## Informal Review of Multi-Agent Reinforcement Learning Literature

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# 1.1 Positioning COMMS and JAMMERS to Defeat Each Other

Quite by accident, I discovered a body of literature that I deem very relevant to my COMMS and JAMMERS problem.

This work has an intersection with Multi-Agent Systems in that all the drones are autonomous systems moving to achieve some goal under partial information. It seems that the authors I have read so far do not specifically use reinforcement learning in their solution but their solution begs to be extended to an RL framework. (That said, see [1] for a non-adversarial MARL-example.)

Also, as far as I know, so far, no one [I am not certain of this, yet], specifically talks about the problem I am interested in with COMMS and JAMMERS—at least not in the way I have framed it—but the relevance should be clear.

The problem they discuss is how to control a sensor network (in my case, move the UAVs) in order to bring in the most information from the sensors. They use information-theoretic criteria as their objective functions. Beyond information theoretic criteria there are other objectives that do similar things.

I'll list 2 scantly cited papers [2, 3]. One more cited but less recent paper is [4]. There are certainly more papers available on Google Scholar, but I haven't yet dug into the literature yet. The first paper (2007) was found in [5], a bound collection of papers and not available otherwise. The second is a more recent IEEE paper (2018) that is not available for free, and I have only seen the abstract—but looks even more relevant. There are dozens more, but I would have to read more than the titles to determine relevance, which I will do, of course, in time.

The choice facing me now is to go after depth to solve the COMMS/JAMMERS problem or breadth with to understand the full scope of the MARL field—or some combination. Actually, maybe it is two separate projects, so I will await direction from stakeholders.

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Reading (2010) "Particle filter based information-theoretic active sensing," [6]. Concerns controlling robot(s) where the control objective is to gather sensory information ("information gain"). This objective is described as minimizing the entropy of an estimate distribution—the probability distribution for the target location. Their example is target tracking by a UAV with a camera mounted on a fixed-wing autonomous aircraft and a moving target on the ground.

This (2010) paper [6] cites two more papers for background on the methods they develop: (2004) [7] and (2009) [8]. The first (2004) [7] is a review paper by leaders of the field (that I recognized) that seems to just give an explanation needed to understand the fundamentals of the particle filter. The second (2009) [8] also looks very helpful for putting all this together. The (2010) paper [6] seems to be a direct extention of the (2009) paper [8]—the difference being that the (2010) paper does a receding horizon control (RHC) to make it possible to model fixed-wing aircraft that take a long time to turn as well as mounted cameras that they claim lead to non-minimum phase behavior. The paper [6] uses a single aircraft as their example (though they say their method is more general) whereas [8] uses a swarm of maneuverable (in one time step) UAVs.

The (2009) [8] paper cites [7] as a reference for Receeding Horizon Control (RHC).

All three of these papers look like papers I would want to read closely.

#### References

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