Text Formatting P0645R1

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Overview

Python-like format string syntax:

```
string s = fmt::format("{}", 42);
fmt::format("{:10x}", 42); // compare to sprintf("%10x", 42)
```

- Formatting is extensible for user-defined types
- Natural function call API using variadic templates:

```
template <class... Args>
string format(string_view format_str, const Args&... args);
```

Positional arguments:

```
string s = fmt::format("{1}{0}", "foo", "bar");
```

Control over the use of locales:

```
fmt::format("{}", 1.2); // not using locale
fmt::format("{:n}", 1.2); // using locale
```

Changes

Changes since **R0**

- Add section Compile-time processing of format strings.
- Separate parsing and formatting in the extension API replacing format_value function template with class template formatter to allow compile-time processing of format strings.
- Change return type of format_to and vformat_to to OutputIterator in synopsis.
- Remove sections Null-terminated string view and Format string, and replace basic_cstring_view with basic_string_view.
- Add a link to the implementation in <u>Introduction</u>.
- Add a note regarding time formatting and compatibility with D0355 "Extending <chrono> to Calendars and Time Zones" [16] to section Extensibility.
- Rename basic_args to basic_format_args.
- Rename is _numeric to is _arithmetic.
- Add the count function that counts the number of characters and use it to define output ranges.
- Remove basic_buffer and section Formatting buffer and replace buffers with output iterators.
- Add Appendix A: Benchmarks.
- Explain the purpose of the type-erased API in more details in the **Binary footprint** section.
- Add Appendix B: Binary code comparison.
- Add formatting function overloads for wchar_t strings.

Extensibility

Replacement field syntax

```
replacement-field ::= '{' [arg-id] [':' format-spec] '}'
```

where format-spec is predefined for built-in types, but can be customized for user-defined types, e.g. put_time-like formatting for tm:

by providing a specialization of formatter for tm:

```
template <>
struct formatter<tm> {
  constexpr fmt::parse_context::iterator
    parse(fmt::parse_context& ctx); // constexpr-ready

template <class FormatContext>
  typename FormatContext::iterator
  format(const tm& tm, FormatContext& ctx);
};
```

Compile-time format strings

Extension API is constexpr-ready: parsing can be done at compile time.

Possible API (not proposed):

If P0424R1 "Reconsidering literal operator templates for strings" goes in it will be possible to do:

```
string s = format("{0}"_fmt, 42);
```

Demonstrated to work with all of the features of the current proposal in the reference implementation (compile-time strings emulated with macros).

Another option: P0732R0 "Class Types in Non-Type Template Parameters"

Runtime format strings still need to be supported, compile-time can be added later.

Output iterators

"Look at using or explain why not to use an output iterator." - LEWG

Removed the buffer API which was in R0.

Changed format_to to the following:

```
template <class OutputIterator, class... Args>
OutputIterator format_to(
   OutputIterator out,
   string_view format_str,
   const Args&... args);
```

Output size

Added a function to compute output size:

```
template <class... Args>
size_t count(
   string_view format_str,
   const Args&... args);
```

Effects: The function writes to the range [out, out + fmt::count(format_str, args...)) the format string format_str with each replacement field substituted with the character representation of the argument it refers to, formatted according to the specification given in the field.

Returns: The end of the output range.

Benchmarks

Format 1000 random integers.

```
Run on (4 X 3100 MHz CPU s)
2018-01-27 07:12:00
                   Time
                                CPU Iterations
Benchmark
sprintf
            882311 ns 881076 ns
                                          781
ostringstream 2892035 ns 2888975 ns
                                         242
                                       610
to string 1167422 ns
                          1166831 ns
format
             675636 ns 674382 ns
                                       1045
format to
               499376 ns
                           498996 ns
                                         1263
```

Compiled with clang (Apple LLVM version 9.0.0 clang-900.0.39.2) with -O3 - DNDEBUG and run on a macOS system.

sprintf and format_to use a stack-allocated array, the rest use std::string.

Type-erased API

Type-erased version of format to avoid code bloat:

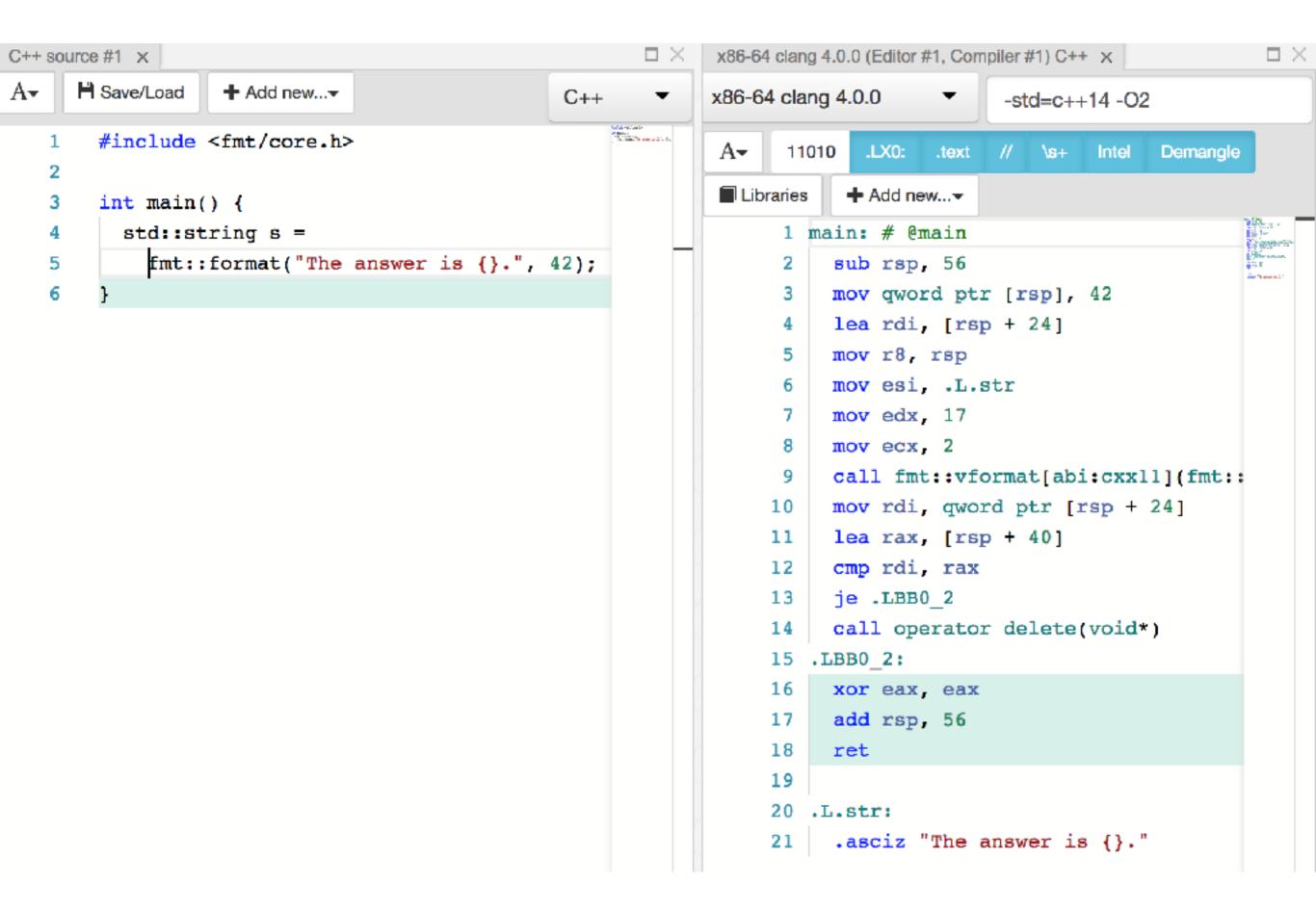
```
string vformat(
    string_view format_str, format_args args);
```

format can be an inline wrapper that only creates type-erased format argument list format args:

```
template <class... Args>
inline string format(
    string_view format_str,
    const Args&... args) {
    return vformat(format_str, make_args(args...));
}
```

Binary code comparison

```
void consume(const char*);
// 84 bytes
void sprintf_test() {
  char buffer[100];
  sprintf(buffer, "The answer is %d.", 42);
  consume(buffer);
// 127 bytes
void format test() {
  consume(format("The answer is {}.", 42).c_str());
// 607 bytes
void ostringstream_test() {
  std::ostringstream ss;
  ss << "The answer is " << 42 << ".";
  consume(ss.str().c str());
```



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