

## **Section 5 - Risk Management:**

For the last section we will be talking about Risk Management throughout the software engineering project. In this section we aim to identify, analyse, plan and justify how we monitor these risks also. Identifying risks early will reduce chances of project disasters, as mentioned by Barry Boehm. [1]

To begin with we will identify risks and categorise them into types of risks. Project, product and business risks all affect different aspects of the project so it is key we group our risk with the appropriate category. It is crucial we identify risks early in the project to avoid uncertainty and problems which could affect the project throughout the time we have. Once is done we can add them to the risk register, describe the risk and move onto the next stage, analysing the risks within the risk register.

With analysing risks we need to make sure the probability of the risk occurring and the impact it could leave on the project. So with analysing risks now, with a risk register, we can be prepared to face any risks (especially with high probability). In the risk register it will outline the likelihood of the risk and the severity of the risk if it were to occur. We are using a scalar from low, medium to high. So each risk will be given a scalar for the two probabilities.

This leads to our third step of risk management, risk planning. To avoid any risks occurring no matter the severity or probability we will do a semi-detailed plan on how to avoid, mitigate and manage the risk. We will assign a mitigation plan to each risks, explaining how we will avoid the risk through the project and how we will deal with it if it were to occur.

Now we fall to our final process is risk management, risk monitoring. One the same risk register we will also assign an 'Owner of Risk' on the risk register along with a second or more owner(s) in case the original owner is unable to manage the risk. This is so we can have a person who will monitor the risk and make sure they are ready (know what to do) if a risk that they were assigned to were to arise. Risks will be split equally so the as a team we can share out all the risk. It is the job of the 'Owner of Risk' to monitor the risk regularly and update the risk in documentation. With an update they will inform us if the risk has got higher or lower in severity, and higher or lower in probability. This is so we can adapt to the risks that arise later on without having a plan that was completed months ago. Also any changes in mitigation will be recorded as well in case there is a better way to manage a certain risk.

As a team we believe this is the best format of Risk Assessment as we can constantly refer to the risk register throughout the team project and regularly update to avoid risks occurring.

<b>RISK 1 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: MEDIUM</b>	<b>SEVERITY: LOW</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With the timeframe of the project, it could be likely that at some point a member of the team could fall ill and is unable to do work for a period of time. This could hinder project progress and affect the timeframes given when planning.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	As we are in a group of six. We will work in pairs to work on similar areas of work. So if one member of a pair falls ill the other can pick up from the work. If, for example, both members of the pair fall ill or the other member has too much work on their hands we will split the work between the whole group to reduce time lost.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Aaron Yates & Matthew Walke	

<b>RISK 2 - PRODUCT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: MEDIUM</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With working with the customer, they may decide to suddenly change the requirements which may affect our initial plans and constraints. Meaning we will have to re-work lots of aspects of the project/product. This consumes time and can affect our plan.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	As a group we will make sure our work is not tied down to certain requirements and constraints. We will work flexibly and be prepared for any sudden changes.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	All	

<b>RISK 3 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With being a large project, with a small like timeframe we may fall behind with progress and miss deadlines/targets we and the customer have made.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	We will create a full plan with a GANTT chart to keep up with work and make sure we are sticking with it. We can change it along with progress with the project and other aspects.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Ali Traiq and Matthew Walke	

<b>RISK 4 - PRODUCT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: HIGH</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With choosing an open source library (libGDX) there falls the risk the engine may become obsolete or buggy. They may decide to stop development and make it no longer open source, meaning we will no longer have access to download. This would leave us with the files we have on our systems.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	We will make regular backups of program files and documentation so if we pass on our work to another group we can pass them on the latest version of the software/documentation that was last available.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Scott & Dan	

<b>RISK 5 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: MEDIUM</b>	<b>SEVERITY: HIGH</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With creating lots of files with versions, there is a chance the mediums we wish to store these on may fail and we have the risk that we could lose vital work. This creates a dilemma as we be without certain versions of code and even possibly documentation.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	For code we will make regular backups and version on GitHub and our own offline mediums. We will make sure atleast 2 of us have a backup at any given time. We will also backup work on Google Drive.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Ali Tariq and Lewis	

<b>RISK 6 - PRODUCT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: MEDIUM</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With using libGDX and open source program. It may not be as bug free as other competitors such as Unity and others. This could restrict us if it affects certain requirements or game elements we would like it to use.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	We will make sure that the engine is up to date at all times and we will make ourselves aware of any possible bugs early on to make sure we don't run into them later.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Matthew and Scott	

<b>RISK 7 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With being a small group there is the possibility communication and relations will break down resulting in the team not working together. This will hinder progress and work produced could be poor.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	We will assign a Team Leader or Product Owner (for SCRUM) to insure the team is working well. We will also rotate this role to insure everyone is happy and will give a chance for each member of the team to lead the project. We will also have regular meetings to discuss any problems within the team that may arise.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	Team Leader and/or Product Owner & Scrum Master	

<b>RISK 8 - BUISNESS</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: LOW</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	With swapping projects comes the risk we may select one that is not suited to us or is badly made.	
<b>MITIGATION:</b>	We will make sure to research into the other project and make sure it is well suited to our abilities. Along with that we will also make sure that the project has been well developed and thought out well.	
<b>OWNER(S) of RISK:</b>	All	

<b>RISK 9 - BUISNESS</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<i>DESCRIPTION:</i>	With using online communication tools such as Facebook Messenger and Slack we may have a problem with connectivity resulting in problems with communication. This could slow progress and affect communication.	
<i>MITIGAITON:</i>	We will have regular face-to-face meetings and SCRUM sessions to make sure we are communicating in person also. This will also eliminate the issue of communication if these mediums of communication were to go offline.	
<i>OWNER(S) of RISK:</i>	Team Leader and/or Product Owner & Scrum Master	

<b>RISK 10 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<i>DESCRIPTION:</i>	With being a group which is new to our chosen engine and software engineering in general. The worry is we may have selected requirements and an engine that is too complex for our capabilities.	
<i>MITIGAITON:</i>	We will follow our GANTT chart and have regular meetings to make sure everyone is happy with requirements and goals. If anyone is unhappy we will review our requirements and modify them to our abilities.	
<i>OWNER(S) of RISK:</i>	All	

<b>RISK 11 - PROJECT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: MEDIUM</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<i>DESCRIPTION:</i>	During the period of the project all of us will have other priorities along with the project such as exams and revision time. This can slow progress and affect the quality of work produced.	
<i>MITIGAITON:</i>	We will follow continue to follow our GANTT chart, we have taken into consideration the exam periods and other submissions. The team will work around the exams and make sure they have enough time to concentrate on exams and other aspects whilst still working on the project.	
<i>OWNER(S) of RISK:</i>	All	

<b>RISK 12 - PRODUCT</b>	<b>LIKELIHOOD: LOW</b>	<b>SEVERITY: MEDIUM</b>
<i>DESCRIPTION:</i>	Whilst testing code for our product, we may find a severe bug during the project which may holt progress and break the game.	
<i>MITIGAITON:</i>	Included in our GANTT we have allocated ourselves a healthy amount of time to test over code. This will allow us to test and eliminate any bugs we may find during the time. We will also continue to test code whilst we create it as well.	
<i>OWNER(S) of RISK:</i>	Team Leader and/or Product Owner & Scrum Master	

## References:

- [1] B. Boehm, "Software risk management: principles and practices," IEEE Software, Jan 1991. [Online]. Available: <http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/62930/>. [Accessed 8th November 2017].