Human judgements of energy trilemma discussion

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Introduction

To validate the automated measure, we compared it to human judgements. 10 fluent English speakers in the UK were trained on the basics of the energy trilemma, using standard teaching resources on the topic (Glasgow Science Centre, 2021; Our Future Energy, 2022, see below). Participants were not told what the key terms were.

Each participant was asked to read 40 randomly selected articles from the corpus. For each article, they rated the extent to which each article discussed each of the three aspects of the energy trilemma, scoring each aspect independently from 0 to 10. One participant was excluded due to technical difficulties (see discussion below). 8 of the articles were identical across participants, and these were used to test the agreement between human rates.

The three measures are not independent, since discussing one aspect of the trilemma usually means not discussing the others. Therefore, the analyses below focus on sustainability, since that is the best-represented topic.

The instructions for participants are included below:

Instructions for participants

This project aims to measure how much the media discusses the 'energy trilemma': three crucial components of our global energy system. These are the topics of accessibility, security, and sustainability.

We've collected a large number of news articles about the UN conferences on climate change (e.g. COP26). We're using automatic computational linguistics methods to summarise how much discussion is occurring for each of the three areas. However, we're not sure whether the computational methods align well with human judgements. That's where you come in.

You'll read a short news article, then give your opinion about how much each part of the trilemma was discussed. We'll then use this data to check that the computational method is behaving sensibly. The first task is for you to understand what the three aspects of the trilemma are, so that you can recognise them. There's a short introduction to the topics on the next page, and a link to a short video.

Rating involves the following steps: - Open the "NewsArticles" pdf file and read one of the articles. Some of the formatting might be a little strange or the text might be cut off halfway through a sentence. Don't worry about this, just try to get a gist of what the article is about. - When you've read the article, open up the ratings excel file. You can provide your judgement about how much the article discussed each component. Make sure the article number and article ID match. - Type in a score from 0 (did not discuss) to 10 (discussed a lot) for each article. Some articles might not discuss one of the components at all, while in others there may be a balance. Looking at many articles together, we're guessing that there will be a general balance, but we could be wrong. Don't overthink things – we want to know your overall impression of each article.

Go through each of the 40 articles in the article list and rate each one. It should take about 4 hours. You're not expected to do this in one sitting.

The Energy Trilemma

We use energy to power our phones and TVs, to heat our houses, cook our food, and transport us by car, train and plane. Sources of energy include oil, gas, solar, wind etc.. The energy trilemma is about addressing three often conflicting challenges related to providing energy: ensuring energy security, providing energy accessibility, and achieving environmental sustainability.

Sustainability

Environmental Sustainability of energy systems represents the transition of a country's energy system towards mitigating and avoiding potential environmental harm and climate change impacts. The dimension focuses on productivity and efficiency of generation, transmission and distribution, decarbonisation, and air quality. Globally, we draw most of our energy from oil, coal, and natural gas. These fossil fuels account for 80% of the world's energy mix. These sources of energy have negative effects on our planet by releasing greenhouse gases into the atmosphere and are a huge contributor to the climate crisis. Sustainable energy focuses on meeting the energy demands of today without negatively impacting future generations. Hydro, solar, and wind power are all considered more sustainable sources of energy as they come from renewable sources. Other low-carbon options, such as nuclear power, may be a big part of our energy mix in the future but there are still ongoing debates about its sustainability when it comes to nuclear waste.

Security

Security refers to whether we are able to access enough energy when and where we need it. This means being able to have uninterrupted availability of energy. In the short term this could mean an energy system that is able to respond to sudden changes in supply and demand. For example, energy demand in the UK spikes around 7am and again, between 4 and 7pm which is usually when people get up in the morning and when they return home from school or work!

Another aspect of energy security is security in the long term. With fossil fuels like oil, gas and coal, there is a limited supply and eventually these sources of energy will run out. Using renewable energy sources like wind, solar and hydro power can improve energy security in the long term.

Accessibility

Accessibility relates to a country's ability to provide universal access to reliable, affordable, and abundant energy for domestic and commercial use. The dimension captures basic access to electricity and clean cooking fuels and technologies, access to prosperity-enabling levels of energy consumption, and affordability of electricity, gas, and fuel. We need energy to live our every day lives: to heat our homes, run our cars and public transport and power the lights in buildings. It is important that the energy that we use is affordable and accessible to everyone. According to the International Energy Agency's 2020 report, solar power is the cheapest source of electricity in history, with wind power not too far behind. This is partly down to more efficient solar plants and wind turbines to allow for better energy generation. However, issues include whether they allow reliable energy provision. We can also improve energy affordability by making more energy efficient products. Gadgets that take less energy to power can help drive down energy costs by lessening demand.

Finally, please watch this 3 minute video on the energy trilemma:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CI4DnLsANJM

Load libraries

```
library(quanteda)
library(quanteda.textstats)
library(quanteda.textplots)
library(stringr)
library(openxlsx)
library(ggplot2)
library(lme4)
library(MuMIn)
library(sjPlot)
library(irr)
library(DescTools)
library(lattice)
library(party)
```

Load data

Load human ratings of articles:

```
d4 = NULL
for(file in list.files("../data/HumanJudgements/judgements/")){
  dx = NULL
  if(grepl("xlsx",file)){
   dx = read.xlsx(paste0("../data/HumanJudgements/judgements/",file),1)
  if(grepl("csv",file)){
   dx = read.csv(paste0("../data/HumanJudgements/judgements/",file),stringsAsFactors = F)
 dx$participant = as.numeric(gsub("_","",substr(file,14,15)))
  d4 = rbind(d4, dx)
# Exclude articles rated twice
d4 = d4[!duplicated(paste(d4$participant,d4$ID)),]
#d4$text = copUK[match(d4$ID,copUK$ID),]$text
d4$totalJudgement = d4$Sustainability + d4$Security + d4$Accessibility
getProp = function(dx,measure){
 X = dx[,measure] / dx$totalJudgement
  X[dx$totalJudgement==0] = 0
  return(X)
}
d4$SustainabilityProp = getProp(d4, "Sustainability")
d4$SecurityProp = getProp(d4, "Security")
d4$AccessibilityProp = getProp(d4, "Accessibility")
d4$ID2 = paste0(d4$ID,"_",d4$participant)
d4$participant = factor(d4$participant)
```

Load keywords, but remove any that were suggested as a result of the analysis of the human judgements, to avoid circularity.

```
kw = read.csv("../data/LEXIS/TrilemmaKeywords.csv",stringsAsFactors = F)
kw = kw[kw$Notes != "Suggested by human judgements",]

getKeywords= function(sub){
    kx = unique(unlist(strsplit(kw[kw$Subject==sub,]$concepts,";")))
    names(kx) = kx
    return(kx)
}
accessibilityKeywords = getKeywords("Accessibility")
securityKeywords = getKeywords("Security")
sustainabilityKeywords = getKeywords("Sustainability")
```

Load reference corpus frequencies for alternative measure. The frequencies come from the SiBol Extended corpus of UK newspaper articles from the last 10 years (see Dunning, 1993; Partington, 2010), as made available on Sketch Engine (Kilgariff et al., 2014).

Function to compare frequencies between two corpora, based on the G2 metric (see Rayson et al., 2004).

```
logLikelihood.G2 = function(a,b,c,d){
    # freqInCorpus1, freqInCorpus2, sizeOfCorpus1, sizeOfCorpus2
E1 = c*(a+b) / (c+d)
E2 = d*(a+b) / (c+d)
G2 = 2*((a*log(a/E1)) + (b*log(b/E2)))
G2[a==0] = NA
return(G2)
}
```

Function to load article text and calculate frequency scores:

```
getTextFromParticipantFile = function(partNum,ids){
  fn = paste0("../data/HumanJudgements/stimuli/NewsArticles_",
              partNum, "SENT.txt")
  tx = readLines(fn)
  tx = paste(tx,collapse="\n")
  tx = gsub("\n [0-9][0-9]?\n", "\n\n", tx)
  tx = strsplit(tx, "\n [0-9][0-9]? : COP")[[1]]
  idx = str_extract(tx,"[0-9][0-9]?_UK[0-9]+")
  idx = paste0("COP",idx)
  tx[match(ids,idx)]
}
processFile = function(d, accessibilityKW,securityKW,sustainabilityKW,
                       refFreqAcc,refFreqSec,refFreqSus){
  # Get text from file sent to participant
  d$text = ""
  for(px in unique(d$participant)){
   d[d$participant==px,]$text =
      getTextFromParticipantFile(px,d[d$participant==px,]$ID)
```

```
# Lower case
d$text = tolower(d$text)
# some texts need to be borrowed from other files
d[is.na(d$text),]$text = d[match(d[is.na(d$text),]$ID, d$ID),]$text
# Create corpus, tokens, freq matrix
corp = corpus(d, docid field = "ID2",text field = "text")
tok = tokens(corp, remove punct = TRUE)
corpDFM = dfm(tok)
d$ArticleTotalWords = rowSums(corpDFM)
# Get frequency for one keyword
getFrequency = function(keyword){
 keyword = tolower(keyword)
  if(grepl(" ",keyword)){
    # Multi-word expression
   return(sapply(str_extract_all(d$text, keyword),length))
 }
  if(keyword %in% colnames(corpDFM)){
    return(as.vector(corpDFM[,keyword]))
 return(rep(0,nrow(d)))
# Get score (frequency per 1000 words)
getScore = function(keywords){
 freq = sapply(keywords,getFrequency)
 return(rowSums(freq))
  #prop = 1000000 * (freq/totalWords)
  #return(prop)
d$CorpAccFreq = getScore(accessibilityKW)
d$CorpSecFreq = getScore(securityKW)
d$CorpSusFreq = getScore(sustainabilityKW)
d$CorpAccFreqRel = (1000000 * d$CorpAccFreq) / d$ArticleTotalWords
d$CorpSecFreqRel = (1000000 * d$CorpSecFreq) / d$ArticleTotalWords
d$CorpSusFreqRel = (1000000 * d$CorpSusFreq) / d$ArticleTotalWords
getScoreG2 = function(keywords,kFreq){
 freq = sapply(keywords,getFrequency)
 refFreq = kFreq[match(colnames(freq),kFreq$Item),]$Frequency
 refFreq[is.na(refFreq)] = 0
 G2s = sapply(1:nrow(freq),function(i){
    logLikelihood.G2(freq[i,],refFreq,
                     d$ArticleTotalWords[i],482360)
  return(colMeans(G2s, na.rm = T))
}
```

```
d$CorpSusFreqG2 = getScoreG2(sustainabilityKW,refFreqSus)

return(d)
}

d4 = processFile(d4,
    accessibilityKeywords, securityKeywords, sustainabilityKeywords,
    refFreqAcc,refFreqSec,refFreqSus)

## Warning in readLines(fn): incomplete final line found on '../data/
## HumanJudgements/stimuli/NewsArticles_1_SENT.txt'

d4$Sustainability.scaled = d4$Sustainability/10
d4$CorpSusFreq.scaled = d4$CorpSusFreq/max(d4$CorpSusFreq)
```

Results

Agreement between human participants

Estimate inter-rater reliability using Intraclass Correlation Coefficient:

```
commonIDs = table(d4$ID)
commonIDs = names(commonIDs)[commonIDs>6]
irrx = d4[d4$ID %in% commonIDs,]
#irrx = irrx[!duplicated(paste(irrx$participant,irrx$ID)),]
irrx = irrx[order(irrx$participant,irrx$ID),]
irrx = matrix(irrx$Sustainability,
              ncol=length(unique(irrx$participant)))
icc(irrx, model = "oneway")
##
    Single Score Intraclass Correlation
##
##
      Model: oneway
##
      Type : consistency
##
##
      Subjects = 8
        Raters = 12
##
##
        ICC(1) = 0.515
##
   F-Test, H0: r0 = 0 ; H1: r0 > 0
##
##
       F(7,88) = 13.7, p = 6.8e-12
##
  95%-Confidence Interval for ICC Population Values:
##
    0.279 < ICC < 0.826
The value is "fair" according to Cicchetti (1994).
Use correlation between participants as baseline.
parts = as.numeric(sort(unique(d4$participant)))
cors = matrix(NA, nrow=length(parts), ncol=length(parts))
rownames(cors) = parts
colnames(cors) = parts
d4 = d4[order(d4\$ID),]
for(i in 1:length(parts)){
  for(j in 1:length(parts)){
    part1 = parts[i]
    part2 = parts[j]
    p1 = d4[d4$participant==part1 & d4$ID %in% commonIDs,]
    p2 = d4[d4$participant==part2 & d4$ID %in% commonIDs,]
    cors[i,j] = cor(p1$Sustainability,p2$Sustainability,
                            method = "kendall")
diag(cors)=NA
```

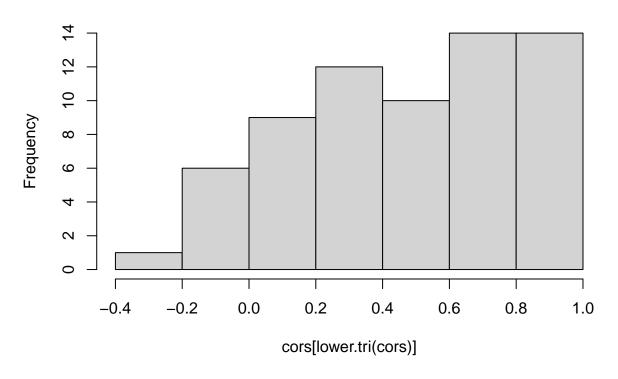
```
The mean correlation:
```

```
mean(cors[lower.tri(cors)],na.rm=T)
```

```
## [1] 0.4665243
```

There is a wide range of participant scores:

Histogram of cors[lower.tri(cors)]



In particular, participant 1 seems to have very different judgements. The mean correlation increases when excluding them:

```
meanCorBetweenHumans = mean(cors[-1,-1],na.rm=T)
meanCorBetweenHumans

## [1] 0.5508084

cx = cors[-1,-1]
cx = cx[lower.tri(cx)]
```

The ICC increases when excluding participant 1:

sdCorBetweenHumans = sd(cx)

```
icc(irrx[,-1], model = "oneway")
```

```
##
    Single Score Intraclass Correlation
##
##
      Model: oneway
##
      Type : consistency
##
      Subjects = 8
##
##
        Raters = 11
        ICC(1) = 0.573
##
##
##
    F-Test, H0: r0 = 0 ; H1: r0 > 0
##
       F(7,80) = 15.8, p = 7.91e-13
```

```
##
## 95%-Confidence Interval for ICC Population Values:
## 0.331 < ICC < 0.856</pre>
```

In addition, participant 1 reported difficulties with viewing the text in the proper format. So we exclude participant 1 from the data:

```
d4 = d4[d4$participant!=1,]
d4$participant = factor(d4$participant)
```

We note that the overall average human ratings for each aspect of the trilemma reflect the broad pattern in the full data: sustainability is discussed most.

mean(d4\$Sustainability)

```
## [1] 3.924658
mean(d4$Security)
```

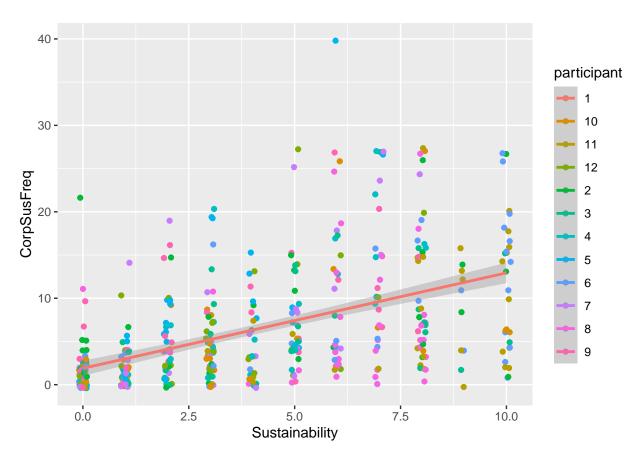
```
## [1] 1.726027
mean(d4$Accessibility)
```

[1] 1.942922

Agreement between human and automated measures

Raw correlation between human and automated frequency:

```
corBetweenHumansAndAuto = cor.test(d4$Sustainability, d4$CorpSusFreq,
         method = "kendall")
corBetweenHumansAndAuto
##
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4$Sustainability and d4$CorpSusFreq
## z = 13.058, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.4560459
Correlation between human and relative frequency:
cor.test(d4$Sustainability, d4$CorpSusFreqRel,
         method = "kendall")
##
## Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4$Sustainability and d4$CorpSusFreqRel
## z = 11.459, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tan
## 0.3908915
Raw correlation for the alternative measure, based on G2:
cor.test(d4$Sustainability, d4$CorpSusFreqG2,
         method = "kendall")
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
##
## data: d4$Sustainability and d4$CorpSusFreqG2
## z = 1.0446, p-value = 0.2962
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
          tau
## 0.03858802
ggplot(d4, aes(x=Sustainability, y= CorpSusFreq,colour=participant)) +
  geom_jitter(width=0.1) +
  geom_smooth(aes(colour="1"),method = "lm")
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```

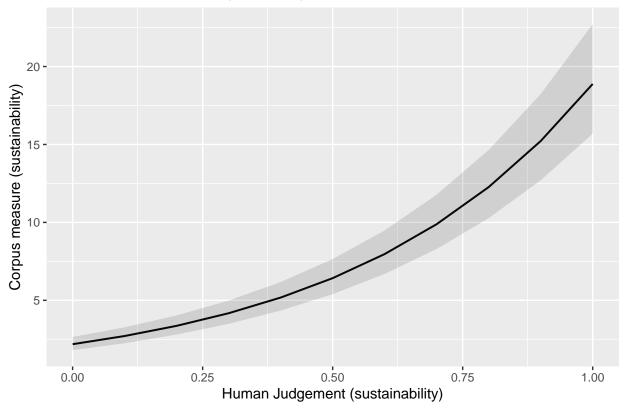


Modelling the participant ratings is conceptually difficult, so we just model the frequencies using Poisson regression. We add an intercept for each participant to remove the random influence of participant baselines.

```
mx = glmer(CorpSusFreq~ Sustainability.scaled +
             (1|participant),
           family=poisson,
           data = d4
mxSummary = summary(mx)
mxSummary
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
##
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
##
    Family: poisson (log)
   Formula: CorpSusFreq ~ Sustainability.scaled + (1 | participant)
##
##
      Data: d4
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
     3308.6
              3320.9
                      -1651.3
##
                                 3302.6
                                             435
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
##
   -4.1862 -1.5010 -0.6024
                            0.9065 13.1555
##
## Random effects:
                            Variance Std.Dev.
    Groups
                Name
    participant (Intercept) 0.08267 0.2875
## Number of obs: 438, groups: participant, 11
```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                          0.78142
                                      0.09794
                                               7.978 1.48e-15 ***
## (Intercept)
## Sustainability.scaled 2.15672
                                      0.07326 29.438 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr)
## Sstnblty.sc -0.422
The model accounts for a high proportion of the variance. The marginal effect is around 0.63, which puts an
estimate for the correlation at 0.79.
# Correlation between observed and predicted values:
cor.test(d4$Sustainability.scaled,
         predict(mx),method="kendall")
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
##
## data: d4$Sustainability.scaled and predict(mx)
## z = 23.292, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.7883947
# Pseudo R-squared:
mxRSq = r.squaredGLMM(mx)
mxRSq
##
                   R2m
                              R2c
## delta
             0.6645135 0.7785783
## lognormal 0.6753653 0.7912928
## trigamma 0.6523080 0.7642776
Clear positive relationship (it appears non-linear because of the Poisson regression):
plot_model(mx,"eff")[[1]] +
 xlab("Human Judgement (sustainability)") +
 ylab("Corpus measure (sustainability)")
```

Predicted counts of CorpSusFreq



Other measures:

```
cor.test(d4$Security, d4$CorpSecFreq,
         method = "kendall")
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4$Security and d4$CorpSecFreq
## z = 6.7793, p-value = 1.207e-11
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.2774814
cor.test(d4$Accessibility, d4$CorpAccFreq,
         method = "kendall")
##
    Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4$Accessibility and d4$CorpAccFreq
## z = 6.2559, p-value = 3.953e-10
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.2635583
```

Extra keywords

Find words that appear more frequently in texts that are accurately predicted compared with texts that are under-predicted.

```
suggestKeywords = function(d4, mx, breaks=c(-3,-2,2)){
  d4$resid = resid(mx)
  lowTexts = d4[d4$resid < breaks[1],]</pre>
  midTexts = d4[d4$resid > breaks[2] & d4$resid < breaks[3],]
  corpL = corpus(lowTexts,text_field="text")
  colloc = textstat_collocations(tokens(corpL,remove_punct = T))
  cat("Frequent Collocations in under-estimated texts:\n")
  print(head(colloc, n=20))
 kwtexts = rbind(lowTexts,midTexts)
  corp = corpus(kwtexts,text_field="text")
  toks <- tokens(corp, remove_punct = TRUE)</pre>
  dfmat <- dfm(toks)</pre>
  tstat_key <- textstat_keyness(dfmat, target = kwtexts$resid > -2)
  cat("----\n\n")
  cat("Keywords (frequent in well-predicted vs. under-predicted\n")
 print(head(tstat_key, n=20))
```

Sustainability

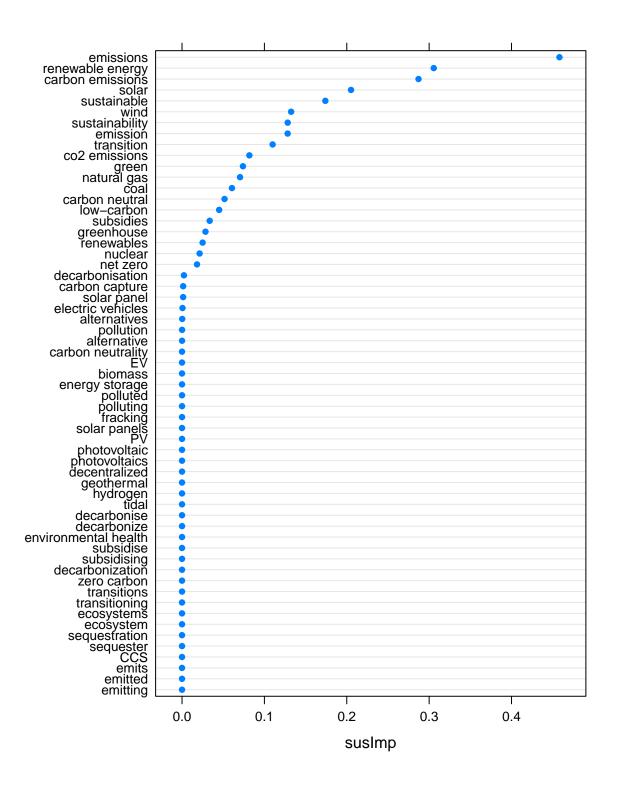
```
mxSus = glmer(CorpSusFreq~ Sustainability.scaled +
             (1|participant),
           family=poisson,
           data = d4
suggestKeywords(d4,mxSus)
## Frequent Collocations in under-estimated texts:
          collocation count count_nested length
                                                   lambda
## 1
      paris agreement
                          19
                                        0
                                               2 7.383920 14.96019
                          79
                                        0
       climate change
                                               2 8.338434 14.76295
## 3
             could be
                                        0
                                               2 6.514265 14.66755
                          24
## 4
                 is a
                          27
                                        0
                                               2 3.247346 13.56224
## 5
                                        0
                                               2 6.003602 12.02261
           world bank
                         10
## 6
      pacific islands
                          9
                                        0
                                               2 5.633369 11.84489
                                               2 8.855588 11.64439
## 7
         young people
                          16
                                        0
## 8
       united nations
                          18
                                        0
                                               2 8.368228 11.61939
## 9
         under threat
                          8
                                        0
                                               2 7.293053 11.46221
## 10
          from across
                          8
                                               2 5.975715 11.46209
        world leaders
                                               2 5.993074 11.45346
## 11
                          9
                                        0
## 12
             of wales
                                               2 4.154515 11.37864
                         20
                                        0
## 13
         across wales
                          8
                                        0
                                               2 5.797024 11.28592
            not only
## 14
                          7
                                        0
                                               2 6.843687 11.27019
## 15
                                        0
                                               2 5.482138 11.26159
         some islands
                           8
                          7
## 16
         bank group
                                        0
                                               2 6.666348 11.20856
## 17
                                        0
                                               2 7.219066 11.13953
           rising sea
                          8
## 18
              will be
                         12
                                        0
                                               2 3.883117 11.10704
## 19
        students from
                          8
                                        0
                                               2 6.522702 11.05136
## 20
               of the
                          64
                                        0
                                               2 1.647454 10.89014
##
##
## Keywords (frequent in well-predicted vs. under-predicted
                                      p n_target n_reference
                     chi2
        feature
     emissions 13.238794 0.0002742143
                                             345
                                                            7
## 2
        carbon 11.576230 0.0006680024
                                             255
                                                            4
## 3
          delta 10.677601 0.0010844060
                                                            0
                                             144
                                                            2
## 4
         summit 9.322779 0.0022632246
                                             177
            he 8.916445 0.0028261407
## 5
                                             340
                                                           10
## 6
            had 8.599571 0.0033624225
                                             116
                                                            0
## 7
            his
                 7.681426 0.0055792055
                                             130
                                                            1
         still 6.967453 0.0083005569
                                                            0
## 8
                                              94
         fossil 6.893279 0.0086520435
                                                            0
## 9
                                              93
## 10
          would 6.466312 0.0109938432
                                                            4
                                             181
          green 6.016024 0.0141765475
                                                            3
## 11
                                             153
## 12
        glasgow 5.947626 0.0147371171
                                             152
                                                            3
## 13
       expected 5.929116 0.0148927072
                                              80
                                                            0
                                                            2
## 14
                 5.888184 0.0152428082
                                             129
            gas
## 15
                 5.729373 0.0166834418
                                             696
                                                           34
             we
                                                            0
## 16
         damage 5.632489 0.0176305760
                                              76
## 17
            us 5.626829 0.0176875976
                                             228
                                                            7
## 18
                 5.346029 0.0207695247
                                              98
                                                            1
            set
## 19
        targets 5.273471 0.0216528023
                                                            1
                                              97
## 20
            to 5.093615 0.0240140882
                                            4276
                                                          276
```

```
##
           feature
                          chi2
                                          p n_target n_reference
## 1
             delta 145.69325 0.000000e+00
                                                  144
                                                                62
                                                   43
                                                                 6
## 2
              cocoa
                    73.72558 0.000000e+00
## 3
                     69.89769 1.110223e-16
                                                   35
                                                                 2
          shipping
                                                                 0
## 4
                imo
                     66.71866 3.330669e-16
                                                   30
         buildings
                                                                29
## 5
                     49.98387 1.550204e-12
                                                   57
## 6
       electronics
                     42.76906 6.159873e-11
                                                   48
                                                                24
## 7
                     37.84806 7.647424e-10
                                                   46
                                                                25
             trump
##
  8
             ghana
                     31.63190 1.863431e-08
                                                   16
                                                                 1
                                                                10
## 9
                                                   27
                     30.43784 3.447374e-08
             grand
## 10
                     29.21544 6.476105e-08
                                                   23
                                                                 7
             index
## 11
        enterprise
                     27.99248 1.217879e-07
                                                   14
                                                                 0
##
  12
                ics
                     27.99248 1.217879e-07
                                                   14
                                                                 0
                                                                 9
## 13
                     26.82967 2.221999e-07
                                                   24
          organize
                                                                 9
## 14
                     26.82967 2.221999e-07
                                                   24
            palais
                     26.54043 2.580799e-07
## 15
                                                  146
                                                               185
                                                   13
## 16
          mondelez
                     25.77499 3.836269e-07
                                                                 0
## 17
         emissions
                     25.61034 4.177948e-07
                                                  224
                                                               322
## 18
                     25.29895 4.909764e-07
                                                   53
                                                                44
              past
## 19
      commonwealth
                     24.38628 7.882826e-07
                                                   14
                                                                 1
## 20
                     24.25269 8.448886e-07
                                                                59
         reduction
                                                   63
              cop21
## 21
                     23.81060 1.062955e-06
                                                   99
                                                               114
## 22
                     22.34923 2.273047e-06
                                                   36
                                                                25
## 23
                     20.04635 7.558752e-06
                                                   12
                                                                 1
            ireland
## 24
                     19.95024 7.948381e-06
                                                   25
                                                                14
         intensity
## 25
                     19.13037 1.220865e-05
                                                                 0
             mills
                                                   10
## 26
                     18.65835 1.563612e-05
                                                  392
                                                               663
## 27
               2007
                     18.39194 1.798171e-05
                                                   14
                                                                 4
## 28
             young
                    18.35365 1.834670e-05
                                                   40
                                                                34
## 29
         recycling
                     18.07969 2.118496e-05
                                                   15
                                                                 5
## 30
                     17.88991 2.340591e-05
          honduras
                                                   11
                                                                 1
## 31
         agreement
                     17.71842 2.561341e-05
                                                  232
                                                               363
## 32
             paris
                     17.43468 2.973517e-05
                                                  282
                                                               458
##
  33
                     17.07471 3.593772e-05
                                                   36
                                                                30
            france
##
   34
          doconomy
                     16.91954 3.899812e-05
                                                    9
                                                                 0
##
   35
        bangladesh 16.40804 5.106807e-05
                                                   21
                                                                12
##
  36
       secretariat
                    16.12988 5.914338e-05
                                                   19
                                                                10
  37
       constructed 15.97066 6.433169e-05
                                                                 7
##
                                                   16
                                                                 7
## 38
            taipei
                     15.97066 6.433169e-05
                                                   16
## 39
                                                   49
                                                                50
             wales
                     15.79781 7.048415e-05
## 40
          aviation
                    15.74574 7.245099e-05
                                                   10
                                                                 1
```

Test which words are contributing most to the prediction. This uses a random forest: a machine learning method of predicting a value based on the presence or absence of features.

```
getWordImportance = function(d,measure,keywords){
  d$text = tolower(d$text)
  corp = corpus(d, docid_field = "ID2",text_field = "text")
  tok = tokens(corp, remove_punct = TRUE)
```

```
corpDFM = dfm(tok)
  getFrequency = function(keyword){
   keyword = tolower(keyword)
   if(grepl(" ",keyword)){
      # Multi-word expression
     return(sapply(str_extract_all(d$text, keyword),length))
   }
   if(keyword %in% colnames(corpDFM)){
     return(as.vector(corpDFM[,keyword]))
   return(rep(0,nrow(d)))
 freq = sapply(keywords,getFrequency)
 freq = freq[,colSums(freq)>0]
 freq = as.data.frame(freq)
 freq$SusScore = d[,measure]
 \#ct = ctree(SusScore ~., data=freq)
 cf = cforest(SusScore ~ ., data=freq)
 imp = sort(varimp(cf))
 return(imp)
susImp = getWordImportance(d4, "Sustainability", sustainabilityKeywords)
dotplot(susImp)
```



Security

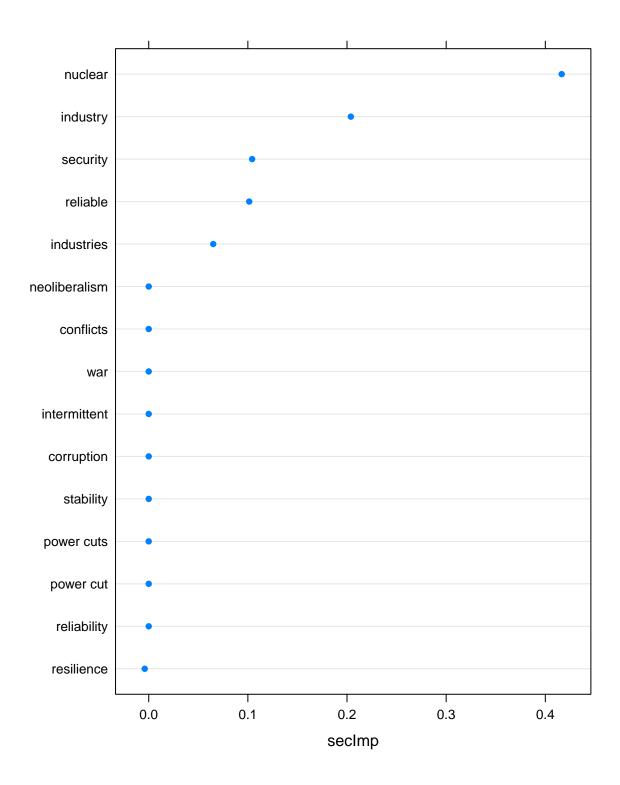
```
mxSec = glmer(CorpSecFreq~ Security +
             (1|participant),
           family=poisson,
           data = d4
suggestKeywords(d4,mxSec)
## Frequent Collocations in under-estimated texts:
                    collocation count count_nested length
                                                             lambda
## 1
                      by fiscal
                                    6
                                                  0
                                                         2 5.202981 7.829462
## 2
                                    6
                                                  0
               innovation 2050
                                                         2 6.105397 7.446849
## 3
                   fiscal 2050
                                    5
                                                  0
                                                         2 4.868873 7.326695
```

```
## 4
         hitachi environmental
                                    6
                                                  0
                                                          2 4.023047 7.241865
                                                  0
                                                          2 5.717001 7.176986
## 5
      environmental innovation
                                    6
## 6
                        she had
                                                  0
                                                          2 4.836624 6.772715
## 7
                  hitachi will
                                                  0
                                                          2 5.400843 6.691367
                                    5
## 8
                climate summit
                                    4
                                                  0
                                                          2 5.526363 6.521298
## 9
                  emissions at
                                    3
                                                  0
                                                         2 5.588610 6.436343
## 10
                                                          2 5.025098 6.271819
                   through its
## 11
                                                  0
                                                          2 5.200857 6.252620
                                    4
       long-term environmental
                                                  0
## 12
                       when she
                                    4
                                                          2 6.138636 6.154555
## 13
                                    3
                                                  0
                                                         2 4.656010 6.147780
                  thunberg had
## 14
                 2050 compared
                                    4
                                                  0
                                                          2 6.037871 6.084261
## 15
                                    3
                                                  0
                                                          2 7.739262 6.081055
            resource efficient
## 16
            low-carbon society
                                    3
                                                  0
                                                          2 5.275731 5.967341
## 17
                                    3
                                                 0
                 cop25 climate
                                                         2 5.184077 5.894982
## 18
                  resources by
                                    3
                                                  0
                                                         2 4.309505 5.820379
                                    2
                                                         2 6.043311 5.798045
## 19
                       you were
                                                  0
## 20
                      water and
                                    5
                                                  0
                                                          2 3.449464 5.730541
##
## Keywords (frequent in well-predicted vs. under-predicted
                                         p n_target n_reference
##
            feature
                         chi2
## 1
                the 9.713169 0.001829523
                                              11887
## 2
                 be 8.847759 0.002934490
                                               1081
                                                               0
## 3
          countries 5.528875 0.018705127
                                                677
                                                               0
## 4
               have 4.007545 0.045297058
                                                716
                                                               1
                 to 4.000236 0.045493882
                                                              36
## 5
                                               6137
## 6
              paris 3.840843 0.050018378
                                                695
                                                               1
## 7
                are 3.542762 0.059805803
                                               1041
                                                               3
                                                               0
## 8
          hyperlink 3.316473 0.068588828
                                                523
## 9
                                                               3
                 we 3.159009 0.075509000
                                                987
## 10
                 he 3.042636 0.081104101
                                                               0
                                                489
## 11
                 is 2.917531 0.087621835
                                               1937
                                                               9
## 12
               this 2.644798 0.103889379
                                                913
                                                               3
```

13 change 2.531242 0.111612349 1233 5 ## 14 more 2.429931 0.119038120 612 1 ## 15 carbon 2.202256 0.137808930 0 384 2 ## 16 global 2.060117 0.151198557 652 ## 17 cop26 2.035510 0.153662646 363 0 ## 18 agreement 2.018386 0.155404266 556 1 ## 19 energy 2.018386 0.155404266 556 1 ## 20 international 1.586366 0.207846038 306 0

```
##
                                               p n_target n_reference
                 feature
                              chi2
## 1
                circular 248.04498 0.000000e+00
                                                       19
                                                                    10
## 2
                                                                     2
                   nepal 141.55792 0.000000e+00
                                                        9
## 3
                     adb 132.67949 0.000000e+00
                                                        7
                                                                     0
## 4
                  status 117.21408 0.000000e+00
                                                        9
                                                                     4
                 nuclear 111.89020 0.000000e+00
                                                       30
                                                                    99
## 5
## 6
                devolved 110.68688 0.000000e+00
                                                        6
                                                                     0
                   paper 82.11393 0.000000e+00
## 7
                                                        8
                                                                     6
## 8
                    ldcs 72.47545 0.000000e+00
                                                        5
                                                                     1
## 9
             projections 72.09427 0.000000e+00
                                                        7
                                                                     5
## 10
                    opic 66.91823 3.330669e-16
                                                        4
                                                                     0
## 11
                   renew 52.16351 5.107026e-13
                                                        5
                                                                     3
## 12
                midlands 52.15289 5.134781e-13
                                                        4
                                                                     1
                  trains 52.15289 5.134781e-13
## 13
                                                        4
                                                                     1
## 14
                   built 50.63846 1.110445e-12
                                                       12
                                                                    32
## 15
                  models 45.35921 1.640155e-11
                                                        6
                                                                     7
## 16
                    auob 45.28612 1.702516e-11
                                                        3
                                                                     0
          climdev-africa 45.28612 1.702516e-11
                                                                     0
## 17
                                                        3
## 18 continent-spanning 45.28612 1.702516e-11
                                                        3
                                                                     0
## 19
                 engie's 45.28612 1.702516e-11
                                                        3
                                                                     0
## 20
               kathmandu 45.28612 1.702516e-11
                                                        3
                                                                     0
```

secImp = getWordImportance(d4, "Security", securityKeywords)
dotplot(secImp)

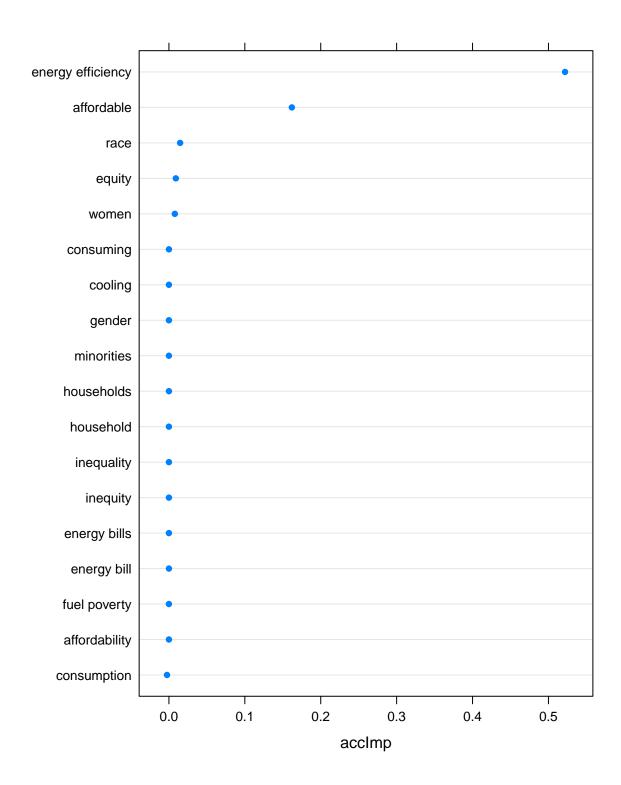


Accessibility

```
mxAcc = glmer(CorpAccFreq~ Accessibility +
             (1|participant),
           family=poisson,
           data = d4
suggestKeywords(d4,mxAcc,c(-0.5, -0.5, 2))
## Frequent Collocations in under-estimated texts:
              collocation count count_nested length
##
                                                        lambda
## 1
          paris agreement
                             274
                                             0
                                                    2 6.593833 59.23851
## 2
                             938
                                             0
           climate change
                                                    2 8.095747 53.50712
## 3
                  will be
                             250
                                             0
                                                    2 4.371205 52.26066
## 4
                    of the
                            1128
                                             0
                                                    2 1.793731 48.72588
## 5
                                             0
           united nations
                             219
                                                    2 8.816664 44.73931
## 6
                more than
                                             0
                                                    2 6.506797 40.75081
## 7
                                             0
                                                    2 3.880094 38.78856
                   we are
                             144
## 8
        change conference
                             138
                                             0
                                                    2 4.034104 38.73002
## 9
                    it is
                             170
                                             0
                                                    2 3.562986 38.44857
## 10
                             406
                                             0
                                                    2 2.487489 36.66109
                   at the
## 11
                                             0
                                                    2 4.678888 36.61609
                  he said
                              96
## 12
                                             0
                                                    2 5.085950 36.22001
                 has been
                              86
## 13
                have been
                              84
                                             0
                                                    2 5.100866 36.03728
## 14
         carbon emissions
                              77
                                             0
                                                    2 5.184023 35.76425
## 15
                  such as
                             122
                                             0
                                                    2 5.933075 35.64732
         development bank
                                                    2 6.532912 35.33985
## 16
                              67
                                             0
## 17 african development
                                             0
                                                    2 6.004362 34.52876
## 18
               africa day
                              57
                                             0
                                                    2 6.921133 34.44651
## 19
                    in the
                             725
                                             0
                                                    2 1.501005 34.30612
## 20
                  we have
                             102
                                             0
                                                    2 3.954082 33.82180
##
##
## Keywords (frequent in well-predicted vs. under-predicted
##
                                     p n_target n_reference
          feature
                        chi2
## 1
               we 2.5638710 0.1093306
                                            1008
                                                           0
## 2
                a 2.4120570 0.1204041
                                            3227
                                                           6
## 3
             will 1.9421674 0.1634334
                                            1281
                                                           1
## 4
               at 1.5830831 0.2083171
                                            1163
                                                           1
           energy 1.3022680 0.2537994
## 5
                                             633
                                                           0
## 6
        hyperlink 0.9833185 0.3213809
                                             535
                                                           0
## 7
        emissions 0.8683225 0.3514201
                                             499
                                                           0
## 8
                                             474
                                                           0
              but 0.7893704 0.3742906
## 9
             said 0.7414560 0.3891949
                                             865
                                                           1
## 10
              not 0.7268361 0.3939107
                                             454
                                                           0
## 11
             that 0.5930145 0.4412558
                                            1696
                                                            4
## 12
               be 0.5528068 0.4571731
                                            1153
                                                            2
## 13
           carbon 0.5434474 0.4610075
                                             394
                                                           0
## 14
               is 0.5327300 0.4654614
                                            2001
                                                           5
## 15
           reduce 0.5011790 0.4789825
                                             145
                                                           0
## 16
             very 0.5011790 0.4789825
                                             145
                                                           0
## 17 environment 0.4977200 0.4805036
                                             144
                                                           0
## 18
                $ 0.4769666 0.4897996
                                             138
                                                           0
## 19
        companies 0.4700491 0.4929646
                                             136
                                                           0
## 20
          finance 0.4700491 0.4929646
                                             136
                                                           0
```

```
##
                                       p n_target n_reference
          feature
                      chi2
## 1
             bank 80.56251 0.000000e+00
                                               72
                                                          124
## 2
                                               74
           africa 66.42959 3.330669e-16
                                                          147
     south-south 65.09067 6.661338e-16
                                               12
                                                            0
## 3
## 4
          african 58.43350 2.098322e-14
                                               65
                                                          129
             viet 52.46493 4.379830e-13
## 5
                                               11
                                                            1
## 6
              nam 40.78493 1.699390e-10
                                                9
                                                            1
## 7 development 39.15335 3.917914e-10
                                               98
                                                          287
      cooperation 37.43762 9.438405e-10
                                               22
                                                           27
## 9
        pneumonia 34.99601 3.303820e-09
                                                8
                                                            1
## 10
              day 30.53742 3.274893e-08
                                               48
                                                           115
## 11
             hull 29.30302 6.189919e-08
                                                6
                                                            0
## 12
          support 28.94063 7.463100e-08
                                               60
                                                           163
        indonesia 28.47772 9.478292e-08
                                                            7
## 13
                                               11
            water 28.45986 9.566155e-08
                                               51
                                                          130
## 15 pan-african 27.95701 1.240410e-07
                                               13
                                                           11
## 16
         offshore 26.05768 3.313687e-07
                                                8
                                                            3
## 17
            ifema 25.88457 3.624555e-07
                                               12
                                                            10
## 18
        insurance 25.88457 3.624555e-07
                                               12
                                                            10
## 19
        diarrhoea 24.63703 6.920886e-07
                                                7
                                                            2
## 20
              g20 24.63703 6.920886e-07
                                                7
                                                            2
```

accImp = getWordImportance(d4,"Accessibility",accessibilityKeywords)
dotplot(accImp)



Summary of additional keywords

Several key terms were identified above and added to the list of key terms that go into the calculation of the final scores.

Below we re-calculate the agreement with human judgements based on the full list.

```
kwAll = read.csv("../data/LEXIS/TrilemmaKeywords.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
getKeywords2= function(sub){
  kx = unique(unlist(strsplit(kwAll[kwAll$Subject==sub,]$concepts,";")))
  names(kx) = kx
  return(kx)
}
accessibilityKeywords2 = getKeywords2("Accessibility")
securityKeywords2 = getKeywords2("Security")
sustainabilityKeywords2 = getKeywords2("Sustainability")
d4B = processFile(d4,
    accessibilityKeywords2, securityKeywords2, sustainabilityKeywords2,
    refFreqAcc,refFreqSec,refFreqSus)
d4B$Sustainability.scaled = d4B$Sustainability/10
Raw correlation:
cor.test(d4B$Sustainability, d4B$CorpSusFreq,
        method = "kendall")
##
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4B$Sustainability and d4B$CorpSusFreq
## z = 13.092, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.4542116
Model:
mx2 = glmer(CorpSusFreq~ Sustainability.scaled +
             (1|participant),
           family=poisson,
           data = d4B)
summary(mx2)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: poisson (log)
## Formula: CorpSusFreq ~ Sustainability.scaled + (1 | participant)
##
     Data: d4B
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
##
     3232.6
            3244.9 -1613.3 3226.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -3.8989 -1.5073 -0.5064 0.8835 10.4760
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
               Name
                            Variance Std.Dev.
## participant (Intercept) 0.05669 0.2381
## Number of obs: 438, groups: participant, 11
```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                    0.08217
## (Intercept)
                          1.10196
                                               13.41
                                                       <2e-16 ***
## Sustainability.scaled 1.86551
                                     0.06599
                                               28.27
                                                       <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr)
## Sstnblty.sc -0.436
cor.test(d4B$Sustainability.scaled,
         predict(mx2),method="kendall")
##
   Kendall's rank correlation tau
##
## data: d4B$Sustainability.scaled and predict(mx2)
## z = 23.709, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
         tau
## 0.8025281
r.squaredGLMM(mx2)
## Warning: the null model is correct only if all variables used by the original
## model remain unchanged.
##
                   R2m
## delta
            0.6500298 0.7522955
## lognormal 0.6603265 0.7642122
## trigamma 0.6386736 0.7391528
The additions have improved the model, but only by a very small amount.
Other measures:
cor.test(d4B$Security, d4B$CorpSecFreq,
       method = "kendall")
##
## Kendall's rank correlation tau
## data: d4B$Security and d4B$CorpSecFreq
## z = 5.4597, p-value = 4.769e-08
## alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
##
         tau
## 0.2100298
cor.test(d4B$Accessibility, d4B$CorpAccFreq,
         method = "kendall")
##
## Kendall's rank correlation tau
## data: d4B$Accessibility and d4B$CorpAccFreq
```

Summary

The automated measure reliably correlates with human judgements (mixed effects model pseudo marginal $R^2 = 0.665$, z = 29.44, p < 0.001), at Kendall's tau = 0.456.

Human judgements correlated with each other at mean Kendall's tau = 0.551, sd = 0.273. Therefore, the automated judgements are within 0.35 standard deviations of human agreement.

An alternative measure of frequency based on measuring frequency in the target article over and above the relative frequency in typical news articles was also tested. However, this correlated much less well with human judgements.

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