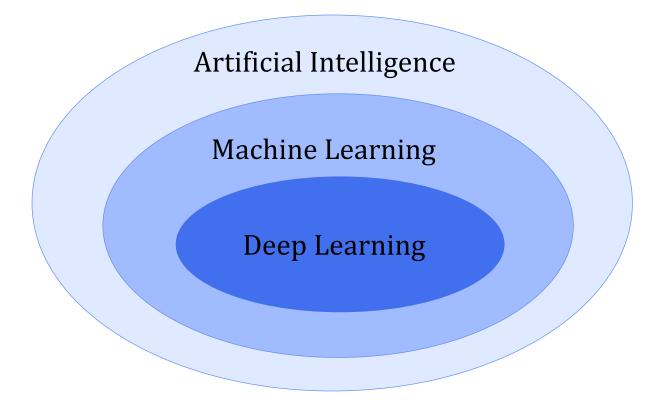




# **Deep Learning**

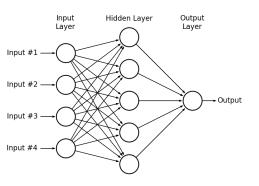


Deep Learning is a subfield of Machine Learning

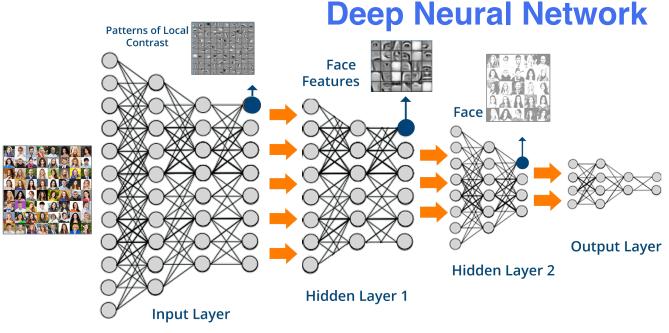


## **Deep Learning**

#### **Neural Network**



http://www.astroml.org/book\_figures/appendix/fig\_neural\_network.html



https://cdn.edureka.co/blog/wp-content/uploads/2017/05/Deep-Neural-Network-What-is-Deep-Learning-Edureka.png

## 'Deep' refers to the many layers in model

- Allows for learning at different levels of abstraction
- Leads to automatic feature learning & excellent performance



# **Applications of Deep Learning**

- Image classification
- Speech recognition
- Handwriting recognition
- Self-driving cars
- Drug design
- Precision medicine
- Disease detection
- Targeted ads
- Stock market analysis



# Deep Learning Agenda

- 8:30 9:00 Intro to NN & CNN
- 9:00 9:30 MNIST Hands-On
- 9:30 10:00 CNN Transfer Learning
- 10:00 10:15 Break
- 10:15 10:45 CNN Transfer Learning Hands-On
- 10:45 11:15 FasterCNN
- 11:15 11:45 U-Net & LSTM
- 11:45 12:00 Wrap-Up

# Transfer Learning with CNN

Mai H. Nguyen, Ph.D.



# What is Transfer Learning?

- To overcome challenges of training model from scratch:
  - Insufficient data
  - Very long training time
- Use pre-trained model
  - Trained on another dataset
  - This serves as starting point for model
  - Then train model on current dataset for current task

# **Transfer Learning Approaches**

#### Feature extraction

- Remove last fully connected layer from pre-trained model
- Treat rest of network as feature extractor
- Use features to train new classifier ("top model")

## Fine tuning

- Tune weights in some layers of original model (along with weights of top model)
- Train model for current task using new dataset



# **CNNs for Transfer Learning**

## Popular architectures

- AlexNet
- GoogLeNet
- VGGNet
- ResNet

#### All winners of ILSVRC

- ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge
- Annual competition on vision tasks on ImageNet data



# **ImageNet**

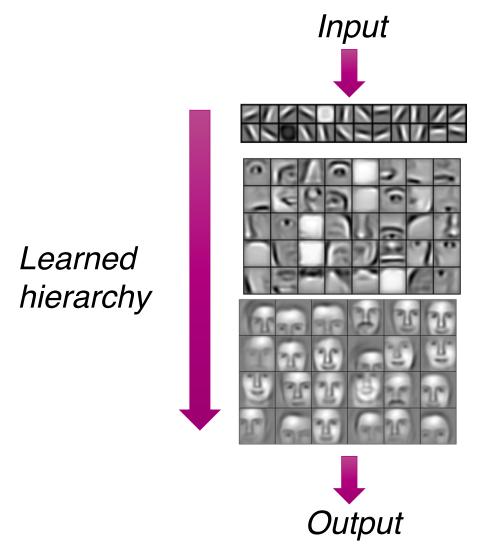
#### Database

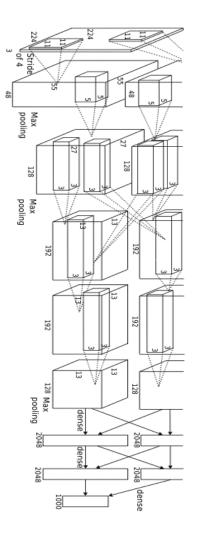
- Developed for computer vision research
- > 14,000,000 images hand-annotated
- > 22,000 categories

## ILSVRC History

- Started in 2010
- Image classification task: 1,000 object categories
- Image classification error rate
  - 2011: ~25% (conventional image processing techniques)
  - 2012: 15.3% (AlexNet)
  - 2015: 3.57% (ResNet; better than human performance)
  - 2016: 2.99% (16.7% error reduction)
  - 2017: 2.25% (23.3% error reduction)

# Why Does Transfer Learning Work?

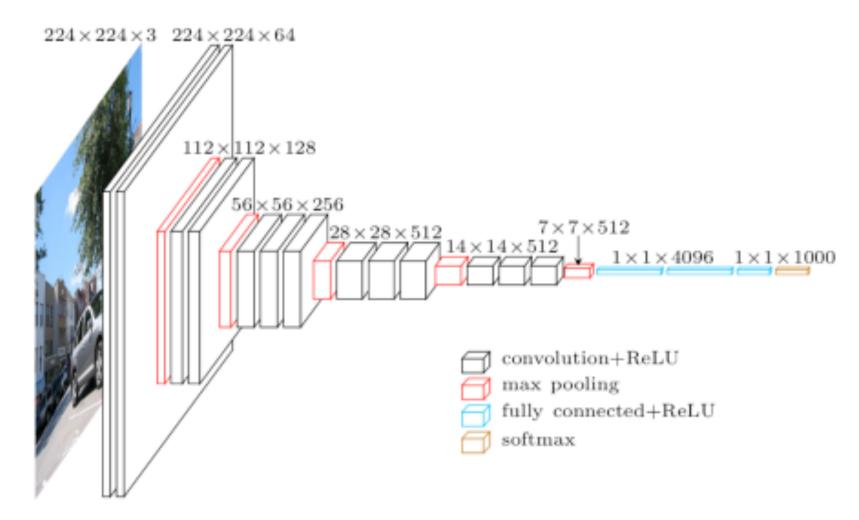




Lee et al. 'Convolutional Deep Belief Networks for Scalable Unsupervised Learning of Hierarchical Representations' ICML 2009



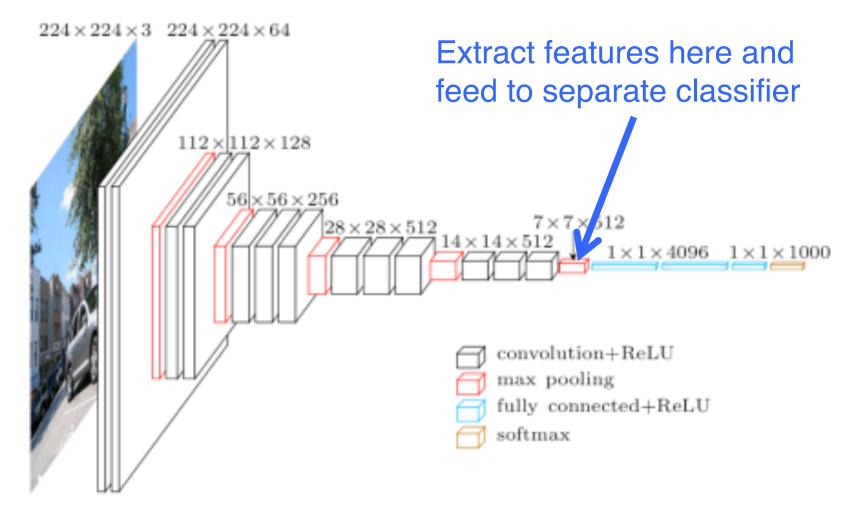
## VGG as Pre-Trained Network



Source: https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/



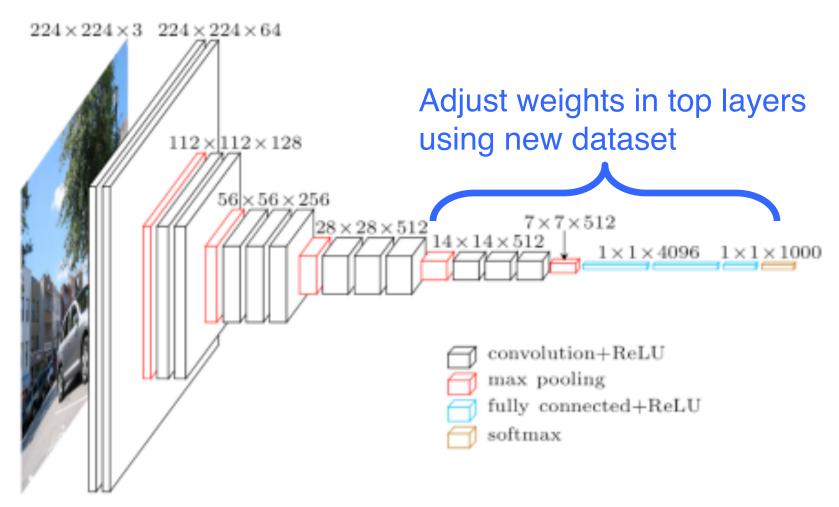
# **Transfer Learning – Feature Extraction**



Source: https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/



# **Transfer Learning – Fine Tuning**



Source: https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~frossard/post/vgg16/



## When & How to Fine Tune

- New dataset is small & similar to original dataset
  - Extract features from higher layer and feed to separate classifier
- New dataset is large & similar to original dataset
  - Fine tune top or all layers
- New dataset is small & different from original dataset
  - Extract features from lower layer and feed to separate classifier
- New dataset is large & different from original dataset
  - Fine tune top or all layers



# **Other Practical Tips**

### Learning rate

 Use very small learning rate for fine tuning. Don't want to destroy what was already learned.

## Start with properly trained weights

- Train top-level classifier first, then fine tune lower layers.
- Top model with random weights may have negative effects on when fine tuning weights in pre-trained model

## Data augmentation

- Simple ways to slightly alter images
  - Horizontal/vertical flips, random crops, translations, rotations, etc.
- Use to artificially expand your dataset



## References

- F. Chollet. The Keras Blog.
  - https://blog.keras.io/building-powerful-image-classificationmodels-using-very-little-data.html
- ImageNet
  - http://www.image-net.org/
- Transfer Learning.
  - http://cs231n.github.io/transfer-learning/



## **Additional CNN Resources**

- Caffe Model Zoo. http://caffe.berkeleyvision.org/model\_zoo.html
- CS231n Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Recognition. http://cs231n.github.io/
- Keras Documentation. https://keras.io/
- TensorFlow Getting Started. https://www.tensorflow.org/get\_started/
- TensorFlow Neural Network Playground. http://playground.tensorflow.org/



# **Questions?**

