

Tree traversal

An application maintains a structured tree of objects (nodes) which have a parent child relationship.

Each node in this structure has

- * a unique id (GUID) as well as a reference to its parent ID.
- * a “children” property which is a collection of sub nodes, all of which have the same object signature as their parent

Create a class which has static methods that will

- 1) as optimally as possible flatten the entire tree structure into a single one-dimensional collection
- 2) given a unique id for a node, return its parent object
- 3) given a unique id for a node(a) and an instance of a new node(b), insert b into the “children” collection of node a user defined index

DOM styling

An API call within the application, returns a list of string values which denote a set of “tags” assigned to a parent “message” record. These tag values are a combination of user defined and system assigned values. The latter of these two types always contain a pre-fix which denote the type of tag.

These prefixes are

SYS:
PAR:
ACT:

User defined tags have no such prefix

In the UI, these tags are afforded unique styling properties depending on the prefix assigned.

Create a class/function which will receive this string value and return a DOM element that

- 1) has a unique css class assigned to it depending on the prefix
- 2) has text content which is equal to the value of the string the API returned, with the prefix removed - eg. “SYS:Foo” would have the text value “foo”

CSS layout

The design for an applications UI requires that the layout of an element changes for smaller devices.

The element in question is a tabular data list of messages (think email and chat messages) that have the following column

- * Date received
- * Subject
- * From
- * Attachments
- * Type

For devices with large enough screens (960px +) the layout is shown with one item per row -

eg:

Date	Subject	From	Attachments	Type
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On smaller screens however - the layout changes to a more column based layout -

eg:

From	Type
Subject	
Data	Attachments

Using what ever DOM structure, and CSS typing technique you like, create an example of an element which with switch layout types at the defined break-point.