OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

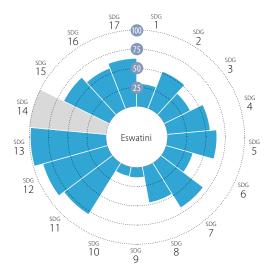
ESWATINI

137/163

COUNTRY SCORE



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

0 (worst) to 100 (best)

0 47.2 100

MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

11%

ESWATINI

SDG1 – No Poverty				Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year		,
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2022			Population using the internet (%)		201		
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	49.4	2022	•	→	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	17.4	201	9 •	-
SDG2 – Zero Hunger					Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	NA	N/	Α •) (
revalence of undernourishment (%)	11.6	2019	•	7	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)				
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	25.5	2014	•	\rightarrow	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	202	2 •	•
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.0	2014	•	1	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.1	202	n •	_
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	16.5	2016	•	1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		201		
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	4.0	2017	•	1		0.5	201.	J •	
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.2	2018	•	\rightarrow	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	546	201		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	\rightarrow	Gini coefficient		201		
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0	2019	•	•	Palma ratio	4.1	201	0 •	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	437	2017	•	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	32./	201	8 •	-
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.3	2020	•	7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	16.7	201	9 🛑	,
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	46.6	2020	•	7	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	03 1	202	Λ _	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	319.0	2020	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)		202		•
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	5.3	2020	•	1		04.0	201	9 -	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.2	2010			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	35.2	2019	•	7	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		201		•
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	137	2016			Electronic waste (kg/capita)		201		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	13/	ZV10	, 💆		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		N/		
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	33.5	2019	•	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	. N	Α •	
fe expectancy at birth (years)	57.7	2019	•	7	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	17.3	201	5) (
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	87.1	2013	•	•	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.6	201	5)
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.3	2014	•		Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.8	3 202	0 •	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	76	2020	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	58	2019	•	7	CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO $_2$ /capita)	0.8	3 202	0 •	,
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.4	2019	•		CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	N/	Α •)
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	197.7	202	0 •)
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	18.9	2011	•		SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	84.8	2019	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	N.	Α •)
ower secondary completion rate (%)	69.8	2019	•	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		Α •	
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	95.5	2018	•		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		Α •	
DG5 – Gender Equality					Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA		Α •	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods					Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA		Α •	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	82.9	2014	•	Т	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		201		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	87.5	2019		1	SDG15 – Life on Land			-	
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.3	2020	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.6	ະວດວ	Λ 👝	
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	9.6	2020	•	→			5 202I		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		N/		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	70.8	2020)	_	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		3 202		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2020		→	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	202	0 -	,
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2018		•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.7	201	8 •	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•					
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)		NA NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	INA	11/			Homicides (per 100,000 population)		201		•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			_	•	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	32.6	200	6 •	1
pulation with access to electricity (%)		2019		T	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	45	201	9 •	,
pulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2019		7	they live (%)	4.0	202		
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2019		→	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		202		,
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	NA	NA			Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		202		,
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		202		,
ljusted GDP growth (%)	-3.1	2020	•		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	7.8	3 201	9 -	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	8.8	2018	•	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	* 0.0	202	0	,
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	28.6	2011	•	•	per 100,000 population)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)					Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		3 202 N		
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2022		1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA	N/	Α •)
ındamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.6	2015		1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.8	3 202	0 •	
(per 100,000 population)	0.0	2013		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	N/	Α •)
					Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	N/	Α •)
					Other countries: dovernment revenue excluding grants (70 or db1)	1 47 0			
					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		201		,

^{*} Imputed data point

