Fleischner Society Guidelines for Solid Nodules



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http://radiology.uchicago.edu/index.php?q=faculty-lectures

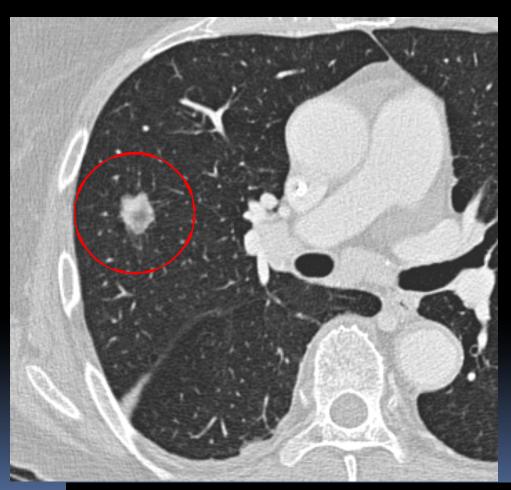
What is a Pulmonary Nodule?

 Definition: A rounded opacity, well or poorly defined, measuring up to 3 cm in diameter

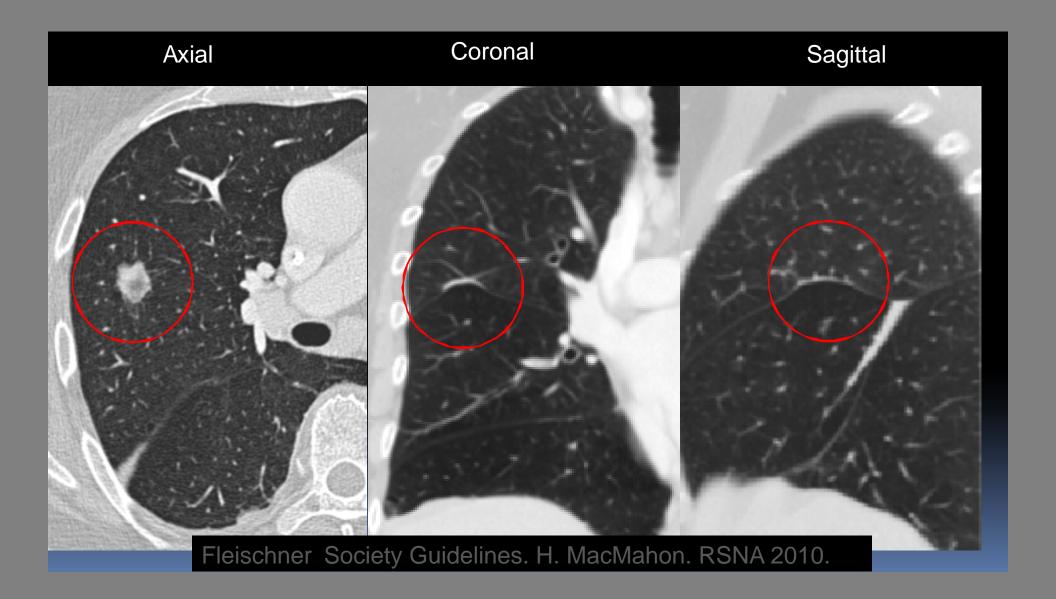
What is a Pulmonary Nodule?



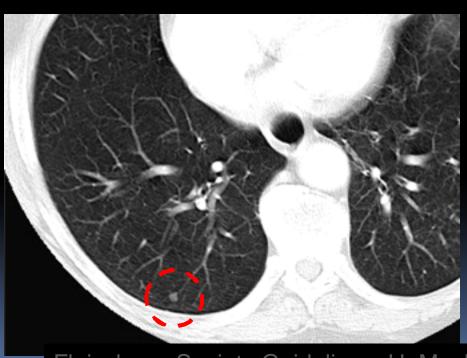




? Nodule



Recommendations for Management of Patients with Lung Nodules



- ? Ignore
- ? Follow
- ? Intervene

Guidelines for Management of Patients with Lung Nodules

ACCP Guidelines 2003

Tan et al. Chest 2003;123(Suppl 1):89S-96S

Follow-up CT for ALL indeterminate nodules recommended at 3,6,12 and 24 months

Fleischner Society Guidelines 2005

- Data from Lung Cancer Screening programs revealed that majority of smokers over 60 yrs old have lung nodules
- Multidisciplinary committee charged with developing new guidelines

Factors Influencing Risk

Clinical Data

- Age
- Smoking
- Symptoms
- Known cancer
- Immune status

Factors Influencing Risk

Imaging Features

- Size
- Growth rate
- Location
- Morphology
- Calcium/fat content

Relevant Parameters

Imaging Features

- Size
- Growth rate
- Location
- Morphology
- Calcium/fat content

Nodule Size and Probability of Malignancy

Size	<i>ELCAP</i>	Mayo
<u><</u> 3mm		0.1%
2-5mm	1%	
4-7mm		0.7%
<i>6-10mm</i>	24%	
<i>8-20mm</i>		18.7%
<i>21-30mm</i>		33.3%
21-45mm	80%	

Growth rate of Nodules

- Volume doubling time (VDT):
 26% diameter increase = One volume doubling
- Typical lung Ca VDT = 100 200 days
 Range = 30 1000+ days

Mean Doubling Times According to CT Features (M.Hasegawa et al. B.J.R. 12/2000)

HRCT Type	n	Mean VDT + SD
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Type G	19	813 <u>+</u> 375
Type GS	19	457 <u>+</u> 260
Type S	23	149 <u>+</u> 125

Mean Doubling Times According to CT Features (M.Hasegawa et al. B.J.R. 12/2000)

Size (mm) n Mean VDT \pm SD

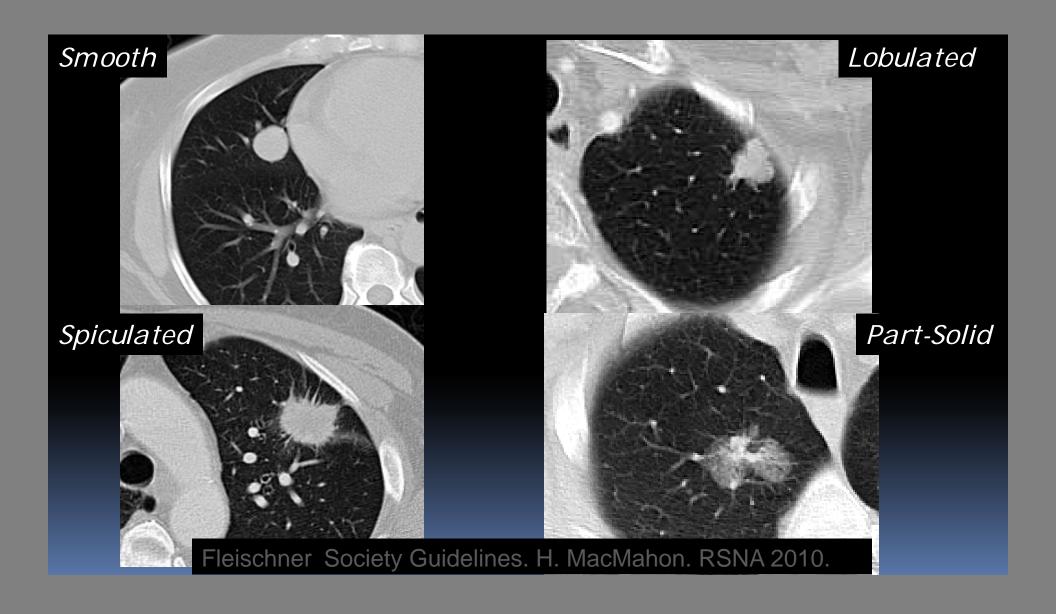
<10	22	536 <u>+</u> 283
10-15	23	466 <u>+</u> 481
16-20	9	325 <u>+</u> 353
>20	7	299 <u>+</u> 273
Fleischner Society Guidelines. H. MacMahon. RSNA 2010.		

Factors Influencing Risk

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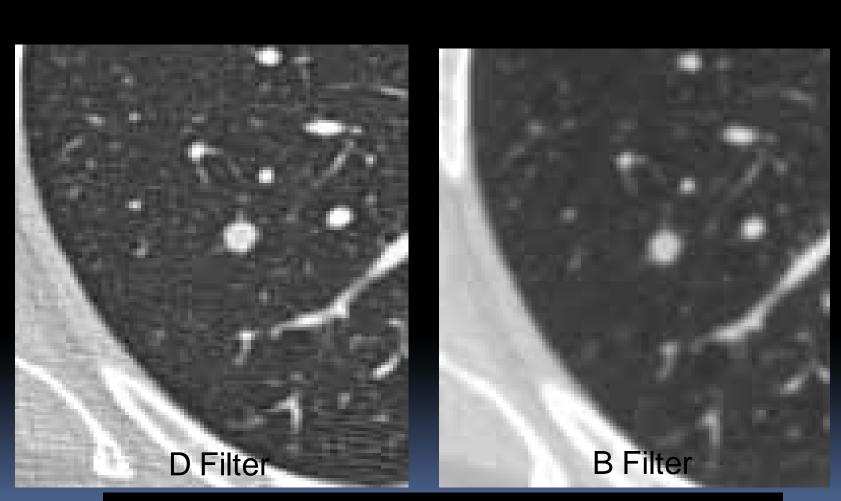
Overall Shape Solid/Non-solid Edge features



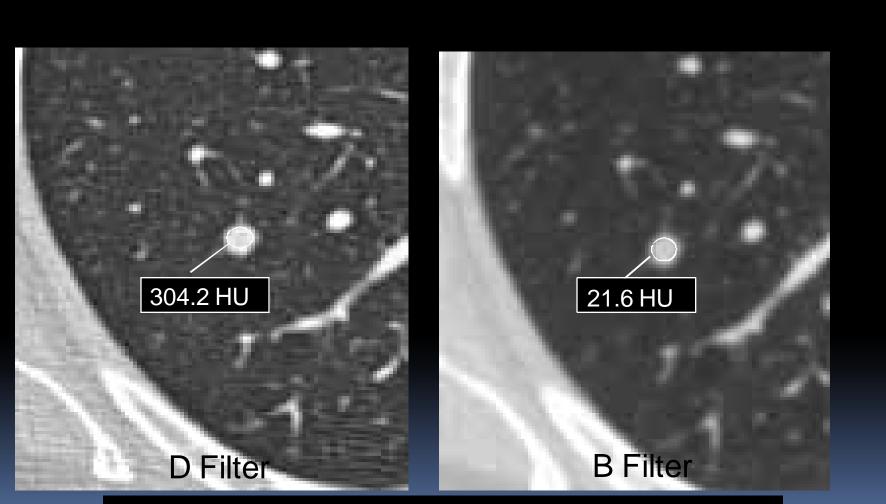
Factors Influencing Risk

Imaging Features

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Fleischner Society Guidelines. H. MacMahon. RSNA 2010.



Guidelines for Management of Small Pulmonary Nodules detected on CT Scans:

MacMahon et al. Radiology 2005; 237:395-400

Incidental Nodules

In persons of 35 years of age or older with chest CT scans performed for reasons unrelated to cancer or opportunistic infection, such as to evaluate for pulmonary embolism.

Fleischner Society Recommendations for Followup and Management of Small Nodules

Nodule Size

Low risk patient

High risk patient

< 4 mm	No follow-up needed	CT follow-up CT at 12 months; if unchanged, no further follow-up
> 4-6 mm	CT follow-up at 12 months; if unchanged, no further follow-up	Initial CT follow-up at 6 to 12 months, then at 18-24 months if no change
> 6-8 mm	Initial CT follow-up at 6 to 12 months, then at 18 to 24 months if no change	Initial CT follow-up at 3 to 6 months, then at 12 and 24 months if no change.
> 8 mm	One or more of the following: CT fo	ollow-up at 3, 9, 24 months/ Dynamic CT

Compliance with Fleischner Society Guidelines for Management of Small Lung Nodules:

A Survey A Survey of 834 Radiologists

Ronald L. Eisenberg, et al. Radiology June 2010 (255) 3

- Of 834 respondents 649 (77.8%) were aware of the Fleischner Society guidelines and 490 (58.8%) worked in practices that employed them or similar guidelines.
- Management selections were consistent with the Fleischner guidelines in 34.7%–60.8% of responses for the three scenarios.

Provider Reference Guide

CareCore National Radiology Management Program for Excellus BlueCross BlueShield Members

(Please refer to this updated document and discard the prior version.)

Extended authorizations are available via the CareCore National Web site. Requests for extended authorizations are *initially* available for:

- -Solitary pulmonary nodule based on the Fleischner Society guidelines
- -Follow-up of endovascular abdominal aorta grafts and/or stents
- -Multiple sclerosis in active treatment (e.g., natalizumab)
- -Surveillance testing in patients with underlying malignant conditions for which the ASCO or NCCN guidelines support follow-up testing for that stage of disease

IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF FLEISCHNER SOCIETY PULMONARY NODULE SURVEILLANCE CRITERIA WITHIN THE MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

William T. Lewis, DO* and Mohammed Naeem, MD

Prior to use of Guidelines, 1091/2377(48)% of all chest CTs were for nodule surveillance

After Guidelines chest CTs for nodule surveillance reduced 31% (15% of total workload)

Saved 90 staff man-hours & 113 technologist man-hours

Cost reduction of \$135,300

Patient dose reduction of 1579 mGy

Updates

- New information from NLST trial results
- Guidelines for non-solid/part-solid nodules

