D1_Jeong,wonryeol

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```
MC_N = 10000

spending_records = np.repeat(0 , MC_N)

for i in range(MC_N):
    path = "c"
    for t in range(9):
        this_state = path[-1]
        next_state = soda_simul(this_state)
        path = path + next_state

spending_records[i] = cost_eval(path)

np.mean(spending_records)
```

13.1087

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```
#MC evalutaion for state-value function
\#with\ state\ s,\ time\ 0,\ reward\ r,\ time\ horizon\ H
num_episode = 1000
episode_i = 0
cum_sum_G_i = 0
while episode_i < num_episode:</pre>
 path = 's'
 for t in range(9):
   this_state = path[-1]
   next_state = soda_simul(this_state)
   path = path+next_state
  G_i = cost_eval(path)
  cum_sum_G_i = cum_sum_G_i + G_i
  episode_i +=1
V_t = cum_sum_G_i / num_episode
V_t
```

11.7295

$\mathbf{Ex7}$

$$\begin{split} V_t(s) &=& \mathbb{E}[G_t|S_t = t] \\ &=& \mathbb{E}[r_t + r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots + r_{\infty}|S_t = s] \\ &=& \mathbb{E}[r_t|S_t] + \mathbb{E}[r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots + r_{\infty}|S_t = s] \\ &=& R(s) + \mathbb{E}[r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots + r_{\infty}|S_t = s] \\ &=& R(s) + \mathbb{E}[G_{t+1}|S_t = s, S_{t+1} = s'] \\ &=& R(s) + \mathbb{E}[G_{t+1}|S_{t+1} = s'](\because Markov\ property) \\ &=& R(s) + \sum_{s \in s'} P_{ss'} V_{t+1}(s') \end{split}$$

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```
P = np.array([[0.7,0.3],[0.5,0.5]])
R = np.array([[1.5,1.0]]).reshape(2,1)

H = 10 # time-horizon
v_t1 = np.array([0,0]).reshape(2,1)
v_t = np.array([[0,0]])

t = H-1
while t >= 0:
    v_t = R+ np.dot(P,v_t1)
    t = t-1
    v_t1 = v_t

v_t

## array([[13.35937498],
## [12.73437504]])
```

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```
#Backward induction for state-value function
#with transition prob mat P , reward vector R, time-horizon H, state-value vector v

def backward_induction(P,R,H):
    v = np.zeros(H) # zero column vector
    t = H-1
    v_t = np.array()
    while t >= 0 :
    v[t] = R+ np.dot(P,v[t+1])
    t = t-1

return v
```