LATVIA

Overall Performance

Index score

65.2

SDG Rank

20/28

Performance by SDG



Current Assessment - SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends



Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) 10 20 100

Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst) POLL EST TROUM HUNN DNIK CZE DEU BGR SWE HRV ESP PRT FRA SVNI LTU ITA GRC AUT BELL MLT IRL GBR CYPD NLD LUX 100

Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals and the sustainable development of the full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainable at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are sustainabledevelopmentgoals. $Detailed\ results\ and\ methodology\ available\ online\ at\ https://www.sdgindex.org/EU$



Performance by Indicator

| DG1 – No Poverty eople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%) | Value Year Rating | | SDG8 – (continued) Long term unemployment rate (%) | | Year Ra 2018 | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------|--|-------|-----------------|---|
| everely materially deprived people (%) | 9.5 2018 | | People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population) | | 2017 | |
| overty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%) | 2.3 2019 | | Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) | | 2018 | |
| work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%) | 8.1 2018 • | 1 | Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) | 0.6 | 2010 | • |
| DG2 – Zero Hunger | | | SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | | | |
| revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) | 23.6 2016 • | 1 | Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP) | | 2017 | |
| uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) | 2.4 2013 | | R&D personnel (% of active population) | 0.6 | 2017 | • |
| eld gap closure (%) ross nitrogen balance on agricultural land by nutrient (kg/hectare) | 44.6 2015 • 28.0 2015 • | 1 | Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population) | 11.4 | 2017 | • |
| mmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare) | 7.3 2017 | | Households with broadband access (%) | 79.0 | 2018 | • |
| DG3 - Good Health and Well-Being | | • | Gap in broadband access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.) | | 2018 | • |
| fe expectancy at birth (years) | 74.9 2017 • | \rightarrow | Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%) | 21.0 | 2017 | • |
| ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) | 3.4 2017 • | • • | Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) | 3.0 | 2018 | • |
| opulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population | 47.0 2018 | → | The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 | 22.5 | 2019 | |
| aged 16 or over) ap in self-reported health, by income (p.p.) | 45.7 2018 | ما | universities (worst 0–100 best) | | | |
| elf-reported unmet need for medical examination and care (%) | 6.2 2018 | * | Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) | 0.6 | 2016 | • |
| ap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, by | 11.1 2018 | | SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities | | | |
| income (p.p.) | 11.1 2010 | 4. | Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income | | 2014 | |
| ap in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, urban vs rural areas (p.p.) | 0.6 2018 | 1 | Palma ratio Elderly poverty rate (%) | | 2016 2016 | |
| ew reported cases of HIV (per 100,000 population) | 18.8 2017 • | 1 | | 32.7 | 2010 | |
| ew reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) | 28.3 2017 | 1 | SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Share of green space in urban areas (%) | 30.3 | 2012 | |
| ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, | 21.9 2016 | 1 | Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median | | | |
| and chronic respiratory disease (per 100,000 population aged 30 to 70) uicide rate (per 100,000 population) | 18.6 2016 | | equivalized income (%) | | 2017 | |
| ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and | | | Recycling rate of municipal waste (%) | 23.3 | 2017 | • |
| ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) | 41 2016 • | • • | Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%) | 23.5 | 2018 | • |
| lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) | 4.2 2017 • | 1 | Satisfaction with public transport (%) | 65.4 | 2017 | • |
| eople killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population) | 7.0 2017 | T | Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³) | 13.6 | 2017 | • |
| urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) lcohol consumption (litre/capita/year) | 96 2017 • 11.2 2016 • | T | Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) | 97.2 | 2017 | • |
| moking prevalence (%) | 32 2017 | Ţ | SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production | | | |
| | 100.0 2016 | • • | Circular material use rate (%) | 3.9 | 2016 | • |
| nare of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%) | 41.8 2017 • | • | Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) | | 2010 | |
| ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) | 6.0 2017 • | 1 | Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) | | 2010 | |
| DG4 – Quality Education | | | Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) | | 2010 | |
| articipation in early childhood education (% of population aged 4 to 6) | 96.3 2017 • | 1 | | 00.7 | 2010 | • |
| arly leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24) | 8.3 2018 | • | SDG13 – Climate Action Contribution to the international 100bn USD commitment on climate | | | |
| SA score (worst 0–600 best) nderachievers in science (% of population aged 15) | 486.8 2015 • 17.2 2015 • | * | related expending (per 10,000€ of GDP) | 0.0 | 2016 | • |
| ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic | | 4. | Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) | 3.5 | 2016 | • |
| status (%) | 8.7 2015 • | • • | Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) | | 2016 | |
| esilient students (%) | 35.2 2015 • | • • | CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) | 69.4 | 2017 | |
| ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30 to 34) | 42.7 2018 • | T | SDG14 - Life Below Water | | | |
| dult participation in learning (%) umeracy score in the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (worst 0–500 best) | 6.7 2018 • NA NA • | | Bathing sites of excellent quality (%) | | 2018 2014 | |
| DG5 – Gender Equality | 10/1 | | Fish stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%) | | 2014 | |
| nadjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings) | 15.7 2017 | 1 | Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) | | 2018 | |
| ender employment gap (p.p.) | 4.2 2018 | + | SDG15 – Life on Land | | | |
| opulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population | 18.4 2018 | | Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) | 97.3 | 2018 | • |
| aged 20 to 64) | | | Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) | | 2018 | |
| eats held by women in national parliaments (%) | 30.0 2019 • 29.0 2018 • | T | Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre) | 1.3 | 2015 | • |
| ositions held by women in senior management positions (%) /omen who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where | | * | Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre) | NA | | |
| they live (%) | 52.0 2018 • | 4 | Imported biodiversity threats (per 1,000,000 population) | | 2015 | |
| DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation | | | Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) | 0.99 | 2019 | _ |
| opulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet | 9.0 2018 | A | SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Death rate due to hamicide (nor 100 000 population) | 16 | 2016 | |
| in their household (%) | | T . | Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population) Population reporting crime in their area (%) | | 2016 2018 | |
| opulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%) | 95.0 2017 • 0.6 2017 • | 1 | Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.) | | 2018 | |
| eshwater abstraction (% of long term average available water) nported groundwater depletion (m³/capita/year) | 6.9 2010 | • | Access to justice (worst 0–1 best) | NA | NA | |
| opulation using safely managed water services (%) | 81.9 2015 | | Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best) | NA | NA | |
| opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) | 78.4 2015 | | Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best) | NA | NA | |
| DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy | | | Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) | | 2018 2015 | |
| | 7.5 2018 • | 1 | Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) | | 2015 | |
| opulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) | 39.0 2017 • | 1 | Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD | | | |
| nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) | 33.0 2017 | | per 100,000 population) | ^ 0.0 | 2017 | |
| | 1.3 2015 | 7 | | | | |
| nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) | | 7 | Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) | 19.6 | 2018 | • |
| nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best) | 1.3 2015 • NA NA • | | Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals | 19.6 | 2018 | • |
| nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth rotection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best) ross disposable income (€/capita) | 1.3 2015 | | Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Official development assistance (% of GNI) | 0.1 | 2018 | • |
| nare of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best) | 1.3 2015 • NA NA • | | Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals | 0.1 | | • |

^{*} Imputed data point
Only positive values are reported for "gap" indicators. For negative values, "0" is imputed to indicate an absence of meaningful gaps disadvantaging the targeted group.



