BOLIVIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

BOLIVIA

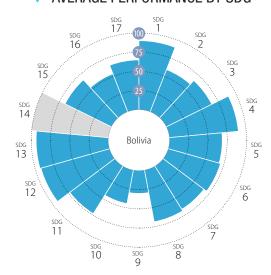
90/163

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 69.5

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



Information unavailable

SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$

Moderately improving

▼ INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX

Decreasing



• On track or maintaining SDG achievement

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

0 (worst) to 100 (best)

0 62.7 100

MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

2%



DG1 – No Poverty		Year Ratin		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year		ng
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		022	1	Population using the internet (%)		202		•
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	8.8 20	022	7	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	83.0	201	9	•
DG2 – Zero Hunger				Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	201	8)
revalence of undernourishment (%)		019	7	,				
evalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.1 20	016	7	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	202	2 •)
evalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		016	1	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.0	202	0	
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		016	4	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		200		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 20	017	→		0.2	200		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.3 20	018	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	41.0	201	n =	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5 20	015	7	Gini coefficient		201		'
(ports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	NA	NA •		Palma ratio	2.1	201	8 •	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	155 20	017	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	49.9	201	8	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13.5 20	020	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	19.7	201	9	J
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	25.4 20	020	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	067	7 202	0 0	
	105.0 20	020	-	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		202		
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1 20		4	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	6/.0	202	1	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0 2.	.020 -	•	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.9 20	019	\rightarrow	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6	201	5	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	64.0	046		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	3.6	201	9	
mbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	64 20	016		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.5	201	8	Į
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	21.1 20	019	+	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.7	201	8	
e expectancy at birth (years)	72.1 20	019	-	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	24.7	201	5	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	71.0 20	015	•	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.2	201	5	Ì
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	71.5 20	018	1	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.1	202	0	Ì
rrviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	68 20	020	į	SDG13 – Climate Action				
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	67 20	019	•	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	3 202	0	
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.6 20	021 •	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	201	8	
DG4 – Quality Education				CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2323.5			
urticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	91.7 20	019	4		2525.5	202	0	
et primary enrollment rate (%)	94.7 20		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water	N.I.A	N.I		
ower secondary completion rate (%)	85.8 20		1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.4 20			Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		A (
	JJ. T Z	.015		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		4	
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA			
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	50.3 20	016	•	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA		4	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	047 30	010		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	201	8	
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	84.7 20		*	SDG15 – Life on Land				
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	73.7 20		T	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.2	202	0	
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	46.2 20	.020	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.7	202	0	Ì
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	202	1	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.4 20	020	1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.6	202	0	Ì
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	65.8 20	020	7	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.2	201	0 4	
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	1.2 20	018		(per million population)	0.2	2 201	8	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.5 20	018		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	720.4 20	018		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.0	201	9	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		201		
opulation with access to electricity (%)	96.3 20	019	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where				
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	85.5 20		4	they live (%)	47	202	1	ļ
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		019	→	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	2.8	3 202	0	
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		019	J.	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		202		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	. 5.0 20			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		202		
	E 4 2	020 🛖	6	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		201		
ljusted GDP growth (%)	-5.4 20		•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million LISD				١
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.1 20	018	•	per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	202	0	
fults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	54.4 20	017	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	35.5	202	1	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	F C 2	022 -	T	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		202		
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5.6 20		•		0.3	202	J •	
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 20	.020	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			Λ	
ıtal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.1 20	015	1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	N/	4	
рег 100,000 роринация)				For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA			
				Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		200		
					* 00	201	n /	,
				Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	" 0.0	201	9	١

^{*} Imputed data point