Training in ade4 in R - Module I: Basic methods

Correspondence analysis

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Data

We will analyze the doubs data set (see ?doubs)

```
library(ade4)
library(adegraphics)
data(doubs)
names(doubs)

## [1] "env"  "fish"  "xy"  "species"

names(doubs$fish)

## [1] "Cogo" "Satr" "Phph" "Neba" "Thth" "Teso" "Chna" "Chto" "Lele" "Lece"
## [14] "Eslu" "Pefl" "Rham" "Legi" "Scer" "Cyca" "Titi" "Abbr" "Icme" "Acce"
## [27] "Anan"
```

Correspondence Analysis

- Perform CA
- Display the barplot of eigenvalues

Inertia statistics

• Compute the percentage of variation explained bu the first PCA axes

Graphical representation of CA results

• Plot the results using the biplot function

CA scores on the geographical map

- Draw maps of CA scores on the first two axes
- Interpret the maps to describe how the fish communities vary along the river

Principal Component Analysis

PCA can also be applied on the abundance table. Perform PCAon doubs\$fish table. Should we scale or not?

PCA vs CA

Compare the biplots of CA and PCA

Principal Coordinates Analysis

- Compute Jaccard distances between sites
- Perform principal coordinates analysis and display the ordination of sites

PCA and PCoA

• Compare the results of PCA and those of PCoA applied on Euclidean distance (function dist)