# GUYANA

# OVERALL PERFORMANCE

**COUNTRY RANKING** 

# **GUYANA**

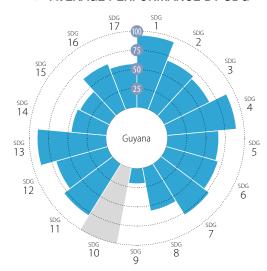
106/163

#### **COUNTRY SCORE**



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 69.5

# AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



### SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

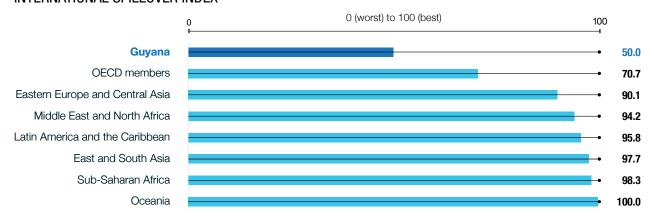


 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$ 

Moderately improving

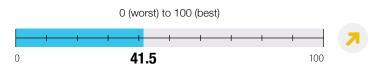
## INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX

Decreasing



• On track or maintaining SDG achievement

### STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



#### MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

Information unavailable

14%



DG1 – No Poverty		Year Ra		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value		Ratin	g Tre
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2022		Population using the internet (%)	37.3		•	•
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.6	2022	1	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	31.7	2019	•	•
DG2 – Zero Hunger				Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.1	2018	•	•
revalence of undernourishment (%)		2019	•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2022		-
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014		Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2020	•	
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA			
ıman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.7	2018	• 1	Gini coefficient	NA	NA		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015	•	Palma ratio	NA	NA		
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0	2019	• •		INA	11/7	_	-
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	22.5	2010		
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	169	2017	• -	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	32.5	2018	•	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17.3	2020	• 1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	21.5	2019	•	
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	28.4	2020	• 1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	86.8	2020	•	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	79.0	2020	• 7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0			
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.4	2020	• 7		72.0	2007	Ť	-
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.2	2019		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.7	2010		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	27.2	2019	7	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		
e-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	108	2016	•	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019		
mbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)		NA		
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2019		SO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA		
e expectancy at birth (years)		2017	• -	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	15.5			
olescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2013	•	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	77.1			
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.8			Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.0	2020	•	
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98	2020	• 1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
iiversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage worst 0–100 best)	74	2019	• 7	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	2.8	2020	•	
ojective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.0	2007	• •	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	NA	NA	•	
OG4 – Quality Education				CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3436.6	2021	•	
ticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	95.2	2012	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
t primary enrollment rate (%)	98.2	2012	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
ver secondary completion rate (%)	79.1	2010	• •	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	75.0			
eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	96.7	2014	• •	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	34.5			
OG5 – Gender Equality				Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2018		
mand for family planning satisfied by modern methods				Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	22.2			
% of females aged 15 to 49)	51.5	2014	• 7	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
	111.3	2019	• 1	SDG15 – Life on Land	3.1	2010	Ť	
io of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	62.3	2020	• 7		2.0	2020		
ats held by women in national parliament (%)	35.7		• 1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2020		
OG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		NA	•	
oulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	05.6	2020	د ه	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2021	•	
oulation using at least basic arritating water services (%)			_ [	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2020	•	
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2018	• -	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	47.2	2018	•	
				4 11 ,				
hropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) rce water consumption embodied in imports (m <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O eq/capita)		2018		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	INA	NA	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	20.0			
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	35.9	2019	•	
oulation with access to electricity (%)		2019	• 1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	47	2007	•	
oulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	76.8	2019	1	they live (%)				
emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)		2019		Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA			
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	NA	NA	• •	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	88.7		•	
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2021	•	
	13.6	2020	• •	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	10.8	2019	•	
usted GDP growth (%)	2.6	2018	• •	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	* 0.0	2020	•	
-		NA	• •	per 100,000 population)  Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	25.6		•	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)  ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	NA			Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020	•	
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2022	الد		5.0		-	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)  ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)  employment rate (% of total labor force)	14.9		• ↓	<u> </u>				
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) employment rate (% of total labor force) ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	14.9	2022 2020	• 4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	7.4	2010	•	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) employment rate (% of total labor force) ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) al work-related accidents embodied in imports	14.9 0.6			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2019 NA	•	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)  ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a hobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)  employment rate (% of total labor force)  indamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)  al work-related accidents embodied in imports	14.9 0.6	2020		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	
justed GDP growth (%) tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) employment rate (% of total labor force) ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) al work-related accidents embodied in imports per 100,000 population)	14.9 0.6	2020		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA		•	

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point

