Lecture G2. Deep Learning 2

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I. About

Diamonds dataset

00000

Data Preparation

```
diamonds <- diamonds %>%
  filter(color == "G", carat < 1.75) %>%
  select(carat, cut, price)
str(diamonds)
## tibble [10,969 x 3] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
   $ carat: num [1:10969] 0.23 0.23 0.28 0.31 0.31 0.24 0.7 0.78 0.74 0.75 ...
  $ cut : Ord.factor w/ 5 levels "Fair"<"Good"<...: 3 5 5 3 4 4 5 3 5 4 ...</pre>
   $ price: int [1:10969] 354 404 553 553 553 554 2757 2759 2760 2760 ...
diamonds$cut %>% unique()
## [1] Very Good Ideal Premium Good
                                               Fair
## Levels: Fair < Good < Very Good < Premium < Ideal
head(diamonds)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     carat cut
                     price
     <dhl> <ord>
                     <int>
##
     0.23 Very Good
                       354
## 2
     0.23 Ideal
                       404
     0.28 Ideal
                       553
```

553

553

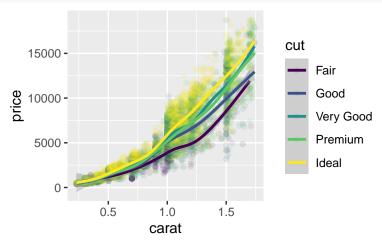
0.31 Very Good

0.31 Premium

5

Exploration

```
ggplot(diamonds, aes(x=carat, y=price, group=cut, color=cut)) +
geom_point(alpha=0.1) + geom_smooth()
```



One-hot coding

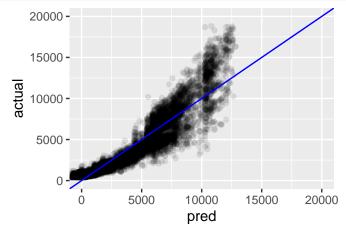
```
library(mltools)
library(data.table)
diamonds$cut <- factor(diamonds$cut, ordered = FALSE)</pre>
diamonds <- diamonds %>% as.data.table() %>% one_hot()
head(diamonds)
##
      carat cut Fair cut Good cut Very Good cut Premium cut Ideal price
## 1:
      0.23
                                                                      354
## 2:
      0.23
                             0
                                           0
                                                                      404
## 3:
      0.28
                             0
                                           0
                                                                      553
## 4: 0.31
                             a
                                                                      553
                                           1
## 5: 0.31
                                                                      553
## 6: 0.24
                   0
                             0
                                           0
                                                                  0
                                                                      554
```

II. Linear regression

```
lm_fit <- lm(price ~ carat + cut_Fair + cut_Good + `cut_Very Good` + cut Premium, data=diamonds)</pre>
summary(lm fit)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = price ~ carat + cut Fair + cut Good + `cut Very Good` +
##
       cut Premium, data = diamonds)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
##
              10 Median
                            30
                                  Max
##
   -6654
            -730
                     46
                           625
                                 8409
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    -2427.4
                                  29.7
                                          -81.8
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## carat
                     8761.3
                                  33.3
                                          263.2
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## cut Fair
                    -1941.2
                                  82.5
                                          -23.5
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## cut Good
                     -881.8
                                  50.1
                                          -17.6
                                                <2e-16 ***
## `cut Very Good`
                    -432.8
                                  34.1
                                          -12.7
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## cut Premium
                     -430.7
                                  31.9
                                          -13.5
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1330 on 10963 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.864, Adjusted R-squared: 0.864
## F-statistic: 1.39e+04 on 5 and 10963 DF, p-value: <2e-16
```

Fitted vs Actual

```
lm_fitted <- data.frame(pred=lm_fit$fitted.values, actual=diamonds$price)
ggplot(lm_fitted, aes(x=pred, y=actual)) +
   geom_point(alpha=0.1) + geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, color = "blue", size = 0.5) +
   coord_cartesian(xlim = c(0, 20000), ylim = c(0, 20000))</pre>
```



Side note

```
lm fit log <- lm(</pre>
  log(price) ~
  carat + cut_Fair + cut_Good + `cut_Very Good` +
  data=diamonds)
summary(lm fit log)$r.squared
## [1] 0.9184
```

```
lm fitted log <- data.frame(</pre>
  pred=lm_fit_log$fitted.values,
  actual=log(diamonds$price))
ggplot(lm fitted log, aes(x=pred, y=actual)) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.1) +
  geom abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0) +
  coord cartesian(xlim = c(5,10), ylim = c(5,10))
```

III. Deep Forward Network

Keras and Tensorflow

- Webpage https://tensorflow.rstudio.com/
- Installation https://tensorflow.rstudio.com/installation/
- Anaconda installation
 - https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual
- Install package tensorflow and keras

```
install.packages("tensorflow")
library(tensorflow)
install_tensorflow() # reticulate::py install("tensorflow")
install.packages("keras")
```

Confirm installation

```
library(tensorflow)
tf$constant("Hello Tensorflow")
```

1. Construct a network

```
dense fit %>% summary()
## Model: "sequential"
                             Output Shape
## Layer (type)
                                                      Param #
## -----
## dense 2 (Dense)
                             (None, 16)
                                                      96
##
## dense 1 (Dense)
                              (None, 16)
                                                      272
## dense (Dense)
                              (None, 1)
                                                      17
## Total params: 385
## Trainable params: 385
## Non-trainable params: 0
```

2. Compile and Fit

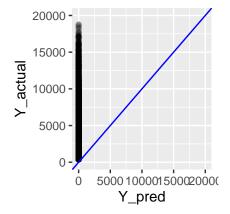
```
dense_fit %>% compile(loss = "mse", optimizer = "adam")
dense_fit %>% fit(X, Y_actual, epochs=30, batch_size=16)
  25000000 -
  20000000 -
  15000000 -
  10000000 -
  5000000 -
                          10
                                    15
                                              20
                                                        25
                                                                  30
                               loss
```

3. Predict

```
Y pred <- dense fit %>% predict(X)
results <- data.frame(Y_pred, Y_actual)</pre>
head(results)
##
      Y pred price
## 1 0.07715
               354
## 2 0.06897
               404
## 3 0.08396
               553
## 4 0.11461
               553
## 5 0.48507
               553
## 6 0.50104
               554
```

```
r_squared <- cor(Y_pred, Y_actual)^2
r_squared
## price
## [1,] 0.3367
```

```
ggplot(results, aes(x=Y_pred, y=Y_actual)) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.1) +
  geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, color = "blue", size = 0.5) +
  coord_cartesian(xlim = c (0, 20000), ylim = c (0, 20000))
```



"It's not that I'm so smart, it's just that I stay with problems longer. - A. Einstein"