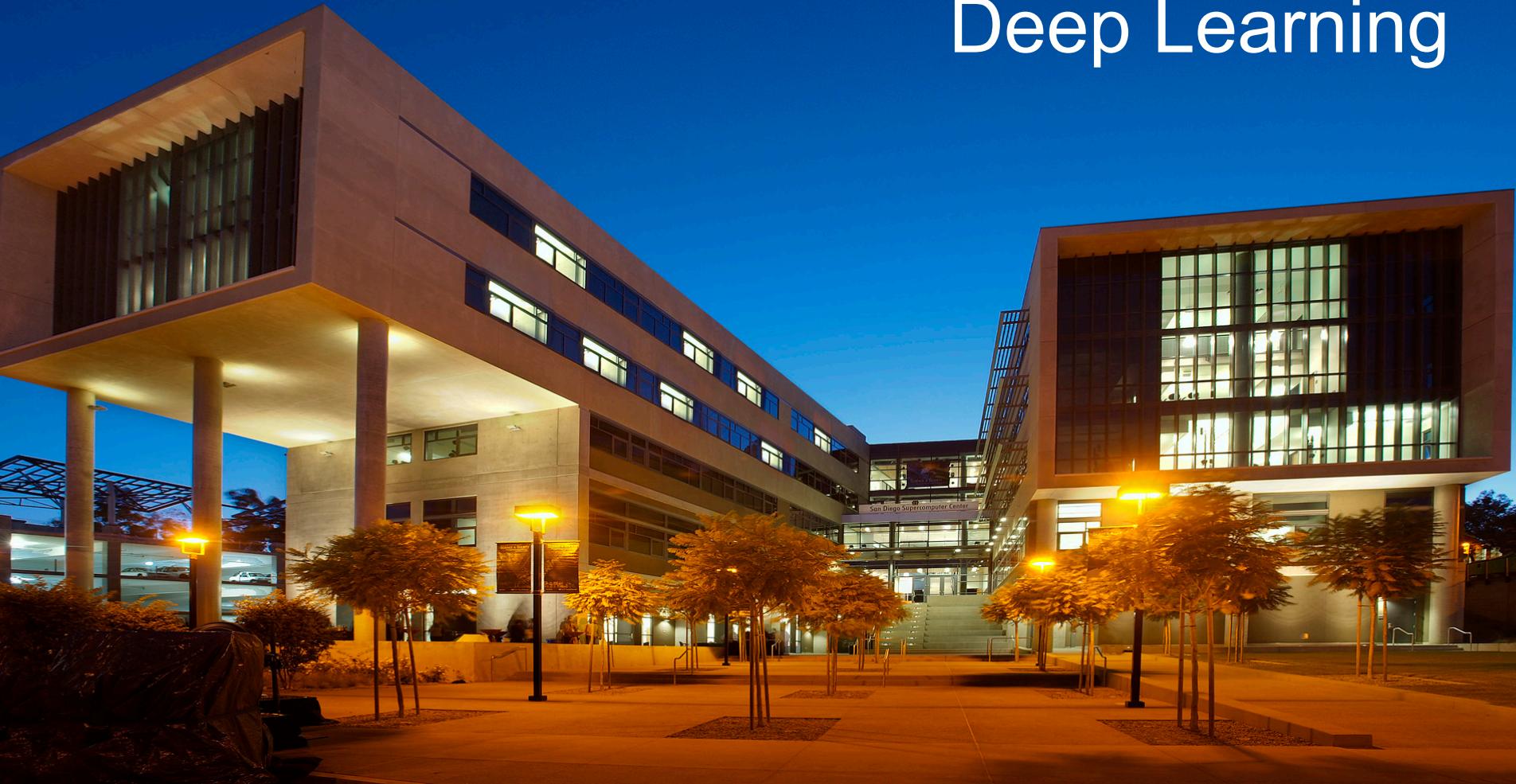
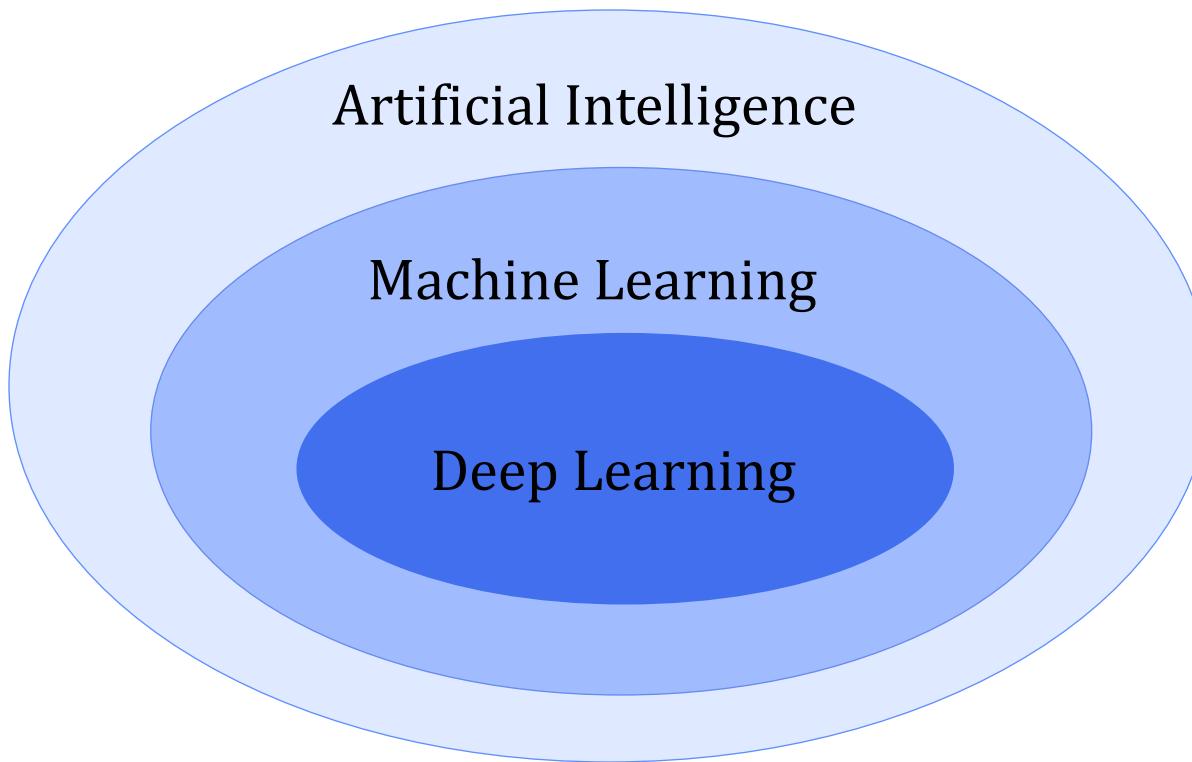


2018 Summer Institute Deep Learning



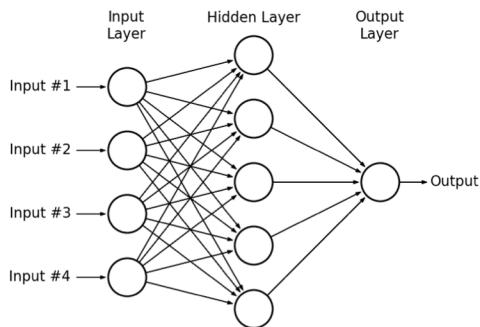
Deep Learning



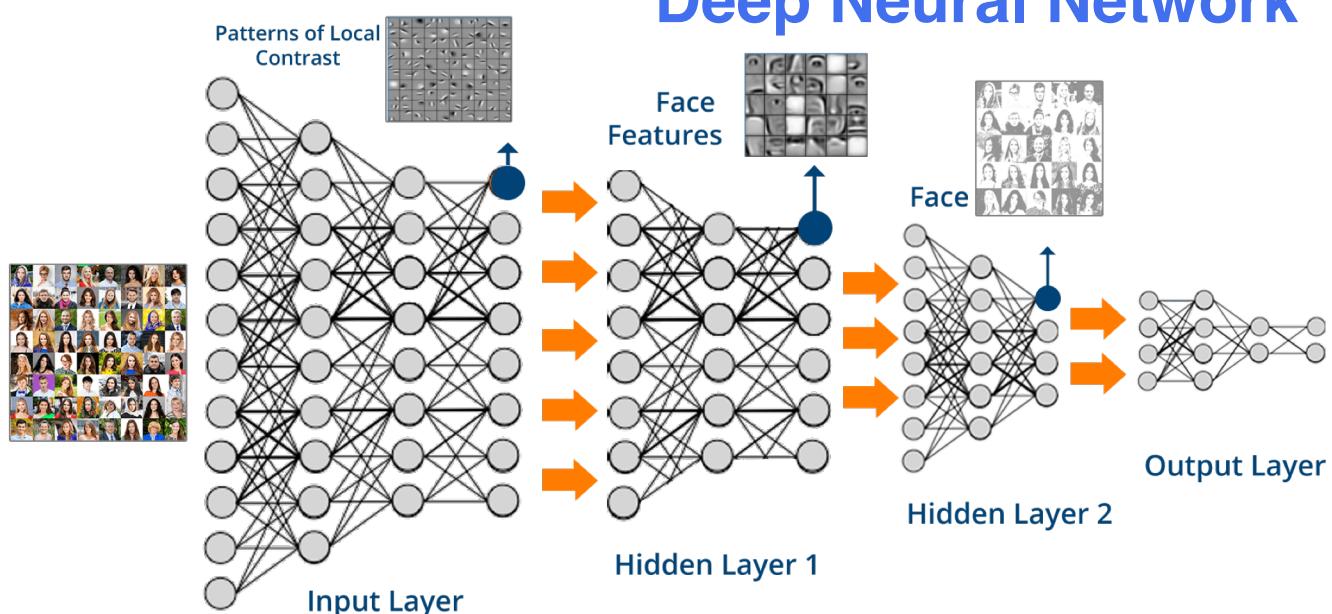
Deep Learning is a subfield of Machine Learning

Deep Learning

Neural Network



http://www.astroml.org/book_figures/applications/fig_neural_network.html



<https://cdn.edureka.co/blog/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/Deep-Neural-Network-What-is-Deep-Learning-Edureka.png>

- ‘Deep’ refers to the many layers in model
 - Allows for learning at different levels of abstraction
 - Leads to automatic feature learning & excellent performance

Applications of Deep Learning

- **Image classification**
- **Speech recognition**
- **Handwriting recognition**
- **Self-driving cars**
- **Drug design**
- **Precision medicine**
- **Disease detection**
- **Targeted ads**
- **Stock market analysis**

Deep Learning Agenda

8:30 - 9:00 – Intro to NN & CNN

9:00 - 9:30 – MNIST Hands-On

9:30 - 10:00 – CNN Transfer Learning

10:00 - 10:15 – Break

10:15 - 10:45 – CNN Transfer Learning (cont.)

10:45 - 11:15 – FasterCNN

11:15 - 11:45 – U-Net & LSTM

11:45 - 12:00 – Wrap-Up

Transfer Learning with CNN

Mai H. Nguyen, Ph.D.

What is Transfer Learning?

- To overcome challenges of training model from scratch:
 - Insufficient data
 - Very long training time
- Use pre-trained model
 - Trained on another dataset
 - This serves as starting point for model
 - Then train model on current dataset for current task

Transfer Learning Approaches

- **Feature extraction**
 - Remove last fully connected layer from pre-trained model
 - Treat rest of network as feature extractor
 - Use features to train new classifier (“top model”)
- **Fine tuning**
 - Tune weights in some layers of original model (along with weights of top model)
 - Train model for current task using new dataset

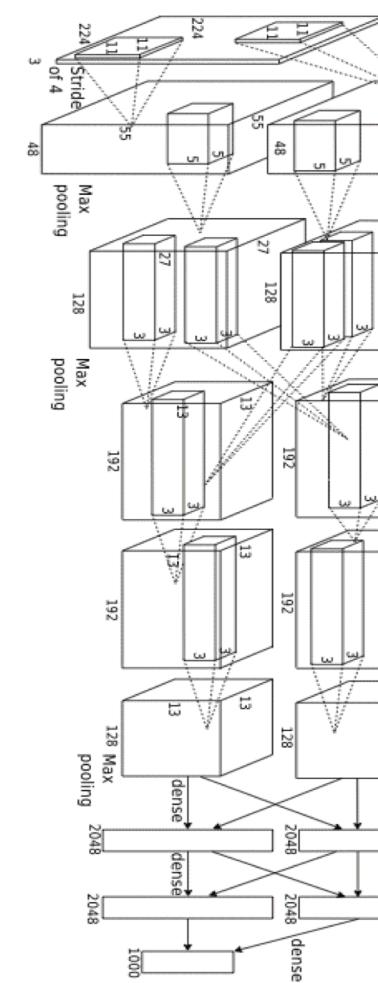
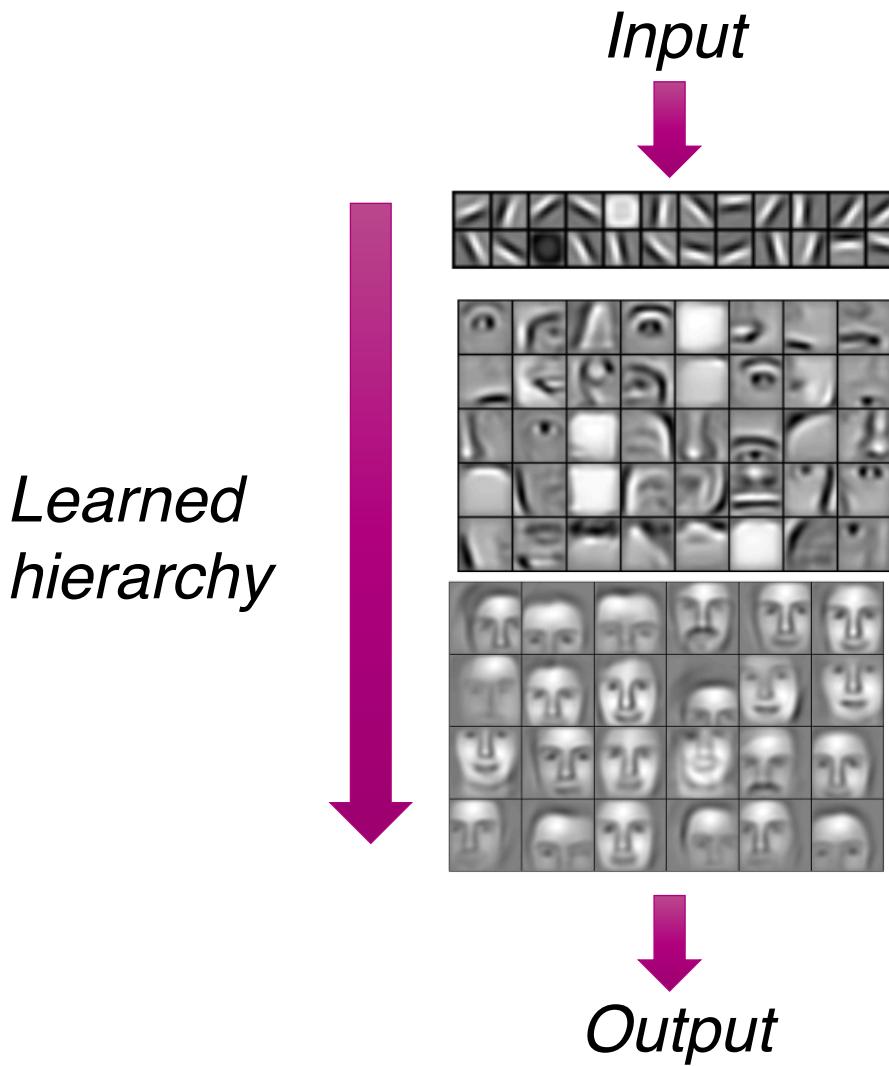
CNNs for Transfer Learning

- **Popular architectures**
 - AlexNet
 - GoogLeNet
 - VGGNet
 - ResNet
- **All winners of ILSVRC**
 - ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge
 - Annual competition on vision tasks on ImageNet data

ImageNet

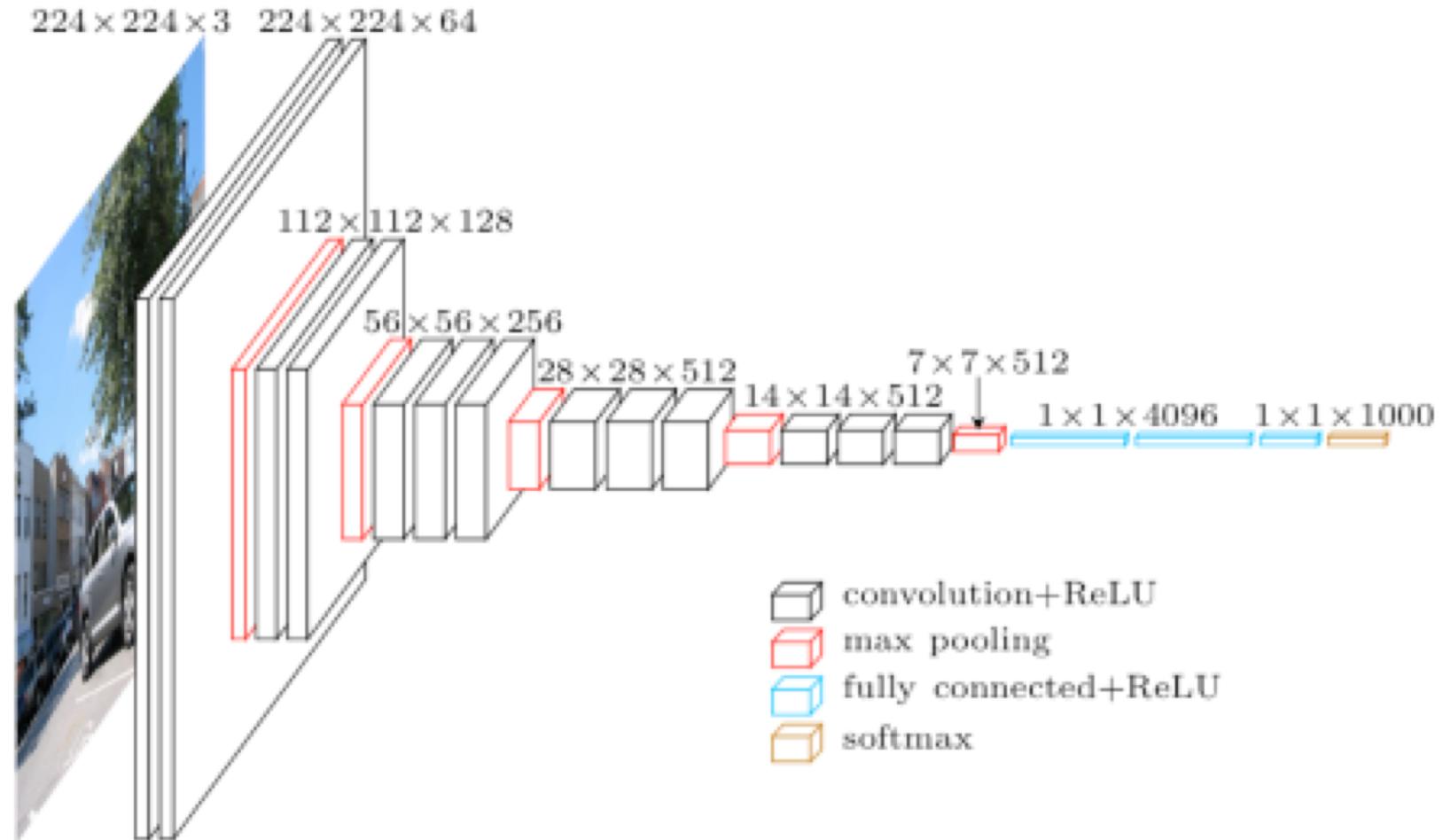
- **Database**
 - Developed for computer vision research
 - > 14,000,000 images hand-annotated
 - > 22,000 categories
- **ILSVRC History**
 - Started in 2010
 - Image classification task: 1,000 object categories
 - Image classification error rate
 - 2011: ~25% (conventional image processing techniques)
 - 2012: 15.3% (AlexNet)
 - 2015: 3.57% (ResNet; better than human performance)
 - 2016: 2.99% (16.7% error reduction)
 - 2017: 2.25% (23.3% error reduction)

Why Does Transfer Learning Work?



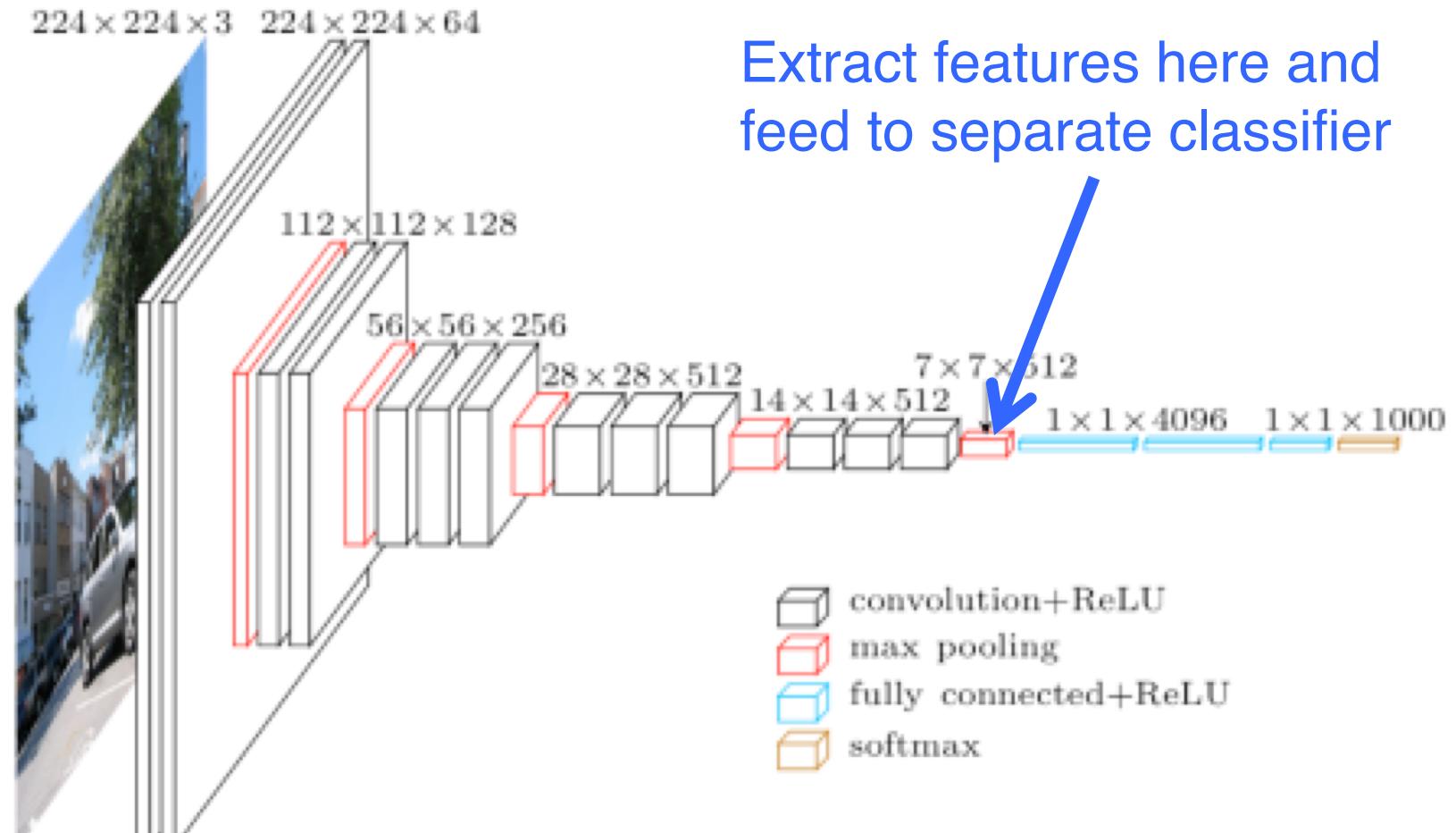
Lee et al. 'Convolutional Deep Belief Networks for Scalable Unsupervised Learning of Hierarchical Representations' ICML 2009

VGG as Pre-Trained Network



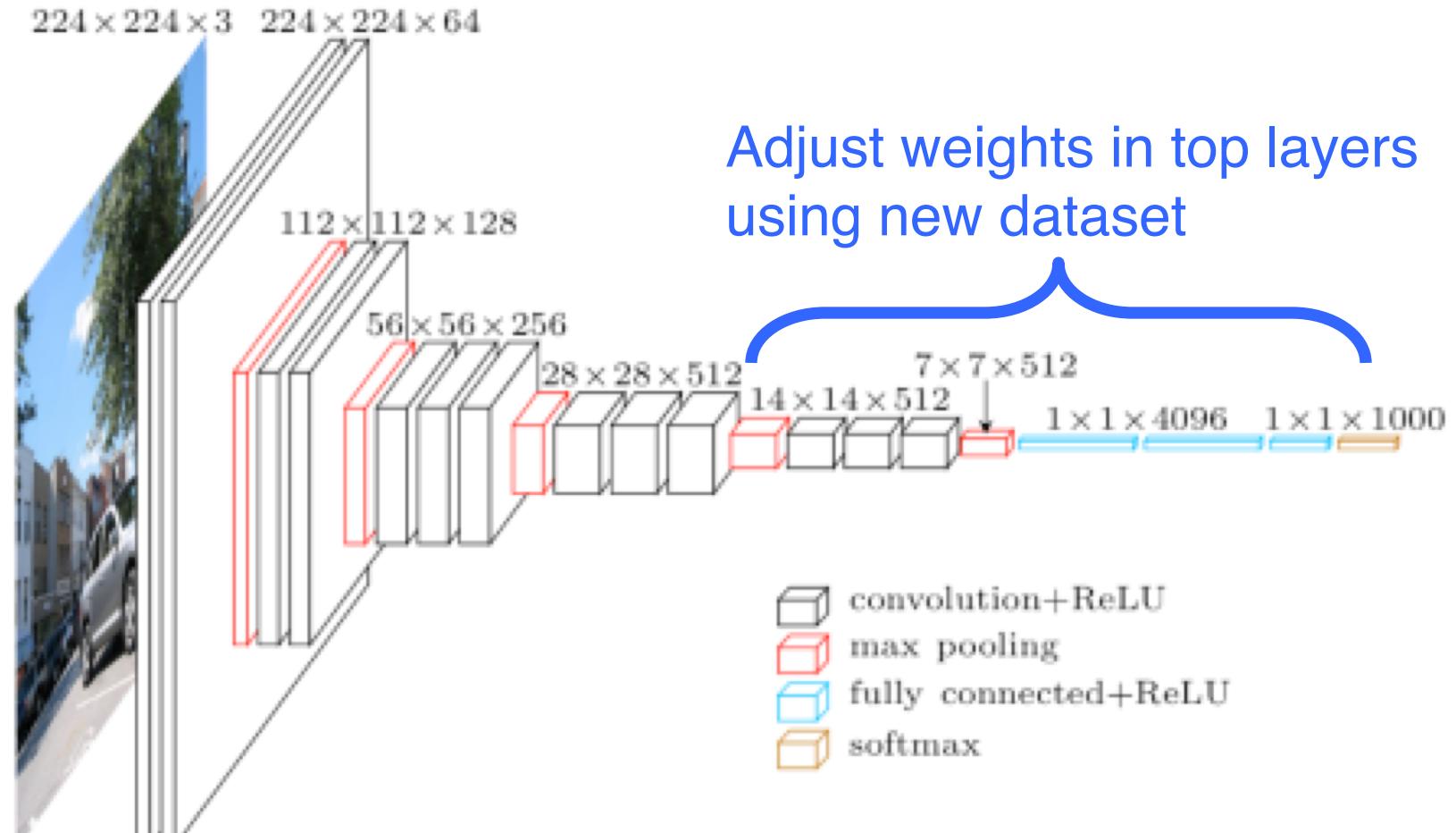
Source: <https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/>

Transfer Learning – Feature Extraction



Source: <https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/>

Transfer Learning – Fine Tuning



Source: <https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/>

When & How to Fine Tune

- **New dataset is small & similar to original dataset**
 - Extract features from higher layer and feed to separate classifier
- **New dataset is large & similar to original dataset**
 - Fine tune top or all layers
- **New dataset is small & different from original dataset**
 - Extract features from lower layer and feed to separate classifier
- **New dataset is large & different from original dataset**
 - Fine tune top or all layers

Other Practical Tips

- **Learning rate**
 - Use very small learning rate for fine tuning. Don't want to destroy what was already learned.
- **Start with properly trained weights**
 - Train top-level classifier first, then fine tune lower layers.
 - Top model with random weights may have negative effects on when fine tuning weights in pre-trained model
- **Data augmentation**
 - Simple ways to slightly alter images
 - Horizontal/vertical flips, random crops, translations, rotations, etc.
 - Use to artificially expand your dataset

References

- **F. Chollet.** The Keras Blog.
<https://blog.keras.io/building-powerful-image-classification-models-using-very-little-data.html>
- **ImageNet.** <http://www.image-net.org/>
- **Transfer Learning.**
<http://cs231n.github.io/transfer-learning/>

Additional CNN Resources

- **Caffe Model Zoo.**
http://caffe.berkeleyvision.org/model_zoo.html
- **CS231n Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Recognition.** <http://cs231n.github.io/>
- **Keras Documentation.** <https://keras.io/>
- **TensorFlow Getting Started.**
https://www.tensorflow.org/get_started/
- **TensorFlow Neural Network Playground.**
<http://playground.tensorflow.org/>

Questions?

