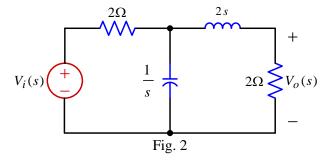
1. (a) Given
$$G_1(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 2} = \frac{K_1}{s + 1 - j1} + \frac{K_1^*}{s + 1 + j1}$$
, find K_1 . (6%)

(b) Given
$$\mathbf{F}_1(s) = \frac{2}{s+2} + \frac{2}{s+3}$$
, $\mathbf{F}_2(s) = e^{-2s}\mathbf{F}_1(s)$, find $f_2(t)$. (6%)

(c) Use <u>initial value</u> and <u>final value theorems</u> to find the initial and final values of f(t) if

$$\mathbf{F}(s) = \frac{2s^2 + s + 1}{s(s^2 + 4s + 4)} \quad (10\%)$$

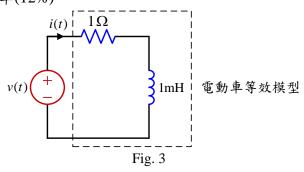
2. Find and use the transfer function $\mathbf{H}(s) = \mathbf{V}_o(s)/\mathbf{V}_i(s)$ of the circuit shown in Fig. 2 to determine the **steady-state response** $v_{oss}(t)$ if $v_i(t) = 10\cos 5t \, \mathrm{V}$. (22%)



3. 電動車等效模型如 Fig.3,此電路由電壓源 v(t) 驅動, v(t) 之傅立葉級數如下:

$$v(t) = \sum_{\substack{n=1\\ n \text{ odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{10}{n\pi} \sin n\omega_0 t$$

- (a) 畫出 v(t) 前 2 項的振幅(amplitude)與(phase)相角頻譜(12%)
- (b)使用 v(t) 前 2 項求出 i(t) ($\omega_0 = 1000$) (12%)
- (c)計算吸收的平均功率(12%)



4. 求出 Fig. 4 雙埠網路的阻抗參數,寫出詳細計算過程,並注意單位(20%)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{V}_1 \\ \mathbf{V}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z}_{11} & \mathbf{z}_{12} \\ \mathbf{z}_{21} & \mathbf{z}_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I}_1 \\ \mathbf{I}_2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{V}_1 \qquad 4\Omega$$

$$Fig. 4$$