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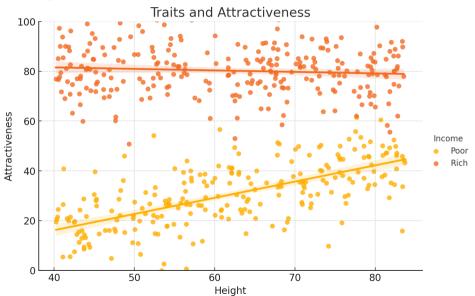
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  - Observation: tall poor people are seen as just as attractive as short rich people.

## Visualizing this relationship



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## Incumbency, economic performance, and regieme type

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Now let's account for the interaction:

 $\mathsf{VoterSupport} = \alpha_0 + \beta_1 \mathsf{EconPerf} + \beta_2 \mathsf{RegimeType} + \beta_3 (\mathsf{EconPerf} \times \mathsf{RegimeType}) + \mu$ 

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- $eta_3$  is the coefficient for the interaction term between economic performance and regime type. This term shows how the effect of economic performance on voter support differs in authoritarian regimes compared to democratic ones.

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- $\blacktriangleright$   $\mu$  represents the error term



Coefficient of an interaction term tells you how the relationship between two variables changes.

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 Education +  $\beta_2$ Gender +  $\beta_3$ (Education × Gender) +  $\mu$ 

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GenderMale	-1.87
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Expected Political Participation =  $10.01 + 3.22 \times 15 + (-1.87) \times 1 + 1.5 \times (15 \times 1) = 78.94$ 

# National security threats, immigration attitudes, and ideology

Does the effect of perceived national security threats on immigration attitudes differ among liberals and conservatives?

Expected Immigration Attitude =  $\alpha + \beta_1 \times \text{NationalSecurityThreat} + \beta_2 \times \text{PoliticalIdeology} + \beta_3 \times (\text{NationalSecurityThreat} \times \text{PoliticalIdeology})$ 

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What is the expected immigration attitudes for liberals where national security threat is 10

Expected Immigration Attitude = 
$$20 + 1.5 \times 10 - 5 + 2 \times (10 \times 1) = 50$$