

Modeling Crime in Colorado

Flatiron School

Capstone Project

Authors: Elena Kazakova

Cohort: DS02222021

Instructor: James Irving



Project Goals

- Modeling crime rates-foundation for shaping:
 - resources allocation for law enforcement
 - public policy
 - preventive measures
- General and categorical crime rates:
 - provide transparency
 - create easier access
 - expand awareness
- Web application:
 - data available through visualizations and statistics

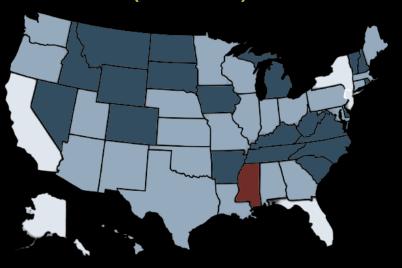


Data

- 44 tables available for download
- API available (but no current data)
- Data:
 - Offense information
 - ✓ Date/Time
 - ✓ Category
 - ✓ Weapon
 - ✓ Bias
 - Reporting agencies information
 - ✓ Geographic data
 - Victim demographic data
 - Offender demographic data



FBI Crime Data Explorer (2009-2019)



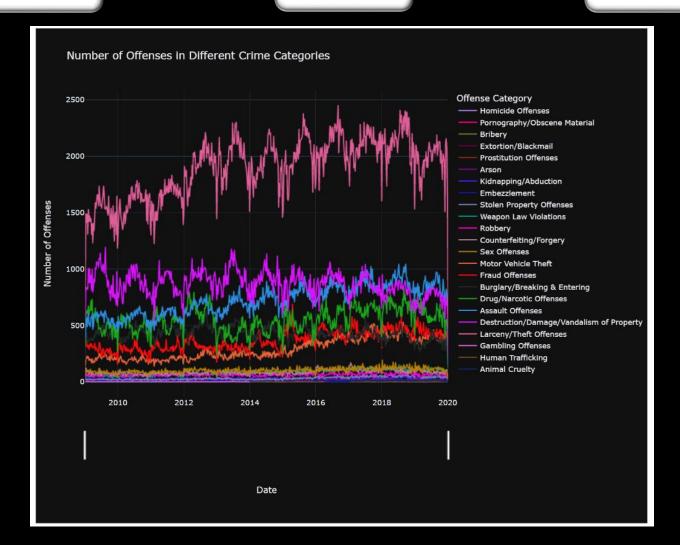


Categories of Offenses

Offenses 3201143

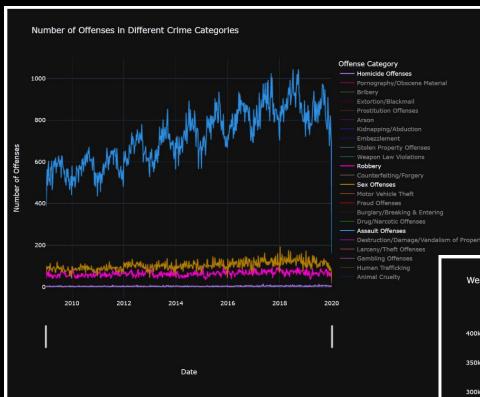
Victims 3229640

Offenders 3197991

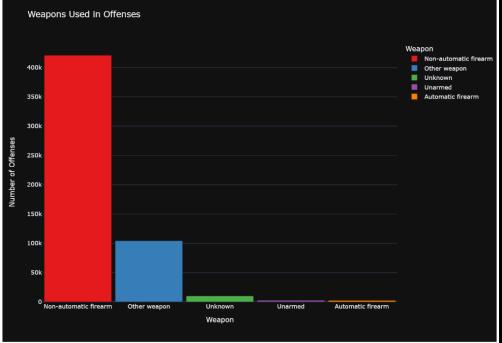




Violent Crimes

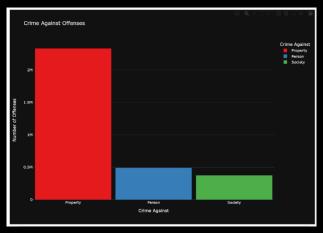


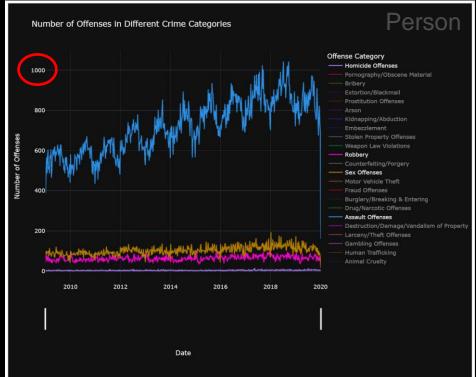


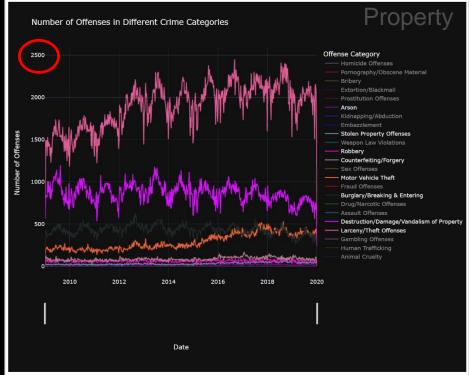




Crime Against Categories

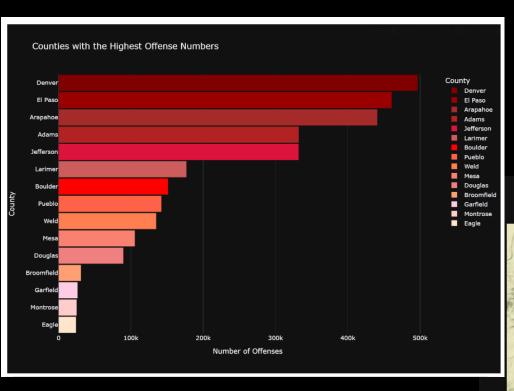




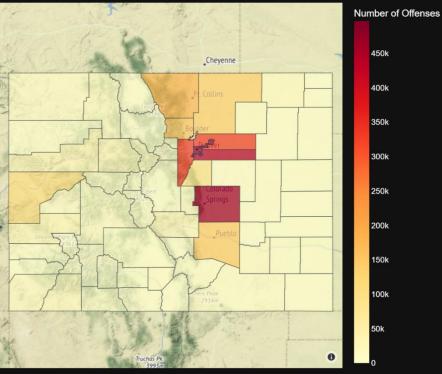




Geography of Crimes



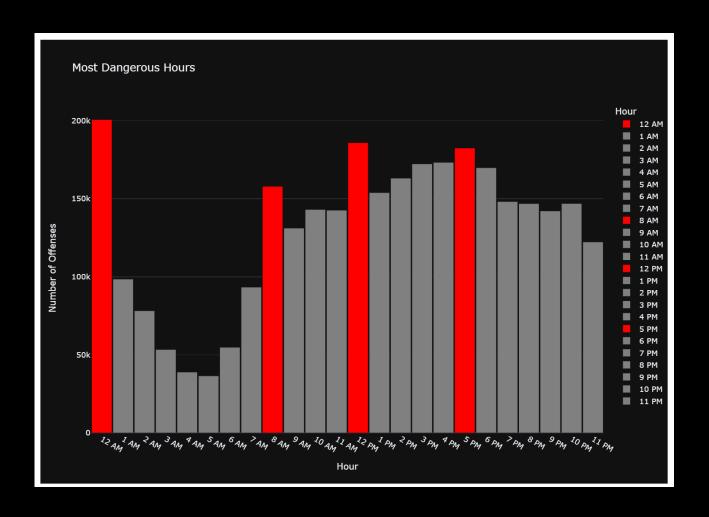






Crime Timing

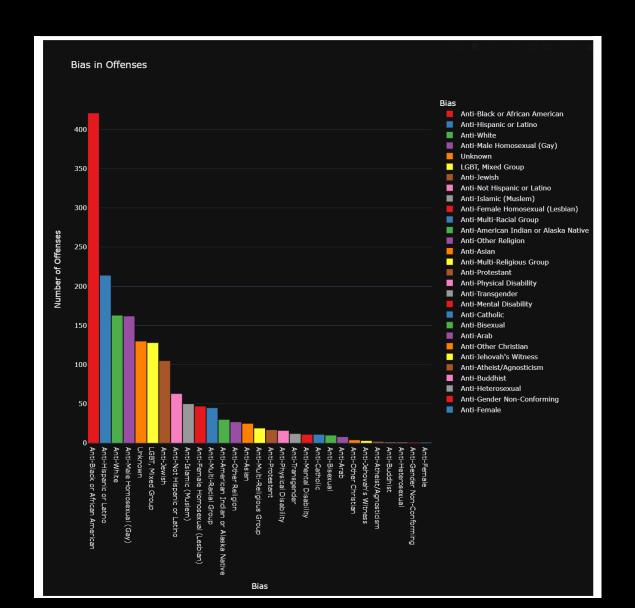
- Midnight
- ✓ 8 AM
- ✓ 12 PM
- ✓ 5 PM





Bias Motivation

Offenses with Bias Recorded 1727

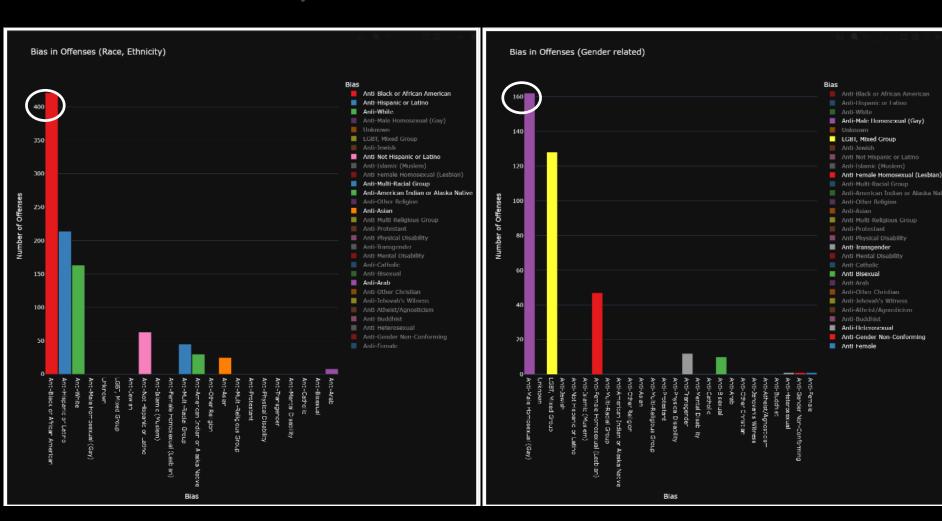




Bias Categories

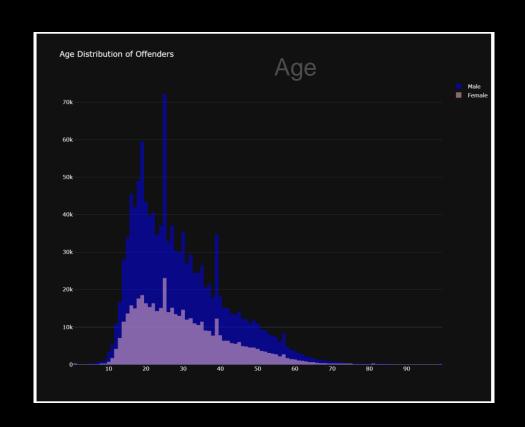
Race/Ethnicity

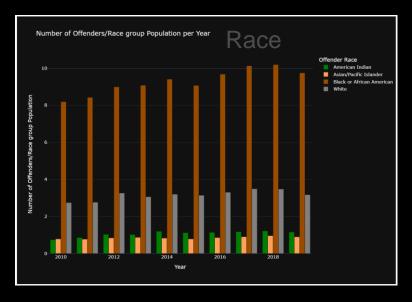
Sexual Orientation

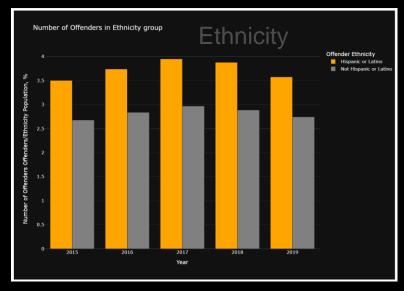




Demographics of Offenders

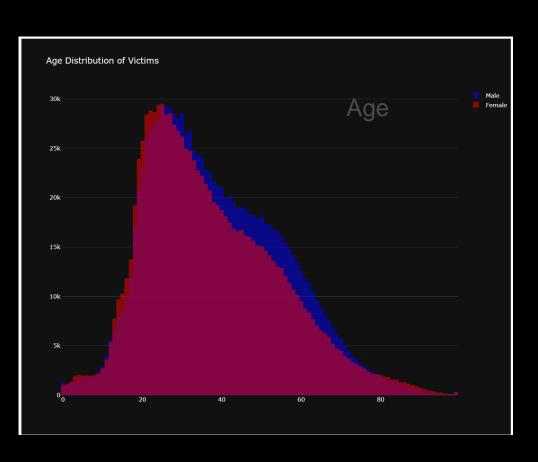


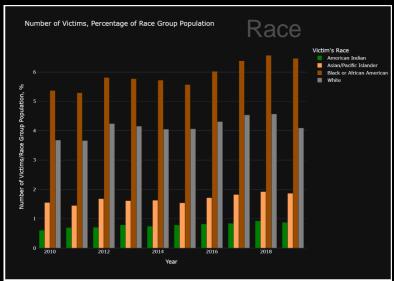


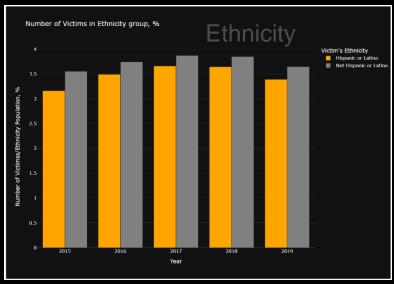




Demographics of Victims



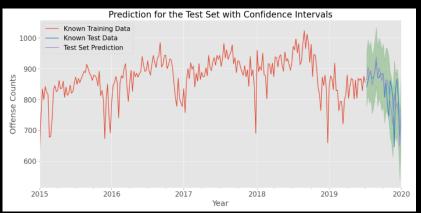




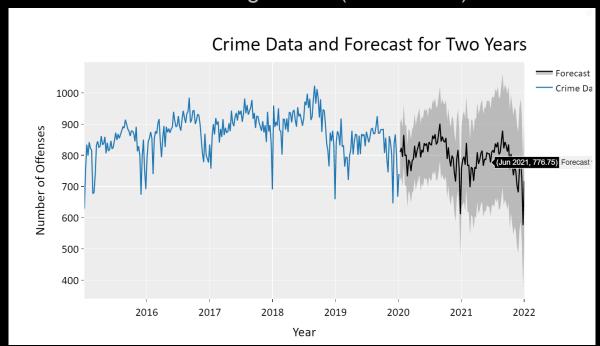


Modeling General Crime

Real Data (2015-2019)



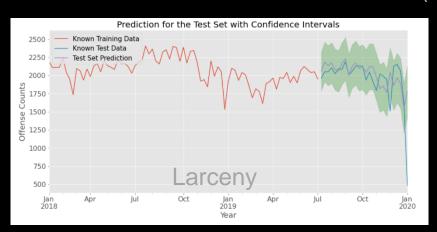
Forecasting Model (2021-2022)

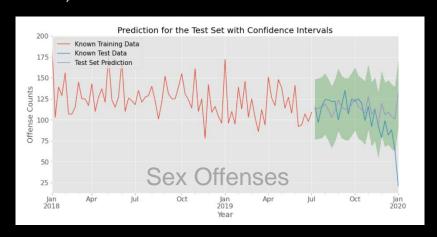




Modeling Crime Categories

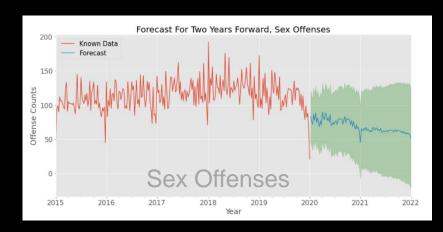
Real Data (2015-2019)





Forecasting Model (2021-2022)







Conclusions (crime details)

- 1. The most prevalent crime categories in Colorado are crimes against property:
 - Larceny/Theft, Damage/Vandalism of Property, Burglary/Breaking & Entering
- 2. Firearms are used in violent crimes four times more frequently than all other weapons
- 3. Counties with most offences are:
 - Denver, El Paso and Arapahoe
- 4. Hate crime statistics shows that race and sex orientation motivated offences are the most prevalent.
 - Race motivated offenses committed against Black victims twice as frequently as against any other race
 - Most frequent sexual orientation motivated offenses are committed against gay men



Conclusions (demographics)

- 1. Demographics of victims show:
 - Males and females are equally probable to be victims of a crime
 - Distribution of victims' age is skewed toward younger range with the peak at 22 years old
 - A victim of a crime is more probable to be Black than of any other race
 - > A victim of a crime is more probable to be of Non-Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
- 2. Demographics of offenders show:
 - Males more than twice are probable to be an offender in a crime
 - Distribution of offenders' age is skewed toward younger range with several peaks at late teen years, 23-25 years and late 30s
 - An offender in a crime is more probable to be Black than of any other race
 - An offender in a crime is more probable to be of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity



Conclusions (general)

- I. The project demonstrated that the actual crime data could be analyzed and modeled with significant accuracy
- 2. Generated models forecast general crime rates and categories crime rates
- 3. The Exploratory Data Analysis identified:
 - Geographic areas with higher crime rates can help plan for law enforcement resources and preventive programs
 - Crimes' targets and weapons used
 - Offenders' and victims' demographics
- The dataset, results of EDA, and the models are the base for a web-based dashboard built with the dash python package



Recommendations:

- Obtain current data; it isn't easy to forecast future trends with data almost two years old
- Suppose dynamic data becomes available, build an API.
 This approach would be the most helpful to the general public
- Add exogenous predictors to the time-series to improve modeling performance. The most helpful predictors:
 - > Socio-economic features of the geographic areas
 - Additional offenders' and victims' demographics
 - ✓ Income
 - √ Education
 - Information about local crime prevention measures and policies
- 4. Add geographic locations of committed offenses



Thank You!

Email:

e.v.kazakova@gmail.com

GitHub:

@sealaurel

LinkedIn:

https://www.linkedin.com/in/elena-v-kazakova/