OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

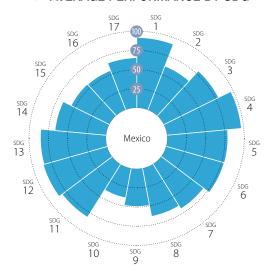
MEXICO

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 77.2

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



Information unavailable

SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

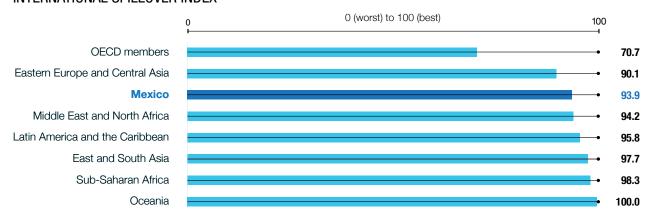


Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

Moderately improving

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX

Decreasing



• On track or maintaining SDG achievement

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

0 (worst) to 100 (best) 0 **87.5** 100

MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

0%



5DG1 – No Poverty		Year R			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year F		,
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2022 2022			Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	72.0 2020		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2022		7	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	76.4 2019		
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	13.5	2010			infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8 2018	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	7.2	2019	•	1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	31.4 2022	•	, ,
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2019	•	7	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)			
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2019	•	1	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2 2020 0.3 2018		
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	28.9	2016	•	4	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	1.2 2020		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	\rightarrow	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.2 2019		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.8	2018	•	1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	59.8 2012		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015	•	1	Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	30.6 2017		
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		NA	•	•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.2	2019	•		Gini coefficient	45.4 2018	•	,
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio	2.0 2018		,
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	1	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	26.6 2018	•	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2020	•	1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2020	•	T	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	15.1 2018		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2020 2020	•	+	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than			
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.2	2020		T	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	19.0 2019	•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	15.6	2019	•	\rightarrow	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.1 2020	•	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	27	2016			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	57.0 2021		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			•		Population with rent overburden (%)	4.1 2018)
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		20.7	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2019	•	→	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	9.7 2019	•	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	•	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.7 2018	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	•		SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.4 2018		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		20202019	•	+	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	12.1 2015		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		₹	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.1 2015		
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016			Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita) Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.0 2021		
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		NA		•		0.9 2012	_	_
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2017			SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	2.8 2020	•	
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	00 1	2019		A	(tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9 2018		
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2019		*	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1315.7 2021		
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2019		1	Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	30.4 2018		
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)			•	本	SDG14 – Life Below Water			_
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	25.3		•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.9 2020		
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	416.0	2018	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	64.5 2020		
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.1	2018	•	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	17.3 2018		
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	46.8	2018	•	→	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	15.3 2018		
DG5 – Gender Equality					Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	15.3 2018		,
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	70.0	2015		•	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018	•	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	79.8	2015	•	-1-	SDG15 – Life on Land			
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2019	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.2 2020		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2020	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.0 2020		,
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		T	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.7 2021		,
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	9.6	2020		T	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3 2020	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.7 2018		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2020		Ţ	(per million population)	0.7 2010		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)			•	1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010	•	•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	28.4 2020	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)		2018		•	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	35.7 2019	•	
ppulation using safely managed water services (%)	1348.1		•	• →	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	46 2021	•	
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2020		7	they live (%) Property Pights (worst 1 - 7 host)			
	57.5	_020			Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	3.9 2020 95.0 2020		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	1000	2010		1	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	31 2021		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2019		T T	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	4.7 2019		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2019	•	T	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD			
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2019		•	per 100,000 population)	0.0 2020		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.0	_017			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	46.7 2021		
	ΕO	วกวก			Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.4 2020		
djusted GDP growth (%) ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2020 2018	•	•	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	155.8 2019	•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a					SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	36.9	2017	•	1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.9 2019	•	
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5	2020	•	→	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA		
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2015	•	1	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			
mployment-to-population ratio (%)	61.0	2021	•	†	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	18.6 2019		
The state of the s				.1.	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0 2019 52.8 2020		
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	22.1	2020						
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population aged 15 to 29)	22.1	2020	•	Ψ	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	16.7 2018		