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# **Modeling Crime in Colorado**

Flatiron School

**Capstone Project**

**Authors:** Elena Kazakova

**Cohort:** DS02222021

**Instructor:** James Irving



# Project Goals

- Modeling crime rates-foundation for shaping:
  - **resources allocation for law enforcement**
  - **public policy**
  - **preventive measures**
- General and categorical crime rates:
  - **provide transparency**
  - **create easier access**
  - **expand awareness**
- Web application:
  - **data available through visualizations and statistics**

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# Data

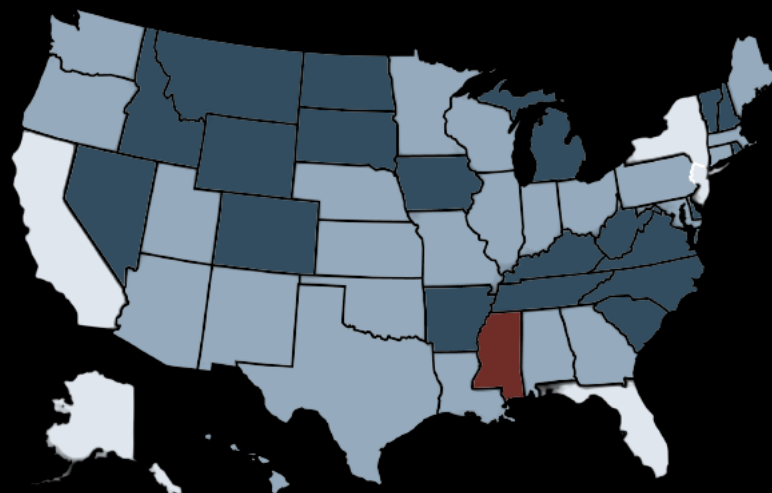
- 44 tables available for download
- API available (but no current data)

- Data:

- Offense information
  - ✓ **Date/Time**
  - ✓ **Category**
  - ✓ **Weapon**
  - ✓ **Bias**
- Reporting agencies information
  - ✓ **Geographic data**
- Victim demographic data
- Offender demographic data



**FBI**  
**Crime Data Explorer**  
**(2009-2019)**

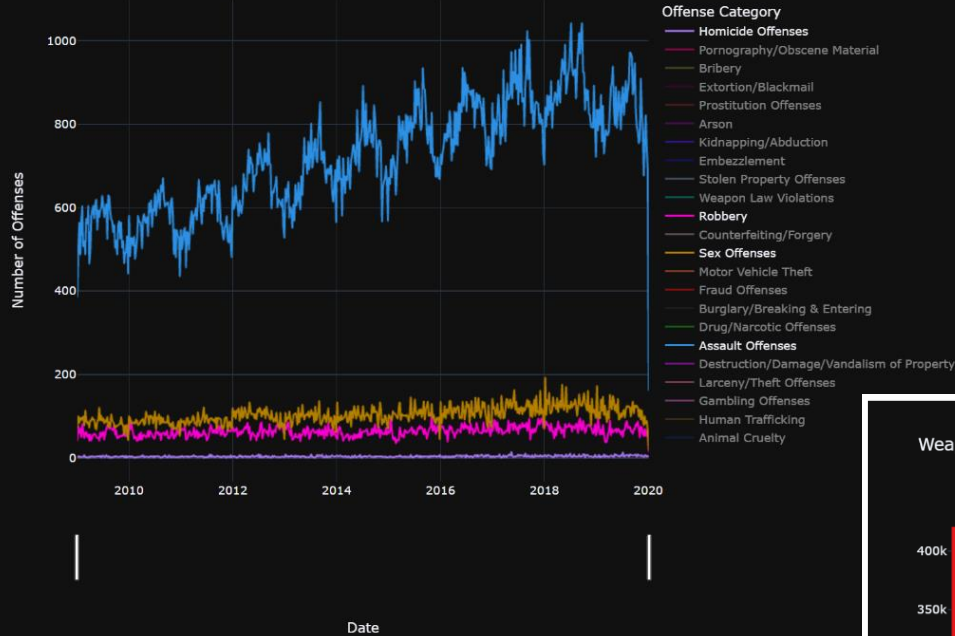


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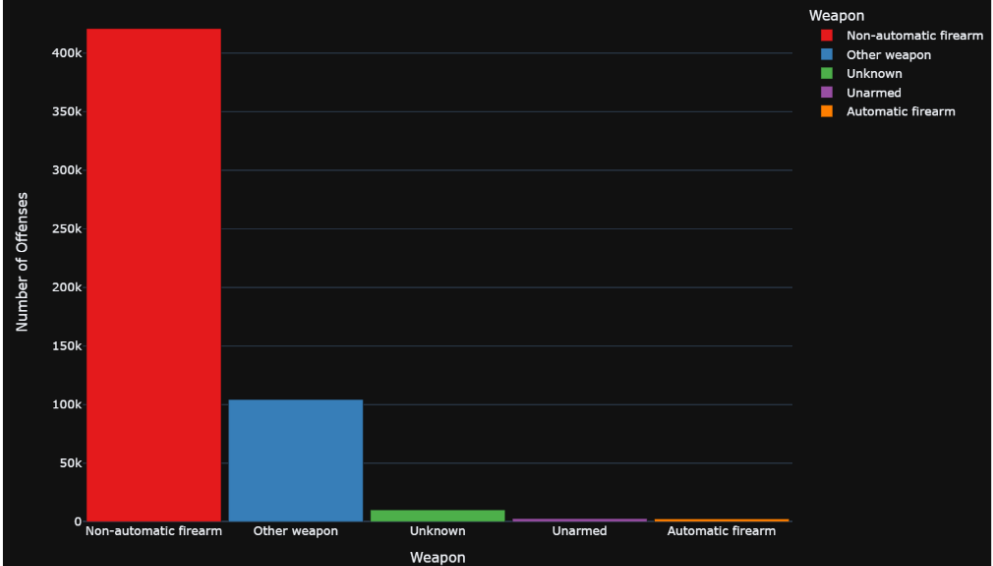
# Violent Crimes



Number of Offenses in Different Crime Categories

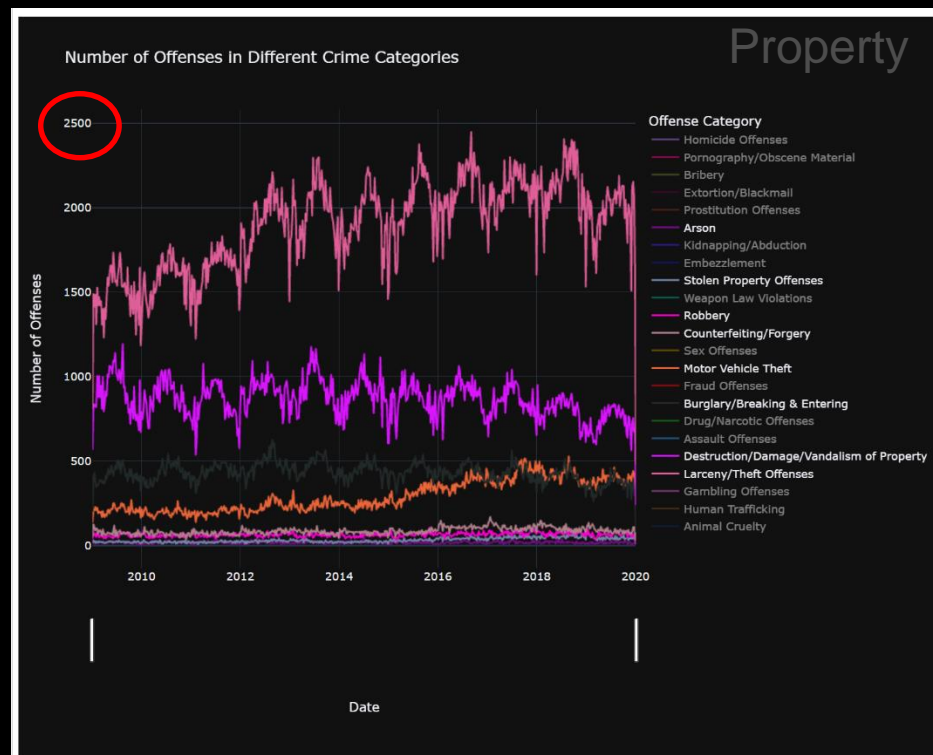
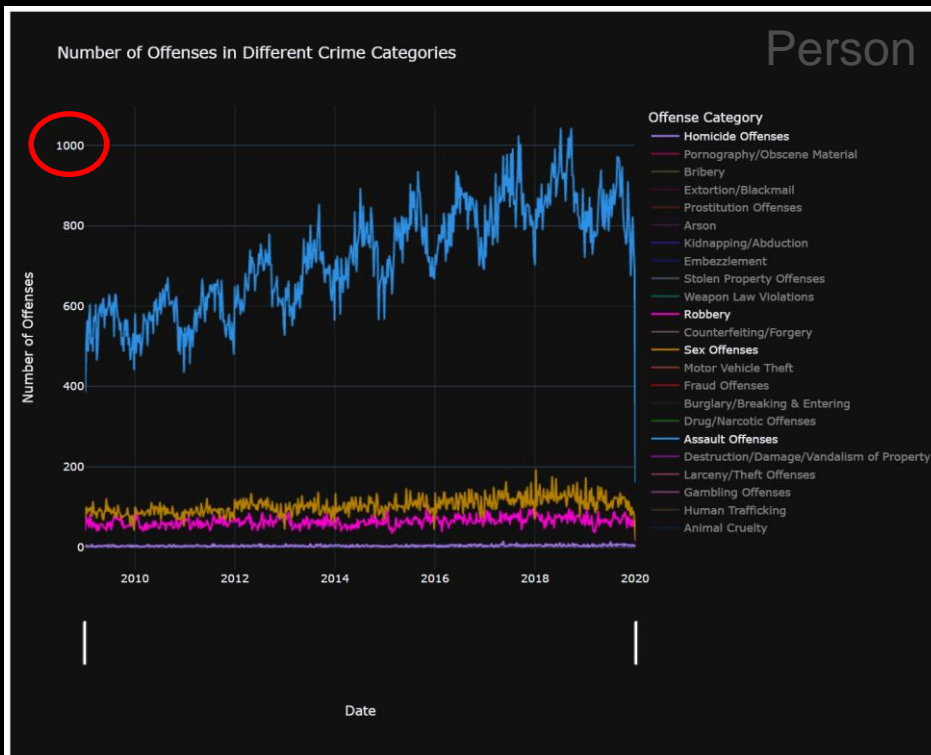
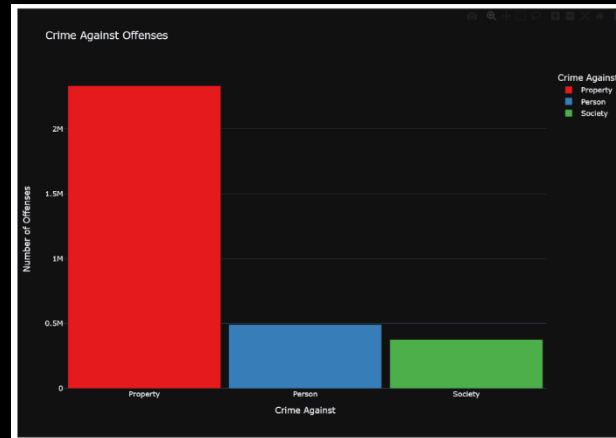


Weapons Used In Offenses



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# Crime Against Categories



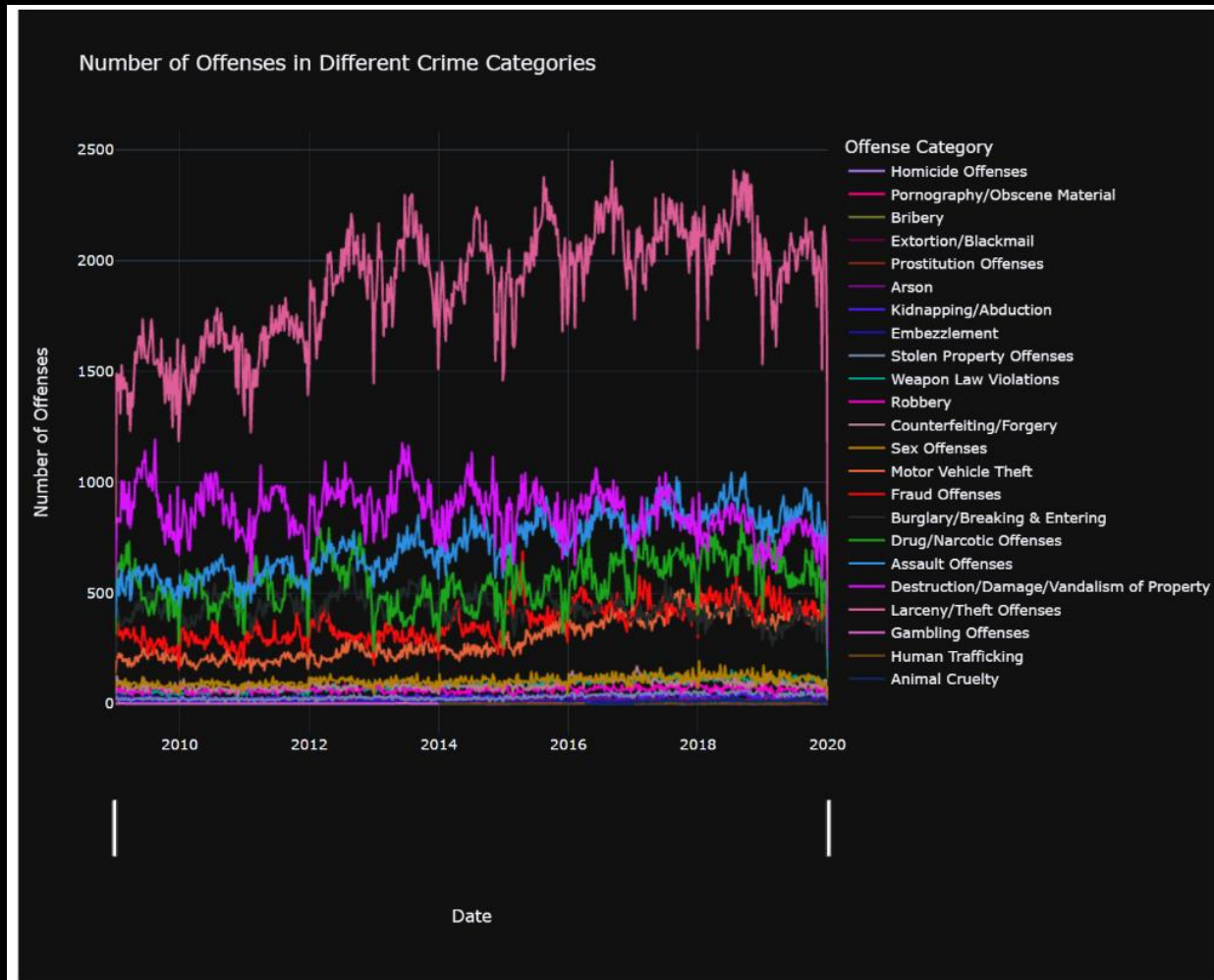
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# Categories of Offenses

Offenses  
3201143

Victims  
3229640

Offenders  
3197991

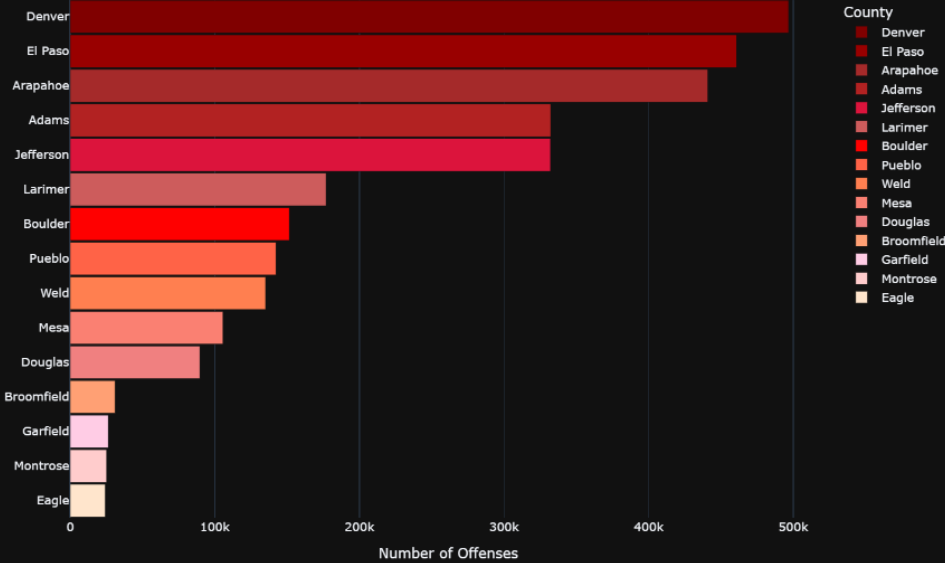




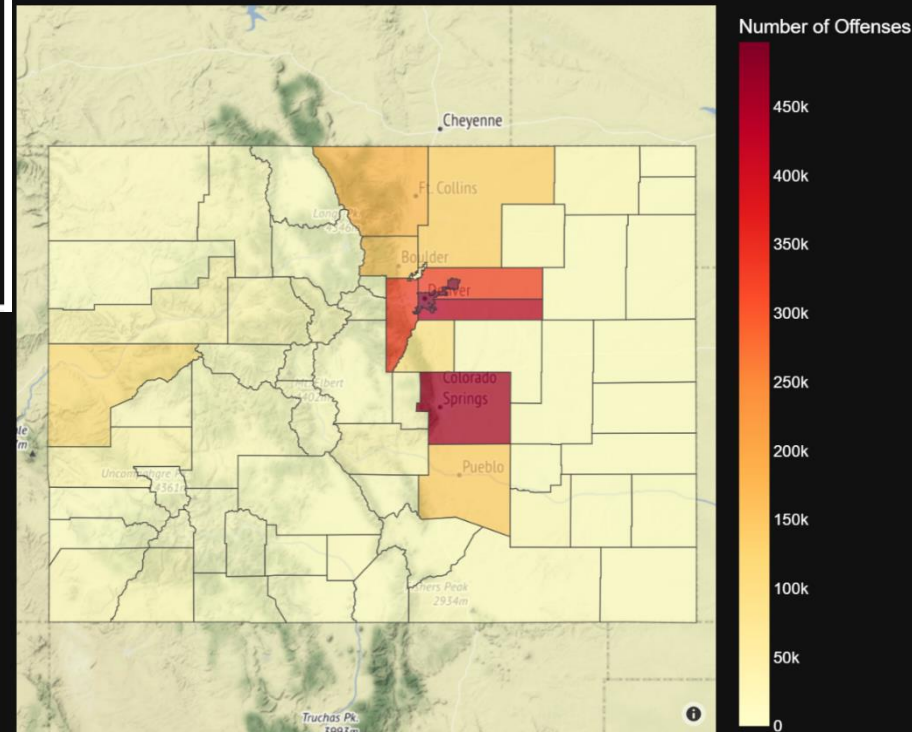
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# Geography of Crimes

Counties with the Highest Offense Numbers



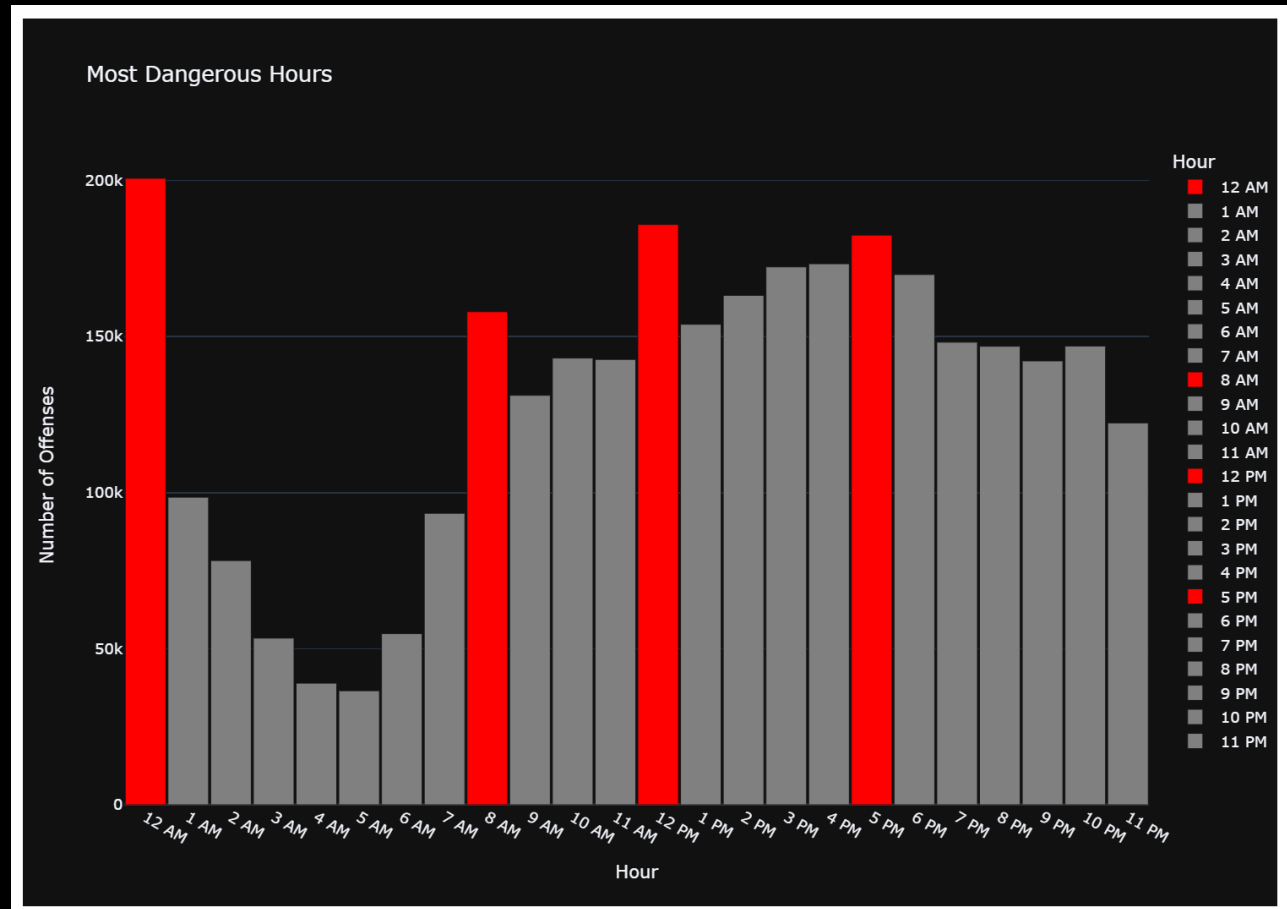
Number of Offenses per County





# Crime Timing

- ✓ **Midnight**
- ✓ **8 AM**
- ✓ **12 PM**
- ✓ **5 PM**



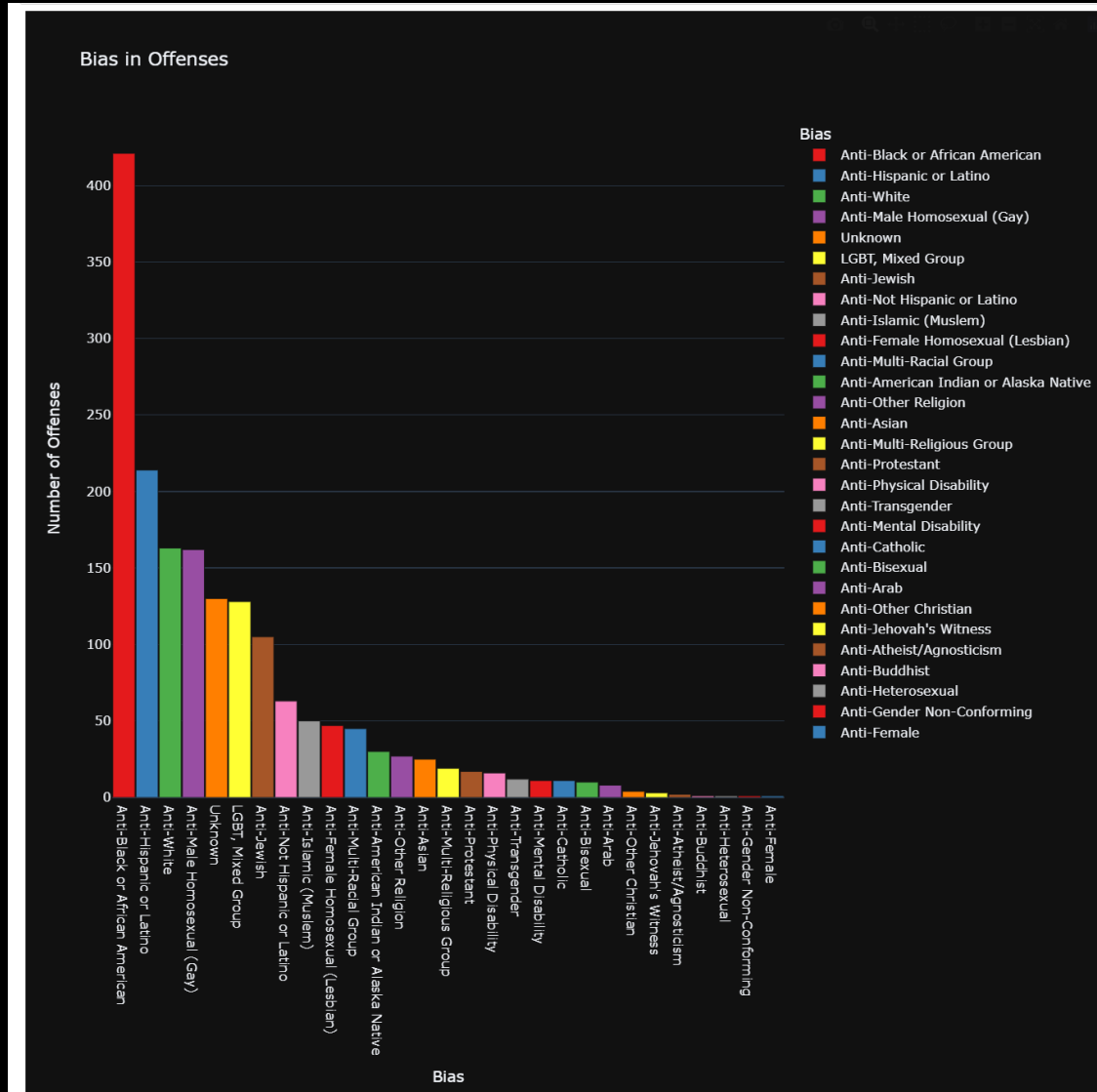


# Conclusions (general)

1. The project demonstrated that the actual crime data could be analyzed and modeled with significant accuracy
2. Generated models forecast general crime rates and categories crime rates
3. The Exploratory Data Analysis identified:
  - **Geographic areas with higher crime rates can help plan for law enforcement resources and preventive programs**
  - **Crimes' targets and weapons used**
  - **Offenders' and victims' demographics**
4. The dataset, results of EDA, and the models are the base for a web-based dashboard built with the dash python package

# Bias Motivation

Offenses with Bias Recorded  
1727



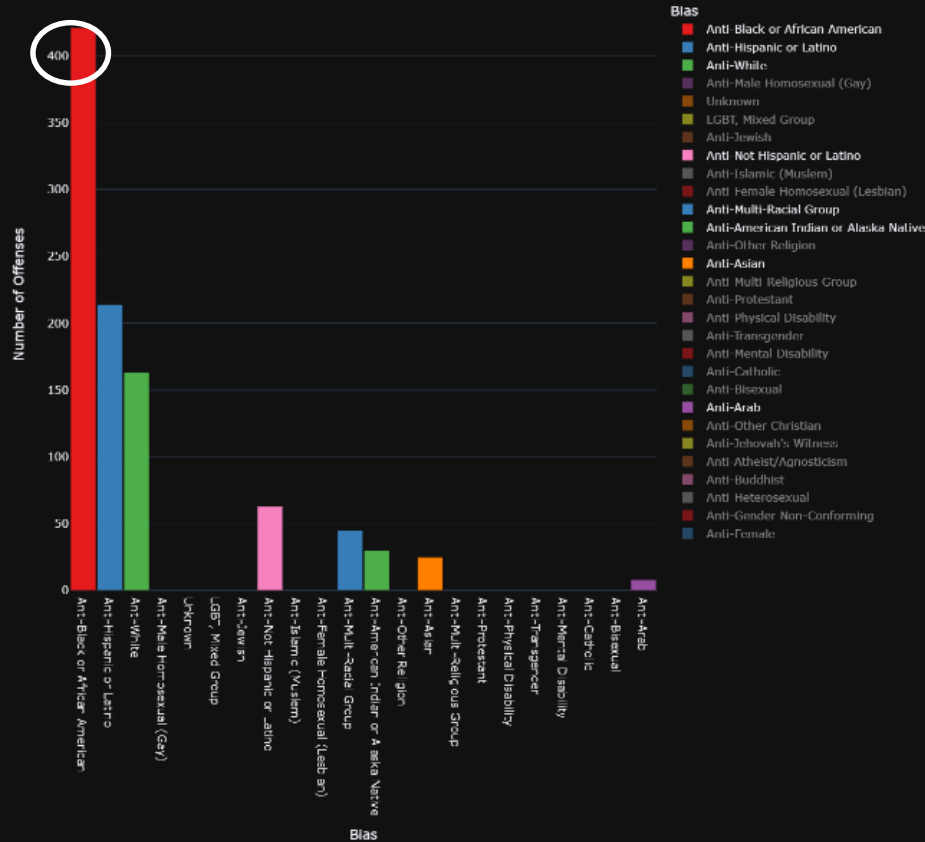
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# Bias Categories

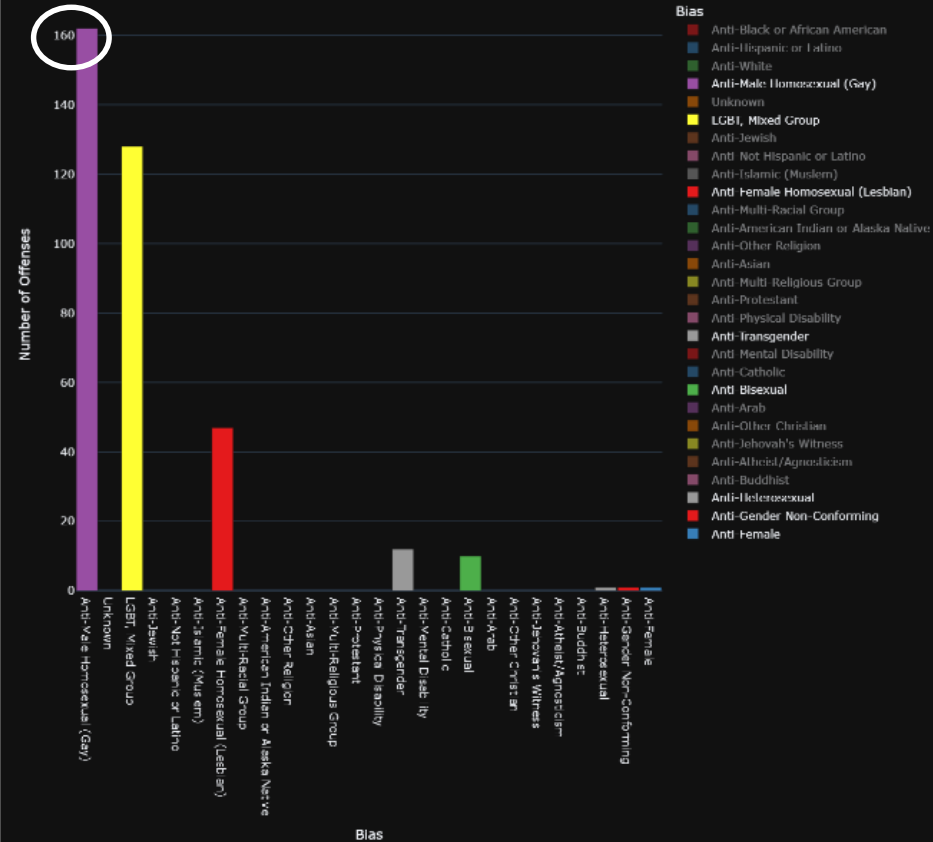
Race/Ethnicity

Sexual Orientation

Bias in Offenses (Race, Ethnicity)



Bias in Offenses (Gender related)

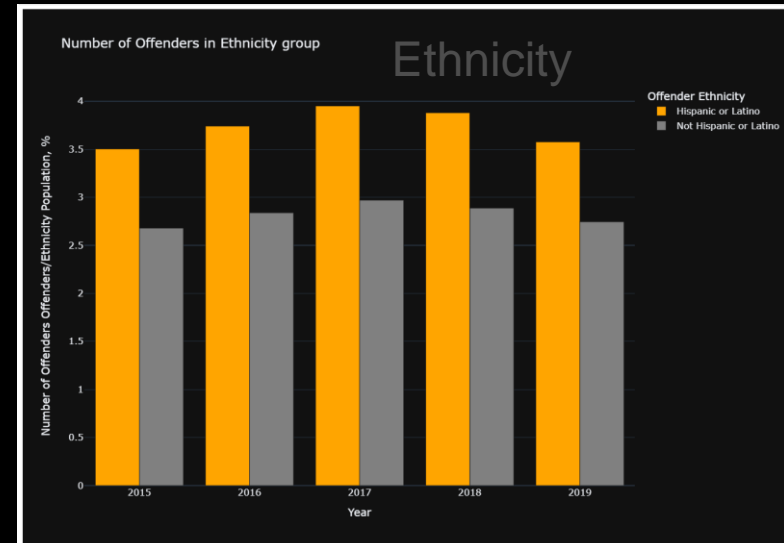
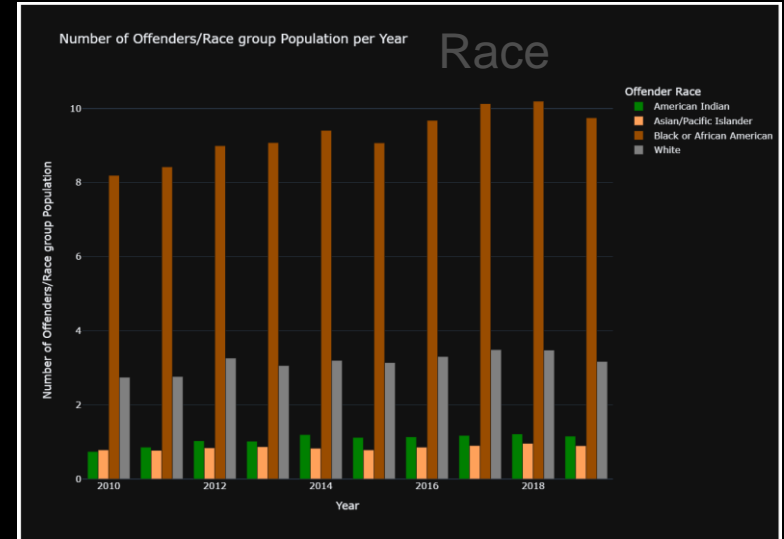
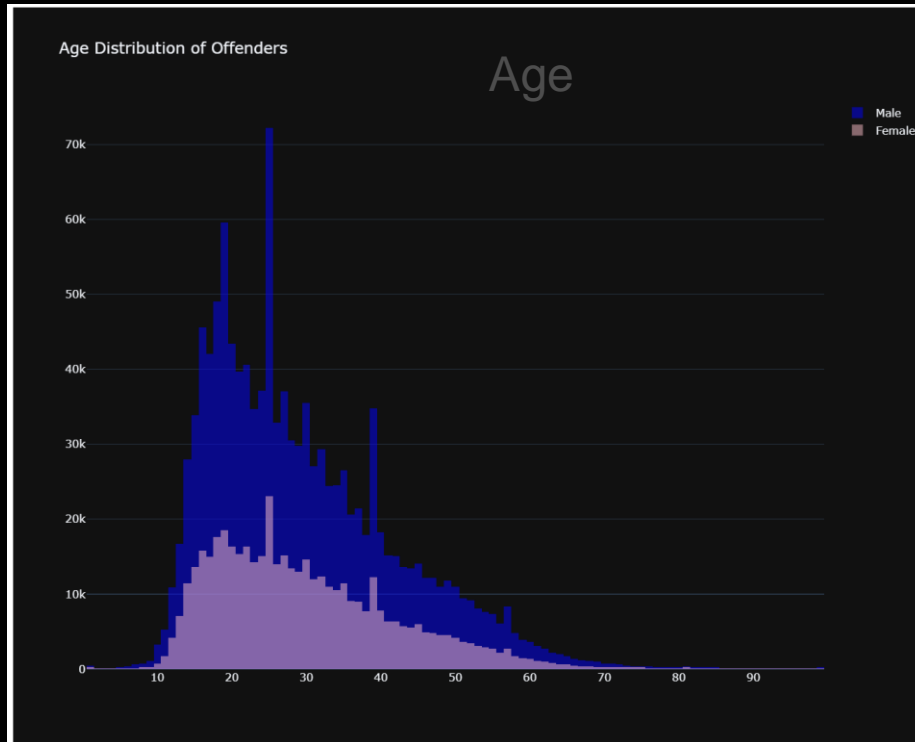


# Conclusions (crime details)

1. The most prevalent crime categories in Colorado are crimes against property:
  - **Larceny/Theft, Damage/Vandalism of Property, Burglary/Breaking & Entering**
2. Firearms are used in violent crimes four times more frequently than all other weapons
3. Counties with most offences are:
  - **Denver, El Paso and Arapahoe**
4. Hate crime statistics shows that race and sex orientation motivated offences are the most prevalent.
  - **Race motivated offenses committed against Black victims twice as frequently as against any other race**
  - **Most frequent sexual orientation motivated offenses are committed against gay men**

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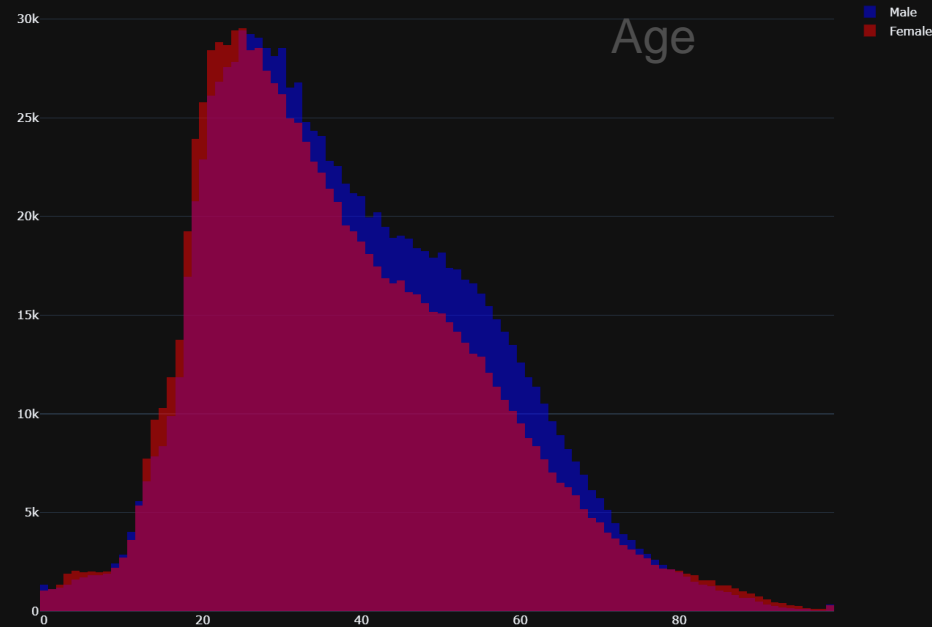
# Demographics of Offenders



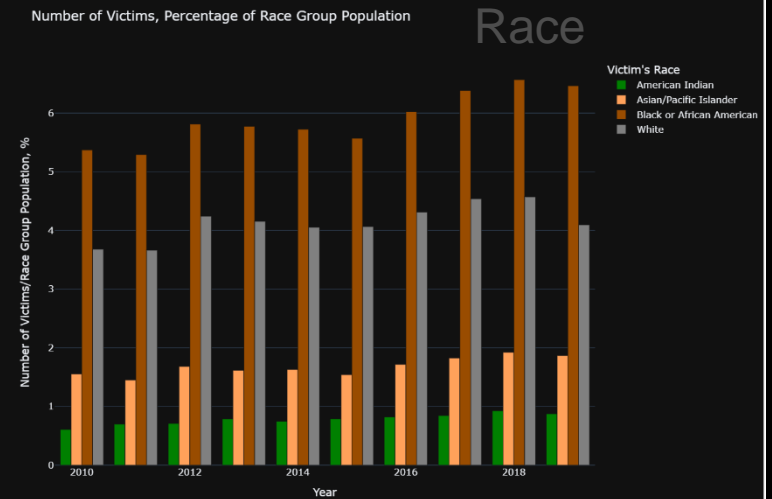
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# Demographics of Victims

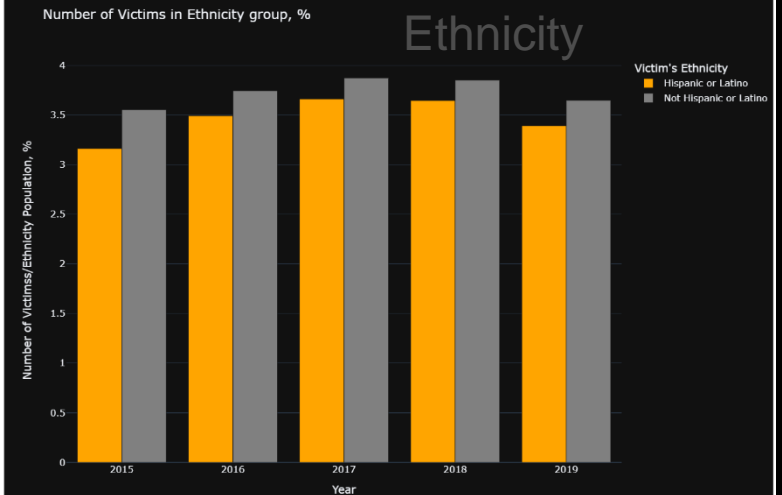
Age Distribution of Victims



Number of Victims, Percentage of Race Group Population



Number of Victims in Ethnicity group, %



# Conclusions (demographics)

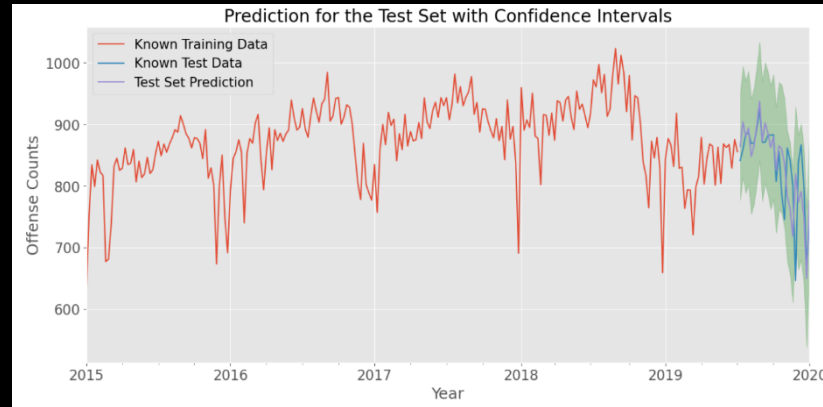
1. Demographics of victims show:
  - Males and females are equally probable to be victims of a crime
  - Distribution of victims' age is skewed toward younger range with the peak at 22 years old
  - A victim of a crime is more probable to be Black than of any other race
  - A victim of a crime is more probable to be of Non-Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
2. Demographics of offenders show:
  - Males more than twice are probable to be an offender in a crime
  - Distribution of offenders' age is skewed toward younger range with several peaks at late teen years, 23-25 years and late 30s
  - An offender in a crime is more probable to be Black than of any other race
  - An offender in a crime is more probable to be of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity



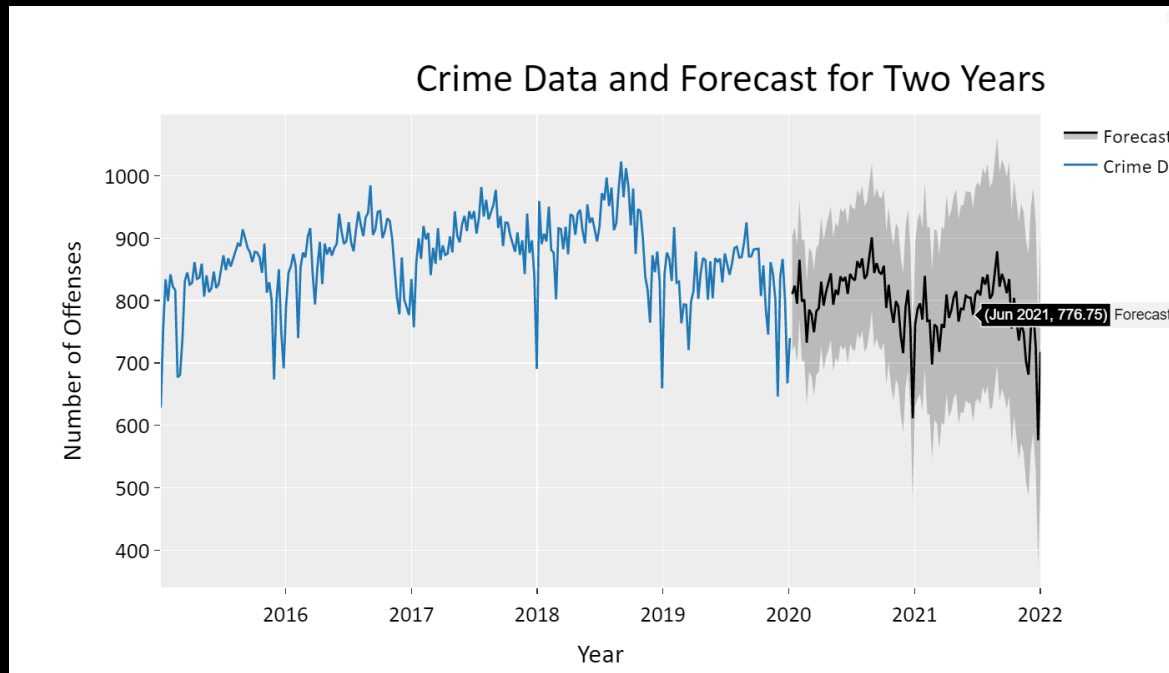
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# Modeling General Crime

Real Data (2015-2019)



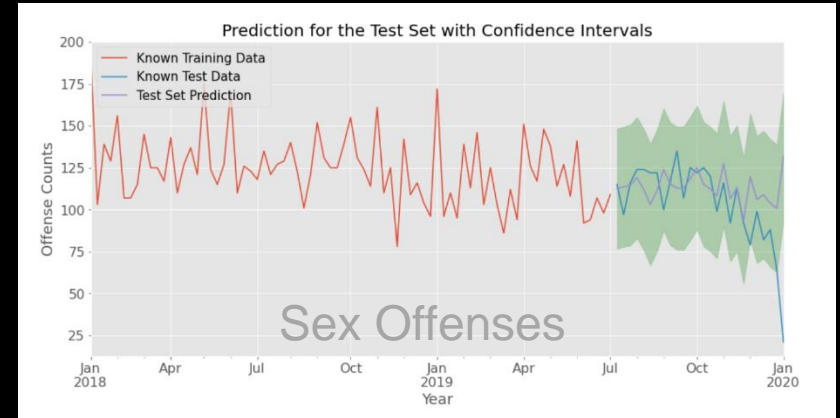
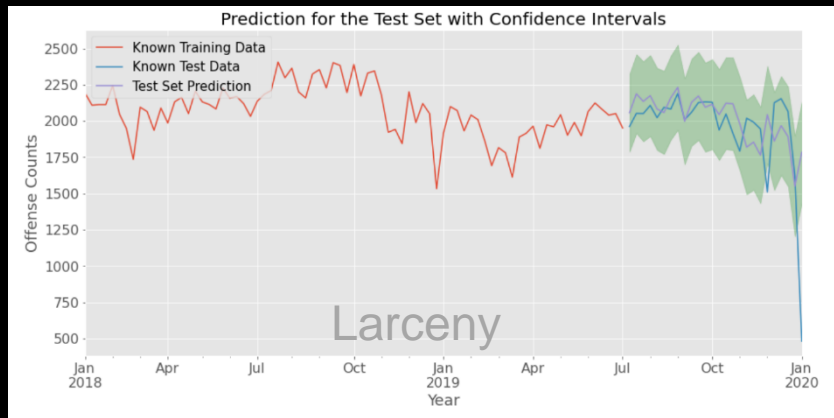
Forecasting Model (2021-2022)



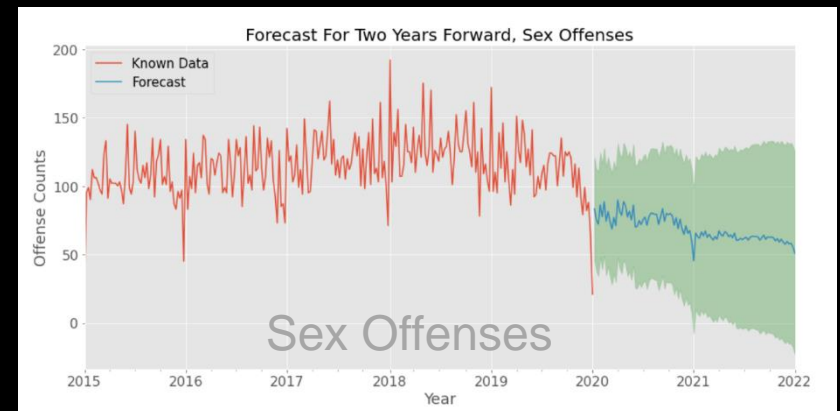
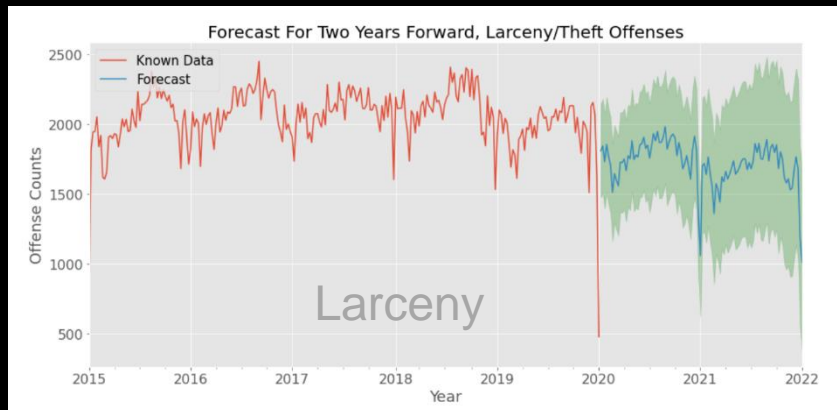
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# Modeling Crime Categories

Real Data (2015-2019)



Forecasting Model (2021-2022)



# Future Work:

1. Obtain current data; it isn't easy to forecast future trends with data almost two years old
2. Suppose dynamic data becomes available, build an API. This approach would be the most helpful to the general public
3. Add exogenous predictors to the time-series to improve modeling performance. The most helpful predictors:
  - **Socio-economic features of the geographic areas**
  - **Additional offenders' and victims' demographics**
    - ✓ Income
    - ✓ Education
  - **Information about local crime prevention measures and policies**
4. Add geographic locations of committed offenses

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# Thank You!

Email: [e.v.kazakova@gmail.com](mailto:e.v.kazakova@gmail.com)

GitHub: @sealaurel

LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/in/elena-v-kazakova/>