OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

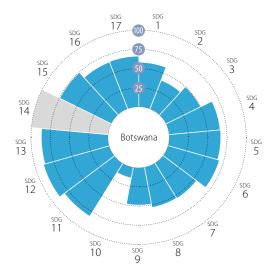
BOTSWANA

116/163

COUNTRY SCORE



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG

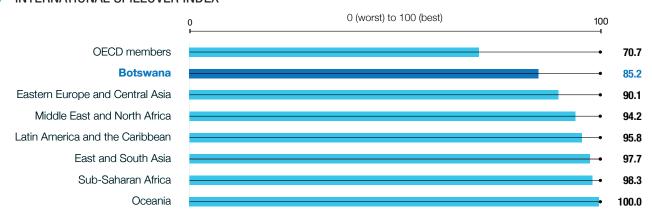


▼ SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

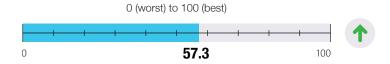


 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

3%

57.3 2019 • 1



SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	16.5 2022 •	\rightarrow	Population using the internet (%)	64.0 202	0)
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	31.7 2022 •	\rightarrow	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	88.4 201	9)
DG2 – Zero Hunger			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.0 201	6 •	
evalence of undernourishment (%)	29.3 2019 •	1	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)			
evalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	28.9 2007 •	\rightarrow	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.5 202	2 •	•
evalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.3 2007 •	\rightarrow	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.3 202	Λ 🛑	
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	18.9 2016 •	1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5 202		
man Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017 •	1		0.5 201	J •	
real yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.4 2018 •	4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
stainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.3 2015 •	+	Gini coefficient	53.3 201		
ports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	1.4 2019 🔸		Palma ratio	3.8 201	8	
OG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
iternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	144 2017 •	7	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NA N	Α •	J
onatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	22.6 201	9	J
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	44.8 2020	7	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	064		
idence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	236.0 2020 •	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	96.4 202		
w HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	4.4 2020	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	62.0 201	9	
e-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
iabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	27.0 2019 •	7	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.3 201	0	J
e-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	101 2016		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.9 201	9 •	J
mbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	101 2016 •		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	23.3 201	8	J
ffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	26.4 2019 •	4	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.3 201	8	J
e expectancy at birth (years)	62.3 2019 •	\rightarrow	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	16.2 201	5	
olescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	51.9 2018 •	\rightarrow	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	4.9 201	5	ļ
ths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8 2017 •	1	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.2 202	0	
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	87 2020 🔸	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
iversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage worst 0–100 best)	54 2019 •	→	CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO $_2$ /capita)	2.8 202	0	
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.5 2019 •		CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9 201	8	
OG4 – Quality Education			CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	106.3 202	0	
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	21.3 2015 •		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
et primary enrollment rate (%)	89.0 2014 •		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA N	A •	ļ
wer secondary completion rate (%)	92.8 2017 •		Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		Α •	
eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	97.5 2013 •		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		Α •	
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		A	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods			Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		A •	
% of females aged 15 to 49)	NA NA •		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.5 201		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.9 2019	1	SDG15 – Life on Land	0.5 201		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	86.2 2020 •	1		F1 1 202	^ 4	
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	10.8 2020 •	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.1 202		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.1 202		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.2 2020	•	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0 202		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	80.0 2020		Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 202	0	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	2.0 2018	7	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.5 201	8	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.0 2018	•				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
	2733.8 2018		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	15.3 201		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	22.2 201	6	
opulation with access to electricity (%)	70.2 2019	7	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	36 201	9	
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	52.8 2019	+	they live (%)			
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.3 2019	•	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.7 202		
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	18.9 2019 •	→	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	87.5 202		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	55 202		
ljusted GDP growth (%)	-4.9 2020 •		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA N	4	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.4 2018 •	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 202	0	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	51.0 2017	T	per 100,000 population)			
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	23.3 202		
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	23.7 2022 •	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 202	U •	
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020 •	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.8 2015	1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11.7 201	9)
(per 100,000 population)		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA N	Α •)
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	30.4 201	9	ì
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	55.3 201	9	
			Statistical Performance Index (worst 0_100 hest)	57.3.201	0	į

^{*} Imputed data point



Statistical Performance Index (worst 0-100 best)