Overall Performance

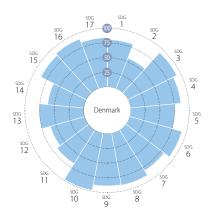
Index score



SDG Rank

1/28

Performance by SDG



Current Assessment - SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends



Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) NLD DNK SWEE SWE SWEE SVN AUT DEU GBR FRAA IRL LUX BEL CZE EUU ESP EST POL MLT IT AUT LVA HRVV HUN LTU CYP GRC BCR BGR ROU 10 20

Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) POLL EST TROUM HUNN DNIK CZE DEU BGR SWE HRV ESP PRT FRA SVNI LTU ITA GRC AUT BELL MLT IRL GBR CYPD NLD LUX 100

 $Notes: The full title of Goal 2\, "Zero \, Hunger" \, is \, "End \, hunger, \, achieve food \, security \, and \, improved \, nutrition \, and \, promote \, sustainable \, agriculture".$ The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals and the sustainable development of the full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainable at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainabledevelopmentgoals.Detailed results and methodology available online at https://www.sdgindex.org/EU

DENMARK

Performance by Indicator

DG1 – No Poverty eople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%)			SDG8 – (continued) Long term unemployment rate (%)		2018		
everely materially deprived people (%)	3.4 2018	1	People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population)		2010		
overty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)		1	Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	6.0 2018 •	1	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)) 1.6	2010	•	
DG2 – Zero Hunger			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)			Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	3.1	201	7	
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)			R&D personnel (% of active population)	2.2	201	7	
ield gap closure (%)			Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population)	246.6	201	7	
ross nitrogen balance on agricultural land by nutrient (kg/hectare) mmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare)	27.4 2017	↑	Households with broadband access (%)	90.0	2018	3	
	27.4 2017	•	Gap in broadband access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)		2018		
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being fe expectancy at birth (years)	81.1 2017	A	Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%	51.0	201	7	
ap in life expectancy at birth years)	1.4 2017	.	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	4.0	2018	3	
opulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population	71.2 2018		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3				
aged 16 or over)			universities (worst 0–100 best)	58.2	2019	9 •	
ap in self-reported health, by income (p.p.) elf-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%)	17.0 2018 • • • 1.3 2018 • •	T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.4	2016	5	
ap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, by		T	SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities				
income (p.p.)	0.8 2018 •	T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income	28.7	201	1 •	
ap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, urban	** 0 2018	T	Palma ratio		201		
vs rural areas (p.p.) ew reported cases of HIV (per 100,000 population)	4.2 2017		Elderly poverty rate (%)	3.1	201	•	
ew reported cases of file (per 100,000 population) ew reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.8 2017	_	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,	11.3 2016		Share of green space in urban areas (%) Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median	10.8	3 2012	<u>/</u>	
and chronic respiratory disease (per 100,000 population aged 30 to 70)			equivalized income (%)	30.0	2018	3	
uicide rate (per 100,000 population) ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10.2 2016		Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	46.3	201	7	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to nousehold air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	13 2016 •	• •	Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	16.4	2018	3	
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.3 2017	1	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2018		
eople killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	3.0 2017 •		Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³)		2010		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97 2017	T	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		201		
lcohol consumption (litre/capita/year) noking prevalence (%)	9.1 2017 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
	100.0 2016		Circular material use rate (%)	8.2	2016	5	
nare of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%)	13.7 2017		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.3	2010	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.6 2018 •		Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		3 2010		
DG4 – Quality Education			Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)		2010		
articipation in early childhood education (% of population aged 4 to 6)	98.0 2017 •	Т	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-115.4	1 2010) •	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10.2 2018 • •	•	SDG13 - Climate Action				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		↑	Contribution to the international 100bn USD commitment on climate related expending (per 10,000€ of GDP)	6.2	2 201	7 🛑	
nderachievers in science (% of population aged 15) ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	15.9 2015	Т	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.8	3 201	5	
status (%)	10.4 2015		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)		3 201		
esilient students (%)	27.5 2015 •	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2268.4	4 201	7 🛑	
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30 to 34)	49.1 2018		SDG14 – Life Below Water				
dult participation in learning (%) umeracy score in the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (worst 0–500 best)	23.5 2018		Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)		2018		
	278.3 2016 • •		Fish stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)) 201 ₄ 2 201 ₄		
DG5 – Gender Equality nadjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings)	147 2017		Fish caught by trawling (%) Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		201		
nadjusted gender pay gap (% oi gross maie earnings) ender employment gap (p.p.)			SDG15 – Life on Land	07.1	2010		
opulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population			Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.7	2018	2 🛑	
aged 20 to 64)	5.3 2018 • •		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	37.4 2019 • •		Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre)		201		
ositions held by women in senior management positions (%)	27.7 2018		Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre)	16.7	201	5	
/omen who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	79.0 2018 •		Imported biodiversity threats (per 1,000,000 population)		201		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.97	2019) •	
expulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet			SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
n their household (%)	0.4 2018		Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)		2010		
opulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%)	91.8 2017		Population reporting crime in their area (%) Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)		2018 2018		
eshwater abstraction (% of long term average available water)		•	Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)		2010		
ported groundwater depletion (m³/capita/year) pulation using safely managed water services (%)	9.9 2010 • • • 96.7 2015 • •		Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
pulation using safely managed water services (%)	93.2 2015		Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		
pulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	3.0 2018	_	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2010		
nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)			Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD		3 2018		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1 2015	†	per 100,000 population)	0.3	201	7	
DG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	14.0	2018	3	
otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	0.95 2019		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	24,957 2018 • •		Official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.7	2018	3	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population	8.5 2018		Shifted profits of multinationals (billion USD)		201		
aged 15 to 29)			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	51.7	2019	9	
nployment rate (%)	78.2 2018	T					

^{*} Imputed data point
Only positive values are reported for "gap" indicators. For negative values, "0" is imputed to indicate an absence of meaningful gaps disadvantaging the targeted group.



