▼ Overall Performance

Index score

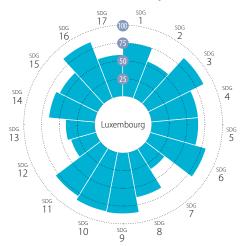


SDG Rank

Luxembourg

26/34

▼ Performance by SDG



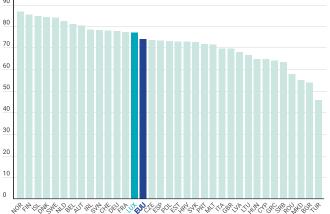
SDG Dashboards and Trends



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

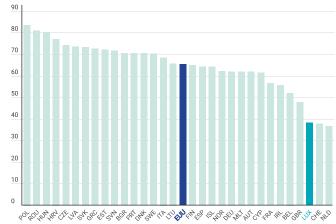
▼ Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals. Detailed results and methodology available online at https://www.sdgindex.org/EU

LUXEMBOURG

Performance by Indicator

•	/alue Ye		•		Value Ye	
	17.4 20 1 3 20)19		People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 population) In work at-risk-of-poverty rate (%)	3.1 20 11.9 20	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.5 20			Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	5.6 20	
DG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5 20	,21 -	•	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	3.0 20	
<u> </u>	16.5 20	110	1	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.2 20	19
	2.33 20		- I	R&D personnel (% of active population)	1.9 20	
	55.0 20			Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population)		
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29.0 20			Households with broadband access (%)	94 20	
nmonia emissions from agriculture (kg/hectare)	42.1 20)18 🛑	1	Gap in internet access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)	0 20	20
ports of pesticides banned in the EU (kg per 1,000 population)	0.0 20)19 •		Individuals aged 55 to 74 years old who have basic or above basic digital skills (%)	47 20	19
OG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.6 20	18
	31.8 20)20	1	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3		
o in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	NA N	IA •		universities (worst 0–100 best)	52.4 20	21
oulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population	71.9 20)19	4	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4 20	18
ged 16 or over)				SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities		
	11.0 20)19 •	Т	Gini Coefficient	32.3 20	10
in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care, income (p.p.)	1.1 20)19 •	1	Palma ratio	1.20 20	
v reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.0 20)19	4		1.20 20	10
adardicad proventable and treatable mortality (per 100 000 penulation				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	0.2.22	10 4
ed less than 75)	98.0 20) I 8 •	T	Urban population without access to green urban areas in their neighbourhood (%)	0.2 20	ı8
de rate (per 100,000 population)	8.8 20)18 •	1	Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median equivalized income (%)	19.6 20	19
standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12 20)16		Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)	48.9 20	19
blient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or		
rality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.8 20		T	foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%)	15.4 20	
ole killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population) iving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	3.5 20 99 20		A	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (μg/m³)	10.2 20	19 (
	99 20 10.5 20		-	SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production		
king prevalence (%)	23 20		, i	Circular material use rate (%)	10.5 20	19 (
91	00.0 20			Gross value added in environmental goods and services sector	2.4 20	18 (
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13.7 20		1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	260.3 20	15 (
ective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.4 20			Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	141.9 20	15 (
viduals that use the internet to make appointments with a	24.20)20 •	•	Production-based emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	7.9 20	
acticioner (%)	24 20)20	1	Imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	55.5 20	15 (
G4 - Quality Education				SDG13 - Climate Action		
icipation in early childhood education (% of children between age of 3	38.4 20	110 🗪	•	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.9 20	19
a starting age of compulsory primary education)				CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.7 20	15 (
3. 1.1	8.2 20		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 20	20
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	76.7 20		+	SDG14 - Life Below Water		
	26.8 20)18 -	1	Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)	70.6 20	19 (
ation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic atus (%)	20.9 20)18 🔸	•	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA N	A (
	50.6 20)20 •	4	Fish caught by bottom trawling or dredging (%)	NA N	A (
	16.3 20		・	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA N	Α (
G5 – Gender Equality			·	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7 20	
djusted gender pay gap (% of gross male earnings)	1.3 20	10	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA N	A (
ider employment gap (p.p.)	7.1 20		A	SDG15 – Life on Land		
ulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population aged				Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		
to 64)	11.8 20)20 •	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		
s held by women in national parliaments (%)	31.7 20)20 •	7	Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre)	NA N	
	18.2 20			Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre)	NA N	
ortion of ICT specialists that are women (%)	19.8 20)20 •	1	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.99 20	21
G6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	7.9 20	18
ulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet	0.1.20	10 -	•	(per million population)		
their household (%)	0.1 20	צוו	T	SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.4.30	10
	97.0 20		1	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)	0.4 20	
nwater abstraction (% of long-term average available water)	2.9 20		1	Population reporting crime in their area (%) Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)	11.2 20 0.5 20	
	56.0 20			Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 20	
3 , 3 , , ,	99.5 20			Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.72 20.	
ulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	96.8 20)20 •	个	Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)	0.83 20.	
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–100 best)	80 20	
ulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	2.4 20)19 •	1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	45.9 20	
re of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	7.0 20)19 •	-	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD		
emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) 10	06.2 20)19 •	1	per 100,000 population)	0.00 20	10
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	17.6 20	21
	0.79 20)20		SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals		
	,332 20		1	Official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.02 20	20
				Shifted profits of multinationals (billion USD)	-56.7 20	
th not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population	77 00					
uth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population ged 15 to 29)	7.7 20)20 •	T	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	74 20	21 (



