

OBD Stuff and Things

Project Concept Document

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1 Introduction

Every car in the United States since 1996 is required, by law, to contain on-board diagnostics. This standard, codified in SAE J1939 as on-board diagnostics II (OBD-II), is used for everything from reading fuel levels, to checking engine warnings for diagnostic purposes. The OBD-II specification specifically requires cars to make available a port in every car that can be used to read messages. A device is then plugged into this port to read messages over various protocols implemented by the car manufacturer. Currently, technicians must manually plug in a device into this port in order to read OBD-II messages. Our project aims to add wireless functionality for OBD-II via Bluetooth to be interfaced with Android compatible devices. Furthermore this project aims to make communication cryptographically secure.

2 Project Requirements

This project has quite a few objectives because there are quite a few parts to it. In Appendix I is a diagram to show the purposed information exchange for this project.

2.1 OBD-II Interface Board (OIB)

- The biggest requirement for this project is the development of a circuit which will have the functionality to interface directly to a car's OBD-II port.
- This board will need to be able to act as a transceiver with the OBD-II port.
- The board will also be responsible for encoding and decoding messages for each of the protocols allowed in the OBD-II standard which are:
 1. SAE J1850 (PWM/VPW)
 2. ISO 15765-2 / SAE J2284 (CAN)
 3. SAE J2411 (Single Wire CAN)

4. ISO 9141-2/14230-4 (Keyword Protocol)

5. Ford DCL (Mostly Depreciated)

- This board will be required to communicate with the Bluetooth interface board (BIB) in via some still-undecided standard protocol.
- This board will be powered from the OBD-II port. Which will mean adding voltage regulators, most likely linear voltage regulators.

2.2 Bluetooth Interface Board (BIB)

- This board must be able to communicate with the OBD-II interface board via some still-undecided standard protocol.
- This board will also be responsible for implementing the encryption scheme via some still-undecided scheme. (See crypto section)
- This board will be responsible for communicating via Bluetooth to Android enabled devices.

2.3 Bluetooth Functionality Android-side

Java!

2.4 Cryptographically Securing Messages

The board/device that implements crypto functionality will be responsible for:

- Storing a private key.
- Generating a public key upon request.
- Validating devices to use with the OIB.
- Encrypting messages using some still-undecided protocol.
- Communicating these encrypted messages to other parts of the system.
- Decrypting messages received from the BIB.

3 Appendix I

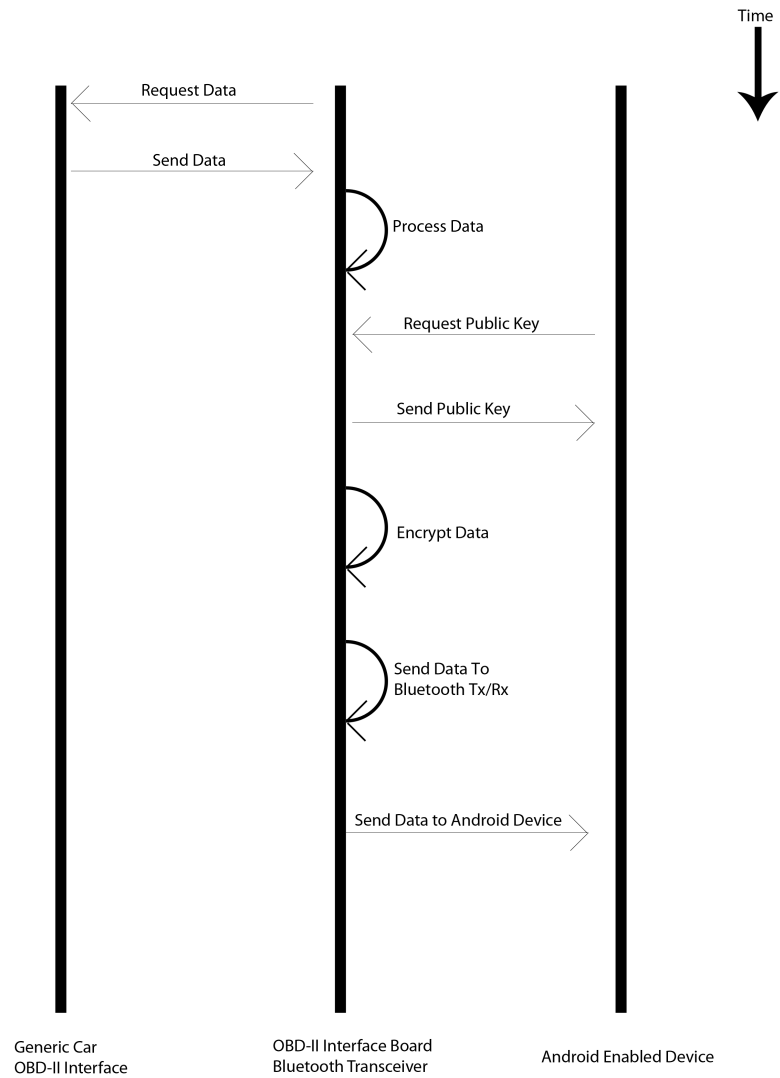


Figure 1: Information Flow Diagram