

Project 1 - Radial Velocities

Part 3.

The goal of this exercise is to work with a contemporary RV-dataset and correctly identify as many planetary RV-signatures as possible. You saw last week that without a good initial guess for the planetary period, it is difficult to find planets in RV-data. In research, a first search for possible RV-signatures is often done by looking at the Fourier transform of the data and identifying the temporal frequencies with most power. A challenge here is that RV-datapoints are usually non-equally spaced, which makes the application of most Fourier transform algorithms impossible. For this exercise, we want to utilize the LOMB-SCARGLE PERIODOGRAM.

1. Plot the RV-data supplied in `mystery_system_rv.csv`. Can you guess why the dataset presents such significant jumps in the data? Think about a way to correct the data for these jumps. Can you already identify a periodic signal by eye?
2. Inform yourself about the LOMB-SCARGLE PERIODOGRAM and compute it for the given dataset. You will quickly realize that the provided dataset is of a multiplanetary system. Try to identify a few candidate detections and note down guesses for their periods and RV semi-amplitudes. *Hint: Smoothing the LOMB-SCARGLE PERIODOGRAM can help to identify candidates.*

Part 4.

We now want to confirm the candidate detections from Part 3 of the exercise. For this, we will utilize the state-of-the-art RV-fitting tool **RadVel**¹. As this tool is used frequently in research, we supply you with a few pre-defined functions to ease the interaction with **RadVel**². This exercise is meant to be an exploratory process to arrive at the following two goals:

1. Try to identify as many exoplanet signatures as you can. For each potential planet, note down your estimates for the minimum mass $m \sin(i)$ ³, the period P and the eccentricity e . Are you more confident in some detections than others?
2. **(Bonus)** Can you determine the host-system by the properties of your planet candidates.⁴

Note *To receive feedback on your project work please upload it as a PDF-file to the moodle-course. In case you have any questions, please contact Komal Bali (kobali@phys.ethz.ch), Janina Hansen (jahansen@ethz.ch), and Sean Jordan (jordans@ethz.ch).*

¹<https://radvel.readthedocs.io>

²In case you are interested, please feel free to look into the original code

³Host star mass $m_s = 0.97 M_\odot$, gravitational constant $G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3/\text{kg/s}^2$

⁴Use <https://exoplanetarchive.ipac.caltech.edu> or <https://exoplanet.eu/home/>.