



Basic habitat mapping

- K1 (Willow carrs, 100%)
- K3 (Tall mesic and xeric scrub, 100%)
- L2.2 (Ash-alder alluvial forests, 100%)
- L2.2 (Ash-alder alluvial forests, 60%), V4B (Macrophyte vegetation of water streams with potential occurrence of aquatic macrophytes or with natural or seminatural bed, 40%)
- L2.2 (Ash-alder alluvial forests, 70%), V4B (Macrophyte vegetation of water streams with potential occurrence of aquatic macrophytes or with natural or seminatural bed, 30%)
- L2.2B (Ash-alder alluvial forests, 100%)
- L2.2B (Ash-alder alluvial forests, 60%), L4 (Ravine forests, 40%)
- L4 (Ravine forests, 100%)
- L5.1 (Herb-rich beech forests, 100%)
- L5.4 (Acidophilous beech forests, 100%)
- L5.4 (Acidophilous beech forests, 30%), X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 70%)
- L5.4 (Acidophilous beech forests, 60%), X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 40%)
- L5.4 (Acidophilous beech forests, 90%), S1.2 (Chasmophytic vegetation of siliceous cliffs and boulder screes, 10%)
- L7.3 (Subcontinental pine-oak forests, 60%), S1.2 (Chasmophytic vegetation of siliceous cliffs and boulder screes, 40%)
- R2.2 (Acidic moss-rich fens, 100%)
- S1.2 (Chasmophytic vegetation of siliceous cliffs and boulder screes, 2%), X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 98%)
- S1.2 (Chasmophytic vegetation of siliceous cliffs and boulder screes, 20%), X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 80%)
- S1.2 (Chasmophytic vegetation of siliceous cliffs and boulder screes, 40%), X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 60%)

- T1.1 (Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows, 100%)
- T1.1 (Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows, 40%), T1.5 (Wet Cirsium meadows, 20%), X12B (Other stands of early successional woody species, 40%)
- T1.1 (Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows, 50%), X12B (Other stands of early successional woody species, 50%)
- T1.1 (Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows, 70%), X6 (Anthropogenic areas with sparse vegetation outside human settlements, 30%)
- T1.2 (Montane Trisetum meadows, 100%)
- T1.5 (Wet Cirsium meadows, 100%)
- T1.6 (Wet Filipendula grasslands, 100%)
- T2.3B (Submontane and montane Nardus grasslands without Juniperus communis, 100%)
- T2.3B (Submontane and montane Nardus grasslands without Juniperus communis, 65%), X12B (Other stands of early successional woody species, 35%)
- X1 (Urbanized areas, 100%)
- X10 (Forest clearings, 100%)
- X11 (Forest clearings, 100%)
- X12A (Stands of early successional woody species valuable for nature conservation, 100%)
- X12B (Other stands of early successional woody species, 100%)
- X5 (Intensively managed meadows, 100%)
- X6 (Anthropogenic areas with sparse vegetation outside human settlements, 100%)
- X7B (Herbaceous ruderal vegetation outside human settlements, other stands, 100%)
- X9A (Forest plantations of allocthonous coniferous trees, 100%)

