

Ohio High School Graduate Outcomes



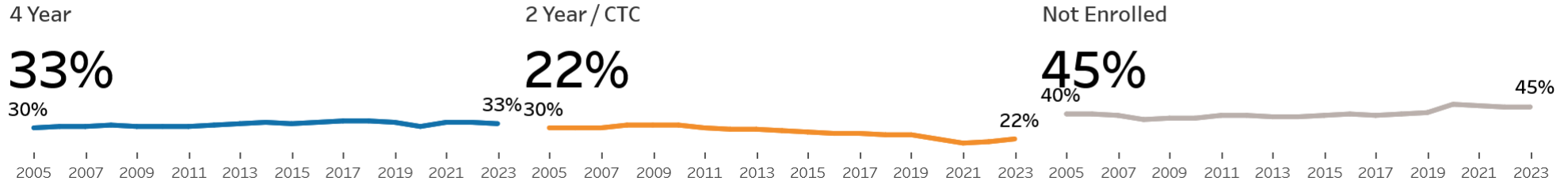
Data Source: <https://erdc.wa.gov/publications-and-reports/high-school-graduate-outcomes>

Agenda

- 1). Enrollment After High School Graduation
- 1). Postsecondary Persistence After the First Year
- 1). Highest Degree 8 Years After High School Graduation
- 1). Median Earning 15 Years After High School Graduation

1). Enrollment After High School Graduation

What percent of students enrolled in the first year after high school graduation?



- 4-year institutions remain steady at 33%, and 2-year institutions declined 8% since 2005 to 22%.
- Non-enrollment remained steady from 2005-2019 at ~40%, after which increased to a steady 45%.

2). Postsecondary Persistence After the First Year

What percent of enrollees persisted beyond the first year of postsecondary?

4 Year students

86%

92%

2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021

2 Year / CTC students

58%

66%

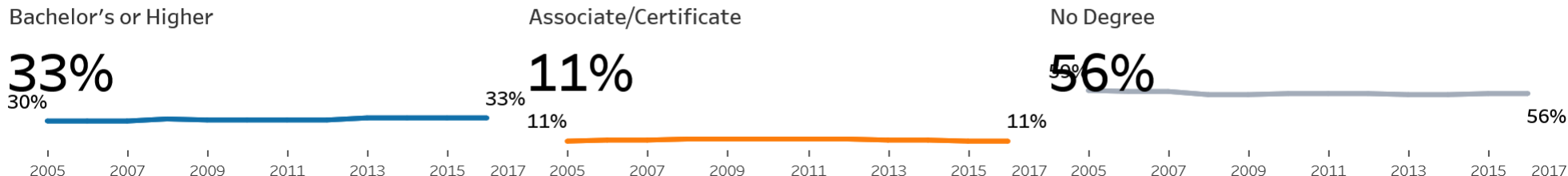
58%

2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021

- First-year retention is higher at 4-year institutions (86-92%) compared to 2-year institutions (58-68%).

3). Highest Degree 8 Years After High School Graduation

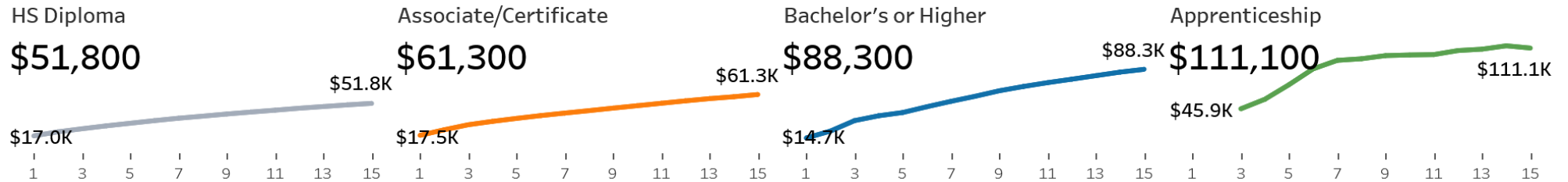
What were the highest degrees attained within 8 years of high school graduation?



- Degree attainment remains stable over time, with ~33% earning a bachelor's or higher, ~11% completing an associate/certificate, and up to ~60% not obtaining a credential within eight years.

4). Median Earning 15 Years After High School Graduation

What were the median earnings of graduates in the 15 years after high school graduation?



- Across the board median earnings increase, and higher education lead to higher growth and levels of median earnings.
- Apprenticeships incur the highest returns and fastest wage growth, followed by bachelors or higher degrees.

Thank you