SÃO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE
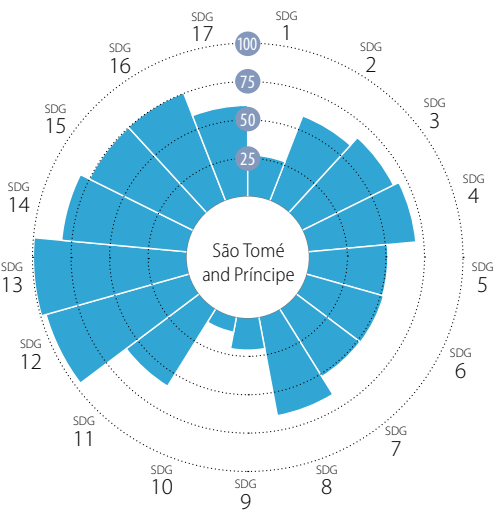
COUNTRY RANKING

SÃO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE

123 /163

COUNTRY SCORE

59.4

REGIONAL AVERAGE: 53.6

▼ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG

▼ SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

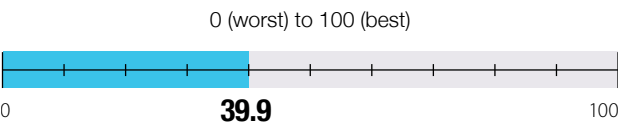|			
1 NO POVERTY →	2 ZERO HUNGER →	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING →	4 QUALITY EDUCATION ●
5 GENDER EQUALITY →	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION →	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY ↗	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH →
9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE →	10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES ●	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES →	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION ↑
13 CLIMATE ACTION ↑	14 LIFE BELOW WATER →	15 LIFE ON LAND ↓	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS →
17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS →			

■ Major challenges   ■ Significant challenges   ■ Challenges remain   ■ SDG achieved   ■ Information unavailable

↓ Decreasing   → Stagnating   ↗ Moderately improving   ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement   ● Information unavailable

Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

▼ INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX

0 (worst) to 100 (best)

0 — 100

OECD members	**70.7**
Eastern Europe and Central Asia	**90.1**
Middle East and North Africa	**94.2**
Latin America and the Caribbean	**95.8**
East and South Asia	**97.7**
Sao Tome and Principe	**97.9**
Sub-Saharan Africa	**98.3**
Oceania	**100.0**

▼ STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

0 (worst) to 100 (best)

0   **39.9**   100   ↓

▼ MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

19%

Sustainable Development Report 2022   From Crisis to Sustainable Development: the SDGs as Roadmap to 2030 and Beyond

SDG1 – No Poverty

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at $1.90/day (%)	33.8	2022	red	→
Poverty headcount ratio at $3.20/day (%)	63.4	2022	red	→

SDG2 – Zero Hunger

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	11.9	2019	orange	↗
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.7	2019	orange	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1	2019	green	↑
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	12.4	2016	yellow	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	green	↑
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.0	2018	yellow	↓
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	red	↓
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	130	2017	orange	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.8	2020	green	↑
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.1	2020	green	↑
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	118.0	2020	red	↗
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.0	2020	orange	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.0	2019	orange	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	162	2016	red	grey
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	27.9	2019	red	↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)	70.4	2019	orange	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	86.0	2017	red	grey
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	92.5	2014	yellow	grey
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95	2019	green	↑
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	60	2019	orange	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG4 – Quality Education

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	52.4	2015	red	grey
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.0	2017	yellow	grey
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	73.5	2017	orange	grey
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	97.8	2018	green	grey

SDG5 – Gender Equality

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49)	57.7	2019	red	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	81.7	2019	orange	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	52.8	2020	orange	→
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	23.6	2020	orange	↗

SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	78.2	2020	red	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	47.6	2020	red	→
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	1.9	2018	green	grey
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2	2018	red	grey
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³ H_2O eq/capita)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population with access to electricity (%)	75.2	2019	red	↗
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	3.2	2019	red	→
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO$_2$/TWh)	1.2	2019	yellow	↑
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-3.3	2020	red	grey
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	15.7	2022	red	↓
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2	2015	green	↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	33.0	2020	red	→
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	34.3	2019	red	↑
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.3	2018	orange	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2022	orange	grey
Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2020	orange	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Gini coefficient	56.3	2017	red	grey
Palma ratio	4.3	2018	red	grey

SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	86.6	2018	red	→
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	29.0	2019	red	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	100.0	2020	green	↑
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.4	2014	green	grey
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	1.5	2019	green	grey
Production-based SO_2 emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA	grey	grey
SO_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	1.6	2015	green	↑
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	4.0	2015	green	↑
Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.0	2018	green	grey

SDG13 – Climate Action

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO$_2$/capita)	0.5	2020	green	↑
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO$_2$/capita)	NA	NA	grey	grey
CO_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2020	green	grey

SDG14 – Life Below Water

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	82.5	2020	yellow	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	57.9	2020	red	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	32.4	2018	yellow	↓
Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	2.0	2018	green	↑
Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	0.0	2017	green	↑
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	green	grey

SDG15 – Life on Land

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.5	2020	yellow	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	72.9	2020	orange	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2021	red	↓
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	green	grey

SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.3	2011	orange	grey
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	32.8	2018	yellow	↓
Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	98.6	2020	green	grey
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	45	2021	orange	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	18.2	2019	orange	grey
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2020	green	grey
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	grey	grey

SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals

Indicator	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.5	2019	yellow	↑
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	grey	grey
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	green	grey
Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	39.9	2019	red	↓

* Imputed data point

5. Country Profiles