Overall Performance

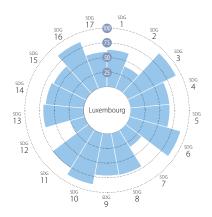
Index score

66.0

SDG Rank

17/28

Performance by SDG



Current Assessment - SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends



Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) NILD DNK SWE SVN SVN AUT DEU GBR FRAA IRL LUXX BEL CZE EUU ESP EST POL MIT ITAK PRT LVA HRVV HUN LTU CYP GRC BCR ROU 10 20

Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) POLL EST TROUM HUNN DNIK CZE DEU BGR SWE HRV ESP PRT FRA SVNI LTU ITA GRC AUT BELL MLT IRL GBR CYPD NLD LUX 100

Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals and the sustainable development of the full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainable at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainabledevelopmentgoals.Detailed results and methodology available online at https://www.sdgindex.org/EU

LUXEMBOURG

Performance by Indicator

DG1 – No Poverty eople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%)			SDG8 – (continued) Long term unemployment rate (%)		Year I 2018		ıg T
everely materially deprived people (%)	1.2 2017	1	People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population)		2010		
overty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)		$\dot{\uparrow}$	Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
n work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	13.7 2017 •	4	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	7.0	2010	•	
DG2 – Zero Hunger			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		1	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.3	2017	•	
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		4	R&D personnel (% of active population)	1.9	2017	•	
ield gap closure (%)		T	Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population)	93.9	2017	•	
iross nitrogen balance on agricultural land by nutrient (kg/hectare) .mmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare)		T	Households with broadband access (%)	93.0	2018	•	
	41.5 2017	•	Gap in broadband access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)		2018		
EDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being ife expectancy at birth (years)	82.1 2017 •	•	Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%)	70.0	2017	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth years)	NA NA •	• •	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.6	2018	•	
opulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population	71.1 2017 •	•	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3				
aged 16 or over)		T	universities (worst 0–100 best)	51.3	2019	•	
ap in self-reported health, by income (p.p.) elf-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%)	10.6 2017 • 0.3 2017 •	T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	2016	•	
iap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%)		T	SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities				
income (p.p.)	1.1 2017 •	T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income	31.7	2014	. •	
ap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, urban	** 0 2017 •	1	Palma ratio		2016		
vs rural areas (p.p.) lew reported cases of HIV (per 100,000 population)	10.2 2017	•	Elderly poverty rate (%)	/./	2016		
lew reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.4 2017	1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,	10.0 2016	•	Share of green space in urban areas (%)	31.7	2012	•	
and chronic respiratory disease (per 100,000 population aged 30 to 70)		•	Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median equivalized income (%)	19.7	2017	•	
uicide rate (per 100,000 population)	9.4 2016	T	Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	48.3	2017	•	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12 2016 •	• •	Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	17.4	2017	•	
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.6 2017 •	1	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2018		
eople killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	4.2 2017 •	1	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³)		2017		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99 2017 •	↑	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		
lcohol consumption (litre/capita/year) moking prevalence (%)	11.3 2016 • 21 2017 •	T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
eople covered by health insurance for a core set of services (%)		••	Circular material use rate (%)	6.5	2016	•	
hare of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%)	10.8 2017	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.8	2010	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.2 2018 •	1	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
DG4 – Quality Education			Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	139.8			
articipation in early childhood education (% of population aged 4 to 6)	96.6 2017 •	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	965.4	2010	•	
arly leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24)	6.3 2018 •	1	SDG13 - Climate Action				
· ·		¥	Contribution to the international 100bn USD commitment on climate related expending (per 10,000€ of GDP)	7.3	2017	•	
Inderachievers in science (% of population aged 15) ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	25.9 2015 •	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.1	2016	•	
status (%)	20.8 2015 •	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-9.9	2016	•	
esilient students (%)	20.7 2015 •	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017		
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30 to 34)	56.2 2018 •	↑	SDG14 - Life Below Water				
dult participation in learning (%)	18.0 2018	T	Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)		2018		
lumeracy score in the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (worst 0–500 best)	NA NA •	• •	Fish stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		•	
DG5 - Gender Equality	E 0 2017		Fish caught by trawling (%) Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA	NA NA		
nadjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings) ender employment gap (p.p.)	5.0 2017 • 8.0 2018 •	T	SDG15 – Life on Land	1471	14/7		
opulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population		•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	83.3	2018	_	
aged 20 to 64)	15.0 2018 •	T	Mean area that is protected in terestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.0 2019	†	Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre)		2015		
ositions held by women in senior management positions (%)	13.3 2018	→	Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre)	NA	NA		
/omen who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	82.0 2018 •	1	Imported biodiversity threats (per 1,000,000 population)		2015		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.99	2019		
opulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet			SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
in their household (%)	0.1 2017 •	T	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)		2016		
opulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%)	97.0 2017 •	1	Population reporting crime in their area (%) Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)		2017 2017		
eshwater abstraction (% of long term average available water)		1	Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA			
ported groundwater depletion (m³/capita/year) pulation using safely managed water services (%)	19.2 2010 • 98.2 2015 •	1	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		
epulation using safely managed water services (%)		T	Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		
opulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	1.9 2017 •	1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2016		
nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	6.4 2017	→	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD		2018		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	11.6 2015	1	per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2017	•	
DG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	14.7	2018	•	
rotection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	NA NA •	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	32,681 2017 •	1	Official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0	2018	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population	7.5 2018 •	1	Shifted profits of multinationals (billion USD)	-46.8			
aged 15 to 29)		-	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	72.4	2019	•	
nployment rate (%)	72.1 2018 •	4	Corporate lax Havell Score (best 0=100 Worst)	/ Z. '	2015		

^{*} Imputed data point
Only positive values are reported for "gap" indicators. For negative values, "0" is imputed to indicate an absence of meaningful gaps disadvantaging the targeted group.



