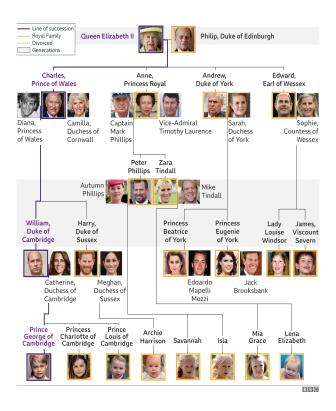
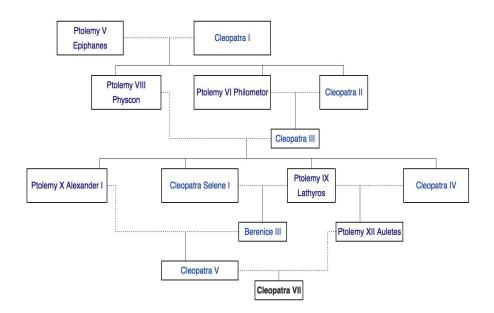
Let  $M_A$  be the mother of A,  $F_A$  be the father of A,  $n(\cdot)$  be the number of meioses in a path,  $\psi(\cdot,\cdot)$  be the kinship coefficient, and  $f_A = \psi(M_A, F_A)$  be the inbreeding coefficient for A. Throughout the following exercises, we use the path-counting formula.

$$\sum_{A \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{\mathcal{P}(A)} (1 + f_A) (1/2)^{n(\mathcal{P}(A)) + 1}$$

## 1 British Royal Family



- 1. Compute the kinship between Lady Louise Windsor and Prince George of Cambridge.
  - (a)  $2(1+0)(1/2)^{5+1} = 0.03125$ . This is consistent with first cousins once removed.
- 2. Compute the kinship of Archie Harrison and Edward, Earl of Wessex.
  - (a)  $2(1+0)(1/2)^{4+1} = .0625$ . This is consistent with a granduncle-grandnephew.
- 3. Compute the kinship of Lena Elizabeth and Charles, Prince of Wales.
  - (a)  $2(1+0)(1/2)^{4+1} = .0625$ . This is consistent with a granduncle-grandniece.



## 2 Cleopatra of Egypt

- 1. Compute the inbreeding coefficient of Cleopatra III.
  - (a) The kinship between Ptolemy VI Philometer and Cleopatra II is  $2(1+0)(1/2)^{2+1} = 0.25$ . This is consistent with siblings. Therefore, the inbreeding coefficient for Cleopatra III is 0.25.
- 2. Compute the inbreeding coefficient of Cleopatra IV.
  - (a) The kinship between Ptolemy VIII Physicon and Cleopatra III is

$$2(2)(1+0)(1/2)^{3+1} = 0.25.$$

This is an uncle-niece pair twice over. Therefore, the inbreeding coefficient for Cleopatra IV is 0.25.

- 3. Compute the inbreeding coefficient of Berenice III.
  - (a) The kinship between Cleopatra Selene I and Ptolemy IX Lathyros is

$$1(1)(1+0)(1/2)^{2+1} + 1(1)(1+0.25)(1/2)^{2+1} + 2(4)(1+0)(1/2)^{5+1} = 0.40625.$$

The first term is for the path through the non-inbred Ptolemy VIII Physicon, the second term is for the path through the inbred Cleopatra III, and the third term is for paths through the non-inbred founders. Therefore, the inbreeding coefficient for Bernice III is 0.40625.