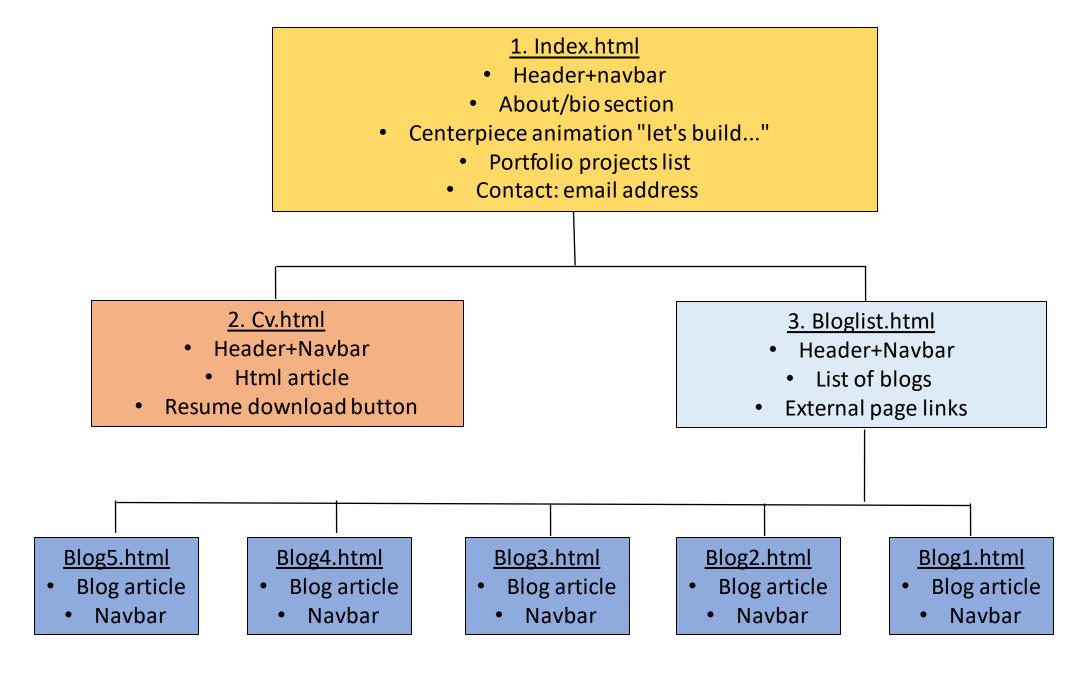
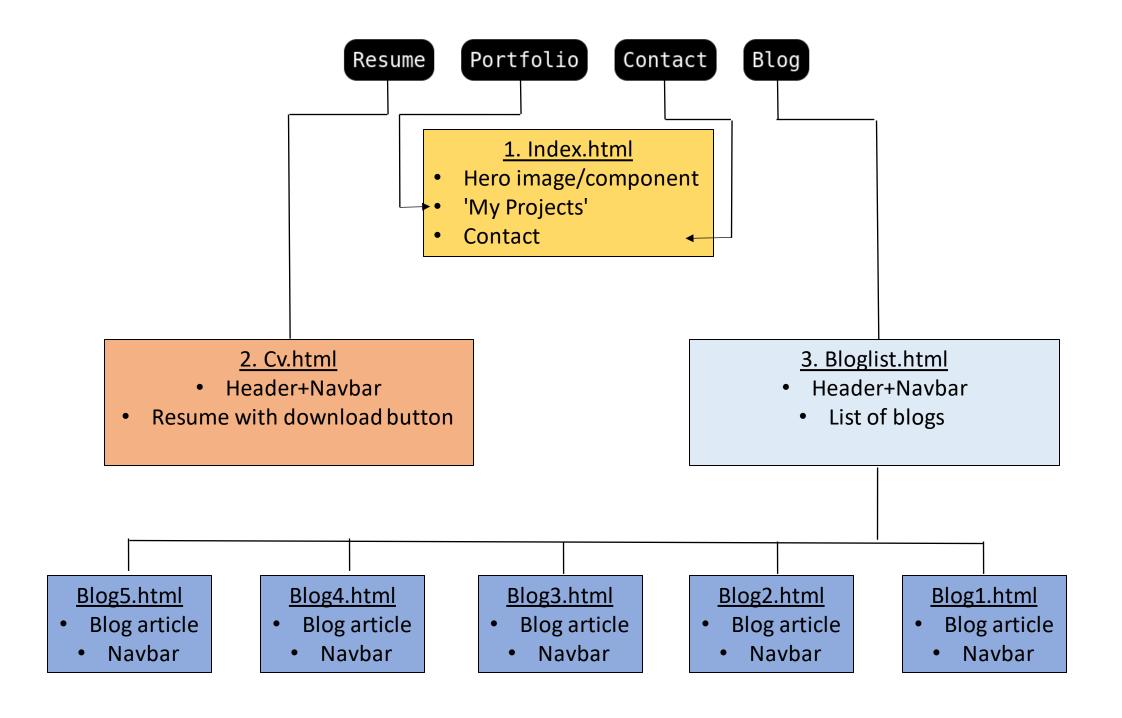
Assignment 2

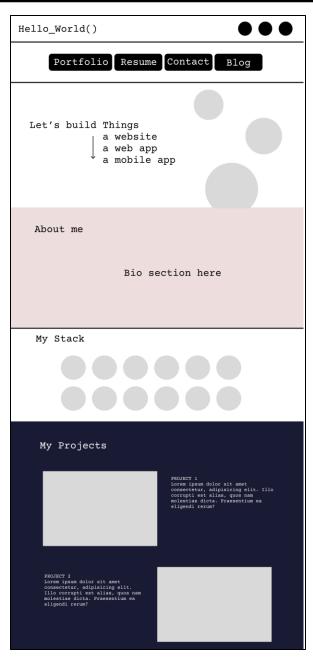
Portfolio website using HTML5/CSS3

Video walkthrough: https://vimeo.com/manage/videos/743247184 (apologies for poor sound quality)





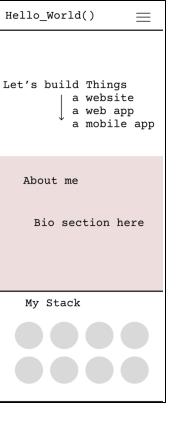
Wireframes – Responsive index.html





600-1000px (tablets-desktop)

Essential info (Bio/skills/ projects/contact) were all put on a single page as time spent on portfolio sites is short... Also, I felt it (hopefully) showcases an ability to build 'long' responsive websites.



<600px (mobile)

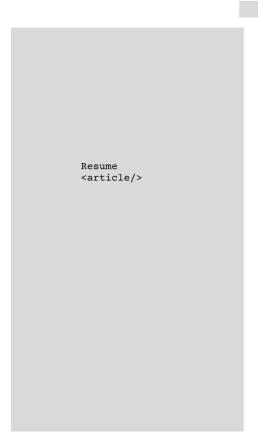
Contrasting backgrounds used to make a 'page-within-a-page' effect



Wireframes - CV.html

- Resume was written as a single html article to give feel of a paper resume.
- The intention was to avoid overstylising the content so <sections> were not required.
- CV is easily downloadable however with proper styling

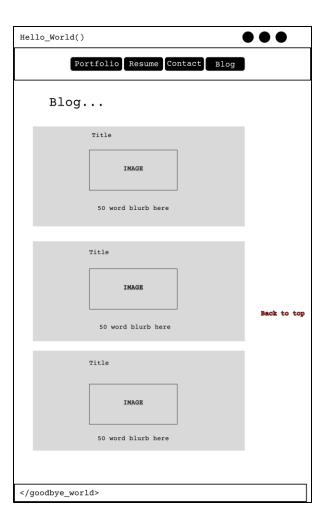


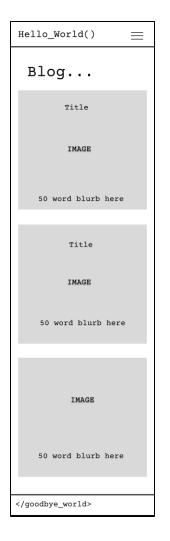


</goodbye_world>

Wireframes – bloglist.html

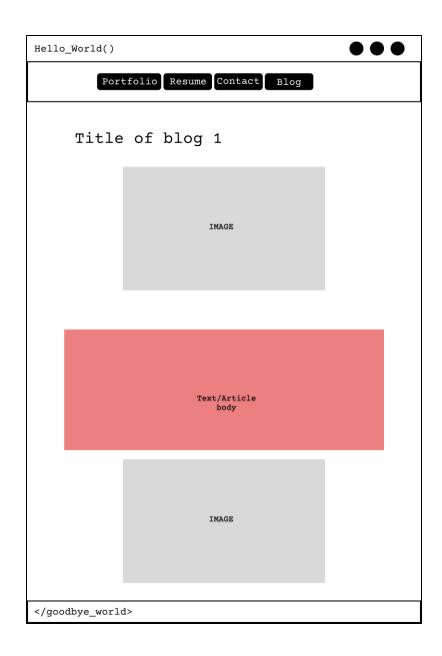
- Design for the blog index was minimal
- My initial idea was to lay blog thumbnails out in a grid however the long-list option seemed better particularly for the mobile screen scroll.
- A 'back to top' button included in case the list of blogs gets too extensive



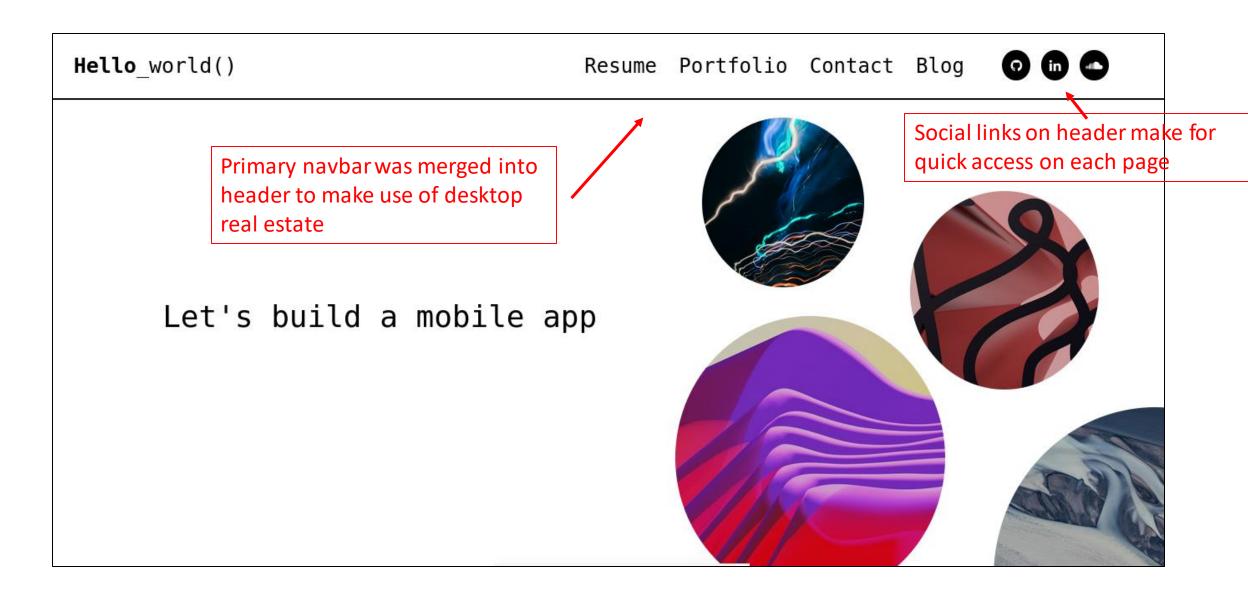


Wireframes – blog1.html (2, 3, 4, 5)

- Blog entry followed a news article layout
- All 5 pages have same placeholder layout however will likely change depending on the blog post



Changes to navbar layout



How layout boosts UX/engagement

personal websites as a digital resume: the less pages the better

- I decided to put my Bio, Skills, projects and contact info on the index.html as I thought scrolling (especially on mobile) is quicker and easier for the user to navigate these crucial bits of information.
- Another reason to put these elements on index.html is that it (hopefully) showcases an ability to build 'long' responsive sites.

Hello_World()

 \equiv

Let's build Things

a website

a web app

a mobile app

About me

Bio section here

My Stack



My Projects

All enquiries

email address

</goodbye_world>

Monospaced font was used throughout to reflect code/ programming-style text

 drawbacks: singular fonts for both text and headings can seem boring

 Hero image not dominating nor 'limiting', stylistically

Hello_World()

Let's build Things a website

> a web app a mobile app

About me

Bio section here

My Stack



Hello world()









Portfolio

Contact

About me

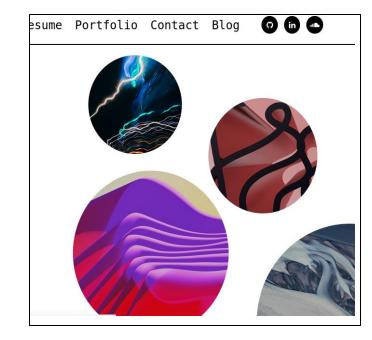
Hi. My name is Sean Gyuris.

I am a junior full-stack developer who [will] currently builds with HTML/CSS, ReactJS and Flask.

My past projects [will] feature a range of functionalities not limited to: profile creation, payments integration (Stripe), paywalls and media players.

I [will] take pride in writing clean code using an agile approach both collaboratively or solo.

My Stack



How components and animations boost engagement & showcase unique UX/UI

- Text reel on hero image:
 - Demonstrates an ability to build a animation type featured on many modern websites

```
Let's build Things

a website

a web app

a mobile app
```

- Blinking cursor
 - Demonstrates an ability to build a unique animation styling (to attract potential future clients) – also was used to liken these blogs as 'journal' entries

Blog Blog| Blog

Roadblocks & work-throughs

- Relative linking WITHIN the page: it seems Mozilla does not recognise internal links without anchor tags or id="" descriptors. So to get cross-browser linking functionality, I used id="", and added "a" tags within divs that had internal relative links.
- displaying .svg images in Chrome was problematic: SOME of my svg. Images [screenshots] set within an 'img' tag failed to display in Chrome upon deployment so I was forced to either use png or an .svg as a div background image. A potential work-around that I decided not to use can be found

here: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/10737166/chrome-not-rendering-svg-referenced-via-img-element

Roadblocks & work-throughs

•The Hamburger Nav dropdown using only CSS:

To build a drop-down menu using only vanilla CSS I:

- 1.used the 'input' element with a 'checkbox' attribute to make the 'toggle button'.
- 2.Since checkbox has a 'checked' pseudo element, I simply made a @media query that stated: "if checked, display a dropdown menu (<mobileNav/>). If unchecked, then mobileNav{ display:none}.
- 3.All that needed to be done to substitute the checkbox with a hamburger menu icon which I did by putting a html 'Label' over the checkbox (<label for="checkbox" class="hamburgerlcon" >),then set the box's visibility to none.

HTML

<input type="checkbox" id="hamburger-nav" class="hamburger-nav">

```
<label for="hamburger-nav" class="hamburgerIcon">
     <i class="fa fa-solid fa-bars fa-lg"></i>
</label>
```

CSS

```
.hamburger-nav{
    display:none;
}
.hamburger-nav:checked ~ mobileNav {
    display:block;
    margin-left: 4%;
    margin-right: 5%;
}
@media screen and (min-width: 600px){
    .hamburger-nav, .hamburgerIcon {
        display: none;
    }
}
```

REPO: https://github.com/seanlb02/CA-portfolio

Live demo: https://thriving-treacle-8b6b78.netlify.app/