Overall Performance

Index score

65.2

SDG Rank

19/28

Performance by SDG



Current Assessment - SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends



Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) NLD DNK SWEE SWE SWEE SVN AUT DEU GBR FRAA IRL LUX BEL CZE EUU ESP EST POL MLT IT AUT LVA HRVV HUN LTU CYP GRC BCR BROU 10 20

Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) POLL EST TROUM HUNN DNIK CZE DEU BGR SWE HRV ESP PRT FRA SVNI LTU ITA GRC AUT BELL MLT IRL GBR CYPD NLD LUX 100

 $Notes: \hbox{The full title of Goal 2.} \hbox{\it "Zero Hunger"} is \hbox{\it "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture"}.$ The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainable development.un.org/topics/sustainable development goals and the full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainable development.un.org/topics/sustainable development goals are full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainable development.un.org/topics/sustainable development.un.org/topics/Detailed results and methodology available online at https://www.sdgindex.org/EU

SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Performance by Indicator

OG1 – No Poverty ople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%)	Value Year Ratir		SDG8 – (continued) Long term unemployment rate (%)		Year R 2018		
verely materially deprived people (%)	7.0 2017		People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population)		2017		
verty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)	2.0 2019		Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	6.3 2017	一个	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		
DG2 – Zero Hunger			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	20.5 2016	1	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	0.9	2017	•	, ,
ıman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2013	•	R&D personnel (% of active population)	0.7	2017	•	1
eld gap closure (%)	48.9 2015		Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000	10.1	2017	•	, ,
oss nitrogen balance on agricultural land by nutrient (kg/hectare) nmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare)	16.0 2016 • 12.6 2017 •	•	population) Households with broadband access (%)	79 N	2018		
	12.0 2017	- 1	Gap in broadband access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)		2018		,
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being e expectancy at birth (years)	77.3 2017	7	Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%)		2017		,
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.5 2017		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.0	2018	•	
pulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population	67.1 2017		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3				
ged 16 or over)			universities (worst 0–100 best)	17.1	2019	•	
up in self-reported health, by income (p.p.) If-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%)	16.9 2017 • 2.4 2017 •	1	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0	2016	•	,
in reported unifier fleed for medical examination and care (%) in self-reported unimet need for medical examination and care, by			SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities				
ncome (p.p.)	2.8 2017	T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income	33.4	2014	. •	1
p in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, urban	** 0 2017	•	Palma ratio		2016		
vs rural areas (p.p.) ew reported cases of HIV (per 100,000 population)	1.3 2017	•	Elderly poverty rate (%)	4.3	2016		
ew reported cases of this (per 100,000 population)	4.6 2017	*	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
pe-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,	17.2 2016	•	Share of green space in urban areas (%) Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median	32.0	2012	•	
and chronic respiratory disease (per 100,000 population aged 30 to 70)		T	equivalized income (%)	55.6	2017	•	
icide rate (per 100,000 population) pe-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	7.5 2016	T	Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	29.8	2017	•	ĺ
pe-standardised death rate attributable to nousehold air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	34 2016	• •	Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	6.7	2017	•	
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.6 2017	1	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		
ople killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	5.1 2017	1	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³)		2017		
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96 2017	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		
cohol consumption (litre/capita/year) noking prevalence (%)	9.7 2017 • 26 2017 •	T	SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production				
ople covered by health insurance for a core set of services (%)	94.5 2016	•	Circular material use rate (%)	4.9	2016	•)
are of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%)	18.7 2017	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.8	2010	•	,
bjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4 2017	1	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
DG4 - Quality Education			Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)		2010 NA		
rticipation in early childhood education (% of population aged 4 to 6)	78.2 2017	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	INA	INA		
rly leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24)	8.6 2018	•	SDG13 – Climate Action Contribution to the international 100bn USD commitment on climate				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	462.8 2015	- I	related expending (per 10,000€ of GDP)	0.4	2017	•	J
nderachievers in science (% of population aged 15) riation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	30.7 2015	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.5	2016	•	,
tatus (%)	16.0 2015	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)		2016		j
silient students (%)	17.5 2015		CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1656.5	2017	•	۱
rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30 to 34)	37.7 2018		SDG14 - Life Below Water				
lult participation in learning (%) Imeracy score in the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (worst 0–500 best)	4.0 2018 • 275.8 2016 •		Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)		2018		
	2/3.0 2010		Fish stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	NA NA		
DG5 – Gender Equality hadjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings)	19.8 2017	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA)
ender employment gap (p.p.)	13.7 2018		SDG15 – Life on Land				
pulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population			Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	82.7	2018		,
ged 20 to 64)	26.8 2018		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
ats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.7 2019		Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre)	2.4	2015	•	,
sitions held by women in senior management positions (%) omen who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	24.1 2018	T	Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre)		2015		
hey live (%)	62.0 2018	1	Imported biodiversity threats (per 1,000,000 population)		2015		
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.96	2019	_	
pulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet	0.9 2017	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.7	2016		
n their household (%)		•	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population) Population reporting crime in their area (%)		2016 2017		
pulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%)	65.0 2017		Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)		2017		
shwater abstraction (% of long term average available water) ported groundwater depletion (m³/capita/year)	0.7 2017 • 5.6 2010 •		Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		
pulation using safely managed water services (%)	93.4 2015		Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		j
oulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	81.7 2015		Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		
pulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	4.3 2017	1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2016 2018		
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	11.5 2017	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD				
2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2 2015	1	per 100,000 population)	0.2	2017	•	ĺ
			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	20.3	2018	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth							
otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	NA NA •		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0−1 best) oss disposable income (€/capita) 1	NA NA • 6,652 2017 •		Official development assistance (% of GNI)		2018		
otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)		1		0.6	2018 2015 2019	•)

^{*} Imputed data point
Only positive values are reported for "gap" indicators. For negative values, "0" is imputed to indicate an absence of meaningful gaps disadvantaging the targeted group.



