OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

EL SALVADOR

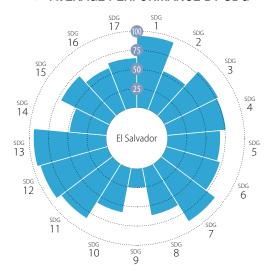
79/163

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 69.5

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS





• On track or maintaining SDG achievement





Information unavailable



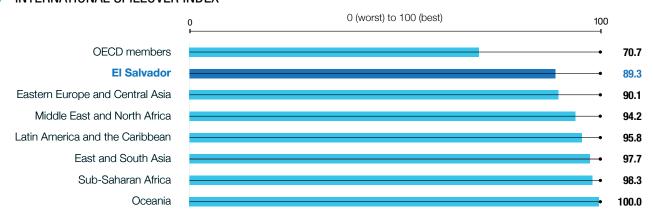


Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

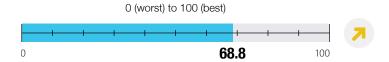
Moderately improving

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX

Decreasing



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

0%

EL SALVADOR

DG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Ratir		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.7 2022		Population using the internet (%)		2020		
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	6.1 2022	<u> </u>	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	60.6	2019	9 •	
DG2 – Zero Hunger			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	3	•
revalence of undernourishment (%)	8.5 2019	•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	13.6 2014		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2022	2 •	(
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.1 2014		Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2020) •	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	24.6 2016	•	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018		
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.4 2018	Τ	Gini coefficient	20.0	2019		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0 2015	→	Palma ratio		2018		
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	81.6 2019		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1./	2010	•	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.0	2014		
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	46 2017 •	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	19.8	2018	3 -	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.2 2020	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	22.9	2019	•	
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	12.9 2020 •	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	95 1	2020) •)
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	55.0 2020	\rightarrow	Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2021		
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1 2020	1		70.0	2021		_
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.7 2019		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.7 2019	Т	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010)
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	42 2016		Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2018		
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	20.9 2019	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2018		
fe expectancy at birth (years)	75.0 2019	7	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2015		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	69.7 2015		Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2015)
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9 2018 •	1	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	1.4	2021	•	1
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	71 2020 •	1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	76 2019	1	CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO $_2$ /capita)	0.9	2020) •	
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4 2021	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	2018	3	,
DG4 – Quality Education			CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2019	•	,
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	80.0 2019	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	84.2 2019	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.6	2020) •	, ,
ower secondary completion rate (%)	77.4 2018	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2020		
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.3 2019	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2018		
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2018		
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods			Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2018		
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	80.0 2014	1	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	90.4 2019	-		0.2	2010	, •	_
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	59.6 2020	Ť	SDG15 – Life on Land				
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	33.3 2020	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2020		
	33.3 2020		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2020		1
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	07.0.2020		Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2021		1
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.9 2020	Т	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2020) •	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	82.5 2020	•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	1.8	2018	3	,
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	13.2 2018		(per million population)				
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.1 2018		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	1645.6 2018		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	37.2	2019	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	29.5	2018	3	1
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0 2019	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	57	2021		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	89.1 2019	1	they live (%)	57	202		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	1.3 2019	-	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.7	2020) •	
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	42.9 2019	1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	89.5	2020) •	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	34	2021	•	
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.0 2020		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	6.9	2019	•	1
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.5 2018	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	• nn	2020) .	,
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	20.4.2017		per 100,000 population)	0.0	2020	,	
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	30.4 2017	Ψ.	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	30.5	2021	•	
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5.8 2022	4	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.6	2020) •	
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.4.2015	•	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.9	2019	9 •	
(per 100,000 population)	0.4 2015	Т	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	N.A		
			public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2019		
			other countries. Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	∠+.1	2015	, –	
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	. ^^	2019) 🦱	

^{*} Imputed data point

