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Sean Li

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1 Problems

- 1. The sum of the areas of all triangles whose vertices are also vertices of a 1 by 1 by 1 cube is $m + \sqrt{n} + \sqrt{p}$, where m, n, and p are integers. Find m + n + p.
- 2. Patrick tosses four four-sided dice, each numbered 1 through 4. What's the probability their product is a multiple of four?
- 3. Trapezoid ABCD is an isosceles trapezoid with AD = BC. Point P is the intersection of the diagonals AC and BD. If the area of $\triangle ABP$ is 50 and the area of $\triangle CDP$ is 72, what is the area of the entire trapezoid?
- 4. It is known that, for all positive integers k, $1^2+2^2+3^2+\ldots+k^2=\frac{k(k+1)(2k+1)}{6}$. Find the smallest positive integer k such that $1^2+2^2+3^2+\ldots+k^2$ is a multiple of 200.
- 5. In $\triangle ABC$, AB = AC = 10 and BC = 12. Point D lies strictly between A and B on \overline{AB} and point E lies strictly between A and C on \overline{AC} so that AD = DE = EC. Then AD can be expressed in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are relatively prime positive integers. Find p + q.
- 6. In rectangle ABCD, points E and F lie on sides AB and CD respectively such that both AF and CE are perpendicular to diagonal BD. Given that BF and DE separate ABCD into three polygons with equal area, and that EF = 1, find the length of BD.
- 7. An integer is called snakelike if its decimal representation $a_1 a_2 a_3 \cdots a_k$ satisfies $a_i < a_{i+1}$ if i is odd and $a_i > a_{i+1}$ if i is even. How many snakelike integers between 1000 and 9999 have four distinct digits?
- 8. Let $a = \pi/2008$. Find the smallest positive integer n such that

$$2[\cos(a)\sin(a) + \cos(4a)\sin(2a) + \cos(9a)\sin(3a) + \dots + \cos(n^2a)\sin(na)]$$

is an integer.

- 9. The sequences of positive integers $1, a_2, a_3, ...$ and $1, b_2, b_3, ...$ are an increasing arithmetic sequence and an increasing geometric sequence, respectively. Let $c_n = a_n + b_n$. There is an integer k such that $c_{k-1} = 100$ and $c_{k+1} = 1000$. Find c_k .
- 10. Cyclic quadrilateral ABCD satisfies $\angle ABD = 70^{\circ}$, $\angle ADB = 50^{\circ}$, and BC = CD. Suppose AB intersects CD at point P, while AD intersects BC at point Q. Compute $\angle APQ \angle AQP$.
- 11. The decimal representation of m/n, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers and m < n, contains the digits 2, 5, and 1 consecutively, and in that order. Find the smallest value of n for which this is possible.

- 12. A frog begins at $P_0 = (0,0)$ and makes a sequence of jumps according to the following rule: from $P_n = (x_n, y_n)$, the frog jumps to P_{n+1} , which may be any of the points $(x_n + 7, y_n + 2)$, $(x_n + 2, y_n + 7)$, $(x_n 5, y_n 10)$, or $(x_n 10, y_n 5)$. There are M points (x, y) with $|x| + |y| \le 100$ that can be reached by a sequence of such jumps. Find the remainder when M is divided by 1000.
- 13. Line segments \overline{AD} , \overline{BE} , and \overline{CF} intersect at O such the triangles ABO, CDO, and EFO are all equilateral. Let G, H, I, J, K, L, be the midpoints of segments AB, BC, CD, DE, EF, FA, respectively. Given AG = EF = 4 and $\angle GKI = 90^{\circ}$, compute the perimeter of $\triangle HJL$.
- 14. The sequence of integers $\{a_i\}_{i=0}^{\infty}$ satisfies $a_0=3,\,a_1=4,$ and

$$a_{n+2} = a_{n+1}a_n + \left[\sqrt{a_{n+1}^2 - 1}\sqrt{a_n^2 - 1}\right]$$

for $n \geq 0$. Evaluate the sum

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{a_{n+3}}{a_{n+2}} - \frac{a_{n+2}}{a_n} + \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_{n+3}} - \frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}} \right).$$

15. We call a polynomial P square-friendly if it is monic, has integer coefficients, and there is a polynomial Q for which $P(n^2) = P(n)Q(n)$ for all integers n. We say P is minimally square-friendly if it is square-friendly and cannot be written as the product of nonconstant, square-friendly polynomials. Determine the number of nonconstant, minimally square-friendly polynomials of degree at most 12.

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2 Answers

1. 348. Source: AIME 2003 I 6

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2003_AIME_I_Problems/Problem_6

2. 13/16. Source: CMIMC 2019 Combinatorics 1

Solution: http://cmimc-official.herokuapp.com/docs/past-tests/2019_CCS_S.pdf

3. 242. Source: NIMO 2017 C28 2

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/community/c139h1322681p7123484

4. 112. Source: AIME 2002 II 7

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2002_AIME_II_Problems/Problem_7

5. 289. Source: AIME 2018 I 4

 $Solution: \ https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2018_AIME_I_Problems/Problem_4$

6. $\sqrt{3}$. Source: HMMT 2019 Geometry 2

Solution: https://hmmt-archive.s3.amazonaws.com/tournaments/2019/feb/geo/solutions.pdf

7. 882. Source: AIME 2004 I 6

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2004_AIME_I_Problems/Problem_6

8. 251. Source: AIME 2008 II 8

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2008_AIME_II_Problems/Problem_8

9. 262. Source: AIME 2016 II 9

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2016_AIME_II_Problems/Problem_9

10. 40. Source: CMIMC 2017 Geometry 6

Solution: http://cmimc-official.herokuapp.com/docs/past-tests/2017_Geometry_S.pdf

11. 127. Source: AIME 2003 I 14

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2003_AIME_I_Problems/Problem_14

12. 373. Source: AIME 2012 I 11

Solution: https://artofproblemsolving.com/wiki/index.php/2012_AIME_I_Problems/Problem_11

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13. 42. Source: FARML 2020 Individual 8

Solution: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1QotkxlmA-pb8c8aQZFIWE7iRSeosnqTu/view

14. 14/69. Source: HMMT 2019 Algebra/NT 10

Solution: https://hmmt-archive.s3.amazonaws.com/tournaments/2019/feb/algnt/solutions.

pdf

15. 18. Source: CMIMC 2020 Algebra/NT 10

Solution: http://cmimc-official.herokuapp.com/docs/past-tests/2020_ANT_S.pdf