OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

MALDIVES

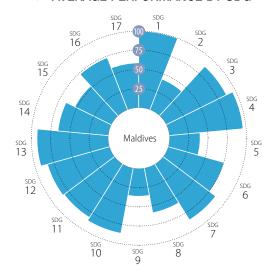
67/163

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 65.9

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

































Major challenges

Decreasing



Significant challenges



Challenges remain

Moderately improving





• On track or maintaining SDG achievement



Information unavailable Information unavailable



INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SDG achieved

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

18%

MALDIVES

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year I			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value			
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2022		1	Population using the internet (%)	62.9			
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.3	2022	•	<u>T</u>	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	50.6	2019	9 •	
5DG2 – Zero Hunger					Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.7	2018	8 -	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		→	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2022	2 •	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		→	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2020	0	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	Α	
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		1	Gini coefficient	31.3	2016	б <u> </u>	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		•	Palma ratio		2018		
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	NA	NA	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		2010		_
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	37.1	2018	R 👝	
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	53	2017	•	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	32.1	2010	5	ï
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.1	2020	•	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	6.8	2019	9	•
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.5	2020	•	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2020	0	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	37.0	2020	•	\rightarrow	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0			
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.0	2020	•	\rightarrow	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				_
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	11.6	2019	•	1	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1 3	2015	5 •	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)					Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019		
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	26	2016	•		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		NA NA		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	1.6	2010			SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA NA		
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2019		T	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2015		
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2019		T	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2015		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2017		•					
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		1	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.5	2019	9	_
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2020	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	69	2019	•	→	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.3	2020	0 •	
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.2	2017	•		CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	NA	4	
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2020	0	
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	93.2	2019	•	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				_
et primary enrollment rate (%)	98.0	2019	•	4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	2020	n a	
ower secondary completion rate (%)	111.2	2019	•	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	58.7			
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.8	2016	•	•	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	43.4			Ĺ
DG5 – Gender Equality					Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2018		
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods					Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2018		
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	29.2	2017	•	\rightarrow	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.0	2019	•	4		0.1	2010	5	
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2020		Ţ	SDG15 – Life on Land				
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		Ţ	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2020		•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.0	2020	_		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		NA		Þ
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.5	2020			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2021	1 •)
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2020		T	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	4)
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2020		T	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.3	2018	8	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2018		•	(per million population)				
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	NA	NA	•		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	2019	9	Þ
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	NA	NA	4	Þ
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2019	•	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	50	2017	7	
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.1	2019	•	1	they live (%)	50	2017		
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.6	2019	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA)
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	NA	NA		•	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2020)
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2021)
djusted GDP growth (%)	-13.1	2020	•	•	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	4)
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	. 00	2020	0 •	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	NIA	NIA			per 100,000 population)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2021		•
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5.2	2022	•	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	4)
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.0	2015		4	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.5	2019	9	•
	0.5	2013	_		For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	4	
(per 100,000 population)									
(per 100,000 population)					public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
(per 100,000 population)					public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) **	17.7	2009	9 •	

^{*} Imputed data point

