

MySQL project

Pizza sales analysis

Divyansh Shah



A close-up photograph of a person's hand holding a wooden spoon and stirring a bowl of pasta. The pasta appears to be fettuccine with cherry tomatoes and some sauce. The background is blurred, showing a kitchen environment.

ABOUT THE PROJECT

This project involves analyzing a dataset of pizza sales to extract actionable insights using MySQL. The objective is to uncover patterns in customer preferences, revenue generation, and ordering trends, which can be used to improve business strategies for a pizza chain. The analysis is divided into three levels of complexity: Basic, Intermediate, and Advanced.

Tools and Techniques used:

- Database: MySQL
- Query Techniques: Aggregations (SUM, COUNT, AVG), Joins, Subqueries, Grouping, Ranking, and Date-Time functions.
- Tables Analyzed: Orders, Order details, Pizza types, and Pizzas.

BASIC ANALYSIS

1. Retrieve the Total Number of Orders Placed
2. Calculate the Total Revenue Generated from Pizza Sales
3. Identify the Highest-Priced Pizza
4. Identify the Most Common Pizza Size Ordered
5. List the Top 5 Most Ordered Pizza Types Along with Their Quantities

INTERMEDIATE ANALYSIS

1. Find the Total Quantity of Each Pizza Category Ordered
2. Determine the Distribution of Orders by Hour of the Day
3. Group Orders by Date and Calculate the Average Number of Pizzas Ordered Per Day
4. Top 3 Most Ordered Pizza Types Based on Revenue

ADVANCED ANALYSIS

1. Percentage Contribution of Each Pizza Type to Total Revenue
2. Analyze the Cumulative Revenue Generated Over Time
3. Top 3 Most Ordered Pizza Types Based on Revenue for Each Pizza Category

Retrieve the Total Number of Orders Placed

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

OUTPUT:

	total_orders
▶	21350

Basic

Calculate the Total Revenue Generated from Pizza Sales

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) as total_revenue  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

OUTPUT:

	total_revenue
▶	655250.45

Basic

Identify the Highest-Priced Pizza

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

OUTPUT:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Basic

Identify the Most Common Pizza Size Ordered

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS number_of_orders
FROM
    order_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY number_of_orders DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

OUTPUT:

	size	number_of_orders
▶	L	14857

Basic

List the Top 5 Most Ordered Pizza Types Along with Their Quantities

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, COUNT(order_details.quantity) AS qauntity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY qauntity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

OUTPUT:

	name	qauntity
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	1929
	The Pepperoni Pizza	1914
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	1910
	The Hawaiian Pizza	1871
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	1830

Basic

Find the Total Quantity of Each Pizza Category Ordered

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    COUNT(order_details.quantity) AS qaunty
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY qaunty DESC;
```

OUTPUT:

	category	qaunty
▶	Classic	11685
	Supreme	9404
	Veggie	9212
	Chicken	8641

Intermediate

Determine the Distribution of Orders by Hour of the Day

QUERY:

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

OUTPUT:

	HOUR(order_time)	COUNT(order_id)
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

Intermediate

Group Orders by Date and Calculate the Average Number of Pizzas Ordered Per Day

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizzas
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

OUTPUT:

	avg_pizzas
▶	139

Intermediate

Top 3 Most Ordered Pizza Types Based on Revenue

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

OUTPUT:

	name	revenue
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	34675
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	34286.25
	The California Chicken Pizza	32725.5

Intermediate

Percentage Contribution of Each Pizza Type to Total Revenue

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) * 100 / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
        2)
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
            pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)),
    2) AS percentage_revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
            order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY percentage_revenue DESC;
```

OUTPUT:

	category	percentage_revenue
▶	Classic	26.92
	Supreme	25.42
	Chicken	23.87
	Veggie	23.8

Advanced

Analyze the Cumulative Revenue Generated Over Time

QUERY:

```
SELECT
    order_date,
    sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) AS cum_revenue
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date,
        SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
        orders ON order_details.order_id = orders.order_id
        JOIN
        pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) as sales;
```

OUTPUT:

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.35000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.30000000003

and so on...

Advanced

Top 3 Most Ordered Pizza Types Based on Revenue for Each Pizza Category

QUERY:

```
SELECT category, name, revenue, rn FROM
  (SELECT category, name, revenue,
  RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn FROM
  (SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
  FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
  GROUP BY pizza_types.category , pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn<=3;
```

OUTPUT:

	category	name	revenue	rn
▶	Chicken	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	34675	1
	Chicken	The Thai Chicken Pizza	34286.25	2
	Chicken	The California Chicken Pizza	32725.5	3
	Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	30180	1
	Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	25513.5	2
	Classic	The Pepperoni Pizza	24340.5	3
	Supreme	The Spicy Italian Pizza	27888	1
	Supreme	The Italian Supreme Pizza	26781.75	2
	Supreme	The Sicilian Pizza	24411.25	3
	Veggie	The Four Cheese Pizza	25701.80000000045	1
	Veggie	The Five Cheese Pizza	21589.5	2
	Veggie	The Mexicana Pizza	20934.25	3

Advanced

CONCLUSION

Through this analysis, valuable insights were uncovered, such as the most popular pizzas, high-revenue earners, and ordering patterns by time and category. These findings can help optimize the menu, adjust pricing strategies, and improve inventory management for enhanced profitability and customer satisfaction.



THANK YOU

