Language and earings management: controlling for linguistic history

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Introduction

Test the relationship between strong/weak FTR and AAM, with and without controls for language family.

Load libraries

```
library(lme4)
library(sjPlot)
library(REEMtree)
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
library(MASS)
library(ggplot2)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(MCMCglmm)
library(ape)
library(caper)
```

Load data

```
d = read.csv("../data/clean/data.csv",
             fileEncoding = "utf-8",
             encoding = 'utf-8')
Match each country to its main language and language family:
countryMainLanguageFamily =
  read.csv("../data/raw/CountryMainLanguageToLanguageFamily.csv",
    stringsAsFactors = F)
d$mainLanguageFamily =
  countryMainLanguageFamily[
    match(as.character(d$loc),
          countryMainLanguageFamily$Country.Code),
    ]$Family
Remove countries with many main language families:
d$CountryHasManyMainLanguages = countryMainLanguageFamily[
  match(as.character(d$loc),
        countryMainLanguageFamily$Country.Code),
 ]$ManyLanguages=="Y"
d2 = d[!d$CountryHasManyMainLanguages,]
d2 = d2[!is.na(d2$AAM),]
Remove cases with missing data:
keyVar = c("invpro","pd","indiv","mas",
  "ua","lto","indul","ggr","SIZE",
  "BTM", "LEV", "ROA", "MEET", "LOSS")
d2 = d2[complete.cases(d2[,keyVar,]),]
Table of languages:
data.frame(
  tapply(d2$strongftr,as.character(d2$loc),head,n=1)
)
##
       tapply.d2.strongftr..as.character.d2.loc...head..n...1.
## AUS
                                                                1
                                                                0
## AUT
## BEL
                                                                0
## BGR
                                                                1
## BRA
                                                                0
## CAN
                                                                1
## CHE
                                                                0
## CHL
                                                                1
## CHN
                                                                0
## COL
                                                                1
## CZE
                                                                1
## DEU
                                                                0
## DNK
                                                                0
## EGY
```

```
## ESP
## FIN
## FRA
## GBR
## GRC
## HKG
## HUN
## IDN
## IND
## IRL
## ITA
## JOR
## JPN
## KOR
## LTU
## LUX
## LVA
## MAR
## MEX
## MYS
## NLD
## NOR
## NZL
## PAK
## PER
## PHL
## POL
## PRT
## ROU
## RUS
## SGP
## SWE
## THA
## TUR
## TWN
## USA
```

Convert to factors:

```
d2$mainLanguageFamily = factor(d2$mainLanguageFamily)
d2$MEET = factor(d2$MEET)
d2$LOSS = factor(d2$LOSS)
d2$strongftr = factor(d2$strongftr)
```

1

0

1

1

1

0

1

0

1

1

1

1

0

1

1

0

1

1

1

0

0

0

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

0

1

1

0

1

Scale varaibles:

d2\$AAM.scaled = scale(d2\$AAM)

Mixed effects modelling

Model A: no controls for language family

Model mAO is a baseline model and model mA1 adds the effect for FTR.

Look at the estiamtes for variables within model mA1:

```
summary(mA1)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula:
## AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
##
      SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
##
       indus) + strongftr
##
      Data: d2
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 256954.1
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -1.4990 -0.3712 -0.1335 0.1310 14.2360
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
## fyear
             (Intercept) 0.04171 0.2042
## indus
             (Intercept) 0.01484 0.1218
                         0.88034 0.9383
## Residual
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.153654
                           0.063448
                                      2.422
## invpro
               -0.100554
                           0.003510 -28.644
## pd
               0.012819
                           0.006140
                                      2.088
## indiv
               0.013771
                           0.009557
                                      1.441
## mas
               0.063738
                           0.003837 16.610
## ua
              -0.062749
                           0.004456 -14.081
                           0.007243 -17.241
## lto
               -0.124885
## indul
               0.031991
                           0.006528
                                     4.901
## ggr
              -0.091870
                          0.005601 -16.401
## SIZE
               0.036230
                           0.003744
                                     9.677
## BTM
               -0.010561
                           0.003274 - 3.225
## LEV
               0.006785
                          0.003353
                                    2.023
```

```
0.014690
                         0.003787
## ROA
                                    3.879
## MEET1
              0.031684 0.006293 5.035
## LOSS1
               0.167342
                         0.011696 14.308
               0.149591
                          0.010309 14.511
## strongftr1
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
   vcov(x)
                if you need it
```

Compare the fit of the two models to assess the effect of FTR:

anova(mA0,mA1)

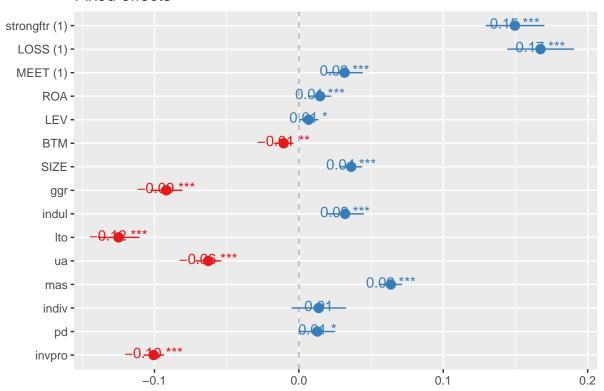
```
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: d2
## Models:
## mAO: AAM.scaled ~ 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
           ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) +
## mAO:
           (1 | indus)
## mA1: AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
           SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
## mA1:
           indus) + strongftr
      Df
            AIC
                  BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## mAO 18 257063 257234 -128514
                               257027
## mA1 19 256855 257035 -128409 256817 210.38
                                                 1 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Plot fixed effects:

```
sjp.lmer(mA1,type="fe",p.kr = F)
```

 $\mbox{\tt \#\#}$ Computing p-values via Wald-statistics approximation (treating t as Wald z).

Fixed effects



Model B: with controls for language family

Model mB0 is the same as mA0, but with controls for language family. Model mB1 adds the FTR variable to the model for comparison.

```
mB0= update(mA0, ~.+(1 | mainLanguageFamily))
mB1= update(mB0, ~.+strongftr)
```

Look at the estimates for mB1:

```
summary(mB1)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula:
## AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
##
       SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
##
       indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily) + strongftr
##
      Data: d2
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 256343.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
       Min
                                       Max
## -1.4757 -0.3765 -0.1269 0.1357 14.2536
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                       Name
                                   Variance Std.Dev.
## fyear
                       (Intercept) 0.04165 0.2041
## indus
                       (Intercept) 0.01531
                                            0.1237
## mainLanguageFamily (Intercept) 0.10016
                                            0.3165
## Residual
                                   0.87436 0.9351
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9; mainLanguageFamily, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.246953
                           0.124554
                                       1.983
## invpro
               -0.099264
                           0.004529 -21.919
## pd
                0.055776
                           0.009174
                                      6.079
## indiv
                0.162885
                           0.014282
                                    11.405
## mas
                0.039045
                           0.006110
                                      6.390
## ua
               -0.047815
                           0.006584
                                     -7.262
               -0.220394
## lto
                           0.009085 - 24.259
                0.016509
                           0.007498
                                      2.202
## indul
## ggr
               -0.102036
                           0.005758 -17.720
## SIZE
                0.020040
                           0.003848
                                      5.207
## BTM
               -0.010632
                           0.003271
                                     -3.251
## LEV
                                      2.690
                0.009026
                           0.003355
## ROA
                0.015726
                           0.003775
                                      4.165
## MEET1
                0.030613
                           0.006273
                                      4.880
## LOSS1
                0.140498
                           0.011720
                                     11.988
## strongftr1
                0.021657
                           0.016910
                                      1.281
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
    vcov(x)
                 if you need it
```

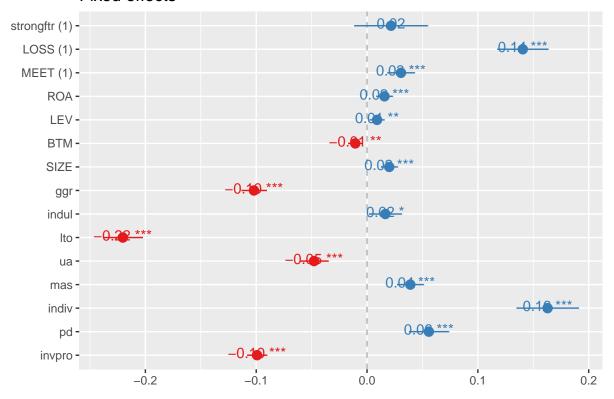
Compare the two models to assess the significance of the FTR variable:

```
anova (mB0, mB1)
```

```
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: d2
## Models:
## mBO: AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
            SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
## mBO:
## mBO:
            indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily)
## mB1: AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
            SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
## mB1:
## mB1:
            indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily) + strongftr
             AIC
                    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
       Df
## mB0 19 256254 256434 -128108
                                  256216
## mB1 20 256254 256443 -128107
                                  256214 1.6614
                                                            0.1974
Plot fixed effects with controls for language family:
sjp.lmer(mB1,type="fe",p.kr = F)
```

Computing p-values via Wald-statistics approximation (treating t as Wald z).

Fixed effects



Random slopes for FTR

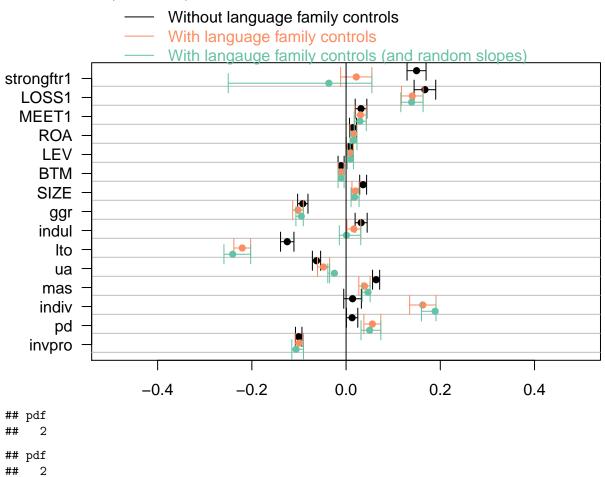
Test if adding a random slope for FTR by language family significantly improves the fit of the model:

```
mB2 = lmer(AAM.scaled ~ 1 +
    invpro +
```

```
pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
             ggr +
             SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA +
             MEET + LOSS +
             strongftr +
             (1 \mid fyear) +
             (1 | indus) +
             (1 + strongftr | mainLanguageFamily),
           data = d2
anova(mB1,mB2)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: d2
## Models:
## mB1: AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
## mB1:
           SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
## mB1:
            indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily) + strongftr
## mB2: AAM.scaled ~ 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
            ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
## mB2:
## mB2:
            (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus) + (1 + strongftr | mainLanguageFamily)
      Df
            AIC
                    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## mB1 20 256254 256443 -128107
                                  256214
## mB2 22 256180 256388 -128068
                                  256136 78.319
                                                     2 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Yes, model fit significantly improves. The effect of FTR is even weaker:
summary(mB2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: AAM.scaled ~ 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
       ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
       (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus) + (1 + strongftr | mainLanguageFamily)
##
##
      Data: d2
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 256260.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -1.4711 -0.3755 -0.1230 0.1344 14.2610
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                       Name
                                   Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## fyear
                       (Intercept) 0.04226 0.2056
##
   indus
                       (Intercept) 0.01570 0.1253
## mainLanguageFamily (Intercept) 0.04331 0.2081
##
                       strongftr1 0.07240 0.2691
## Residual
                                   0.87352 0.9346
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9; mainLanguageFamily, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.2949671 0.1012065
```

```
## invpro
              -0.1061720 0.0045830 -23.166
## pd
              0.0499995 0.0093404 5.353
## indiv
              0.1890531 0.0147841 12.788
              0.0464442 0.0062111
## mas
                                      7.478
## ua
              -0.0248142 0.0071356 -3.477
## lto
              -0.2406900 0.0094705 -25.415
## indul
              0.0007693 0.0076795 0.100
              -0.0950665 0.0058169 -16.343
## ggr
## SIZE
              0.0181446 0.0038528
                                     4.709
## BTM
              -0.0105549 0.0032700 -3.228
## LEV
              0.0094880 0.0033542
                                     2.829
## ROA
               0.0161278 0.0037749
                                     4.272
## MEET1
               0.0295640 0.0062706
                                     4.715
## LOSS1
               0.1391878 0.0117246 11.871
## strongftr1 -0.0366087 0.1089072 -0.336
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
    vcov(x)
                if you need it
##
Calculate p-value for effect of FTR:
mB2_noFTR = update(mB2, ~. - strongftr)
anova(mB2,mB2_noFTR)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: d2
## Models:
## mB2_noFTR: AAM.scaled ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul + ggr +
## mB2 noFTR:
                 SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + (1 | fyear) + (1 |
## mB2_noFTR:
                 indus) + (1 + strongftr | mainLanguageFamily)
## mB2: AAM.scaled ~ 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
           ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
## mB2:
## mB2:
           (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus) + (1 + strongftr | mainLanguageFamily)
                         BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
            Df
                  AIC
## mB2_noFTR 21 256178 256377 -128068
                                       256136
           22 256180 256388 -128068
## mB2
                                       256136 0.1409
                                                        1
                                                                0.7073
```

Plot both models (code hidden):



Summary

Without a random intercept by main language family: There was a significant main effect of FTR (beta = 0.15, log likelihood difference = 110, df = 1, Chi Squared = 210.38, p = 1.1e-47).

With a random intercept by main language family: There was no significant main effect of FTR (beta = 0.022, log likelihood difference = 0.83, df = 1, Chi Squared = 1.66, p = 0.2).

Other effects

Below are some statistics for other effects, using the same method as above:

```
resOther = data.frame(
  Label = NA,
  Beta = NA,
  loglikDiff = NA,
  df = NA,
  chisq.test = NA,
  p = NA, stringsAsFactors = F)
for(v in c("pd",'indiv','mas',
           'ua', 'lto', 'indul', 'ggr',
           'SIZE', "BTM", "LEV", "ROA")) {
  mAOther0 = update(mA1, paste("~ . -",v))
  mAOtherAnova = anova(mAOtherO,mA1)
  mBOtherO = update(mB1, paste("~ . -",v))
  mBOtherAnova = anova(mBOther0,mB1)
  mARes = getMEText(mAOtherAnova, "X", summary(mA1)$coef[v,],returnText = F)
  mBRes = getMEText(mBOtherAnova,"X",summary(mB1)$coef[v,],returnText = F)
  resOther = rbind(resOther, c(paste(v, ": No controls"), mARes))
  resOther = rbind(resOther, c(paste(v,": With Controls"),mBRes))
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
resOther = resOther[!is.na(resOther$Label),]
print(resOther)
##
                              Beta loglikDiff df chisq.test
                      Label
                                           2.2 1
                                                        4.36
                                                                0.037
```

```
## Label Beta loglikDiff df chisq.test p
## 2 pd : No controls 0.013 2.2 1 4.36 0.037
## 3 pd : With Controls 0.056 18 1 36.94 1.2e-09
## 4 indiv : No controls 0.014 1 1 2.08 0.15
## 5 indiv : With Controls 0.16 65 1 129.88 4.3e-30
```

```
## 6
          mas: No controls 0.064
                                          140
                                               1
                                                     275.51
                                                             7.1e-62
## 7
       mas: With Controls 0.039
                                           20
                                                      40.87
                                                             1.6e-10
                                               1
## 8
          ua: No controls -0.063
                                                     198.09
                                           99
                                               1
                                                             5.4e-45
## 9
         ua : With Controls -0.048
                                           26
                                                             3.7e-13
                                                      52.77
                                               1
## 10
         lto : No controls
                            -0.12
                                          150
                                               1
                                                     296.83
                                                             1.6e-66
## 11
       lto: With Controls -0.22
                                          290
                                                     581.64 1.6e-128
                                              1
## 12
        indul: No controls 0.032
                                           12
                                                      24.01
                                                             9.6e-07
                                               1
## 13 indul : With Controls 0.017
                                          2.4
                                                       4.87
                                                               0.027
                                               1
## 14
          ggr : No controls -0.092
                                          130
                                               1
                                                     268.69
                                                             2.2e-60
## 15
                                          160
                                                     313.39
                                                               4e-70
        ggr : With Controls
                              -0.1
                                               1
## 16
         SIZE : No controls
                             0.036
                                           47
                                               1
                                                      93.62
                                                             3.8e-22
## 17
      SIZE : With Controls
                                           14
                                                      27.15
                                                             1.9e-07
                              0.02
                                               1
                                                              0.0013
## 18
         BTM: No controls -0.011
                                          5.2 1
                                                      10.41
## 19
       BTM: With Controls -0.011
                                          5.3 1
                                                      10.57
                                                              0.0012
## 20
         LEV: No controls 0.0068
                                            2 1
                                                       4.09
                                                               0.043
## 21
       LEV: With Controls 0.009
                                          3.6
                                              1
                                                       7.23
                                                              0.0072
                                          7.5 1
## 22
          ROA: No controls 0.015
                                                      15.04
                                                             0.00011
## 23
       ROA: With Controls 0.016
                                          8.7 1
                                                      17.35
                                                             3.1e-05
resOther2 = cbind(
  resOther[seq(1,nrow(resOther)-1,by=2),c("Label","Beta","p")],
  resOther[seq(2,nrow(resOther),by=2),c("Beta","p")])
write.csv(resOther2,"../results/BetaResults_OtherVariables.csv",row.names = F)
```

Alternative tests

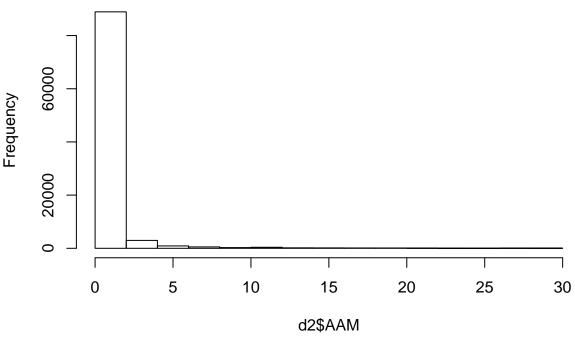
Gamma distribution model

The distribution of the AAM variable is highly skewed and values below zero are not permitted:

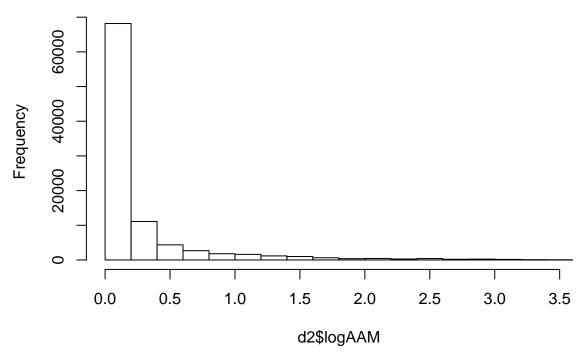
hist(d2\$AAM)

hist(d2\$logAAM)

Histogram of d2\$AAM



Histogram of d2\$logAAM

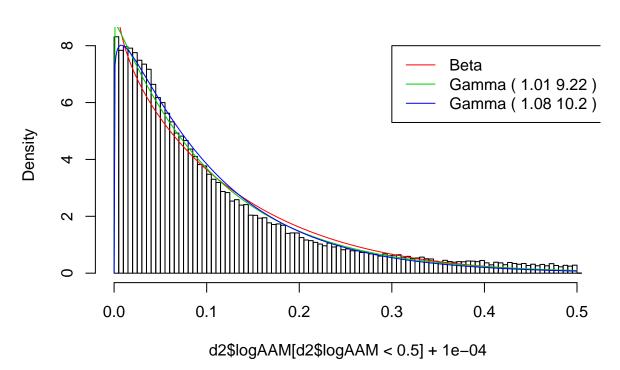


This leads to the models above (which use Gaussian distributions) producing very poor fits:

pdf ## 2

Here we compare how Beta and Gamma distributions fit the log data:

Log AAM



Normal Q-Q Plot

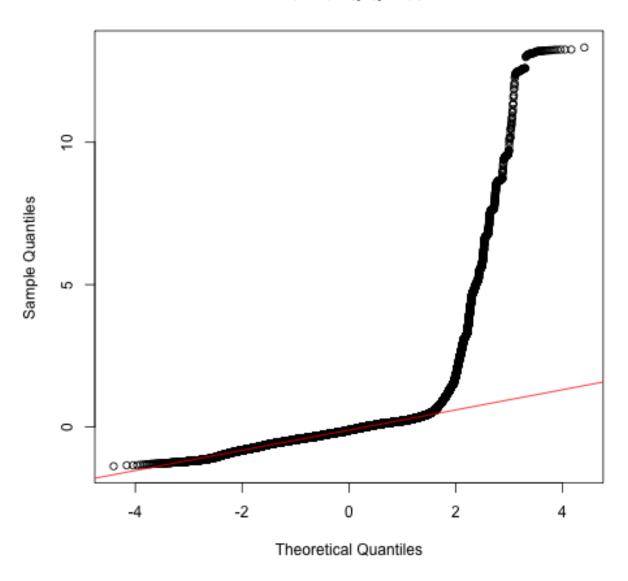
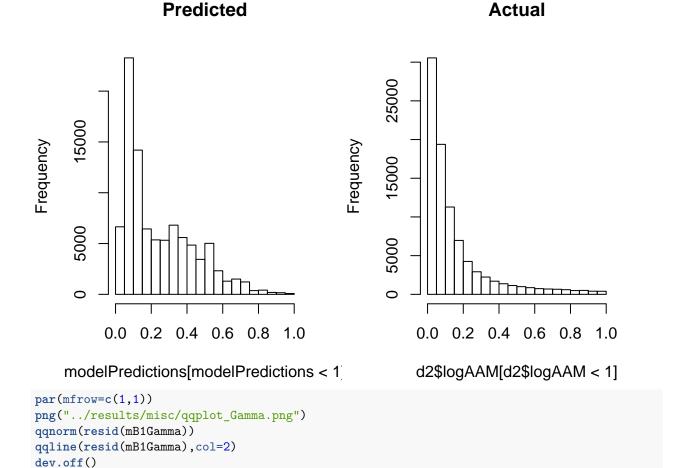


Figure 1:

The Gamma distribution seems to fit best. Fit a model with a Gamma distribution (without language family controls, with a random intercept by family and with a random intercept and slope):

Check that the model is producing a sensible distribution:

```
modelPredictions = exp(predict(mB1Gamma))-0.0001
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
hist(modelPredictions[modelPredictions<1],main="Predicted")
hist(d2$logAAM[d2$logAAM<1],main="Actual")</pre>
```



Normal Q-Q Plot

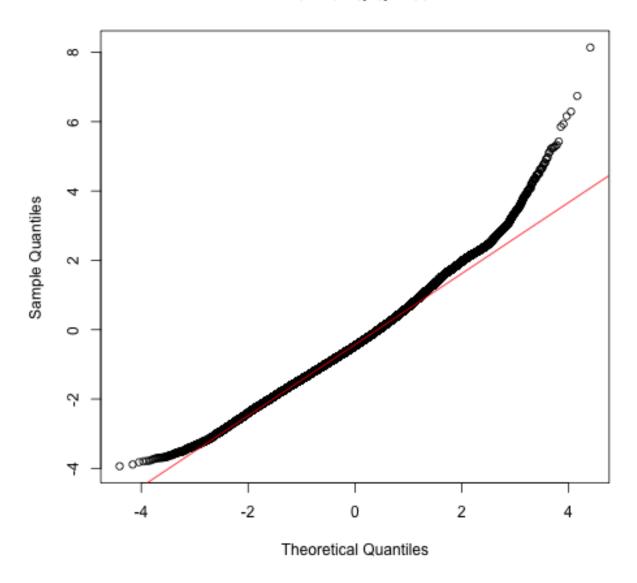


Figure 2:

Still not perfect at higher levels, but much better than the Gaussian models.

Model results:

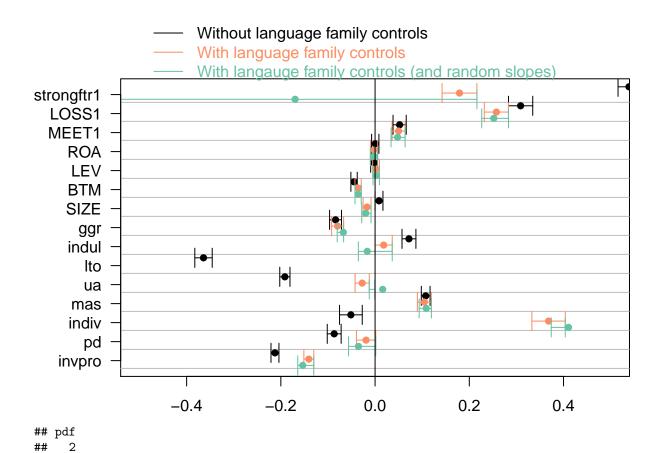
```
summary(mA1Gamma)
```

```
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: Gamma ( log )
## Formula:
```

```
## logAAM + 1e-04 ~ 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
      ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
##
##
       (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus)
     Data: d2
##
##
##
         AIC
                  BIC
                         logLik deviance df.resid
## -135644.9 -135465.2
                        67841.5 -135682.9
                                               94688
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -0.821 -0.619 -0.338 0.225 34.398
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
             (Intercept) 0.2003
                                 0.4476
## fyear
## indus
             (Intercept) 0.1181
                                  0.3436
## Residual
                         1.4813
                                 1.2171
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.6280301 0.1266208 -12.86 < 2e-16 ***
              -0.2124855 0.0043007
                                     -49.41 < 2e-16 ***
## invpro
              -0.0867836 0.0075234 -11.54 < 2e-16 ***
## pd
## indiv
              -0.0513334 0.0122957
                                      -4.17 2.98e-05 ***
## mas
               0.1074145 0.0047423
                                      22.65 < 2e-16 ***
              -0.1914821
                          0.0055205
                                     -34.69 < 2e-16 ***
## ua
## lto
              -0.3641583 0.0094341
                                     -38.60
                                             < 2e-16 ***
## indul
               0.0719161 0.0075237
                                       9.56
                                             < 2e-16 ***
              -0.0838851
                          0.0064592
                                     -12.99
                                             < 2e-16 ***
## ggr
## SIZE
               0.0083879
                          0.0042610
                                       1.97
                                                0.049 *
## BTM
              -0.0446026 0.0034390
                                     -12.97 < 2e-16 ***
## LEV
              -0.0021147
                          0.0036797
                                      -0.57
                                                0.565
               0.0003773 0.0039579
                                       0.10
                                                0.924
## ROA
## MEET1
               0.0521151
                          0.0071332
                                       7.31 2.75e-13 ***
## LOSS1
               0.3089023 0.0131382
                                      23.51 < 2e-16 ***
## strongftr1
               0.5389408 0.0118434
                                      45.51 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
                if you need it
    vcov(x)
summary(mB1Gamma)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
##
   Family: Gamma (log)
## Formula: logAAM + 1e-04 ~ invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
##
       ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
##
       (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily)
##
      Data: d2
##
```

```
BIC
                         logLik deviance df.resid
## -138252.8 -138063.7
                        69146.4 -138292.8
                                               94687
##
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -0.8377 -0.6265 -0.3331 0.2380 30.7850
## Random effects:
## Groups
                       Name
                                   Variance Std.Dev.
## fyear
                       (Intercept) 0.1944
                                            0.4409
## indus
                       (Intercept) 0.1172
                                            0.3424
## mainLanguageFamily (Intercept) 1.0053
                                            1.0027
## Residual
                                   1.4246
                                            1.1936
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9; mainLanguageFamily, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.810443
                          0.306027
                                     -5.92 3.30e-09 ***
               -0.140605
                          0.005364 -26.21 < 2e-16 ***
## invpro
## pd
               -0.019084
                          0.010442
                                     -1.83 0.067622 .
## indiv
               0.368243
                          0.018088
                                    20.36 < 2e-16 ***
## mas
               0.104654
                          0.007575
                                     13.82 < 2e-16 ***
## ua
               -0.027409
                          0.007689
                                    -3.56 0.000364 ***
## lto
               -0.576459
                          0.010866 -53.05 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.009269
## indul
               0.018232
                                       1.97 0.049184 *
## ggr
               -0.079520
                          0.006515 -12.21 < 2e-16 ***
## SIZE
               -0.017009
                          0.004316
                                     -3.94 8.11e-05 ***
## BTM
                          0.003404 -10.58 < 2e-16 ***
               -0.036027
## LEV
               0.002056
                          0.003653
                                      0.56 0.573598
## ROA
               -0.002173
                           0.003933
                                      -0.55 0.580592
## MEET1
                0.049931
                           0.007059
                                      7.07 1.51e-12 ***
## LOSS1
                0.257498
                          0.013082
                                     19.68 < 2e-16 ***
## strongftr1
               0.179186
                          0.018865
                                      9.50 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
    vcov(x)
                 if you need it
summary(mB2Gamma)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
   Family: Gamma (log)
## Formula: logAAM + 1e-04 \sim invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
       ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
##
       (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus) + (1 | mainLanguageFamily) + (0 +
##
       strongftr | mainLanguageFamily)
##
      Data: d2
##
##
         AIC
                   BIC
                         logLik deviance
                                           df.resid
## -138420.8 -138203.2
                         69233.4 -138466.8
                                               94684
##
```

```
## Scaled residuals:
                               30
      Min
           1Q Median
                                      Max
## -0.8383 -0.6263 -0.3326 0.2380 31.1752
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                    Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                        Name
## fyear
                        (Intercept) 0.2067261 0.45467
## indus
                        (Intercept) 0.1191341 0.34516
   mainLanguageFamily
                        (Intercept) 0.0003559 0.01887
##
   mainLanguageFamily.1 strongftr0 0.6283060 0.79266
##
                        strongftr1 1.7129177 1.30878
## Residual
                                    1.4226490 1.19275
## Number of obs: 94707, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9; mainLanguageFamily, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.620158
                          0.266232
                                    -6.09 1.16e-09 ***
## invpro
              -0.153494
                          0.005415 -28.35 < 2e-16 ***
## pd
              -0.035222
                          0.010760
                                   -3.27 0.00106 **
## indiv
               0.410556
                          0.018690
                                   21.97 < 2e-16 ***
## mas
               0.108590
                         0.007622
                                   14.25 < 2e-16 ***
## ua
               0.016180
                          0.008635
                                     1.87 0.06096 .
## lto
              -0.612745
                          0.011464 -53.45 < 2e-16 ***
## indul
              -0.016607
                          0.009616
                                    -1.73 0.08417 .
                          0.006620 -10.18 < 2e-16 ***
## ggr
              -0.067387
## SIZE
              -0.019870
                          0.004320
                                   -4.60 4.24e-06 ***
## BTM
              -0.035865
                          0.003402 -10.54 < 2e-16 ***
## LEV
               0.002873
                          0.003653
                                    0.79 0.43153
## ROA
              -0.002389
                          0.003930
                                   -0.61 0.54320
## MEET1
                          0.007056
               0.047749
                                   6.77 1.31e-11 ***
               0.252019
                                    19.27 < 2e-16 ***
## LOSS1
                          0.013080
## strongftr1 -0.169744
                          0.212595
                                    -0.80 0.42461
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
                if you need it
   vcov(x)
```



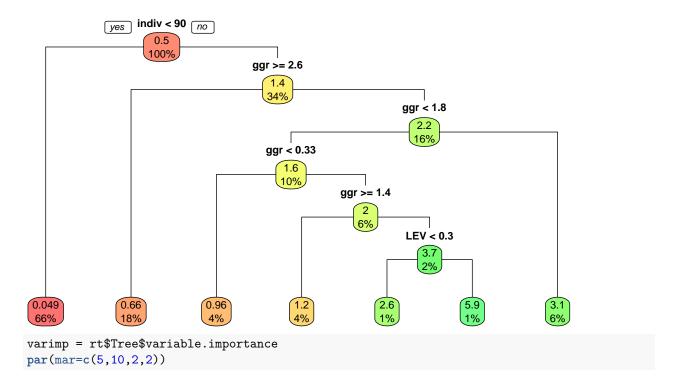
Decision tree

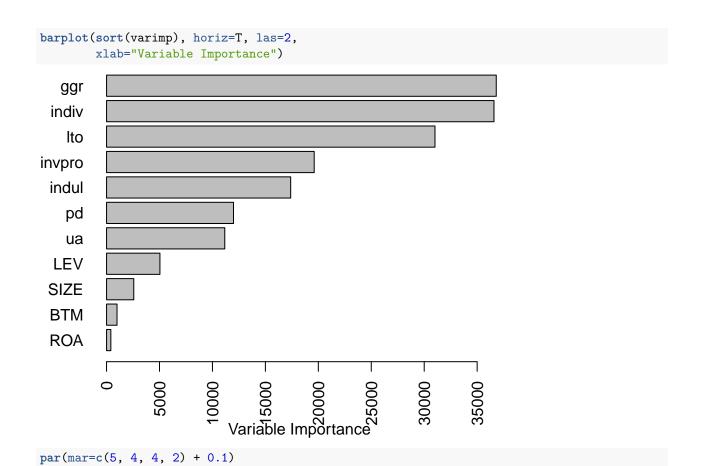
A decision tree is a machine learning technique that tries to find patterns in data. It finds a series of yes/no questions which divide datapoints into partitions that look similar. 'Variable importance' is a measure of how influential each variable is in making decisions in the tree. This is a useful way of spotting patterns in the data that linear models might miss. In this case, if FTR is a good predictor, we would expect it to appear on the tree and have relatively high variable importance.

The package REEMtree allows the inclusion of random effects for year, industry type and main language family.

The tree below shows the yes/no questions at each branch in the tree. Coloured boxes show the mean AAM value and proportion of the data in that node. As it turns out, FTR does not appear on the tree. The most important factors are ggr and indiv.

Colour

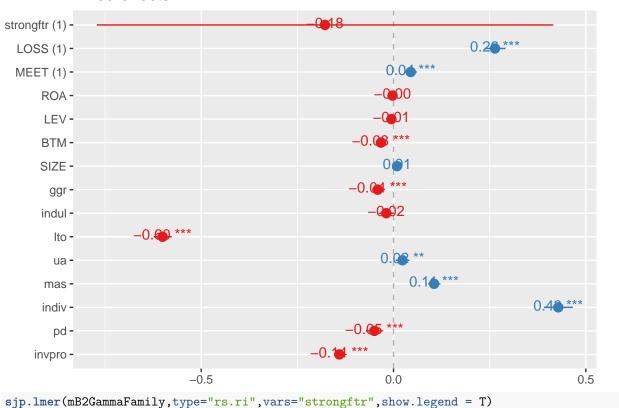




Random slopes

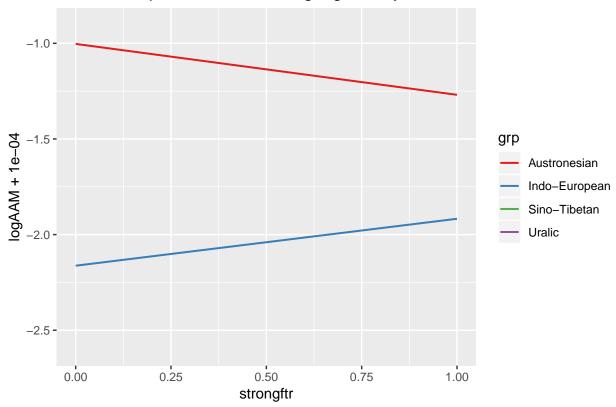
We can take a colser look at the random slopes for each language family:

Fixed effects



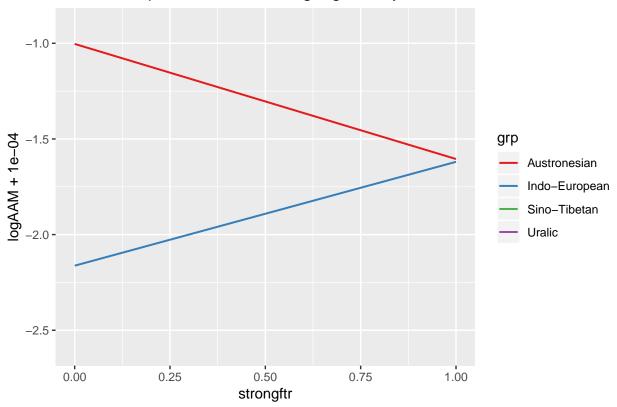
Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_path).

Random slopes within "mainLanguageFamily"



Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_path).

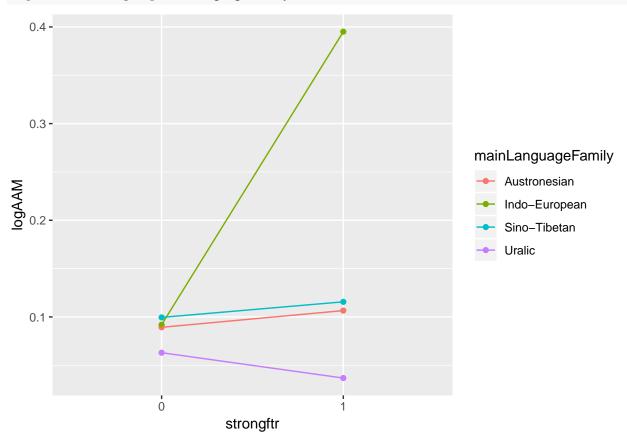
Random slopes within "mainLanguageFamily"



library(dplyr)

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.3.2
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:MASS':
##
##
       select
## The following object is masked from 'package:nlme':
##
##
       collapse
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
x = d2[d2$mainLanguageFamily %in%
          c("Austronesian", "Indo-European",
            "Sino-Tibetan", "Uralic"), ] %>%
  group_by(mainLanguageFamily,strongftr) %>%
  summarise(logAAM=mean(logAAM))
ggplot(x,aes(x=strongftr,y=logAAM,color=mainLanguageFamily)) +
 geom_point() +
```





Model just for Indo-European languages:

```
mB1GammaIE = update(mA1Gamma,data=d2[d2$mainLanguageFamily=="Indo-European",])
summary(mB1GammaIE)
```

```
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
##
##
  Family: Gamma (log)
## Formula:
## logAAM + 1e-04 \sim 1 + invpro + pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
##
       ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET + LOSS + strongftr +
       (1 | fyear) + (1 | indus)
##
##
      Data: d2[d2$mainLanguageFamily == "Indo-European", ]
##
##
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
  -39726.8 -39555.3 19882.4 -39764.8
##
                                          61616
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
              1Q Median
                            3Q
## -0.828 -0.632 -0.348 0.239 32.297
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
                                  0.5186
## fyear
             (Intercept) 0.2689
## indus
             (Intercept) 0.2729
                                  0.5224
```

```
1.4590
## Residual
                       1.2079
## Number of obs: 61635, groups: fyear, 20; indus, 9
## Fixed effects:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -0.326903 0.179472 -1.82 0.068535 .
## invpro
          -0.460479
                   0.010504 -43.84 < 2e-16 ***
                   0.013969 26.45 < 2e-16 ***
## pd
          0.369501
## indiv
          ## mas
          0.244860 0.008143 30.07 < 2e-16 ***
## ua
          ## lto
## indul
          -0.002515 0.013145 -0.19 0.848292
## ggr
          ## SIZE
          -0.006981
                   0.005361 -1.30 0.192843
## BTM
          ## LEV
          -0.014920
                   0.004513 -3.31 0.000947 ***
## ROA
          -0.020073
                   0.004390 -4.57 4.81e-06 ***
## MEET1
           0.015266 0.008982 1.70 0.089208 .
           ## LOSS1
## strongftr1 -0.105782 0.026847 -3.94 8.14e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation matrix not shown by default, as p = 16 > 12.
## Use print(x, correlation=TRUE) or
## vcov(x)
          if you need it
```

Phylogenetic test

cdata = data.frame(
 FTR = DP.FTR,
 AAM = DP.AAM,
 LTO = DP.LTO,

lang = names(DP.FTR)

cdata = cdata[cdata\$lang!="",]

Much of the data is linked to the Indo-European language family. We can use a phylogenetic tree (Bourckaert et al., 2012) to investigate the relationship between AAM and FTR when taking more fine-grained distinctions in linguistic history.

Subset of variables for the indo-european language family:

```
dIE = d[d$mainLanguageFamily=="Indo-European",]
dIE$DPlaceLang =
   countryMainLanguageFamily[
   match(as.character(dIE$loc),
        countryMainLanguageFamily$Country.Code),
   ]$DPlaceLang
```

Load tree and drop languages that are not in the dataset:

Run a regression using the phylogenetic tree as a variance-covariance matrix.

```
# Priors
prior.PN<-list(
    G=list(
        G1=list(V=1,nu=0.002)),
    R=list(V=1,nu=0.002))
# Chain length
burnin = 100000
postBurnin =100000
thin = 10
# Run the model
set.seed(1289)
phyloModel0<-MCMCglmm(
    AAM ~ FTR,
    random=~lang,</pre>
```

```
ginverse=list(
    lang=inverseA(tree)$Ainv),
prior = prior.PN,
verbose=FALSE,
family="gaussian",
data = cdata,
nitt=burnin+postBurnin,
thin=thin,
burnin=burnin)
```

Results:

```
summary(phyloModel0)
```

```
##
  Iterations = 100001:199991
## Thinning interval = 10
## Sample size = 10000
##
## DIC: 24.39859
##
## G-structure: ~lang
##
##
       post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## lang
          1.395 0.0002236
                              4.025
                                       578.1
##
   R-structure: ~units
##
##
        post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
         0.597 0.0001479
## units
                               1.568
  Location effects: AAM ~ FTR
##
##
##
              post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
## (Intercept)
                -0.7944 -2.4719
                                   0.6958
                                            1485.2 0.310
                 0.9332 -0.4488
## FTR1
                                   2.3000
                                             905.9 0.188
```

There is no significant relationship between AAM and FTR.

Do the same test for Long-Term Orientation:

```
set.seed(12829)
phyloModelLTO<-MCMCglmm(
   AAM ~ LTO,
   random=~lang,
   ginverse=list(
     lang=inverseA(tree)$Ainv),
   prior = prior.PN,
   verbose=FALSE,
   family="gaussian",
   data = cdata,
   nitt=burnin+postBurnin,
   thin=thin,
   burnin=burnin)
summary(phyloModelLTO)</pre>
```

```
##
## Iterations = 100001:199991
## Thinning interval = 10
## Sample size = 10000
## DIC: 49.44665
##
## G-structure: ~lang
##
##
       post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## lang 0.4891 0.0001196
                          2.849
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
        post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units 0.8295 0.0003182 1.571
                                       1090
##
## Location effects: AAM ~ LTO
##
             post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
##
## (Intercept) -0.02423 -0.78404 0.72067 9630 0.9426
## LTO
             -0.44768 -0.89869 -0.01900
                                           8875 0.0476 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

OLS with clustered errors

Run an OLS regression, then print the results when clustering standard errors by language family. This uses code from Beautrelet (2018) and Hlavac (2018).

Beautrelet, I. (2018) https://github.com/IsidoreBeautrelet/economictheoryblog

Hlavac, Marek (2018). stargazer: Well-Formatted Regression and Summary Statistics Tables. R package version 5.2.2. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=stargazer

```
source("robust_summary.R")
reg <- lm(AAM.scaled ~
             strongftr +
             invpro +
             pd + indiv + mas + ua + lto + indul +
             ggr +
             SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA +
             MEET + LOSS,
             data=d2)
sStandard = summary(reg)
sCluster = summary(reg,cluster = c("mainLanguageFamily"))
## Warning: package 'sandwich' was built under R version 3.3.2
sStandard
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = AAM.scaled ~ strongftr + invpro + pd + indiv + mas +
       ua + lto + indul + ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET +
##
       LOSS, data = d2)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
##
  -0.8968 -0.3581 -0.1046
                           0.0431 13.8734
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.224931
                           0.013425 16.754 < 2e-16 ***
## strongftr1
                0.131751
                           0.010477 12.575 < 2e-16 ***
## invpro
               -0.098873
                           0.003412 -28.980 < 2e-16 ***
                           0.006242
## pd
                0.009507
                                      1.523 0.127773
## indiv
                0.021466
                           0.009681
                                      2.217 0.026609 *
                           0.003891 15.858 < 2e-16 ***
## mas
                0.061711
## ua
               -0.043890
                           0.004223 -10.394 < 2e-16 ***
               -0.110883
                           0.007396 -14.992 < 2e-16 ***
## lto
## indul
                0.024838
                           0.006597
                                      3.765 0.000167 ***
               -0.071854
                           0.004298 -16.717
                                            < 2e-16 ***
## ggr
                                      9.773 < 2e-16 ***
## SIZE
                0.036102
                           0.003694
## BTM
               -0.020304
                           0.003271
                                    -6.208 5.40e-10 ***
## LEV
               -0.005215
                           0.003353
                                    -1.555 0.119921
                           0.003859
                                     2.358 0.018382 *
## ROA
                0.009100
                                     4.718 2.38e-06 ***
## MEET1
                0.030394
                           0.006442
## LOSS1
                           0.011957 14.208 < 2e-16 ***
                0.169889
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.9628 on 94691 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.07311, Adjusted R-squared: 0.07296
## F-statistic: 497.9 on 15 and 94691 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
sCluster
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = AAM.scaled ~ strongftr + invpro + pd + indiv + mas +
##
      ua + lto + indul + ggr + SIZE + BTM + LEV + ROA + MEET +
##
     LOSS, data = d2)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -0.8968 -0.3581 -0.1046 0.0431 13.8734
##
## Coefficients:
##
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.224931 0.155849 1.443 0.14895
                      0.079045 1.667 0.09556
## strongftr1 0.131751
            ## invpro
## pd
             0.009507 0.040960 0.232 0.81646
## indiv
            0.021466 0.041456
                              0.518 0.60460
## mas
            0.061711
                      0.023124
                              2.669 0.00762 **
## ua
            -0.043890 0.027344 -1.605 0.10848
## lto
            ## indul
            -0.071854
                      0.037191 -1.932 0.05336
## ggr
## SIZE
             ## BTM
            ## LEV
            -0.005215
                      0.002503 -2.083 0.03721 *
## ROA
             0.009100
                      0.005587
                               1.629 0.10340
## MEET1
            0.030394
                      0.006669 4.557 5.18e-06 ***
## LOSS1
             0.169889
                      0.027220 6.241 4.35e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9628 on 94691 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.07311,
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.07296
## F-statistic: -5.107e+15 on 15 and 8 DF, p-value: 1
htmlTable =
 stargazer(reg,reg,se=list(
 coef(sStandard)[, 2],
 coef(sCluster)[, 2]
 ), type = "html", out = "../results/modelResults/RobustClusterResults.html")
```