

## Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

with Python



Lesson 10

-Presented By: Sean Li



## Object Oriented Programing



#### Class

class Dog:

#define what dog are here



#### init method

- Defines the properties of the class
- Can take unlimited number of parameters
- "Self" is always the first parameter
- "." represents attributes
- Attributes created in .\_\_init\_\_() are called instance attributes
- Class attributes are defined elsewhere



#### init method

```
class Dog:
 #define what dog are here
 num_legs = 4
 num_heads = 1
 can_bark = True
 def __init__(self, name, kind):
   self.name = name
   self.kind = kind
```



### Object instantiation

```
[3] class Dog:
      #define what dog are here
      num_legs = 4
      num_heads = 1
      can_bark = True
      def __init__(self, name, kind):
        self.name = name
        self.kind = kind
[4] Dog("potato", "shiba")
C→ <__main__.Dog at 0x7fbf9a72acf8>
```

```
HUALONG EDUCATION
华代教育
```

# Attribute Access Dot Notation

```
class Dog:
      #define what dog are here
      num_legs = 4
      num_heads = 1
      can_bark = True
      def __init__(self, name, kind):
        self.name = name
        self.kind = kind
[6] potato = Dog("potato", "shiba")
    potato
□→ <__main__.Dog at 0x7fbf9a72aa58>
[7] potato.name
    'potato'
[8] potato.kind
    'shiba'
[9] potato.num_legs
[→ 4
```



Method/Function



```
class Dog:
class Dog:
                                        #define what dog are here
 #define what dog are here
  num_legs = 4
                                         num_legs = 4
                                         num\ heads = 1
  num_heads = 1
                                         can_bark = True
  can_bark = True
                                         def __init__(self, name, kind):
  def __init__(self, name, kind):
                                           self.name = name
    self.name = name
                                           self.kind = kind
   self.kind = kind
                                         def bark(self):
  def bark():
                                           print(self.name)
    print("woof")
```

```
Dog.bark()

potato = Dog("potato", "shiba")
potato.bark()
```



#### Create a car class. A car should have

- Four wheels
- Brand, Year, Price, Passengers (a list)
- · Function: Drive
- Function: Sound the horn (Each car should have a difference sound)
- function: add or delete passengers

#### Exercise:



Create a new car: Honda Civic, made in 2018, with price \$40,000. It currently has passengers: Sean the dude, Trump who knows it all, Biden the old guy.



Access each of the attributes of the car, drive, sound the horn, then delete passenger Trump who knows it all and add a new passenger Obama the terminator