OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

COUNTRY SCORE



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 71.6

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG

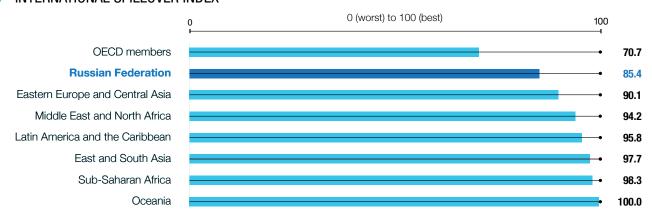


SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



 $\textit{Note:} \ The full \ title \ of each \ SDG \ is \ available \ here: \ https://sustainable development.un. org/topics/sustainable development goals$

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX



RUSSIAN FEDERATION

SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1,00/day (%)		Year F				Value '85.0 2		_	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2022		1	Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	97.4 2			T
·	0.1	2022		-1-	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2019		1	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8 2	2018	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA			•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	52.0 2	ากวา		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		NA		•	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	52.0 2	2022	•	_
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		1	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.8 2	2020	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		→	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0 2	2018	•	<u></u>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	•	→	Gini coefficient	37.5 2	2018	•	\rightarrow
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.2	2019	•	•	Palma ratio	1.2 2	2017	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17	2017	•	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NA	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2020		†	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	15.6 2	2019	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2020		1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	06.0.3	2020		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	46.0	2020	•	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	96.9 2		•	T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.0	2020	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.0 2	2021	•	<u>T</u>
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	24.2	2010		_	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				-
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.2	2019	•	^	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.1 2		•	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	49	2016	•	•	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	11.3 2		•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)					Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	13.2 2			•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2019	_	T	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	1.4 2			
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2019	•	7	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	11.6 2 5.6 2			T
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2016		•	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.1 2			7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2014		•		0.1 2	.020		
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage					SDG13 – Climate Action				
(worst 0–100 best)		2019		1	CO_2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO $_2$ /capita)	10.8 2	2020	•	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4	2021	•	Ψ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4 2			1
SDG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	9224.4 2	2020	•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2019		T	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2019		T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.6 2	2020	•	\rightarrow
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	104.0	2019		T	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	68.1 2			\rightarrow
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.7	2010	•	_	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	35.6 2			+
SDG5 – Gender Equality					Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	4.5 2			1
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49)	72.4	2011	•	7	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	24.4 2			•
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	98.3	2019		•	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2020		4	SDG15 – Life on Land				
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		<u>.</u>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)				→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	.5.0	LULU	_		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)				\rightarrow
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.0	2020	•	7	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0 2			T
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2020		7	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2	2020	•	Т
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2018			Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.9 2	2018	•	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•					
	1384.0				SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.3 2	ากาก		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	9.7 2			T
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2019	•	A	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	9.7 2	2019		-1
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2019	•	†	they live (%)	65 2	2021	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2019		→	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.6 2	2020	•	→
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2019			Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2	2020	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	29 2	2021	•	→
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	1.6	2020	•		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	3.8 2	วกวก		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	75.8	2017	•	↑	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	48.7 2		•	-
mobile money service provider (70 or population aged 13 or over)	47	2022	•	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2			4
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	4./			.1.	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.0 2			_
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force) Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.6	2020		w					
				•	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.1 2	2019	•	1
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2020		*	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2019 NA	•	↑
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports				↑	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	•	↑ • ↑
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports				↑	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA 2019	•	^ •