Homework 0

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1

(a) If f(x) is maximized at x = 2, the critical point of f(x) should lands on x = 2. We can set the derivative f'(x) equal to zero to find the critical points.

$$f'(x) = 2ax + 8$$
$$2ax + 8 = 0$$
$$2ax = -8$$
$$x = -\frac{4}{a}$$

Now, we want to find the values of a such that x=2 is a critical point. $2=-\frac{4}{a}$ a=-2

So, a = -2 is the value for which f(x) is maximized at x = 2.

(b) First, find the antiderivative of f(x):

$$G(x) = \int f(x) dx = \frac{a}{3}x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x + C$$

where C is the constant of integration.

Then
$$F(x) = G(x) - G(a)$$

$$F(t) = G(t) - G(a) = \left(\frac{a}{3}x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x + C\right)\Big|_0^t = \frac{a}{3}t^3 + 4t^2 + 6t$$

Therefore, $F(t) = \frac{a}{3}t^3 + 4t^2 + 6t$ for all t > 0.

(c) If the determinant of the matrix equals to 0, then the inverse of the matrix doesn't exist.

$$det(A) = (1 \times 1 \times 4 + a \times 1 \times 1 + 3 \times 0 \times 2) - (1 \times 1 \times 3 + 2 \times 1 \times 1 + 4 \times 0 \times a) = a - 1$$

If a - 1 = 0, then a equals to 1.

2

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(a) Algorithm is Prime(n):

if n \leq 1:

Print "n is not a prime number."

if n \leq 2:

Print "n is a prime number."

if 2 or 3 can divide n:

Print "n is not a prime number."

i = 5; w = 2;

while i \times i \leq n:

if i can divide n:

Print "i is not a prime number."

i = i + w;

Print "i = i + w;

i = i + w;

Print "i = i + w;

i = i + w;

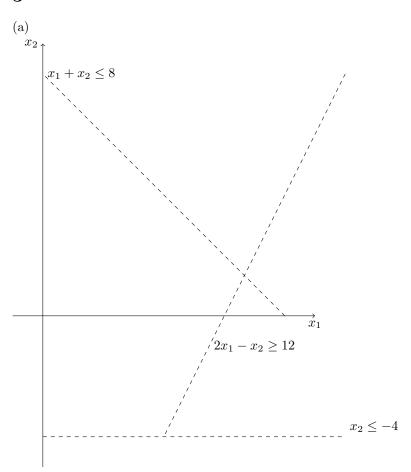
Print "i = i + w;

i = i + w;

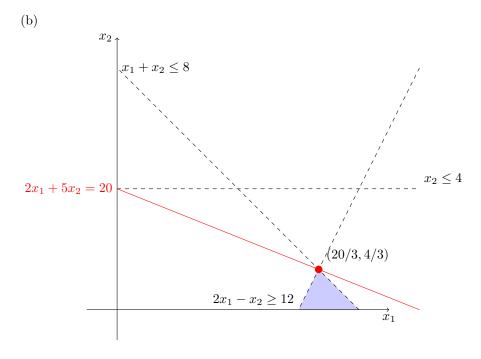
Print "i = i + w
```

(b) Time Complexity : $O(\sqrt{n})$

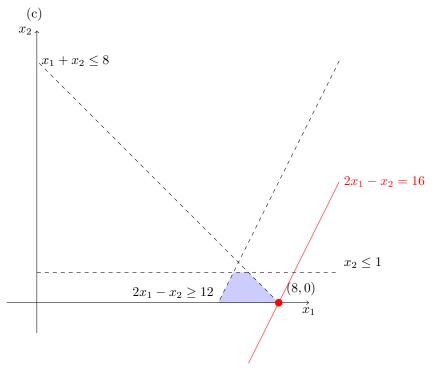




 $x_2 \le -4$ and $x_2 \ge 0$, contradictory



There is only one optimal solution, which is $(x_1, x_2) = (\frac{20}{3}, \frac{4}{3})$. There are two constraints binding at that optimal solution, one is $x_1 + x_2 \le 8$, the other one is $2x_1 - x_2 \ge 12$



There is only one optimal solution, which is $(x_1, x_2) = (8, 0)$. There are two constraints binding at that optimal solution, one is $x_1 + x_2 \le 8$, the other one is $x_2 > 0$.

4

(a) Denote x_{11} as the amount of oil that is sent from Kaohsiung to Hsinchu in million barrels, x_{12} as the amount from Kaohsiung to Taichung, x_{21} as the amount from Taipei to Hsinchu, x_{22} as the amount from Taipei to Taichung.

$$\max P_{11}x_{11} + P_{12}x_{12} + P_{21}x_{21} + P_{22}x_{22}$$

$$s.t. \ x_{11} + x_{12} \le K_1$$

$$x_{21} + x_{22} \le K_2$$

$$x_{11} \ , x_{12} \ , x_{21} \ , x_{22} \le D$$

$$x_{11} \ , x_{12} \ , x_{21} \ , x_{22} \ge 0$$

(b) Denote x_{ij} as the amount of oil that is sent form city i to city j in million barrels.

$$\begin{aligned} \max \ & \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{m} \mathbf{P}_{ij} x_{ij} \\ s.t. \ & \sum_{j=1}^{m} \mathbf{x}_{ij} \le \mathbf{K}_{i} \ \forall i \in [1, 2,, n] \\ & \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_{ij} \le \mathbf{D} \ \forall j \in [1, 2,, m] \\ & x_{ij} \ge 0 \ \forall i \in [1, 2,, n] \ \forall j \in [1, 2,, m] \end{aligned}$$