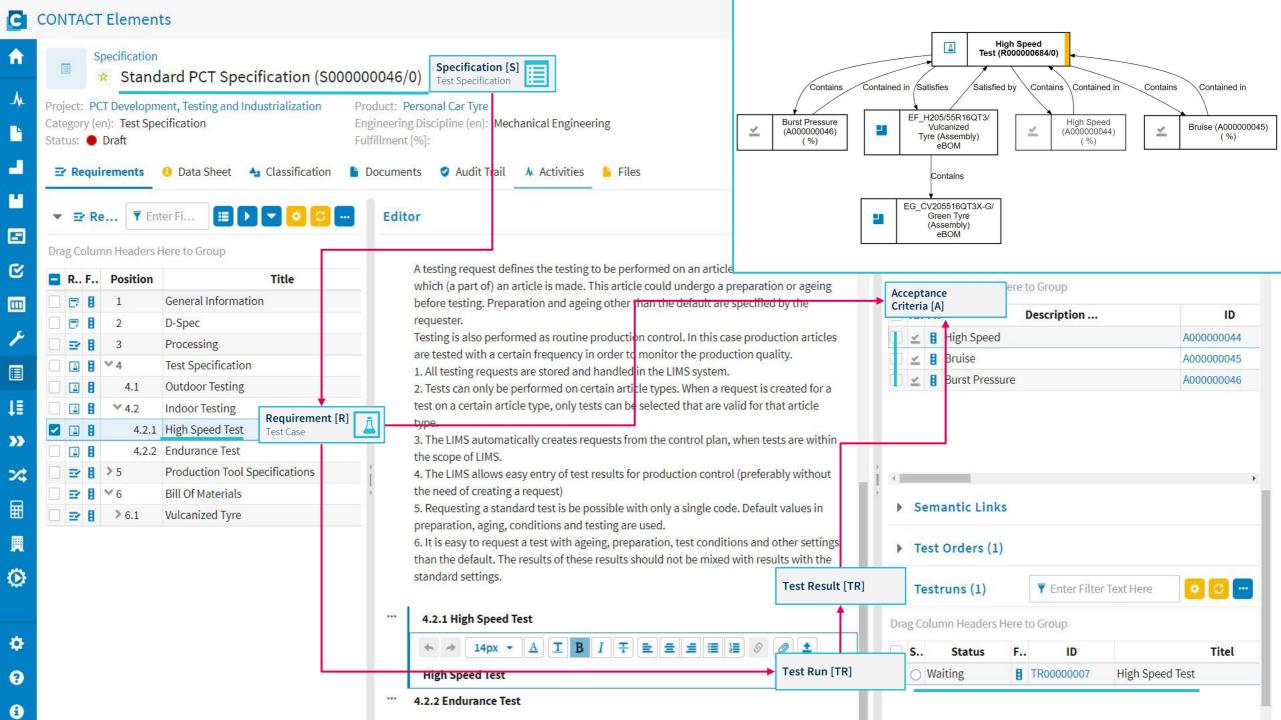
# Requirements Management: Baselining



Comparison between a baseline and the current configuration

Overview of differences between compared configurations

Detailed view of a selected difference



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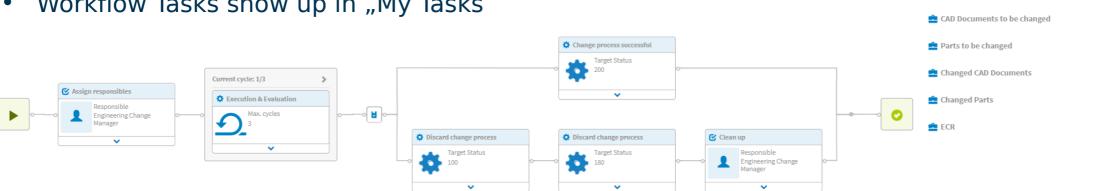
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### Workflows: Basic Concepts

- Workflows are used to model business processes in CONTACT **Flements**
- They can contain (among others):
  - Standardized tasks (Review, Approval)
  - Notification of users/user groups
  - Status changes
  - Forms that need to be filled out
- Workflow Designer: graphical interface
- Workflow Tasks show up in "My Tasks"





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Briefcases Activities

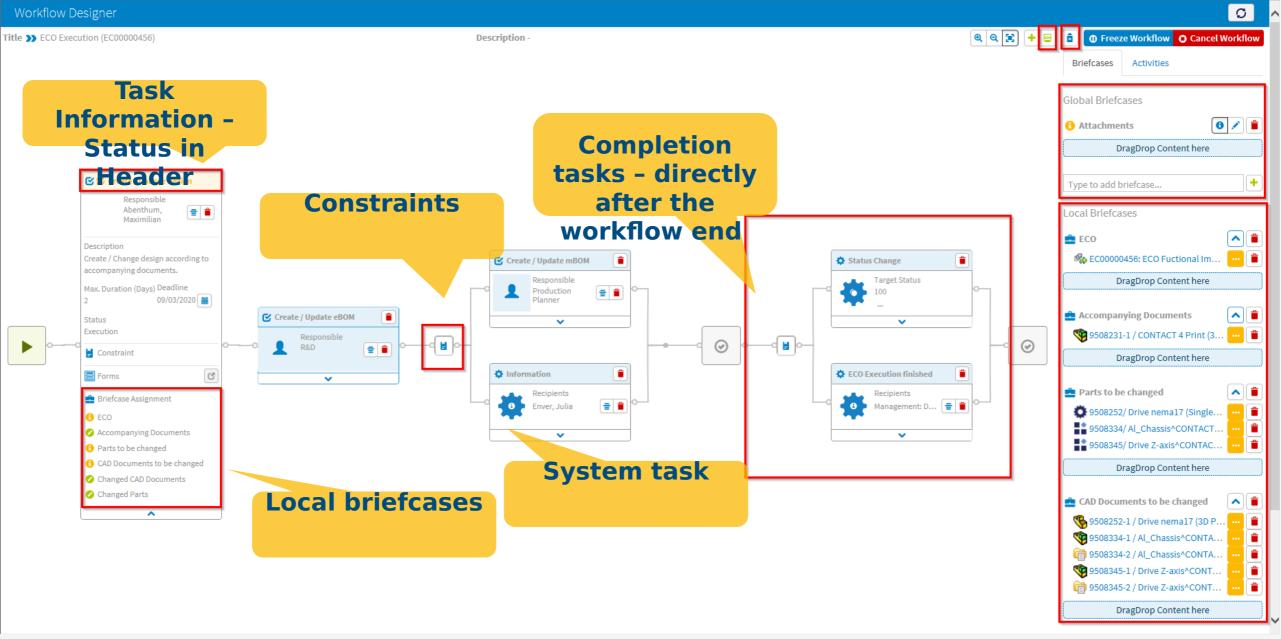
Feedback change process

Accompanying Documents

Global Briefcases

Attachments

Local Briefcases





## Questions





