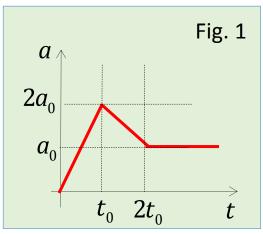
- 1. Consider a particle moving with the acceleration vs. time graph as in Fig. 1.  $a_0$  and  $t_0$  are constants with unit in  $m/s^2$  and s. Assume the particle is at rest and at origin (原點) at t = 0.
- (a) Find the velocity v(t) for each interval (i.e.  $0 < t < t_0$ ,  $t_0 < t < 2t_0$ ,  $2t_0 < t$
- (b) Find the displacement x(t) of the particle for each interval.
- (c) What are the velocity and displacement of the particle at  $t = 3t_0$ ?



Sol:

For 
$$0 < t < t_0$$
;  $a = \frac{2a_0}{t_0}t$ ;  $v_0 = 0$ 

$$\int_{v_0}^{v} dv = v(t) - v_0 = \int_{0}^{t} a dt$$

$$v(t) - v_0 = \int_0^t \frac{2a_0}{t_0} t dt = \frac{a_0}{t_0} t^2 \longrightarrow v(t) = \frac{a_0}{t_0} t^2$$

$$v(t) = \frac{a_0}{t_0}t^2; \quad x(0) = 0$$

$$\int_{x_0}^x dx = \int_0^t v dt$$

$$x(t) - x_0 = \int_0^t \left(\frac{a_0}{t_0}t^2\right) dt \to x(t) = \frac{a_0}{3t_0}t^3$$

For  $t_0 < t < 2t_0$ ;  $a = -\frac{a_0}{t_0}t + 3a_0$ ;  $v_{t_0} = a_0t_0$ 

$$\int_{v_0}^{v} dv = v(t) - v_{t_0} = \int_{t_0}^{t} a dt = \int_{t_0}^{t} (-\frac{a_0}{t_0}t + 3a_0) dt$$

$$v(t) - v_{t_0} = (-\frac{a_0}{2t_0})(t^2 - t_0^2) + 3a_0(t - t_0)$$

$$\rightarrow v(t) = -\frac{a_0}{2t_0}t^2 + 3a_0t - \frac{3}{2}a_0t_0$$

$$v(t) = -\frac{a_0}{2t_0}t^2 + 3a_0t - \frac{3}{2}a_0t_0; \quad x_{t_0} = \frac{a_0t_0^2}{3}$$

$$\int_{x_{t_0}}^x dx = x(t) - x_{t_0} = \int_{t_0}^t v dt = \int_{t_0}^t \left( -\frac{3}{2}a_0t_0 + 3a_0t - \frac{a_0}{2t_0}t^2 \right) dt$$

$$x(t) - x_{t_0} = -\frac{3}{2}a_0t_0(t - t_0) + \frac{3}{2}a_0(t^2 - t_0^2) - \frac{a_0}{6t_0}(t^3 - t_0^3)$$

$$\rightarrow x(t) = -\frac{3}{2}a_0t_0(t - t_0) + \frac{3}{2}a_0(t^2 - t_0^2) - \frac{a_0}{6t_0}(t^3 - t_0^3) + \frac{a_0t_0^2}{3}$$
For  $2t_0 < t$ ;  $a = a_0$ ;  $v_{2t_0} = \frac{5}{2}a_0t_0$ 

$$\int_{v_{2t_0}}^v dv = v(t) - v_{2t_0} = \int_{2t_0}^t adt = a_0(t - 2t_0)$$

$$\rightarrow v(t) = \frac{5}{2}a_0t_0 + a_0(t - 2t_0); \quad x_{2t_0} = \frac{13}{6}a_0t_0^2$$

$$\int_{x_{2t_0}}^{x} dx = x(t) - x_{2t_0} = \int_{2t_0}^{t} v dt = \int_{2t_0}^{t} \left( \frac{5}{2} a_0 t_0 + a_0 (t - 2t_0) \right) dt$$

$$x(t) - x_{2t_0} = \frac{1}{2}a_0t_0(t - 2t_0) + \frac{a_0}{2}(t^2 - 2t_0^2) \rightarrow x(t) = \frac{1}{2}a_0t_0(t - 2t_0) + \frac{a_0}{2}(t^2 - 2t_0^2) + \frac{13}{6}a_0t_0^2$$

$$\rightarrow v(3t_0) = \frac{7}{2}a_0t_0; \quad x(3t_0) = 4a_0t_0^2$$
 
$$\rightarrow 4a_0t_0^2 + \frac{13}{6}a_0t_0^2 = \frac{37}{6}a_0t_0^2$$

2. Find the answer for the following.

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(3x - \frac{\pi}{2}) dx$$

$$u = 3x - \frac{\pi}{2}; \quad dx = \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(3x - \frac{\pi}{2}) dx = \frac{1}{3} \int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{5}{2}\pi} \sin u du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \left( \cos \frac{5}{2} \pi - \cos(-\frac{1}{2}\pi) \right) = 0$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(3x - \frac{\pi}{2}) dx$$

$$(b) \qquad \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{1}{2t - 5} \, dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{1}{2t - 5} d(2t) = \frac{1}{2} \ln |2t - 5| \Big|_{t_1}^{t_2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{2t_2 - 5}{2t_2 - 5} \right|$$

$$(c) \qquad \int_0^3 e^{-5x+2} dx$$
$$u = -5x + 2$$

$$dx = \frac{1}{-5} du$$

$$\frac{1}{-5}\int_2^{-13}e^udu$$

$$=\frac{1}{5}(e^2-e^{-13})$$

(d) 
$$\int_{5}^{6} \frac{3}{\sqrt{2x-9}} dx$$

$$=3\int_{5}^{6} (2x-9)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \frac{(2x-9)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{1/2} \Big|_{x=5}^{x=6}$$
$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3}-3}{1/2}$$

- 3. The acceleration of an object is given by  $a = 4 2t^2$  ( $m/s^2$ ). The position of the object is 2m at t = 1 sec, and the velocity of the object is 0 m/s at t = 1 sec.
- (a) Write expressions for the position and velocity of the object as functions of time.
- (b) Find the position and velocity of the object at t = 4 sec.

Sol: (a) 
$$a = 4 - 2t^2$$
;  $v_1 = 0$ ;  $x_1 = 2$ 

$$\int_{v_1}^{v} dv = v(t) - v_1 = \int_{1}^{t} \left( 4 - 2t^2 \right) dt = -\frac{2}{3}t^3 + 4t - \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow v(t) = -\frac{2}{3}t^3 + 4t - \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\int_{x_1}^{x} dx = x(t) - x_1 = \int_{1}^{t} v dt = \int_{1}^{t} \left( -\frac{2}{3}t^3 + 4t - \frac{10}{3} \right) dt$$

$$x(t) - x_1 = -\frac{t^4}{6} + 2t^2 - \frac{10}{3}t + \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow x(t) = -\frac{t^4}{6} + 2t^2 - \frac{10}{3}t + \frac{7}{2}$$

(b) 
$$v(t) = -\frac{2}{3}t^3 + 4t - \frac{10}{3}$$
$$x(t) = -\frac{t^4}{6} + 2t^2 - \frac{10}{3}t + \frac{7}{2}$$

$$t_2 = 4 \sec \rightarrow \begin{cases} v(t_2) = -30 (m/s) \\ x(t_2) = -\frac{41}{2} (m) \end{cases}$$