JAMAICA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

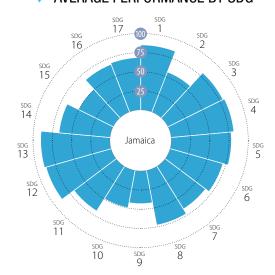
JAMAICA

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 69.5

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS































Major challenges

Decreasing



Significant challenges



Challenges remain

Moderately improving





• On track or maintaining SDG achievement

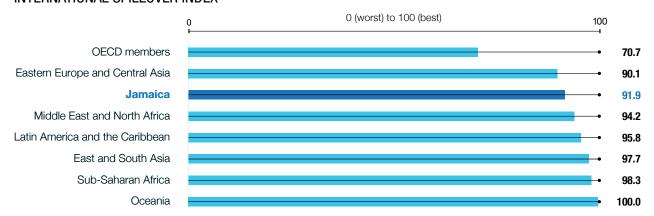






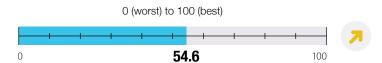
Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SDG achieved

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

1%



DG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year 2018		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.7 2022 • 15.0 2022 •	T	Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		
·	13.0 2022	Ψ	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	55.5	2019	, •	
DG2 – Zero Hunger	77 2010		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.3	2018	3	•
revalence of undernourishment (%)	7.7 2019	T	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	42.5	202		
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.3 2016 • 3.3 2016 •	1	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	42.5	2022	<u>/</u>	
revalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	24.7 2016	AL.	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2020) •	-
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017	•	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2002	2 •	
	1.1 2018	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1 2016	_	Gini coefficient	45.5	2004	1 •	
sports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0 2019	7	Palma ratio	NA	. NA		
	0.0 2019	_	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	00 0047 6		Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	59.6	2018	3	
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	80 2017	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	12.7	201/		
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.3 2020	T	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	12.7	2019	, –	
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.3 2020	T	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	91.1	2020) —	
icidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	2.4 2020	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	2021	•	
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.5 2020	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.9 2019 🔸	→	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2016	5	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and			Electronic waste (kg/capita)	6.2	2019		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25 2016 •	•	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	21.1	2018	3	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.1 2019	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.5	2018	3	
e expectancy at birth (years)	76.0 2019	→	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	6.0	2015	•	
lolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	51.7 2017	•	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.3	2015	•	
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7 2016		Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	2.2	2020) •	
rrviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93 2020 •	1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage worst 0–100 best)	70 2019 •	7	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.5	2020) •	
ojective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.8 2021	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	2018	₹ 🛑	
DG4 – Quality Education			CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2020		
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	85.9 2020	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	88.0 2007		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.6	2020		
wer secondary completion rate (%)	82.7 2020	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2020		
reracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	96.3 2014	•	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2018		
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2018		
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods			Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2018		
% of females aged 15 to 49)	82.9 2009 •	1	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
tio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	109.7 2019	4		0.2	2010	, –	
tio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	80.4 2020	1	SDG15 – Life on Land	21.0	2024		
ats held by women in national parliament (%)	28.6 2020	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.9			
OG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2020		
pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.0 2020	_	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		202		
pulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	86.6 2020	→	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2020) —	
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	12.5 2018	•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6	2018	3	
thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.0 2018	•					
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	2255.6 2018		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	447	2020		
	2233.0 2010		Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2020		
OG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	00.4.2010		Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	27.6	2019	•	
oulation with access to electricity (%)	99.4 2019	T	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	60	202	•	
oulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	83.2 2019	*	they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.4	2020		
2 emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)			Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2020		
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	8.0 2019 •	1	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)				
OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	E 0 2022 -		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		202		
justed GDP growth (%)	-5.9 2020	•	1 1 2	2.9	2015	, 💛	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.6 2018	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2020	•	
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	78.5 2014	•	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	10.0	202	•	
	0 2 2022	•	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
employment rate (% of total labor force)	8.3 2022	T		0.0	2021		
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2020 •	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.4	2024	. ~	
al work-related accidents embodied in imports per 100,000 population)	0.2 2015	1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.4	2020) 🥌	
per 100,000 population)			For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA		•	
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2019		
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019	•	
			Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	54.6			

^{*} Imputed data point

