



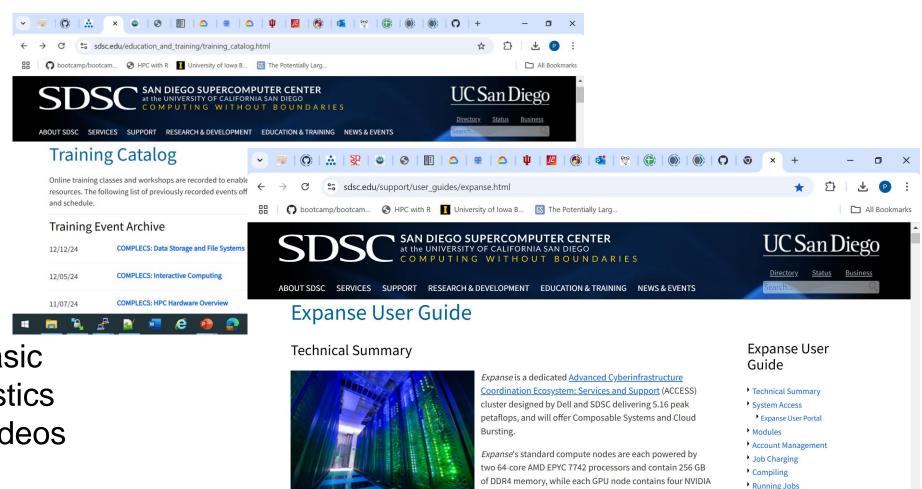
#### **Outline**

- About Expanse
- R and Scaling
- Parallel R
- Embarrassingly Parallel R

#### **Expanse HPC**

728 Compute Nodes
Each node has:
128 CPU cores
256 Gb RAM

(Also 52 GPU nodes)



User Guide explains basic configurations and logistics Training Catalog has videos with more detail

GPU Nodes

V100s (32 GB SMX2) connected via NVLINK and dual 20-core

#### 3 ways to run R on Expanse

- 1. Run a SLURM batch script of R commands
- 2. Acquire a node with the "srun" command and use terminal window
- 3. Use Expanse portal to start R-studio

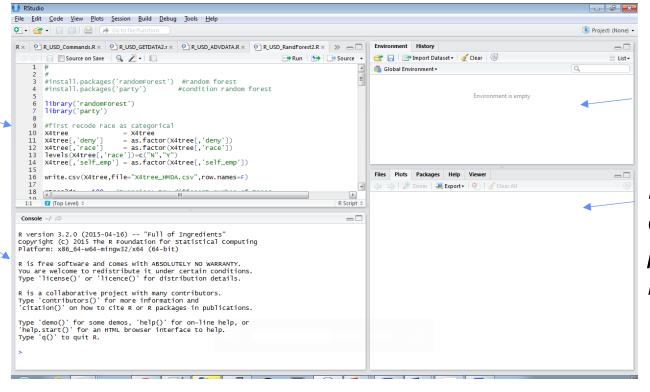
(see user guide for details)

(4. Also you can run R in a Jupyter notebook)

#### Rstudio: an integrated development environment

Edit window to Build scripts

R console



Environment Information on variables and command history

Plots, help docs, package lists

## R interactively on Expanse command line

```
1. Get an interactive compute node (see demo slides):
2. Try
$ module spider r
                           (this tells you what modules you need)
                                       p4rodrig@login02 ~]$ module spider r
3. Enter
                                        r: r/4.0.2-openblas
$ module load cpu/0.15.4
                                           Other possible modules matches:
$ module load gcc/9.2.0
                                             AMDuProf, amber, aria2, arm-forge, berkeley-db, bism
$ module load r/4.0.2-openblas
                                          You will need to load all module(s) on any one of the 1
                                       "r/4.0.2-openblas" module is available to load.
$R
                                            cpu/0.15.4 gcc/9.2.0
R version 4.0.2 (2020-06-22) -- "Taking Off Again"
Copyright (C) 2020 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
Type 'q()' to quit R.
```



#### R strengths for HPC (IMHO)

- Data Wrangling -
- Particular statistical procedure implementations -
  - Imputation methods (for missing data)
  - Sampling methods
  - Instrument Variable (2 stage) Regression
  - Matching subjects for pairwise analysis
  - Generalized Linear Model (e.g. logistic regression)
  - MCMC routines (but Stan is likely better package)
  - Some ML models (e.g. randomForest, LASSO)



### R strengths for HPC (IMHO)

Data Wrangling –

Particular statistical procedure implementations Imputation methods (for missing data)
 Sampling methods
 Instrument Variable (2 stage) Regression
 Matching subjects for pairwise analysis
 Generalized Linear Model (e.g. logistic regression)
 MCMC routines (but Stan is likely better package)
 Some ML models (e.g. randomForest, LASSO)

#### R Scaling In a nutshell

- R uses BLAS/LAPACK math libraries for operations on vectors [Same for Matlab and Python]
- R packages provide multicore, out-of-core, multinode, or distributed data (SparkR) options

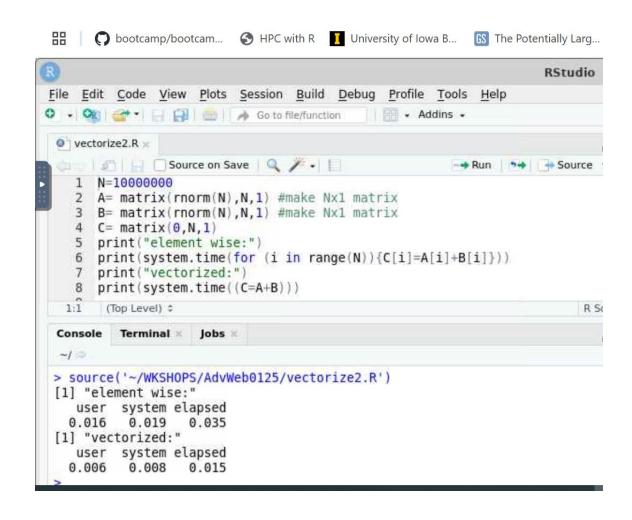
[Same for Matlab and Python]

 Some ML model implementations may be built to use parallel backends (review the available options)

#### **Optimizing R code**

 In general: uses vector operations instead of for loops on individual vector elements

(eg add 2 vectors directly, instead of each element 1...N)



#### R multicore processing

- 'doParallel' package provides the back end to the 'for each' parallel processing command
- uses threads across CPU cores to pass data & commands
- It also works for multinode (runs on top of RMPI)

See https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/doParallel/vignettes/gettingstartedParallel.pdf

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                              1. allocate workers
library(doParallel)
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
```

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                             1. allocate workers
library(doParallel)
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
   my_data_frame = ..... 2. Make 'foreach' loop
   my_results = foreach(
```

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                             1. allocate workers
library(doParallel)
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
   my_data_frame = ..... 2. Make 'foreach' loop
   my_results = foreach(i=1:24,.combine=rbind)
                                                    3. specify how to
                                                    combine results
```

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                            1. allocate workers
                                                      4. %dopar%
library(doParallel)
                                                      runs it across
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
                                                      cores,
                                                      (%do% runs it
   my_data_frame = ..... 2. Make 'foreach' loop
                                                      serially)
   my_results = foreach(i=1:24,.combine=rbind) %dopar%
                                                   3. specify how to
                                                   combine results
```

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                             1. allocate workers
                                                       4. %dopar%
library(doParallel)
                                                       runs it across
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
                                                       cores,
                                                       (%do% runs it
   my_data_frame = ..... 2. Make 'foreach' loop
                                                       serially)
   my_results = foreach(i=1:24,.combine=rbind) %dopar%
           your code here
                                                    3. specify how to
                                                    combine results
        return( a variable or object)
   })
```

```
install.packages(doParallel)
                             1. allocate workers
                                                      4. %dopar%
library(doParallel)
                                                       runs it across
registerDoParallel(cores=24)
                                                       cores,
                                                       (%do% runs it
   my_data_frame = ..... 2. Make 'foreach' loop
                                                       serially)
   my_results = foreach(i=1:24,.combine=rbind) %dopar%
           your code here
                                                    3. specify how to
                                                    combine results
        return( a variable or object)
```

BEWARE: foreach will copy data to every core if it seems necessary



#### R multinode uses same steps, but:

BEWARE: copying data across nodes is *MUCH* higher communication costs

```
Iibrary(doParallel)

1. allocate cluster

cl <- makeCluster(48)
registerDoParallel(cl)

my_data_frame = .....

results = foreach(i=1:48,.combine=rbind) %dopar%

{ ... your code here

return( a variable or object )
})
stopCluster(cl)
```

#### **Exercise: Testing R parallel, command line**

```
Step:
Log into expanse terminal
$ srun --account=___
       --partition=shared
       --nodes=1 --ntasks-per-node=1
        --cpus-per-task=8 --mem=16G
        --time=04:00:00 --pty --wait=0
                  /bin/bash
$ cd github repo: _r_on_HPC folder
$ 'module spider r' to see what to load
```

```
frodrig@login01 RHPC]$ module load cpu/0.15.4 gcc/9.2.0
 following have been reloaded with a version change:
  cpu/0.17.3b = cpu/0.15.4
frodrig@login01 RHPC]$ module load r/4.0.2-openblas
4rodrig@login01 RHPC]$
train113@exp-1-24 4.2.RandHPC]$ Rscript --vanilla ./TestDoParal
oading required package: doParallel
oading required package: foreach
oading required package: iterators
oading required package: parallel
  "starting dopar test"
  "Using N rows= 10000 P cols= 200"
  "X size is: 15.3 Mb"
```

```
$ R (run one time)
```

- > install.packages("doParallel") (say 'yes' for local install)
- 7. \$ Rscript –vanilla TestDoParallel\_v1.R



#### Exercise: Testing R parallel, 'top' command

#### Also try this:

Login to Expanse with a second terminal window

\$ squeue -u \$USER

\$ ssh exp-#-## (ssh into that compute node)

\$ top -u \$USER

- how's memory usage?

enter H to see threads, enter f -> down arrow -> space -> esc to toggle cpuid

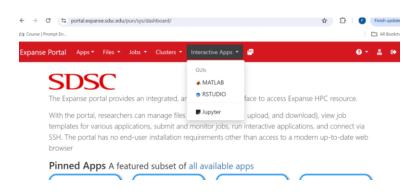


#### **Exercise: Testing R parallel in portal**

1. Log into expanse portal and start R studio (need Access id)

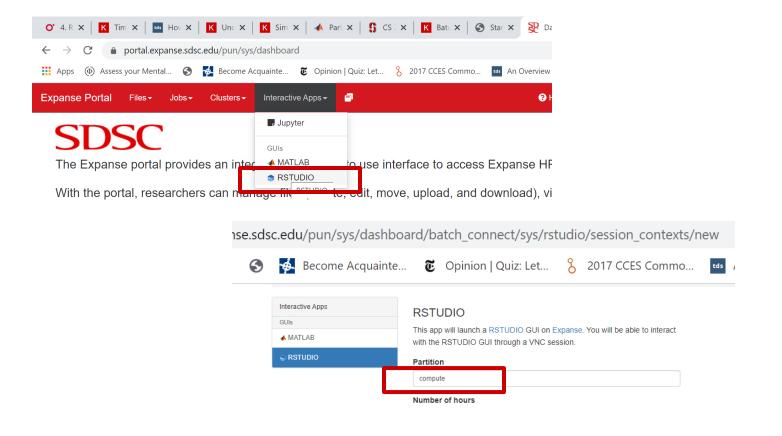
goto URL:

https://www.sdsc.edu/support/user\_guides/expanse.html https://portal.expanse.sdsc.edu/pun/sys/dashboard



- 2. Also log into expanse command line and ssh to compute node
- 3. run 'top –u username' to see performance
  - look for tradeoffs in memory vs execution as matrix size varies (see next slides)





]\$ squeue -u p4rodriq

]\$ ssh exp-2-15

USER ST

 $\mathtt{TIME}$ 

0:27

NODES NODELIST (RE.

 $1 \exp{-2-15}$ 

1 Open portal ->
Interactive Apps ->
Rstudio

Enter

Node: "compute"

Cores: "64"

Memory: 124 Gb

(other fields defaults ok)

2 Also login to Expanse terminal window

```
$ squeue –u $USER
$ ssh exp-##-##
$ top –u $USER
```

*'H' will toggle threads 'f', downarrow to P, space, esc.* 

SON)

ast login: Fri Jun

3246260

Last login: Sat Jun

[p4rodrig@exp-2-15 ~]\$ top -u \$USER

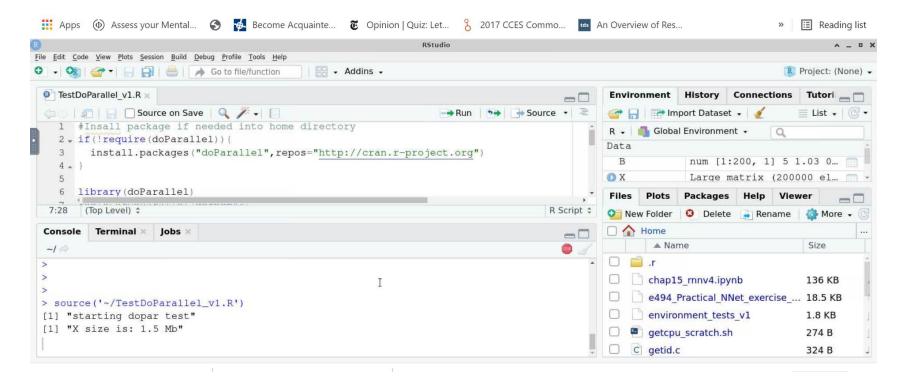
[p4rodrig@login02

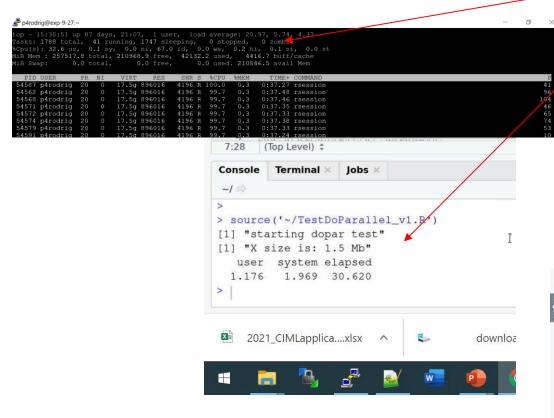
[p4rodrig@login02

3 Open the 'Test\_doParallel ' Rscript

Select 'source' to run the whole script, it will install 'doParallel' package (if the R installation doesn't have it already)

look for # <<< ---- comments to change data parameters



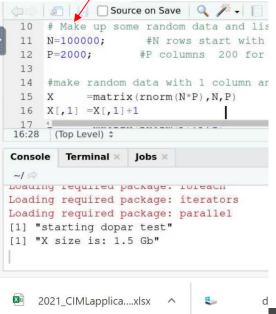


#### Review the top output

Notice the elapsed time and memory size

Change the NxP matrix size and rerun

(start with N=10K, P=2K)





#### *Try this at home:*

Let N=100K, P=2000 Notice the memory used is close to 124Gb we asked for

₹ p4rodrig@exp-9-27	:~				, ,				_	ā	X
top - 15:38:40 u											^
Tasks: 1749 tota			2.								
							i, 0.0 si, 0.0 st				
MiB Mem : 25751					_						
MiB Swap:	υ.υ τ	otal,	U.	.0 free	0.0 used	. 1299	47.3 avail Mem				
PID USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR S %CPU	%MEM	TIME+ COMMAND				P
55219 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.52 rsession			6	58
55227 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	3064 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.55 rsession			8	88
55235 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.56 rsession			8	30
55236 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.70 rsession			10	0
55237 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.50 rsession			4	17
55242 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.36 rsession			3	32
55253 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.69 rsession			12	26
55259 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.00 rsession			1	16
55261 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:24.25 rsession			2	24
55265 p4rodrig		0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 100.0	3.0	0:23.96 rsession				6
55239 p4rodrig	20	0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 99.7	3.0	0:24.61 rsession			2	20
55241 p4rodrig		0	24.2g	7.6g	2696 R 99.7	3.0	0:24.43 rsession				8
55243 p4rodria	20	0	24 2g	7 6g	2836 R 99 7	3 0	0.24 53 reession			10	14

If you ask for 248Gb will it run? What if you use only 24 cores?



#### Parallezing for loops

(pseudo code)

R with doParallel

registerDoParallel()

foreach with dopar,

combine results

#### Parallezing for loops

(pseudo code)

R with doParallel

Matlab with parallel toolbox

registerDoParallel()

parpool()

foreach with dopar,

parfor

or

'spmd' with distributed arrays

combine results

gather array

#### Parallezing for loops

(pseudo code)

R with doParallel

Matlab with parallel toolbox

Python with dask.distributed

for i in range(numwkrs):

A=delayed(my\_func)(i)

registerDoParallel()

parpool()

**Client(numwkrs)** 

foreach with dopar,

parfor

or

'spmd' with distributed arrays

Acombine.append(A)

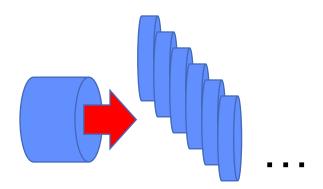
combine results

gather array

**Acombined.compute()** 

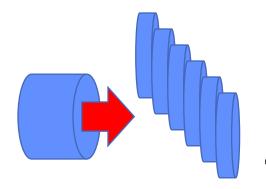
If you can process data parts independently then you can parallelize in an embarrassingly simple way

First, s: Split up data into N parts



If you can process data parts independently then you can parallelize in an embarrassingly simple way

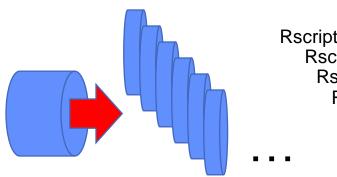
- First, s: Split up data into N parts
- 2. Launch N instances of your R script, one per CPU core. Each instance processes one (or more) datasets



Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R

If you can process data parts independently then you can parallelize in an embarrassingly simple way

- First, s: Split up data into N parts
- 2. Launch N instances of your R script, one per CPU core. Each instance processes one (or more) datasets



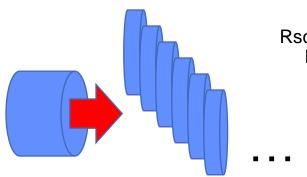
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R
Rscript my\_script.R

. . .

ISSUE: how to launch R scripts and pass arguments about which dataset to process?

If you can process data parts independently then you can parallelize in an embarrassingly simple way

- First, s: Split up data into N parts
- 2. Launch N instances of your R script, one per CPU core. Each instance processes one (or more) datasets



Rscript my script.R Rscript my\_script.R Rscript my\_script.R Rscript my\_script.R

Rscript my script.R

ISSUE: how to launch R scripts and pass arguments about which dataset to process?

2 ways:

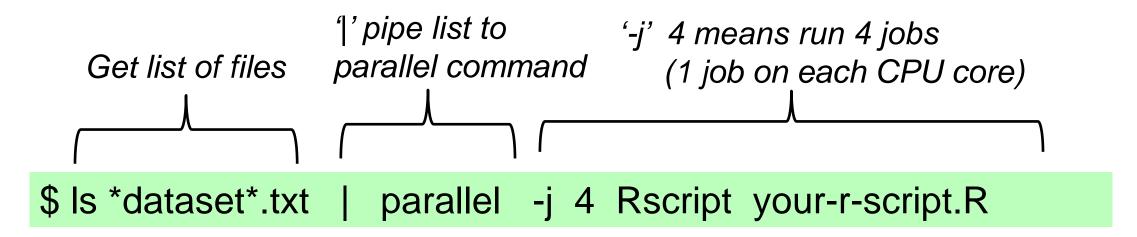
mpirun command (more flexible) parallel command (Unix tool, maybe simpler)

#### **Example Using GNU tool "parallel"**

```
Get list of files parallel command

$ \text{ | parallel | married | married
```

#### **Example Using GNU tool "parallel"**



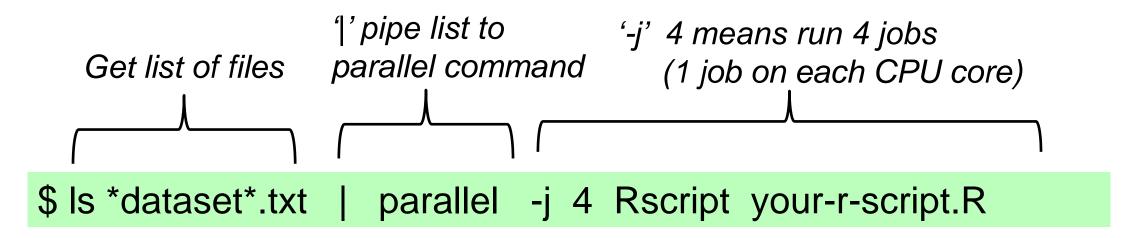
#### The parallel command passes file names as arguments to Rscript

```
#!/usr/bin/env Rscript
[p4rodrig@exp-7-27 PARTEST] $ 1s *dataset*.txt
fakedataset.1.txt fakedataset.2.txt fakedataset.3.txt fakedataset.4.txt
[p4rodrig@exp-7-27 PARTEST] $
[p4rodrig@exp-
```



Sys.sleep(5)

#### **Example Using GNU tool "parallel"**

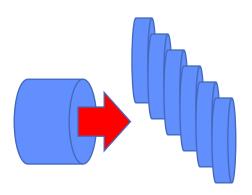


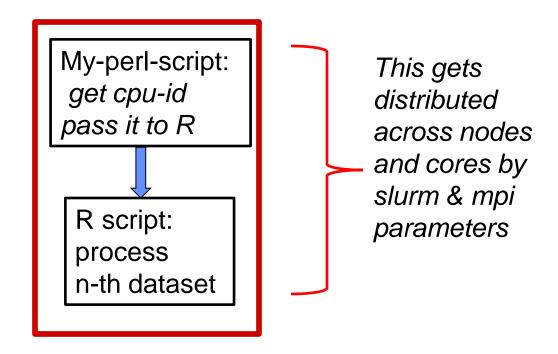
#### The parallel command passes file names as arguments to Rscript

```
#!/usr/bin/env Rscript
args = commandArgs(trailingOnly=TRUE)

print(paste('starting script'))
for (i in seq(length(args))) {
    print(paste('arg: ',i,' value:', args[i]))
    Sys.sleep(5)
}
```

- 1. Split up data into N parts
- 2. In slurm batch script or command line: mpirun ... my-perl-script





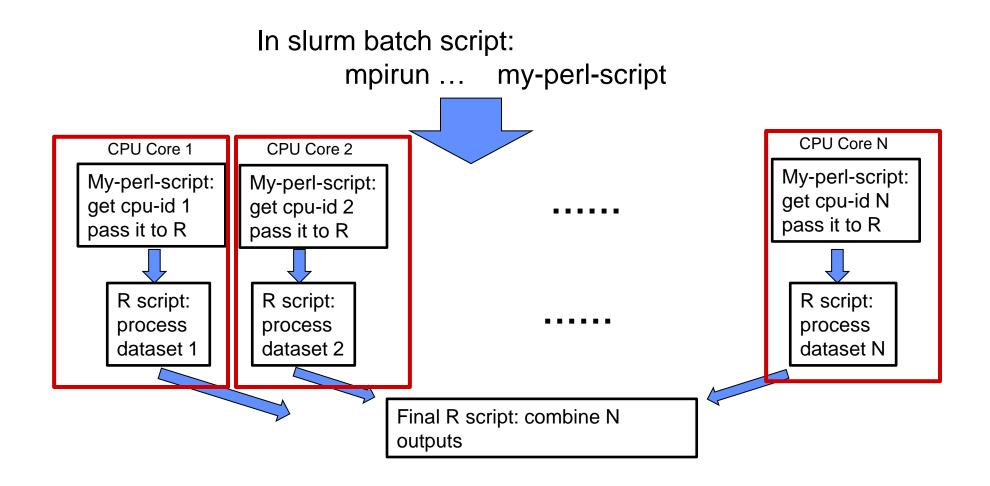
# Slurm parameters: one R instance per core across all nodes

```
Normal
batch
          #SBATCH --partition=compute
job info
                                                -2 \times 128 = 256 \text{ mpi ranks}
          #SBATCH --nodes=2
          #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=128
          #SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
          module load slurm
          module load cpu
          module load gcc
          module load intel-mpi
                                                 256 perl script/R instances
                                                  1 core each
          mpirun -genv I_MPI_PIN_DOMAIN=omp:compact ./get_mpirank_runcmd.pl
```

(based on /cm/shared/examples/sdsc/mpi-openmp-hybrid/hybrid-slurm.sb)



#### one R instance per core across all nodes



# Slurm parameters: one R instance per node with 128 cores per R instance

```
Normal
batch
          #SBATCH --partition=compute
job info
                                                2 x1 = 2 mpi ranks
          #SBATCH --nodes=2
          #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1
          #SBATCH --cpus-per-task=128
          module load slurm
          module load cpu
          module load gcc
                                                2 perl script/R instances
          module load intel-mpi
                                                128 cores each
                                                (doParallel can use them)
          module load r
          mpirun -genv I_MPI_PIN_DOMAIN=omp:compact ./get_mpirank_runcmd.pl
```

## Example: One R instance per node, doParallel across all cores in each node

In slurm batch script: mpirun ... my-perl-script CPU Node N CPU Node 1 My-perl-script: My-perl-script: get cpu-id N get cpu-id 1 pass it to R pass it to R R script: R script: process process dataset N dataset 1 on 128 on 128 cores cores 128 128 Final R script: combine N outputs

Some example parallelizations that launch R instances onto CPU cores



#### **Example 1: scaling MCMC**

Distributed Markov Chain Monte Carlo for Bayesian Hierarchical Models, F. Bumbaca, UCIrvine

- Probabilities of individual's web activity and clicks
- Used mpirun launch parallelization for MCMC model on each individual
- Then combined results via a hierarchical model
   (rhierMnlRwMixturefunction in the R package bayesm)



#### **Example 2: scaling MCMC**

Localizing social media hot spots (exploratory work with UCIrvine)

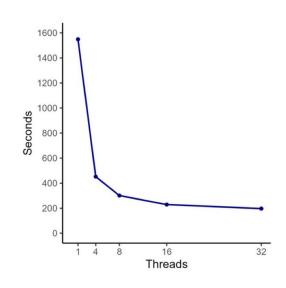
- Individual spatial mixture models for users' geocoded social media use
- Used mpirun launch parallelization on individual's data (Rgeoprofile package with MCMC)

 Data and processing time was unbalanced - so ran with many cores for short time, tracked which individuals were not done, then ran with fewer cores for longer runs

#### **Example 3: gene expression prediction models**

MAGEPRO <a href="https://github.com/kaiakamatsu/MAGEPRO">https://github.com/kaiakamatsu/MAGEPRO</a>
Kai Akamatsu, Amariuta Lab, UCSD Medicine
<a href="https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2024.09.25.24314410v1.full.pdf">https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2024.09.25.24314410v1.full.pdf</a>

- Goal: Enable the identification of novel gene-trait associations through transcriptome-wide association studies.
- Created a pipeline for each gene
  - a) eQTL statistics (plink)
  - b) gene expression heritability
  - c) Lasso based prediction model
- Ran 22 batch jobs, 1 per chromosome
- Within each batch job, used GNU tool 'parallel' to run steps with 1 core per gene



#### Launching Independent R sessions

- Placing independent R sessions onto cores is more flexible for:
  - data management
  - large number of separate models
  - large variation in time per model
  - hybrid multimode/multicore scripts

But perhaps requires more programming or pre/postprocessing then 'doParallel'

# A note on installing R Packages (into your own directories)

• In R (might help to be on interactive node):

install.packages('package-name')

(see <a href="https://cran.r-project.org/">https://cran.r-project.org/</a> for package lists and reviews)

Sometimes you have to be explicit:

install.packages('ggmap',
 repos='http://cran.us.r-project.org',dependencies=TRUE)

If compiling is required and you get an error, call support Packages are put into your /home/user/R directory



#### End