OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

BULGARIA

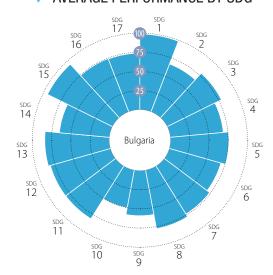
42/163

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 71.6

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



































Major challenges

Decreasing



Significant challenges







• On track or maintaining SDG achievement





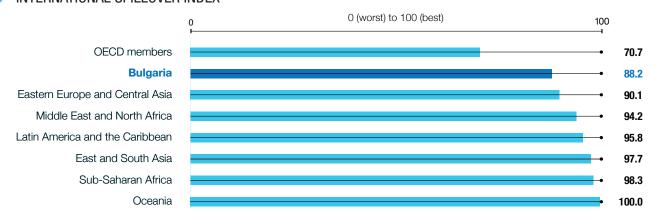


Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

Challenges remain

Moderately improving

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SDG achieved

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

4%



DG1 – No Poverty		Year Rati				Year		ng '
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2022		Population using the internet (%)		202		_
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.5 4	2022	1	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	105.6	201	9	,
DG2 – Zero Hunger			•	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8	201	8 💣	
revalence of undernourishment (%)		2019		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.5	202	2 •)
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014		Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.9	202	0	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	25.0 2	2016	Ψ.	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		3 201		
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2	2017	\rightarrow		0.0	201		_
Gereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.5 2	2018	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	41.2	201	0 4	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5 2	2015	7	Gini coefficient		201		'
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0 2	2019	•	Palma ratio	1.9	201	9	<u>,</u>
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10 2	2017	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NA	N/	Α •)
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.0 2	2020	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	18.5	201	9 •	•
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.1 2	2020	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	00.5	202	0	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	19.0 2	2020	•	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		202		•
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2020	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	202	1 •)
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	1.0 1			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.2 2	2019	• →	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.1	201	8 -)
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and		2016		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	11.7	201	9 🖷)
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	62 2	2016		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	46.3	201	8)
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.2 2	2019	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.3	201	8)
fe expectancy at birth (years)	75.1 2	2019	→	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	23.0	201	5)
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	38.9 2	2018	-	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.8	3 201:	5	,
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2015		Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	1.7	202	0	,
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2020	_	SDG13 – Climate Action				Ī
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2019	, i	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.4	1 202	.0)
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4	2021	1		0.0	201	0 4	
	3.1.2			CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		201		
DG4 – Quality Education	02.2	2010 4		CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	23.9	202	J	•
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	83.2 2			SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	85.4 2		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	99.7	202	0)
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	42.4	202	0 •)
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	97.9 2	2011		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	N/	Α •)
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	62.9	201	8 •)
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	NA	NA •	•	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	5.0	201	8)
(% of females aged 15 to 49)				Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	201	8)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	102.7 2	2019	1	SDG15 – Life on Land				
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	78.8 2	2020	个	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	96.6	202	0	
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	26.7 2	2020 🥊	N A	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		202		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		202		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.0	2020	1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)				
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	86.0 2				0.0	202	U	•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	40.1 2			Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.1	201	8)
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018						
	2269.6			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	2209.0 2	2010		Homicides (per 100,000 population)		202		•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	9.7	201	9)
	100.0 2	2019	个	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	65	202	1 •	,
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	88.7 2	2016		they live (%)	03	LUL		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0 2	2019	1	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.9	202	0 •)
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	12.9 2	2019	N A	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0	202	0)
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	42	202	1 •)
djusted GDP growth (%)	1.2	2020		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	N/	A •	J
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	4.5	2018	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.4	202	0 =	
fults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	72.2	2017	•	per 100,000 population)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	12.2	2017	T.	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		202)
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	4.9	2022	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.7	202	0)
	0.6	2020	•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
indamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2015	•	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.3	201	9 🛑)
, ,		2015	T	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.4 2				NA	N/	Α •	•
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.4 7			public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				,
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.4 2				36.0	201: 201:	9 •	

^{*} Imputed data point

