

# Video Compression Homework #1 – Color Transform

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## I. Purpose

This script performs color space transformations on an input RGB image and saves the results as grayscale images for each channel/component. It supports RGB, YUV, and YCbCr (BT.601 full-range) color spaces.

## II. Workflow

1. Input Handling
  - i. Accepts an image file path and an output directory as command-line arguments.
  - ii. Defaults to lena.png and outputs if not provided.
2. Image Loading
  - i. Loads the image using PIL, converts it to RGB, and converts pixel data to a NumPy float32 array.
3. Channel Extraction
  - i. Separates the image into R, G, B channels.
4. RGB Grayscale Output
  - i. Saves each channel (R, G, B) as a separate grayscale image.
5. YUV Transformation (BT.601)
  - i. Computes Y, U, V components using standard formulas.
  - ii. U and V are offset by 128 for visualization.
  - iii. Saves Y, U, V as grayscale images.
6. YCbCr Transformation (BT.601 full-range)
  - i. Computes Cb and Cr components using standard formulas.
  - ii. Saves Cb and Cr as grayscale images.
7. Data Type Conversion
  - i. Uses `to_uint8` to ensure all output images are in the 0–255 range and of type uint8.

## III. Key Functions

1. `to_uint8(x)`: Rounds, clips, and converts data to uint8 for image saving.
2. `main(in_path, out_dir)`: Main processing function.

## IV. Color Space Formulas

1. YUV (BT.601):
  - i.  $Y = 0.299R + 0.587G + 0.114B$
  - ii.  $U = -0.169R - 0.331G + 0.5B + 128$
  - iii.  $V = 0.5R - 0.419G - 0.081B + 128$
2. YCbCr (BT.601 full-range):
  - i.  $Cb = 128 - 0.168736R - 0.331264G + 0.5B$
  - ii.  $Cr = 128 + 0.5R - 0.418688G - 0.081312B$

## V. Output

1. Grayscale images for each channel/component are saved in the specified output directory.