#### **▼ Overall Performance**

Index score

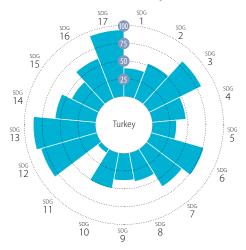


SDG Rank

## **Turkey**

34/34

### **▼ Performance by SDG**



#### SDG Dashboards and Trends

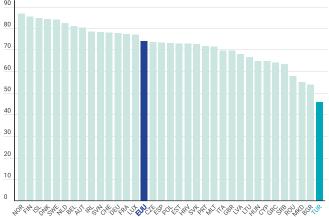


Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

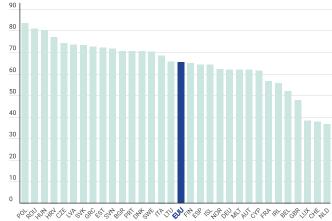
#### Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



### Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals. Detailed results and methodology available online at https://www.sdgindex.org/EU

# **TURKEY**

# Performance by Indicator

DG1 – No Poverty ople at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%)	Value Year R NA NA	Rating Tren	d SDG8 – (continued) People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population)	Value Year Rat	atin
verely materially deprived people (%)	26.3 2019		In work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	13.2 2019	•
everty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)	7.8 2021		Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2 2015	•
DG2 – Zero Hunger			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	22.3 2019	• ↓	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.1 2019	•
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.25 2017	• 7	R&D personnel (% of active population)	0.6 2019	•
eld gap closure (%)	NA NA	• •	Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population)	7.0 2020	•
oss nitrogen balance on agricultural land (kg/hectare)	NA NA		Households with broadband access (%)	91 2020	•
nmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare) ports of pesticides banned in the EU (kg per 1,000 population)	25.0 2018 NA NA	• •	Gap in internet access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.) Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%)	NA NA 6 2019	
	INA INA		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related		
OG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	70.1 2010		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2 2018	•
e expectancy at birth (years) p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	79.1 2019 2.9 2019	• 1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	40.5 2021	•
pulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population			universities (worst 0–100 best)		
ged 16 or over)	66.4 2019	• T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4 2018	_
o in self-reported health, by income (p.p.)	10.6 2019	• 1	SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities	41.0.2010	
o in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care,	8.5 2019	• 1	Gini Coefficient * Palma ratio	41.9 2019	
v income (p.p.) w reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0 2019	• 7		1.84 2018	•
ndardised preventable and treatable mortality (per 100,000 population			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	NIA NIA	
jed less than 75)	306.0 2018	Т	Urban population without access to green urban areas in their neighbourhood (%)  Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median	NA NA	•
ide rate (per 100,000 population)	4.5 2018	• 1	equivalized income (%)	66.3 2019	•
-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	47 2016	• •	Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	11.5 2019	•
nbient air pollution (per 100,000 population) tality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	10.0 2019	• 4	Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	36.9 2019	
ole killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	8.2 2018	• 1	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%)		
viving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97 2019	• 1	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (μg/m³)	NA NA	
ulation engaging in heavy, episodic drinking at least once a week (%)	0.4 2019	• 1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	N14 N14	
king prevalence (%)	NA NA	• •	Circular material use rate (%) Gross value added in environmental goods and services sector	NA NA	3
ole covered by health insurance for a core set of services (%)	98.8 2019		Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	NA NA 23.6 2015	
e of total health spending financed by out-of-pocket payments (%)	22.1 2019	• 1	Imported SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	10.7 2015	
ective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) viduals that use the internet to make appointments with a	4.9 2020	• •	Production-based emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)		
acticioner (%)	27 2020	• 1	Imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	2.9 2015	•
G4 – Quality Education			SDG13 - Climate Action		
icipation in early childhood education (% of children between age of 3	42.2.2010		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	4.9 2019	
nd starting age of compulsory primary education)	43.2 2019	• 7	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.5 2015	
y leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24)	26.7 2020	- I	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.0 2019	
A score (worst 0–600 best)	462.7 2018	- I	SDG14 - Life Below Water		
derachievers in science (% of population aged 15) ation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	25.2 2018		Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)	NA NA	•
atus (%)	11.0 2018	• 1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	57.5 2018	•
iary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	36.2 2020	• 1	Fish caught by bottom trawling or dredging (%)	25.5 2018	•
ılt participation in learning (%)	5.8 2020	• >	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)  Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	5.5 2018 0.0 2018	
G5 – Gender Equality			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	3.8 2020	
adjusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings)	-1.3 2014	• •		3.0 2020	
der employment gap (p.p.)	38.1 2020	• →	SDG15 – Life on Land  Manager and that is protected in terrestrial sites important to hindiversity (%)	2.3 2020	
ulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population aged	58.8 2020	• ->	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.2 2020	•
to 64) is held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.3 2020	• ->	Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O <sub>2</sub> /litre)	NA NA	
itions held by women in senior management positions (%)	17.5 2020		Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO <sub>3</sub> /litre)	NA NA	•
portion of ICT specialists that are women (%)	16.8 2020		Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.88 2021	
G6 - Clean Water and Sanitation			Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.7 2018	•
ulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet	0.0.2012		(per million population)		
their household (%)	0.9 2019	• ↑	SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1.4.2010	_
ulation connected to at least secondary wastewater treatment (%)	60.8 2018	_	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)	1.4 2018	
hwater abstraction (% of long-term average available water)	23.3 2017		Population reporting crime in their area (%)  Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)	10.9 2019 0.0 2019	
ce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	13.2 2013		Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)		
ulation using safely managed water services (%)	NA NA	• •	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.41 2020	
ulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	78.4 2020	• 7	Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)		
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	10 2 201		Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–100 best)		
ulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	19.2 2019	• +	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	30.6 2018	
re of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	NA NA	• ->	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD	0.25 2020	
emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	1.3 2019	• →	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	49.8 2021	
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.44.2022			12.0 2021	Ť
ection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0−1 best) ss disposable income (€/capita)	0.44 2020 NA NA	• →	SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA	
S UISUSAUE III UITE IE/CAUIAI	INA INA		Shifted profits of multinationals (billion USD)	5.0 2018	
			SHITEG DIGHTS OF HIGHHAUGHAIS (DIHIGH U SEA)		
uth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population ged 15 to 29)	32.0 2020	• +	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0 2021	•

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point



