LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

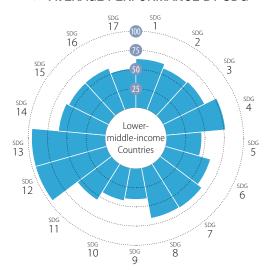
RANKING

LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES





AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG

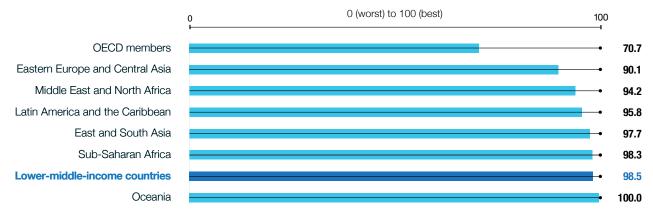


SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

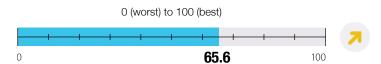


 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$

▼ INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

0%

65.6 2019 •

LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Rati			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year Ra	iting	Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	8.7	2022)	7	Population using the internet (%)	44.5	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	31.5	2022	-	>	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	53.8	2019	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger					Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	2.7	2018	•	1
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	12.3	2019	-	>	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)				
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	30.2	2019	-	>	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	34.3	2022	•	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2019			Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2020	•	_
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018	•	•
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		þ.	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				_
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		r	Gini coefficient	36.3	2019		-
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		>	Palma ratio		2019	•	-
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	4.8 .	2019			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	2.0	2015	Ť	_
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	35.9	2018		
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017)	7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.1		•	7	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	63.1	2019	•	•
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2020	1		Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	61.5	2020	•	•
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	204.4		-	>	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.9	2021	•	
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2020	1		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.2	2019	-	>	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.4	2019	•	(
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)					Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019	•	(
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	162	2016			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2018	•	(
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	170	2019	_	_	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2018	•	-
fe expectancy at birth (years)	70.0				Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2015	•	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2019			Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2015	•	
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2018			Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.2	2021	•	(
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2020		>	SDG13 – Climate Action				Ī
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2019			CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7	2020	•	•
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.3	2021		b	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	2018	•	
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	604.1		•	
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	78.7	2020	,	7	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	92.5	2020	_	>	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.9	2020		į
wer secondary completion rate (%)	77.5	2020			Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	40.1			
reracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	90.4	2020			Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	13.4		•	
DG5 – Gender Equality					Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	35.1			
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods					Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2018	•	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	66.5	2022	-	>	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018	•	
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	74.3	2019	_	>	SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2010	Ť	-
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	46.3	2020		L	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	22.6	2020		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	18.1	2020	-	>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	2020		•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2020		į
pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	88.5	2020	,	7	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2021		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2020	·	7	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.5	2020	Ť	
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2018			(per million population)	0.1	2018	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	358.5	2018			Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3 1	2020		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	56.4			
opulation with access to electricity (%)	88.9	2019		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where			Ť	
pulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2019		7	they live (%)	64	2021	•	•
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2019			Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.9	2020	•	,
lare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2019			Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	73.8		•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				_	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2021	•	
djusted GDP growth (%)	-3.1	2020 =			Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	15.8		•	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2020			Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				
fults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017		•	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	45.8	2020	•	•
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	50	2022	_	_	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020	•	
indamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2022			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.5			_
indamental labor rights are ellectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) tal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.5	2020	- /		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	17	2020		į
(per 100,000 population)	0.1	2015		1	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	-
					Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	15.2	2010	•	
					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		7
					Statistical Performance Index (worst 0=100 hest)	65.6		_	_

^{*} Imputed data point



Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)