1) a)
$$CPI_A = \frac{\sum CPI_1 \times J_1}{J_C} = \frac{[(8.1) + (1.3) + (2.1) + (1.3)].10^6}{(7 + 11 + 2 + 11) 10^6} = 2.22$$
 $MIPS_A = \frac{1}{CPI_A \times 10^6} = \frac{200.10^6}{2.21 \times 10^6} = 90$
 $T_A = \frac{J_C \times CPI}{f} = \frac{18.10^6.2,22}{200.10^6} = 0.2 \text{ s}$
 $CPI_B = \frac{\sum CPJ_1 \times I_1}{J_C} = \frac{[(2.1) + (8.2) + (10.1) + (11.3)].10^6}{(2 + 8 + 10 + 11) 10^6} \approx 2.92$
 $MIPS_B = \frac{1}{CPI_B \times 10^6} = \frac{200.10^6}{2.92.10^6} = 68.149$
 $T_B = \frac{I_C \times CPI}{f} = \frac{21.10^6.2,92}{200.10^6} = 0.35 \text{ s}$

b) A makinesinin MIPS desperi, B makinesinin MIPS desperinden büyük aikmiştir. Bu sayede makine A , makine B'ye göre benchmark programını daha hızlı çalıştırmıştır. (TA < TB)

2)
$$I_{MN} = MIPS \times T \times 10^{6}$$

 $= 1.12 \times .10^{6}$
 $I_{IBM} = MIPS \times T \times 10^{6}$
 $= 1.12 \times .10^{6}$
 $= 1.12 \times .10^{6}$

3) MJPS =
$$J_c/T_x10^6 = 10^8/T_x10^6 = 100/T$$

A bilgisoyorinin MIPS degerlori;

Program 1 → 100/1 = 100

Program 2 → 100/1000 = 0,1

Program 3 → 100/100 = 0,25

Program 4 → 100/00 = 0,5

B bilgisgenin MIPS abgerbri;

Program 1 → 100120 - 5 Program 2 → 100180 = 1,25 Program 3 → 100/1000 = 0,01 Program 4 → 100/1600 = 0,0625

C bilgisogerinin MJPS degalori i

Program 2 → 100/20 = 5 Program 3 → 100/20 = 5 Program 3 → 100/100 = 1 Program 4 → 100/200 = 0,5

3) A bilgisayori;

Aritment ort
$$\rightarrow \frac{100 + 0.125 + 0.5}{11} = 25.21$$

Geometrik ort $\rightarrow 4/100 \times 0.127 \times 0.5$

Harmonik ort $\rightarrow 4/100 \times 0.127 \times 0.5$
 $\rightarrow 4/100 \times 0.127 \times 0.5$
 $\rightarrow 0.01 + 10 + 1.12 = 0.25$

B bilgisayori ;

Aritmetit ort
$$\rightarrow \frac{5+1,25+0,1+0,0627}{41} = 1,603$$

Geometrik ort $\rightarrow 4\sqrt{5\times1,25\times0,1\times0,065} = 0.448$

Harmonik ort $\rightarrow \frac{4}{0,2+0,8+10+1/90625} = 0.148$

iscusor:

C bilgisayon;

Aritmetik ort $\rightarrow \frac{25+5+1+0.5}{11} = 2.25$

Gosnetrik ort - 4 2,5 x 5 x 1 x 0,57 = 1,581

Harmonik $x \leftarrow \Rightarrow \frac{1}{9(4+0,2+1+2)} = 1,11$

Aritmetik - A>C7B

Gosmetrik - C>A>B

Harmonik -> C>A>B

isloma; Model:	13th Gen Intel(R) GretTH) 17-1360P
Soot Hizi	2.2 Gh
Getirable Sayor	12
Önbellek Soviyelon	L1, L2, L3
Öhbelkkler Neredo?	L1 ve 12 cetirals, 13 gip isonina
Onbellek Miktoni	LI = 960 LB L2 = 9MB 13 = 18MB
Íslencinin Keline Uzunligu	64 bit
Transistic sayisi	Tohmini 15-20 milyar
Feature Size	Intel 7 (10nm)
Adrestabilir Bellek	64 GB (DDR4/DDR5 dotekbriger)
Dest. Snal Bellek	24,68
Gikis Torihi	Q1' 2023