

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

NORTH MACEDONIA

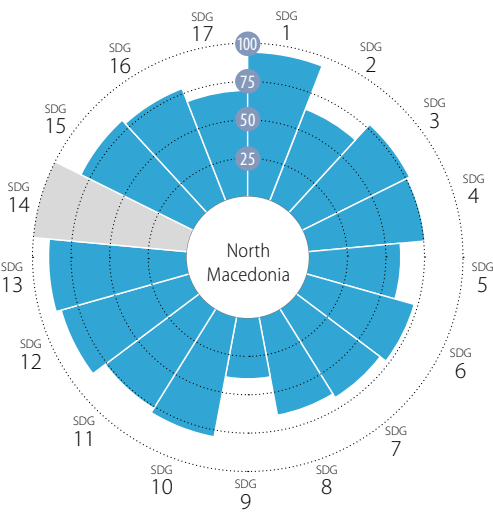
57 /163

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 71.6

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



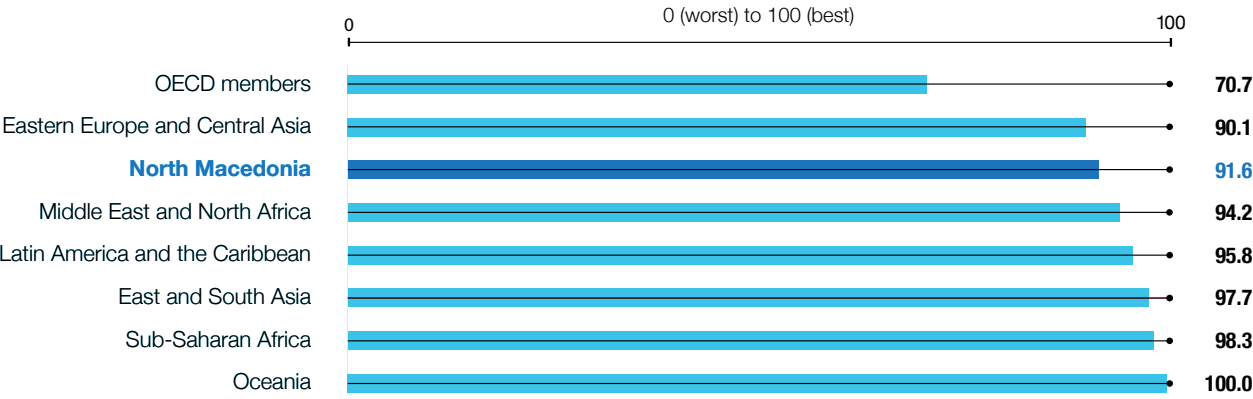
SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



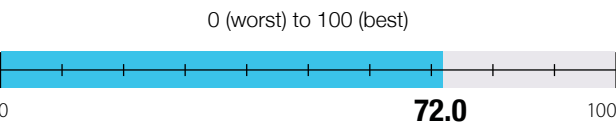
Major challenges Significant challenges Challenges remain SDG achieved Information unavailable
Decreasing Stagnating Moderately improving On track or maintaining SDG achievement Information unavailable

Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals>

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

1%

| SDG1 – No Poverty | | | | SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | | | |
|--|--------|------|--------------|---|-------|------|--------------|
| | Value | Year | Rating Trend | | Value | Year | Rating Trend |
| Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) | 2.0 | 2022 | ● ↑ | Population using the internet (%) | 81.4 | 2020 | ● ↑ |
| Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) | 5.5 | 2022 | ● ↑ | Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) | 64.9 | 2019 | ● ↑ |
| SDG2 – Zero Hunger | | | | SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities | | | |
| Prevalence of undernourishment (%) | 2.7 | 2019 | ● ↑ | Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) | 2.5 | 2018 | ● ↓ |
| Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) | 4.3 | 2019 | ● ↑ | The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) | * | 0.0 | 2022 ● ● |
| Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) | 3.4 | 2019 | ● ↓ | Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population) | 0.5 | 2020 | ● → |
| Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) | 22.4 | 2016 | ● ↓ | Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) | 0.4 | 2018 | ● ↓ |
| Human Tropic Level (best 2–3 worst) | 2.3 | 2017 | ● → | SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities | | | |
| Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) | 3.7 | 2018 | ● ↑ | Proportion of urban population living in slums (%) | 6.4 | 2018 | ● ● |
| Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) | 0.7 | 2015 | ● → | Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³) | 29.2 | 2019 | ● → |
| Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population) | NA | NA | ● ● | Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) | 99.2 | 2020 | ● ↑ |
| SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being | | | | Satisfaction with public transport (%) | 45.0 | 2021 | ● ↓ |
| Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) | 7 | 2017 | ● ↑ | SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production | | | |
| Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) | 3.9 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) | 0.8 | 2018 | ● ● |
| Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) | 5.9 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Electronic waste (kg/capita) | 7.9 | 2019 | ● ● |
| Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) | 12.0 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) | 27.1 | 2018 | ● ● |
| New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) | 1.0 | 2020 | ● → | SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) | 1.8 | 2018 | ● ● |
| Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) | 22.7 | 2019 | ● → | Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita) | 8.1 | 2015 | ● ↑ |
| Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) | 82 | 2016 | ● ● | Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) | 3.2 | 2015 | ● ↑ |
| Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) | 5.2 | 2019 | ● ↑ | Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita) | 2.7 | 2020 | ● ● |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) | 74.8 | 2019 | ● → | SDG13 – Climate Action | | | |
| Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19) | 15.1 | 2018 | ● ↑ | CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita) | 3.4 | 2020 | ● → |
| Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) | 99.9 | 2018 | ● ↑ | CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) | 0.5 | 2018 | ● ↓ |
| Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) | 63 | 2020 | ● ↓ | CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) | 1.0 | 2020 | ● ● |
| Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) | 68 | 2019 | ● → | SDG14 – Life Below Water | | | |
| Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) | 5.5 | 2021 | ● ↑ | Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| SDG4 – Quality Education | | | | Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) | 48.7 | 2018 | ● ● | Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| Net primary enrollment rate (%) | 99.3 | 2018 | ● ● | Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| Lower secondary completion rate (%) | 86.2 | 2018 | ● ↓ | Fish caught that are then discarded (%) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) | 99.1 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) | 0.0 | 2018 | ● ● |
| SDG5 – Gender Equality | | | | SDG15 – Life on Land | | | |
| Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49) | 29.6 | 2019 | ● ● | Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) | 24.4 | 2020 | ● → |
| Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) | 92.2 | 2019 | ● → | Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) | 93.6 | 2020 | ● ↑ |
| Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) | 66.3 | 2020 | ● → | Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) | 1.0 | 2021 | ● ↑ |
| Seats held by women in national parliament (%) | 39.2 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) | 0.0 | 2020 | ● ↑ |
| SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation | | | | Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) | 0.7 | 2018 | ● ● |
| Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) | 97.7 | 2020 | ● ↑ | SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | | | |
| Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) | 98.3 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Homicides (per 100,000 population) | 1.2 | 2019 | ● ↑ |
| Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) | 25.3 | 2018 | ● ● | Unsented detainees (% of prison population) | 8.4 | 2018 | ● ↑ |
| Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) | 0.9 | 2018 | ● ● | Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) | 75 | 2021 | ● ↑ |
| Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³ H ₂ O eq/capita) | 2349.8 | 2018 | ● ● | Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) | 3.9 | 2020 | ● ↑ |
| SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy | | | | Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) | 99.8 | 2020 | ● ● |
| Population with access to electricity (%) | 100.0 | 2019 | ● ↑ | Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) | 39 | 2021 | ● ↓ |
| Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) | 76.0 | 2019 | ● ↑ | Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) | 2.9 | 2019 | ● ● |
| CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) | 1.4 | 2019 | ● → | Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) | * | 0.0 | 2020 ● ● |
| Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) | 11.4 | 2019 | ● ↓ | Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) | 31.7 | 2021 | ● ↑ |
| SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth | | | | Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best) | 0.6 | 2020 | ● → |
| Adjusted GDP growth (%) | -1.3 | 2020 | ● ● | SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals | | | |
| Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) | 8.7 | 2018 | ● ● | Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) | 7.6 | 2019 | ● → |
| Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) | 76.6 | 2017 | ● ↑ | For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) | NA | NA | ● ● |
| Unemployment rate (% of total labor force) | 16.1 | 2022 | ● ↑ | Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) | 28.3 | 2019 | ● ↑ |
| Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) | 0.6 | 2020 | ● ↑ | Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) | * | 0.0 | 2019 ● ● |
| Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) | 0.2 | 2015 | ● ↑ | Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best) | 72.0 | 2019 | ● ↑ |

* Imputed data point