### **Overall Performance**

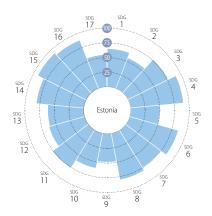
Index score

70.4

SDG Rank

10/28

## **Performance by SDG**



#### **Current Assessment - SDG Dashboard**



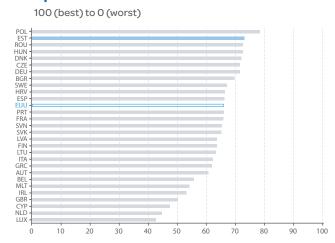
#### **SDG Trends**



### **Leave No One Behind Index**

# 100 (best) to 0 (worst) 10 20 100

#### **Spillover Index**



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals and the sustainable development of the full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainable at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainabledevelopmentgoals. $Detailed\ results\ and\ methodology\ available\ online\ at\ https://www.sdgindex.org/EU$ 

# **ESTONIA**

# Performance by Indicator

OG1 – No Poverty ople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%)	Value Year Rating Tro	d SDG8 – (continued)  Long term unemployment rate (%)	Value Year Rati	-
verely materially deprived people (%)	3.8 2018	People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population)	1.2 2017	
verty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)	0.8 2019		3.6 2018	
work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	9.3 2018 • •	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.7 2010	
DG2 – Zero Hunger		SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	21.2 2016 • •	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.3 2017	
ıman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2013 • -		0.9 2017	
eld gap closure (%)	40.7 2015	raterit applications to the zaropean raterit office (per 1/000/000	27.6 2017	
oss nitrogen balance on agricultural land by nutrient (kg/hectare)	22.0 2015 • 4 9.0 2017 •		89.0 2018	
nmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare)	9.0 2017	Gap in broadband access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)	2.0 2018	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	70.4.2017.	Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%)	28.0 2017	
e expectancy at birth (years) p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	78.4 2017 • 4 3.7 2017 • •	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.1 2018	
pulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	3.1 2010	
ged 16 or over)	51.8 2018 • -	universities (worst 0–100 best)	37.4 2019	
p in self-reported health, by income (p.p.)	42.8 2018	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1 2016	
If-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%) p in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, by	16.4 2018 • •	SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities		
p in sen-reported drifflet fleed for friedical examination and care, by ncome (p.p.)	1.6 2018 •	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income	37.4 2014	
p in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, urban	** 0 2018	Palma ratio	1.1 2016	
rs rural areas (p.p.)		Elderly poverty rate (%)	35.7 2016	
ew reported cases of HIV (per 100,000 population) ew reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.6 2017 • 4	SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities		
re-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,		Share of green space in urban areas (%)	27.9 2012	
and chronic respiratory disease (per 100,000 population aged 30 to 70)	17.0 2016	Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median equivalized income (%)	12.9 2018	
icide rate (per 100,000 population)	14.3 2016 •	Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	28.4 2017	
e-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and mbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25 2016 • •	Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	13.6 2018	
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.7 2017	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%)		
ople killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	3.6 2017	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.2 2018	
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93 2017 •	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³)  Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	5.3 2017 <b>9</b> 9.7 2017	
cohol consumption (litre/capita/year)	10.3 2017	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	JJ./ 2017	
noking prevalence (%)	23 2017	C: 1 (0/)	11.8 2016	
ople covered by health insurance for a core set of services (%) are of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%)	94.0 2016 • • 23.2 2018 • •	Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	68.3 2010	
bjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.1 2018	1. 1.00	-4.5 2010	•
	0.1 2010	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	38.0 2010	
DG4 – Quality Education rticipation in early childhood education (% of population aged 4 to 6)	92.9 2017 •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	27.8 2010	
rly leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24)		SDG13 - Climate Action		
	524.3 2015	Contribution to the international 100bn USD commitment on climate	0.3 2017	
nderachievers in science (% of population aged 15)	8.8 2015 •	related expending (per 10,000€ of GDP)  Energy-related CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)		
riation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	7.8 2015 • •	3/	14.2 2016 <b>•</b> -3.1 2016 <b>•</b>	
tatus (%) silient students (%)	48.3 2015 • •	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	29.9 2017	
rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30 to 34)	47.2 2018	SDG14 - Life Below Water		
lult participation in learning (%)	19.7 2018 •	Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)	66.7 2018	
imeracy score in the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (worst 0–500 best)	273.1 2016 • •		1.3 2014	
DG5 - Gender Equality		Fish caught by trawling (%)	29.6 2014	D
nadjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings)	25.6 2017	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.8 2018	D
nder employment gap (p.p.)	7.8 2018 • •	SDG15 – Life on Land		
pulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population	29.4 2018	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	94.8 2018	
iged 20 to 64) ats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.7 2019	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.5 2018	
sitions held by women in senior management positions (%)	2/./ 2019 • 3 8.0 2018 • •	biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (ring O2/litte)	1.6 2015	
omen who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where		Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO <sub>3</sub> /litre) Imported biodiversity threats (per 1,000,000 population)	6.6 2015 <b>8</b> .4 2015	
ney live (%)	70.0 2018	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.99 2019	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	J.JJ ZUIJ	
pulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet	4.0 2018	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)	2.7 2016	
n their household (%)		Population reporting crime in their area (%)	7.4 2018	٥
pulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%) eshwater abstraction (% of long term average available water)	87.9 2017 • 4 14.5 2017 • 4	Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)	0.2 2018	
ported groundwater depletion (m <sup>3</sup> /capita/year)	4.7 2010	Assess to justice (week 0, 1 best)	0.74 2019	D
pulation using safely managed water services (%)	81.7 2015	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.78 2019	
pulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	92.9 2015 •		0.84 2019	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	73.0 2018 <b>4</b> 24.8 2015	
pulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	2.3 2018 •	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.4 2018	
	29.2 2017 • •	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD		
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)		per 100,000 population)	0.0 2017	
	1.5 2015 • -		141 2010	
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	1.5 2015	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	14.1 2018	•
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)  2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)  OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth  otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	0.71 2019 • •	SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals	14.1 2018	
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)  2) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO₂/TWh)  COGO - Decent Work and Economic Growth  Detection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)  Doss disposable income (€/capita)		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.2 2018	
are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)  2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)  OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth  otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	0.71 2019 • •	SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals		

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point
\*\*Only positive values are reported for "gap" indicators. For negative values, "0\*\*" is imputed to indicate an absence of meaningful gaps disadvantaging the targeted group.



