## Lecture A4. Simulation 1

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# 차 례

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### Simulation Approach, Implementation-basic p.11

```
import numpy as np
import time
import pandas as pd

beg_time=time.time()

np.random.seed(seed=1234) #fix the random seed

MC_N=10**3

x= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N) # genrates U(-1,1)

y= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)

t=np.sqrt(x**2+y**2)

df=pd.DataFrame({'x':x,'y':y,'t':t})

df.head(6) # always display and check !
```

## x y t

## 0 -0.616961 -0.197787 0.647889

## 1 0.244218 0.861229 0.895186

## 2 -0.124545 0.030672 0.128266

## 3 0.570717 0.619164 0.842070

## 4 0.559952 0.763544 0.946861

## 5 -0.454815 0.525336 0.694863

### Simulation Approach, Vectorized Programming p.12

#### From the previous slide

```
import numpy as np
import time

beg_time=time.time()

np.random.seed(seed=1234)

MC_N=10**6

x= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)

y= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)

t=np.sqrt(x**2+y**2)

pi_hat=4*np.sum(t<=1)/MC_N

end_time=time.time()

print("Time diffrence of",end_time-beg_time,"secs")</pre>
```

## Time diffrence of 0.052806854248046875 secs

#### What first-timer would write

```
import random
import math
import time

beg_time=time.time()

random.seed(1234)

MC_N=10**6

count=0

for i in range(MC_N):
```

```
x_i=random.uniform(-1,1)
y_i=random.uniform(-1,1)
t_i=math.sqrt(x_i**2+y_i**2)

if(t_i<=1):
    count+=1

pi_hat= 4*count/MC_N

end_time=time.time()

print("Time diffrence of",end_time-beg_time,"secs")</pre>
```

## Time diffrence of 1.0900709629058838 secs

### Simulation approach, Implementation - varying number of trials p.13

#### Approach with a custom function

```
def pi_simulator(MC_N):
    np.random.seed(seed=1234)
    x= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
    y= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
    t=np.sqrt(x**2+y**2)
    pi_hat=4*np.sum(t<=1)/MC_N</pre>
    return(pi_hat)
print(pi_simulator(100))
## 2.96
print(pi_simulator(1000))
## 3.06
print(pi_simulator(10000))
## 3.1352
print(pi_simulator(100000))
## 3.13976
```

How many repetition is necessary to get closer?

```
import pandas as pd

num_trials=list(map(lambda x: 10**x, range(2,8)))
outcomes=list(map(pi_simulator,num_trials))
results=pd.DataFrame({'num_trials': num_trials,'outcomes':outcomes})

results
```

##	num_trials	outcomes
## 0	100	2.960000
## 1	1000	3.060000
## 2	10000	3.135200
## 3	100000	3.139760
## 4	1000000	3.142876
## 5	10000000	3.142289

### Discussion, Computation time p.17

```
import numpy as np
import time
def pi_simulator2(MC_N): # name change
    beg_time=time.time() # newly added
    np.random.seed(seed=1234)
    x= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
    y= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
    t=np.sqrt(x**2+y**2)
    pi_hat=4*np.sum(t<=1)/MC_N</pre>
    end_time=time.time() # newly added
    print(MC_N)
    print("Time diffrence of",end_time-beg_time,"secs") # newly added
    return(pi_hat)
print(*list(map(pi_simulator2,num_trials)))
## 100
## Time diffrence of 0.0 secs
```

```
## Time diffrence of 0.0 secs
## 1000
## Time diffrence of 0.0 secs
## 10000
## Time diffrence of 0.0 secs
## 100000
## Time diffrence of 0.0029916763305664062 secs
## 1000000
## Time diffrence of 0.022935152053833008 secs
## 10000000
```

## Time diffrence of 0.248335599899292 secs

## 2.96 3.06 3.1352 3.13976 3.142876 3.1422888

```
Confdence interval, Repetitive simulation experiments p.22
import numpy as np
def pi_simulator3(MC_N): # name change
    # np.random.seed(seed=1234) # seed must not be fixed
    x= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
   y= np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=MC_N)
    t=np.sqrt(x**2+y**2)
    pi_hat=4*np.sum(t<=1)/MC_N</pre>
    return pi_hat
import numpy as np
n=100 # number of experiments to repeat
MC_N=1000 # number of simulation repetition in a single experiment
np.random.seed(seed=1234)
samples=np.zeros(n)
```

```
for i in range(n):
    samples[i]=pi_simulator3(MC_N)
print(*samples[0:6])
```

```
## 3.06 3.184 3.12 3.228 3.124 3.092
```

```
from scipy import stats
import numpy as np
X_bar=np.mean(samples)
s=np.sqrt(np.sum((X_bar-samples)**2)/(n-1))
```

```
t=stats.t(df=n-1).ppf((0.975))

print(X_bar)

## 3.1412000000000000004

print(s)

## 0.05271305973538882

print(t)
```

## 1.9842169515086827

### Confdence interval, Excercise 1 p.24

Do the above experiment with MC\_N increased by the fator of ten, and present the confidence interval. (Use set.seed(1234))

```
from scipy import stats
import numpy as np
n=100 # number of experiments to repeat
MC_N=10000 # number of simulation repetition in a single experiment
np.random.seed(seed=1234)
samples=np.zeros(n)
for i in range(n):
    samples[i]=pi_simulator3(MC_N)
X_bar=np.mean(samples)
s=np.sqrt(np.sum((X_bar-samples)**2)/(n-1))
t=stats.t(df=n-1).ppf((0.975))
lb=X_bar-t*s/np.sqrt(n)
ub=X_bar+t*s/np.sqrt(n)
print(lb)
## 3.13840259759299
print(ub)
## 3.1443254024070098
print(ub-lb)
```

## 0.005922804814019855

### Confdence interval, Excercie 2 p.25

Do the Exercise 1 above with @ increased by the factor of ten, and present the confidence interval. (Use set.seed(1234))

```
from scipy import stats
import numpy as np
n=1000 # number of experiments to repeat
MC_N=10000 # number of simulation repetition in a single experiment
np.random.seed(seed=1234)
samples=np.zeros(n)
for i in range(n):
    samples[i]=pi_simulator3(MC_N)
X_bar=np.mean(samples)
s=np.sqrt(np.sum((X_bar-samples)**2)/(n-1))
t=stats.t(df=n-1).ppf((0.975))
lb=X_bar-t*s/np.sqrt(n)
ub=X_bar+t*s/np.sqrt(n)
print(lb)
## 3.141465340511527
print(ub)
## 3.1434762594884726
print(ub-lb)
```

## 0.002010918976945497

```
"Done, Lecture A4. Simulation 1 "
```

## [1] "Done, Lecture A4. Simulation 1 "