Sean C. Lewis

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Disruption of gas collapse, star formation, and cluster assembly

- The feedback from massive stars likely dominates the self-regulation of star formation.
- Gas evacuation (via stellar feedback) is crucial to the completion of star cluster assembly.¹
- How gas is removed (rapidly, or slowly) may affect cluster structure.²
- What about *when* massive stars form? Using our computational model we test the effects of early forming massive stars.



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Torch

Stars from gas

Torch³ couples N-body, stellar evolution, and feedback in AMUSE⁴ with self-gravitating magnetized gas in MHD code FLASH.⁵

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Stars from gas

- Torch³ couples N-body, stellar evolution, and feedback in AMUSE⁴ with self-gravitating magnetized gas in MHD code FLASH.⁵
- Resolved dynamics of stars and gas; study star cluster formation within collapsing GMCs.
- Form stars from sink particles which each have a randomized star mass list sampled from the Kroupa IMF.⁶

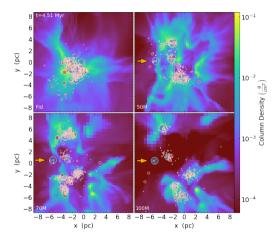
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⁶Kroupa 2001

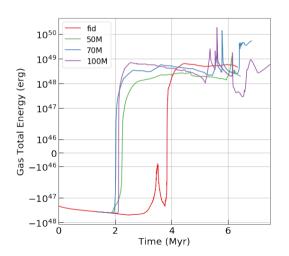
A Controlled Experiment

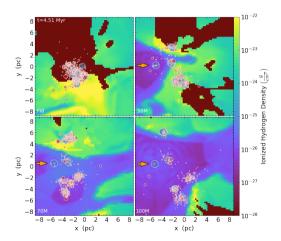


Lewis et al. 2023



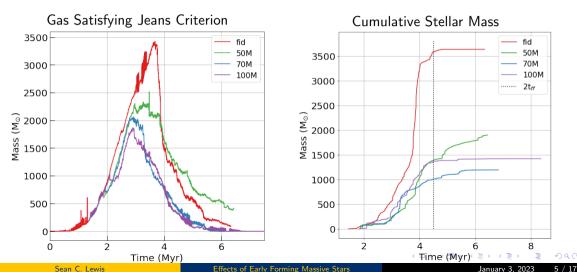
Effects on Gas Energy



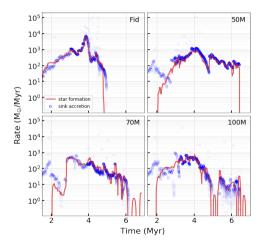




Effects on Gas Accretion and Star Formation

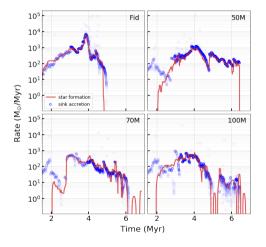


Effects on Gas Accretion and Star Formation



Early forming massive stars reduces sink accretion and star formation rates.

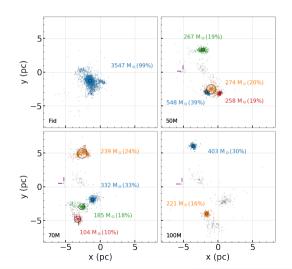
Effects on Gas Accretion and Star Formation



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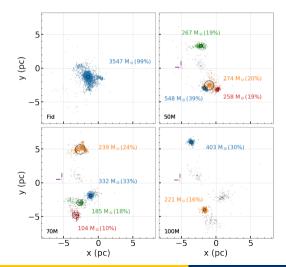
Run	$\langle \epsilon_{\it ff} angle$
Fid	0.23
50M	0.08
70M	0.03
100M	0.04

Effects on Star Clustering, Cluster Assembly



Run	Mass in Clusters	Frac Mass	r _h MMC	E _{bind} MMC
	$10^3~M_{\odot}$	M_c/M_{tot}	pc	10 ⁴⁶ erg
Fid	3.6	0.99	0.25	-140
50M	1.4	0.97	0.17	-12
70M	0.86	0.85	0.21	-4.2
100M	0.62	0.46	0.18	-3.8

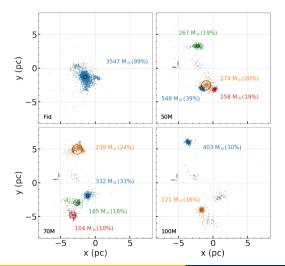
Effects on Star Clustering, Cluster Assembly



■ DBSCAN to identify cluster with at least 50% bound members and $100~{\rm M}_{\odot}$ at $2\tau_{\rm ff}$.

Run	Mass in Clusters	Frac Mass	r _b MMC	E _{bind} MMC
	$10^3~M_{\odot}$	M_c/M_{tot}	рс	10 ⁴⁶ erg
Fid	3.6	0.99	0.25	-140
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Effects on Star Clustering, Cluster Assembly



- DBSCAN to identify cluster with at least 50% bound members and $100~{\rm M}_{\odot}$ at $2\tau_{\rm ff}$.
- Clusters in runs with early massive stars are less massive and more fragmented compared to the fiducial run.

Run	Mass in Clusters	Frac Mass	r _h MMC	E _{bind} MMC
	$10^3~M_{\odot}$	M_c/M_{tot}	pc	10^{46} erg
Fid	3.6	0.99	0.25	-140
50M	1.4	0.97	0.17	-12
70M	0.86	0.85	0.21	-4.2
100M	0.62	0.46	0.18	-3.8

Significantly disrupt the natal gas structure, resulting in premature unbinding of GMC.

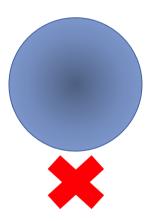


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- The star formation rate per free-fall time is suppressed by up to a factor of seven, reducing the total mass of stars formed.



- Significantly disrupt the natal gas structure, resulting in premature unbinding of GMC.
- The star formation rate per free-fall time is suppressed by up to a factor of seven, reducing the total mass of stars formed.
- Stifle the hierarchical assembly process of massive star clusters, instead promoting the formation of spatially separate and more loosely bound subclusters.

The Problem with Initial Conditions





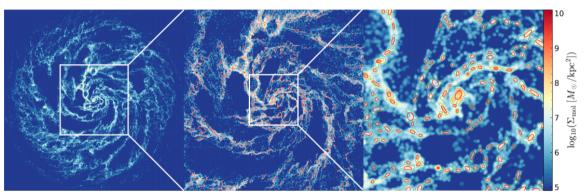
The Problem with Initial Conditions

 Self consistent galactic scale simulations with resolution down to sub-tenth parsec scales and include Nbody individual stellar dynamics and individual stellar feedback all at once?
 A little tough.

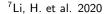
The Problem with Initial Conditions

- Self consistent galactic scale simulations with resolution down to sub-tenth parsec scales and include Nbody individual stellar dynamics and individual stellar feedback all at once? A little tough.
- Creating our own isolated clouds from scratch? "Creative liberties..."

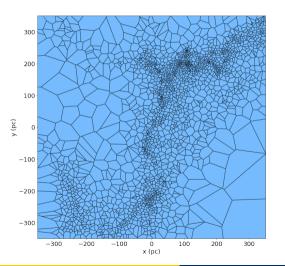
Clouds from Galactic Simulations

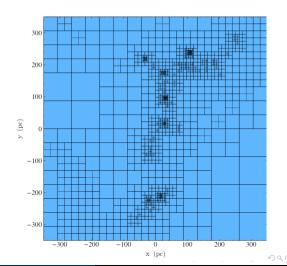


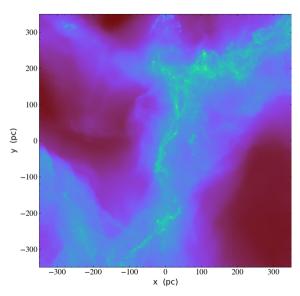
GMC identification⁷



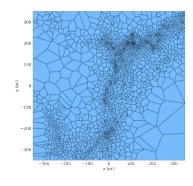
Voronoi Mesh to AMR Grid

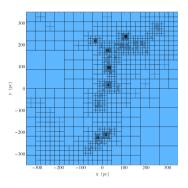


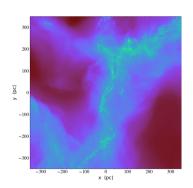




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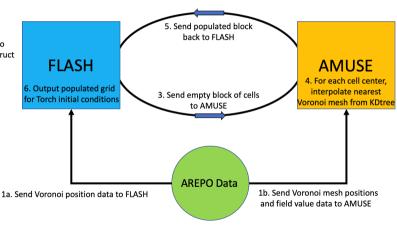






VorAMR: Logic path

2a. Convert mesh to particles and construct refined AMR grid



2h Construct KDtree with field values assigned to leaf nodes

VorAMR: The Big Wins

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- Provides a novel way to visualize Voronoi mesh-based hydrodynamical data.
- Represents a critical linkage in the star cluster simulation pipeline which will allow Torch to use realistic GMC initial conditions.
- Provides an avenue for increased collaboration between entrenched research groups.



Thank You!

Questions?

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Appendix

$$\epsilon_{\mathsf{ff}} = \dot{M}_* rac{t_{\mathsf{ff}}}{M_{\mathsf{g}}}$$
 (1)

