A case for systematic sound symbolism in pragmatics: Supporting information

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Introduction

This is an analysis of an experiment into whether people can predict if an upcoming turn is a question or a statement, based on the previous turn type and the first phoneme of the target turn.

Participants listened to a series of audio samples. Each audio sample was made up of a *context* by speaker 1 (Statement or Initiating turn) and a *response* by speaker 2. The response was either no audio, a single segment [w] or a single segment other than [w].

Load libraries

```
library(lme4)
library(lattice)
library(gplots)
library(ggplot2)
library(sjPlot)
library(party)
library(Rmisc)
library(dplyr)
```

```
library("lme4")
library("optimx")
#library("nloptr")
```

Function for converting from logit scale

```
logit2per = function(X){
  return(exp(X)/(1+exp(X)))
}
```

Load data

```
d = read.csv("../Data/Lab_Processed.csv")
```

Each row in the data is a single response from a participant to a single sample. The key variables are:

- partID: identifies participants
- contextSample: The name of the audio sample used for the context.
- \bullet response Sample: The name of the audio sample used for the response.
- responsePhoneme: The first segment of the response.
- response Type: Whether the first segment of the response came from a question or statement.
- answer: The participant's response to "Is the next turn a question?"

Make answer a binary variable.

```
d$answer = d$answer=="Yes"
d$lastAnswer = d$lastAnswer=="Yes"
```

Relevel response phoneme and context.

```
d$responsePhoneme = relevel(d$responsePhoneme, 'wh')
d$context = relevel(d$context, 'ST')
```

Center trial number, so that the intercept will reflect probabilities in the middle of the experiment.

```
d$trialNumber.center = d$trialNumber - 25
# Scale between -1 and 1
d$trialNumber.center = d$trialNumber.center /
max(d$trialNumber.center)
```

Data exclusion

We exclude participant 13 because they took much longer than other participants.

```
d = d[as.character(d$partID)!="13",]
```

Are there any samples that look like outliers? Make a basic model:

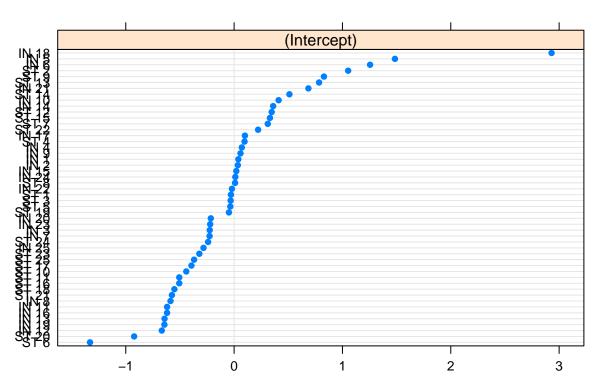
```
m3 = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + context + responsePhoneme +
     (1 | partID) +
     (1 | contextSample) +
     (1 | responseSample),
    data = d,
  family = binomial,
```

```
control = glmerControl(optimizer="bobyqa", optCtrl = list(maxfun=2e4))
)
```

Then look at the random effects.

```
dotplot(ranef(m3))[[2]]
```

contextSample



The sample "IN 18" is an outlier. However, models have convergence problems when leaving it out.

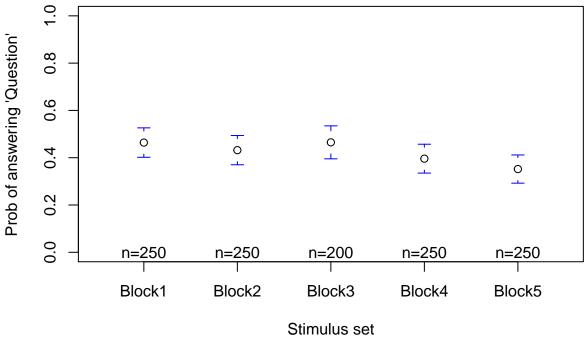
The data has 1200 observations:

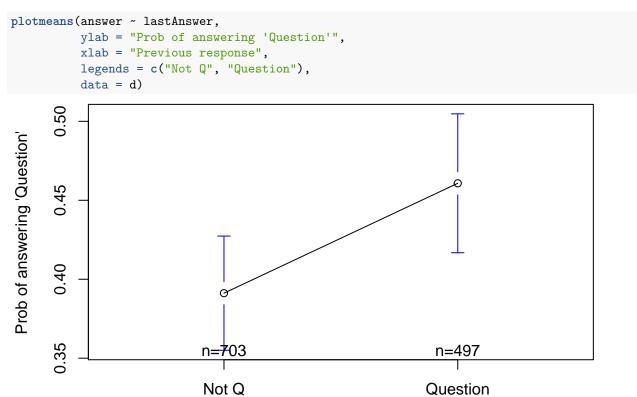
```
## wh none other
## ST 240 120 240
## IN 240 120 240
```

Effects of block and trial

ylim=c(0,1))

```
plotmeans(answer ~ cut(trialNumber,seq(0,50,length.out = 11), include.lowest = T),
          ylab = "Prob of answering 'Question'",
          xlab = 'Trial',
          data = d[d$context=="ST",],ylim=c(0,1),
          col = 1, barcol = 1)
plotmeans(answer ~ cut(trialNumber,seq(0,50,length.out = 11), include.lowest = T),
          ylab = "Prob of answering 'Question'",
          xlab = 'Trial',
          data = d[d$context=="IN",],ylim=c(0,1),
          col = 2, barcol = 2, add=T)
## Warning in arrows(x, li, x, pmax(y - gap, li), col = barcol, lwd = lwd, :
## zero-length arrow is of indeterminate angle and so skipped
## Warning in arrows(x, ui, x, pmin(y + gap, ui), col = barcol, lwd = lwd, :
## zero-length arrow is of indeterminate angle and so skipped
## Warning in axis(1, at = 1:length(means), labels = legends, ...): "add" is
## not a graphical parameter
## Warning in plot.xy(xy.coords(x, y), type = type, ...): "add" is not a
## graphical parameter
                                                                               Т
Prob of answering 'Question'
      \infty
      o.
      9
      O
      0
      \vec{c}
      o.
      0.0
                     n=66 n=63 n=65 n=69 n=63 n=63 n=49
               n=63
                                                                      n=69 n=66
               [0,5]
                           (10,15]
                                         (20,25]
                                                       (30,35]
                                                                     (40,45]
                                               Trial
plotmeans(d$answer ~ d$blockName,
          ylab = "Prob of answering 'Question'",
          xlab = 'Stimulus set',
          connect=F,
```

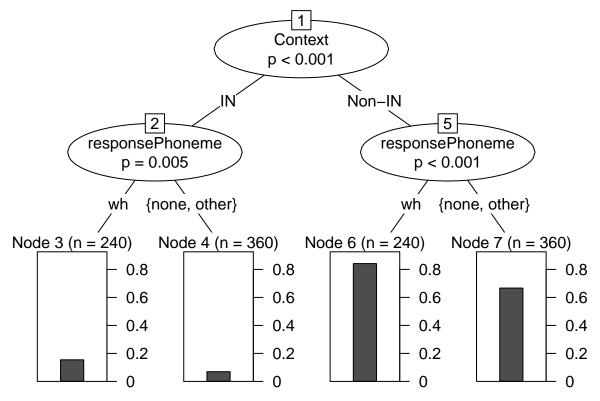




Previous response

Decision tree

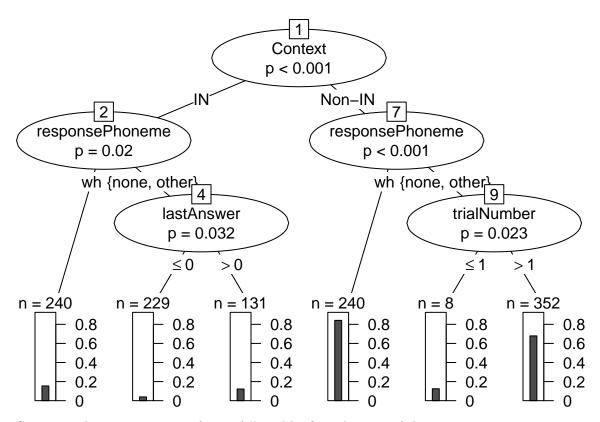
In order to get an idea of the structure of the data, we make a binary decision tree based on the data. We try to predict the participant's response by context and the type of turn the response was taken from.



And here is a more detailed analysis:

Plot the decision tree:

```
plot(cx, terminal_panel=node_barplot(cx, id=F))
```



Context is the most important factor, followed by first phoneme of the response.

Mixed effects models

Make a series of mixed effects models. We can fix this using the "nlminb" optimiser for both phases of the convergence and letting the algorithm run longer:

```
nlminbw <- lme4:::nlminbwrap
gcontrol = glmerControl(optimizer="nlminbw",optCtrl = list(maxfun=2e4))</pre>
```

(Note that several convergence algorithms were tested, and the three best fitting solutions had essentially no differences in fixed effect estimates)

Random effects structure

We have a good idea of what the random effects structure should be, but first we check whether there are significant differences by participant etc.

```
mAO = glmer(
  answer \sim 1 +
    (1 | partID),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = glmerControl(optimizer='bobyqa',optCtrl=list(maxfun=2e4))
)
mAOb = glmer(
  answer \sim 1 +
    (1 | blockName/partID) ,
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = glmerControl(optimizer='bobyqa',optCtrl=list(maxfun=2e4))
ltrf = anova(mA0,mA0b)
ltrf
## Data: d
## Models:
## mA0: answer ~ 1 + (1 | partID)
## mAOb: answer ~ 1 + (1 | blockName/partID)
                     BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
              AIC
## mAO
         2 1636.7 1646.9 -816.35
                                    1632.7
## mAOb 3 1637.6 1652.8 -815.78
                                   1631.6 1.1313
```

There is no significant improvement in the model when taking stimulus set into account. Because it complicates the analysis, we'll leave it out.

```
## Mixed effect models summary
##

## ../results/lmerTests/lmerTestSummary.txt

mA1 = glmer(
   answer ~ 1 +
      (1 | partID) +
      (1 | contextSample),
   data = d,
   family = binomial,
```

```
control = gcontrol
mA2 = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 +
    (1 | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
mA3 = glmer(
  answer \sim 1 +
    (1 + context| partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
mA4 = glmer(
  answer \sim 1 +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
ltrf2 = anova(mA0, mA1, mA2, mA3, mA4)
ltrf2
## Data: d
## Models:
## mAO: answer ~ 1 + (1 | partID)
## mA1: answer ~ 1 + (1 | partID) + (1 | contextSample)
## mA2: answer ~ 1 + (1 | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## mA3: answer ~ 1 + (1 + context | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 |
## mA3:
            responseSample)
## mA4: answer \sim 1 + (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 |
            contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## mA4:
                    BIC logLik deviance
##
      Df
                                           Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
             AIC
## mAO 2 1636.7 1646.9 -816.35
                                1632.7
## mA1 3 1116.4 1131.7 -555.21
                                1110.4 522.281
                                                      1 < 2.2e-16 ***
## mA2 4 1094.7 1115.1 -543.37
                                1086.7 23.682
                                                      1 1.136e-06 ***
## mA3 6 1059.5 1090.0 -523.76
                                 1047.5 39.222
                                                      2 3.041e-09 ***
## mA4 13 1054.1 1120.3 -514.06
                                 1028.1 19.393
                                                          0.007041 **
                                                      7
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

All proposed random effects significantly improve the fit of the model, except for the random slope for responsePhoneme by participant.

Fixed effects

We are most interested in the effects of context and response type, but we need to check some other possible confounding variables.

Trial

```
m0 = glmer(
  answer \sim 1 +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
trial = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
trialQ = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + I(trialNumber.center^2) +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
lttr = anova(m0,trial, trialQ)
lttr
## Data: d
## Models:
## m0: answer ~ 1 + (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 |
           contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
              partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trial:
## trialQ: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + I(trialNumber.center^2) + (1 +
## trialQ:
               context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## trialQ:
               (1 | responseSample)
                       BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
          Df
                AIC
```

```
## m0 13 1054.1 1120.3 -514.06 1028.1
## trial 14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66 1023.3 4.796 1 0.02853 *
## trialQ 15 1052.5 1128.8 -511.23 1022.5 0.862 1 0.35318
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
A significant effect of trial, but no significant quadratic term.

Previous answer
```

prevAns: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + lastAnswer + (1 + context +

1023.3

```
prevAns = glmer(
   answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + lastAnswer +
      (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
      (1 | contextSample) +
      (1 | responseSample) ,
      data = d,
      family = binomial,
      control = gcontrol
)
ltpa = anova(trial,prevAns)
ltpa

## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trial: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
```

responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)

BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)

No significant effect of previous answer.

AIC

prevAns 15 1051.6 1127.9 -510.80 1021.6 1.7284

trial 14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66

Sex of speakers in samples

Df

prevAns:

```
contS = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context.sex +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
respS = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context.sex + response.sex +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
```

```
contXrespS = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
   context.sex * response.sex +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
ltsx = anova(trial,contS, respS, contXrespS)
ltsx
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trial: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## contS: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context.sex + (1 + context +
## contS: responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## respS: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context.sex + response.sex +
## respS:
              (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
              (1 | responseSample)
## respS:
## contXrespS: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context.sex * response.sex +
## contXrespS:
                 (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## contXrespS:
                   (1 | responseSample)
##
                    AIC
                           BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
             Df
## trial
              14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66
                                       1023.3
              15 1051.8 1128.1 -510.90 1021.8 1.5291
## contS
                                                            1
                                                                  0.2162
## respS
              16 1053.8 1135.2 -510.89 1021.8 0.0194
                                                            1
                                                                  0.8892
## contXrespS 17 1055.8 1142.3 -510.87 1021.8 0.0235
                                                                  0.8783
                                                           1
No significant effects of the sex of the speakers in the samples.
Sex of participants
sex = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + Sex +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
ltsxp = anova(trial,sex)
ltsxp
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
             partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trial:
## sex: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + Sex + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
```

```
partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
##
         Df
                      BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
               AIC
## trial 14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66
                                     1023.3
         15 1053.3 1129.7 -511.65
                                     1023.3 0.02
                                                              0.8874
No significant effect of the sex of the participant.
Age of participants
(does't converge with nlminb, so using bobyqa)
age = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + Age +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = glmerControl(optimizer="bobyqa")
ltag = anova(trial,age)
ltag
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
              partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## age: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + Age + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
            partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## age:
                      BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
               AIC
         Df
## trial 14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66
                                     1023.3
         15 1052.5 1128.9 -511.25
                                     1022.5 0.8138
                                                        1
                                                                0.367
No significant effect of age of partcipant.
Type of English spoken
Etype = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + EnglishType +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
lten = anova(trial,Etype)
lten
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
              partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## Etype: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + EnglishType + (1 + context +
              responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## Etype:
                      BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
        Df
               AIC
```

```
## trial 14 1051.3 1122.6 -511.66 1023.3
## Etype 16 1053.2 1134.7 -510.61 1021.2 2.0944 2 0.3509
```

No significant effec of the type of English the participant speaks.

Effects of Context and Response

The only significant confounding variable is trial, so that forms the baseline.

```
context = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
rPhon = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context + responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
conXrPh = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
anova(trial, context,rPhon, conXrPh)
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
```

```
## Data: d
## Models:
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trial: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## context: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## context: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## rPhon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + responsePhoneme +
## rPhon: (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## conXrPh: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## conXrPh: (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
```

```
##
                 AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
          Df
## trial 14 1051.32 1122.6 -511.66 1023.32
## context 15 1007.58 1083.9 -488.79 977.58 45.742
                                                         1 1.349e-11 ***
## rPhon 17 997.75 1084.3 -481.88 963.75 13.828
                                                         2 0.0009938 ***
                                                         2 0.5106922
## conXrPh 19 1000.41 1097.1 -481.20 962.41 1.344
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Interaction between Sex and responses
Sex = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
SexXresp = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    Sex*responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
SexXcon = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    Sex*responsePhoneme +
    Sex:context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
)
SxXcoXre = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    Sex*responsePhoneme*context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
```

conXrPh: (1 | responseSample)

```
data = d,
 family = binomial,
 control = gcontrol
ltsxx = anova(conXrPh, Sex, SexXresp, SexXcon, SxXcoXre)
ltsxx
## Data: d
## Models:
## conXrPh: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## conXrPh: (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## conXrPh:
               (1 | responseSample)
## Sex: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
           Sex + (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## Sex:
           (1 | responseSample)
## SexXresp: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## SexXresp:
              Sex * responsePhoneme + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## SexXresp:
                partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## SexXcon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## SexXcon: Sex * responsePhoneme + Sex:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## SexXcon:
               partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## SxXcoXre: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## SxXcoXre: Sex * responsePhoneme * context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## SxXcoXre:
                partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
                       BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
           Df
                AIC
## conXrPh 19 1000.4 1097.1 -481.20
                                      962.41
          20 1002.4 1104.2 -481.20 962.40 0.0049
                                                              0.9439
                                                        1
## SexXresp 22 1003.1 1115.1 -479.57 959.14 3.2639
                                                              0.1955
## SexXcon 23 1004.6 1121.7 -479.30 958.59 0.5471
                                                       1
                                                              0.4595
## SxXcoXre 25 1008.2 1135.5 -479.13 958.25 0.3400
                                                        2
                                                              0.8437
```

No effect by sex of participant.

Interaction with trial

```
trialXCon = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
   trialNumber.center:context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d,
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
trialXph = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
   context * responsePhoneme +
   trialNumber.center:context +
   trialNumber.center:responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
   (1 | responseSample),
```

```
data = d,
 family = binomial,
 control = gcontrol
trXcoXph = glmer(
 answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center *
   context * responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
 data = d,
 family = binomial,
 control = gcontrol
lttrx = anova(conXrPh, trialXCon, trialXph, trXcoXph)
lttrx
## Data: d
## Models:
## conXrPh: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## conXrPh:
               (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## conXrPh:
               (1 | responseSample)
## trialXCon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## trialXCon: trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trialXCon:
                 partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trialXph: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## trialXph: trialNumber.center:context + trialNumber.center:responsePhoneme +
                (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## trialXph:
                (1 | responseSample)
## trialXph:
## trXcoXph: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center * context * responsePhoneme +
## trXcoXph:
                (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
                (1 | responseSample)
## trXcoXph:
##
            Df
                   AIC
                          BIC logLik deviance
                                                 Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## conXrPh
           19 1000.41 1097.1 -481.20
                                      962.41
## trialXCon 20 989.60 1091.4 -474.80 949.60 12.8092
                                                            1 0.0003449 ***
## trialXph 22 993.25 1105.2 -474.62
                                      949.25 0.3540
                                                            2 0.8377824
## trXcoXph 24 996.63 1118.8 -474.32 948.63 0.6147
                                                           2 0.7353795
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Significant interaction between trial and context, but no reliable further interaction.

Effect of stimulus set

Below we adjust the random effects so that participants are nested within stimulus set (the variable blockName).

```
stimSet = glmer(
    answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
        context * responsePhoneme +
        trialNumber.center:context +
        (1 + context + responsePhoneme| blockName/partID) +
        (1 | contextSample) +
        (1 | responseSample),
    data = d,
    family = binomial,
    control = gcontrol
)
```

anova(trialXCon,stimSet)

```
## Data: d
## Models:
## trialXCon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
                 trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trialXCon:
## trialXCon:
                  partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## stimSet: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
                trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## stimSet:
                blockName/partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## stimSet:
                          BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
             Df
                   AIC
## trialXCon 20 989.6 1091.4 -474.80
                                        949.60
             30 1002.3 1155.0 -471.16
                                        942.32 7.2839
```

There is no significant improvement in the model, and in any case the stimuli sets are counterbalanced experimentally, so we don't include it.

In any case, the qualitative results are the same, and the estimates are very similar, suggesting that stimulus set does not have an impact on the main findings.

cbind(without=fixef(trialXCon), withRForStimSet=fixef(stimSet))

```
without withRForStimSet
##
## (Intercept)
                                   2.1405023
                                                   2.12652608
## trialNumber.center
                                   0.7511443
                                                   0.77419202
## contextIN
                                  -4.4088146
                                                  -4.37373392
## responsePhonemenone
                                  -1.3028431
                                                  -1.27113955
## responsePhonemeother
                                  -1.2297526
                                                  -1.21010008
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone -0.4728529
                                                  -0.52928626
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother 0.2271069
                                                   0.03170117
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                  -1.2321227
                                                  -1.25867272
```

Check /h/ phoneme samples

Only one stimuli set had a /h/ response phoneme, so we re-run the main analysis without those trials.

```
takeOutSet = d[d$response.first0=='h',]$setNum[1]
trialH = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d[d$setNum != takeOutSet,],
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
contextH = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d[d$setNum != takeOutSet,],
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
rPhonH = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context + responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d[d$setNum != takeOutSet,],
  family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
conXrPhH = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
    (1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
  data = d[d$setNum != takeOutSet,],
 family = binomial,
  control = gcontrol
trialXConH = glmer(
  answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center +
    context * responsePhoneme +
    trialNumber.center:context +
    (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) +
```

```
(1 | contextSample) +
    (1 | responseSample),
 data = d[d$setNum != takeOutSet,],
 family = binomial,
 control = gcontrol
anova(trialH, contextH,rPhonH, conXrPhH, trialXConH)
## Data: d[d$setNum != takeOutSet, ]
## Models:
## trialH: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trialH: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## contextH: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## contextH: partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## rPhonH: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + responsePhoneme +
## rPhonH:
             (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## rPhonH:
              (1 | responseSample)
## conXrPhH: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## conXrPhH: (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## conXrPhH:
              (1 | responseSample)
## trialXConH: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
## trialXConH: trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trialXConH:
                  partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
           Df
                           BIC logLik deviance
                                                Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                  AIC
            14 1022.03 1092.7 -497.02 994.03
## trialH
## contextH 15 978.65 1054.4 -474.32 948.65 45.3814
                                                          1 1.622e-11
## rPhonH
           17 969.63 1055.5 -467.82 935.63 13.0146
                                                          2 0.0014925
## conXrPhH 19 972.25 1068.2 -467.13 934.25 1.3801
                                                          2 0.5015480
## trialXConH 20 962.34 1063.3 -461.17 922.34 11.9158
                                                          1 0.0005566
##
## trialH
## contextH
             ***
## rPhonH
## conXrPhH
## trialXConH ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
summary(trialXConH)$coef
                                  Estimate Std. Error
                                 2.0887338 0.3635915 5.7447265
## (Intercept)
## trialNumber.center
                                 0.7216970 0.2021668 3.5698089
## contextIN
                                -4.3725230 0.5135860 -8.5137119
## responsePhonemenone
                                -1.2261652 0.6124030 -2.0022194
## responsePhonemeother
                                -1.1943781 0.3375941 -3.5379117
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone -0.4386208 0.6676415 -0.6569705
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother 0.2484692 0.4676457 0.5313193
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                -1.2000509 0.3534447 -3.3953006
##
                                     Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                9.206970e-09
## trialNumber.center
                                3.572417e-04
## contextIN
                                1.684522e-17
```

There are no qualitative differences when removing these trials.

Results

Model comparison

```
mainResults = anova(m0, trial, context,rPhon, conXrPh, trialXCon)
mainResults
## Data: d
## Models:
## m0: answer ~ 1 + (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 |
          contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trial: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
             partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## trial:
## context: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## context:
             partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## rPhon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context + responsePhoneme +
## rPhon: (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
             (1 | responseSample)
## rPhon:
## conXrPh: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
               (1 + context + responsePhoneme | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## conXrPh:
## conXrPh:
               (1 | responseSample)
## trialXCon: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
                trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
## trialXCon:
## trialXCon:
                 partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
##
           Df
                   AIC
                          BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## mO
            13 1054.12 1120.3 -514.06 1028.12
            14 1051.32 1122.6 -511.66 1023.32 4.796
                                                          1 0.0285265 *
## trial
## context 15 1007.58 1083.9 -488.79
                                      977.58 45.742
                                                          1 1.349e-11 ***
                                                          2 0.0009938 ***
## rPhon
           17 997.75 1084.3 -481.88 963.75 13.828
## conXrPh 19 1000.41 1097.1 -481.20 962.41 1.344
                                                          2 0.5106922
## trialXCon 20 989.60 1091.4 -474.80 949.60 12.809
                                                          1 0.0003449 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Fixed effects

Model estimates:

```
finalModel = trialXCon
save(finalModel, file="../results/FinalModel.Rdat")
summary(finalModel)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
   Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
##
      trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
##
      partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
      Data: d
##
## Control: gcontrol
##
##
       AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
##
      989.6
              1091.4
                       -474.8
                                 949.6
                                           1180
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -4.2698 -0.2894 -0.1330 0.4098 5.5016
##
## Random effects:
                                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
  Groups
                   Name
##
                                                 0.5149
##
   responseSample (Intercept)
                                        0.2651
                                                 1.0150
##
   contextSample (Intercept)
                                        1.0303
##
   partID
                   (Intercept)
                                        0.5637
                                                 0.7508
##
                   contextIN
                                        1.1434
                                                 1.0693
                                                          -0.67
##
                   responsePhonemenone 0.4270
                                                 0.6535
                                                           0.34 - 0.53
##
                   responsePhonemeother 0.3828
                                                 0.6187
                                                          -0.45 -0.32 0.43
## Number of obs: 1200, groups:
## responseSample, 51; contextSample, 50; partID, 24
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                               0.3620 5.913 3.37e-09 ***
## (Intercept)
                                    2.1405
## trialNumber.center
                                               0.2008
                                                        3.740 0.000184 ***
                                    0.7511
## contextIN
                                   -4.4088
                                               0.5107 -8.632 < 2e-16 ***
## responsePhonemenone
                                   -1.3028
                                               0.6326
                                                       -2.060 0.039440 *
                                   -1.2298
                                               0.3389
                                                       -3.629 0.000285 ***
## responsePhonemeother
                                   -0.4729
                                               0.6773 -0.698 0.485085
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother
                                   0.2271
                                               0.4609
                                                       0.493 0.622169
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                   -1.2321
                                               0.3501 -3.519 0.000433 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
                      (Intr) trlNm. cntxIN rspnsPhnmn rspnsPhnmt
## trlNmbr.cnt
                       0.107
## contextIN
                      -0.675 -0.093
## rspnsPhnmnn
                      -0.247 -0.027
                                    0.128
## rspnsPhnmth
                      -0.593 -0.105 0.278 0.323
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn 0.213 0.011 -0.279 -0.255
                                                      -0.221
```

```
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmt 0.264 0.045 -0.383 -0.150
## trlNmbr.:IN
                      -0.071 -0.574 0.093 0.019
                                                        0.071
##
                      cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmt
## trlNmbr.cnt
## contextIN
## rspnsPhnmnn
## rspnsPhnmth
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmt
                       0.333
## trlNmbr.:IN
                                          0.033
                       0.012
Relevel the response phoneme to see other comparisons:
d2 = d
d2$responsePhoneme = relevel(d2$responsePhoneme, "other")
fm2 = update(finalModel, data=d2)
summary(fm2)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
  Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: answer ~ 1 + trialNumber.center + context * responsePhoneme +
##
       trialNumber.center:context + (1 + context + responsePhoneme |
       partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
      Data: d2
##
## Control: gcontrol
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
                       -474.8
##
      989.6
              1091.4
                                 949.6
                                           1180
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
       Min
                                3Q
## -4.2698 -0.2894 -0.1330 0.4098 5.5015
##
## Random effects:
##
  Groups
                                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                   Name
  responseSample (Intercept)
                                       0.2651
                                                0.5149
  contextSample (Intercept)
                                                1.0150
##
                                       1.0302
   partID
                   (Intercept)
                                       0.5273
                                                0.7261
##
                   contextIN
##
                                       1.1434
                                                1.0693
                                                         -0.97
##
                   responsePhonemewh
                                       0.3828
                                                0.6187
                                                          -0.39 0.32
                   responsePhonemenone 0.4654
                                                0.6822
                                                          0.34 -0.21 0.50
##
## Number of obs: 1200, groups:
## responseSample, 51; contextSample, 50; partID, 24
## Fixed effects:
##
                                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                  0.91078
                                             0.31669
                                                       2.876 0.004028 **
## trialNumber.center
                                  0.75116
                                             0.20084
                                                        3.740 0.000184 ***
                                             0.54110 -7.728 1.09e-14 ***
## contextIN
                                 -4.18171
## responsePhonemewh
                                  1.22977
                                             0.33890
                                                       3.629 0.000285 ***
## responsePhonemenone
                                 -0.07309
                                             0.61348 -0.119 0.905169
## contextIN:responsePhonemewh
                                 -0.22715
                                             0.46086 -0.493 0.622101
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone -0.69994
                                             0.68070 -1.028 0.303822
## trialNumber.center:contextIN -1.23213
                                             0.35014 -3.519 0.000433 ***
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
                      (Intr) trlNm. cntxIN rspnsPhnmw rspnsPhnmn
## trlNmbr.cnt
                      0.011
## contextIN
                     -0.592 -0.050
                     -0.392 0.105 0.113
## rspnsPhnmwh
## rspnsPhnmnn
                      -0.151 0.030 0.056 0.219
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmw 0.170 -0.045 -0.490 -0.441
                                                      -0.089
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn 0.121 -0.019 -0.312 -0.079
                                                      -0.200
                      -0.006 -0.574 0.115 -0.071
## trlNmbr.:IN
                                                      -0.020
                      cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmw cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn
## trlNmbr.cnt
## contextIN
## rspnsPhnmwh
## rspnsPhnmnn
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmw
## cntxtIN:rspnsPhnmn 0.346
## trlNmbr.:IN
                      -0.033
                                         -0.010
write.csv(as.data.frame(summary(fm2)$coef),
          "../results/FinalModelCoefficients_relevel.csv")
Confidence intervals (through Wald method):
CI = confint(finalModel,parm="beta_", method="Wald")
cx = summary(finalModel)$coef
cx = cbind(cx[,1],CI,cx[,2:4])
cx2 = cx
for(i in 1:5)\{cx2[,i] = round(cx2[,i],3)\}
cx2 = as.data.frame(cx2)
names(cx2)[1] = "estimate.logit"
cx2\$esimate.odds = exp(cx2[,1])
cx2$esimate.odds.lower = exp(cx2[,2])
cx2$esimate.odds.upper = exp(cx2[,2])
cx2
##
                                  estimate.logit 2.5 % 97.5 % Std. Error
## (Intercept)
                                           2.141 1.431 2.850
                                                                    0.362
## trialNumber.center
                                           0.751 0.358 1.145
                                                                    0.201
## contextIN
                                          -4.409 -5.410 -3.408
                                                                    0.511
## responsePhonemenone
                                          -1.303 -2.543 -0.063
                                                                    0.633
## responsePhonemeother
                                          -1.230 -1.894 -0.566
                                                                    0.339
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone
                                          -0.473 -1.800 0.855
                                                                    0.677
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother
                                           0.227 -0.676 1.130
                                                                    0.461
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                          -1.232 -1.918 -0.546
                                                                    0.350
##
                                  z value
                                              Pr(>|z|) esimate.odds
## (Intercept)
                                   5.913 3.366019e-09 8.50794132
## trialNumber.center
                                   3.740 1.840016e-04 2.11911808
## contextIN
                                  -8.632 6.007100e-18 0.01216734
                                  -2.060 3.943976e-02
## responsePhonemenone
                                                        0.27171542
                                  -3.629 2.848789e-04
## responsePhonemeother
                                                        0.29229258
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone -0.698 4.850847e-01
                                                        0.62313007
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother 0.493 6.221693e-01 1.25482987
```

```
-3.519 4.333312e-04
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                                        0.29170858
##
                                 esimate.odds.lower esimate.odds.upper
## (Intercept)
                                                            4.18287998
                                         4.18287998
## trialNumber.center
                                         1.43046562
                                                            1.43046562
## contextIN
                                         0.00447164
                                                            0.00447164
## responsePhonemenone
                                         0.07863016
                                                            0.07863016
## responsePhonemeother
                                         0.15046873
                                                            0.15046873
## contextIN:responsePhonemenone
                                         0.16529889
                                                            0.16529889
## contextIN:responsePhonemeother
                                         0.50864752
                                                            0.50864752
## trialNumber.center:contextIN
                                         0.14690047
                                                            0.14690047
```

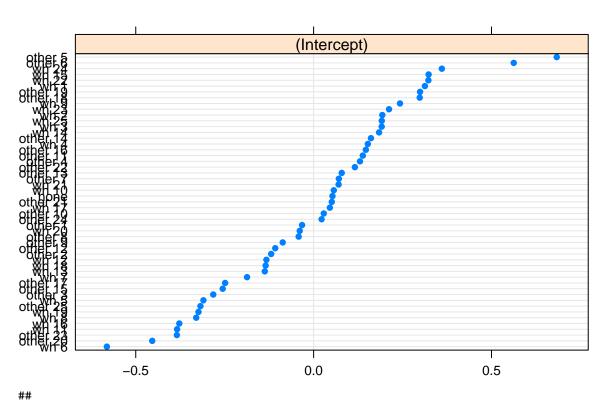
write.csv(cx, "../results/FinalModelCoefficients.csv")

Random effects

dotplot(ranef(finalModel))

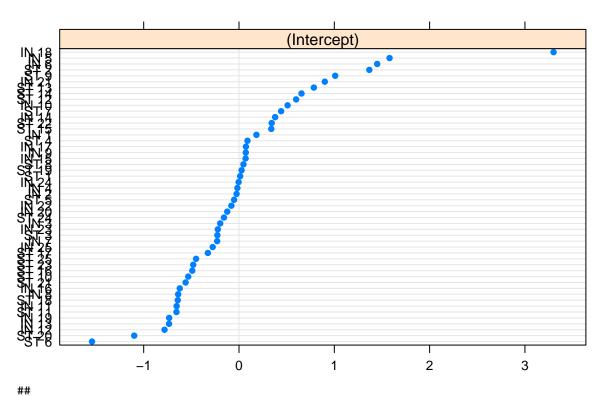
\$responseSample

responseSample



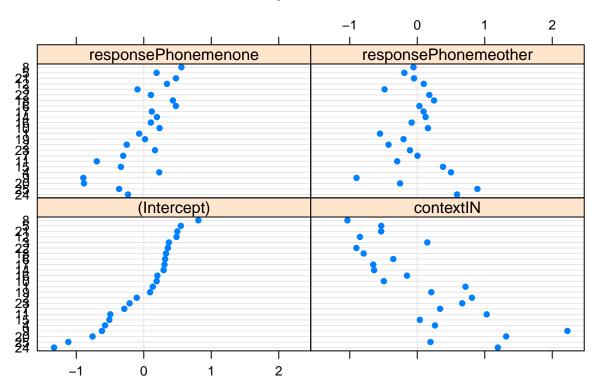
##
\$contextSample

contextSample

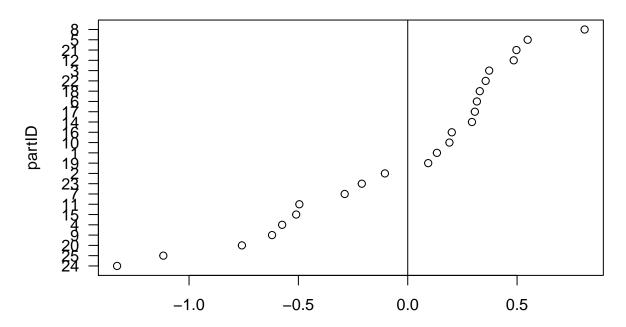


\$partID

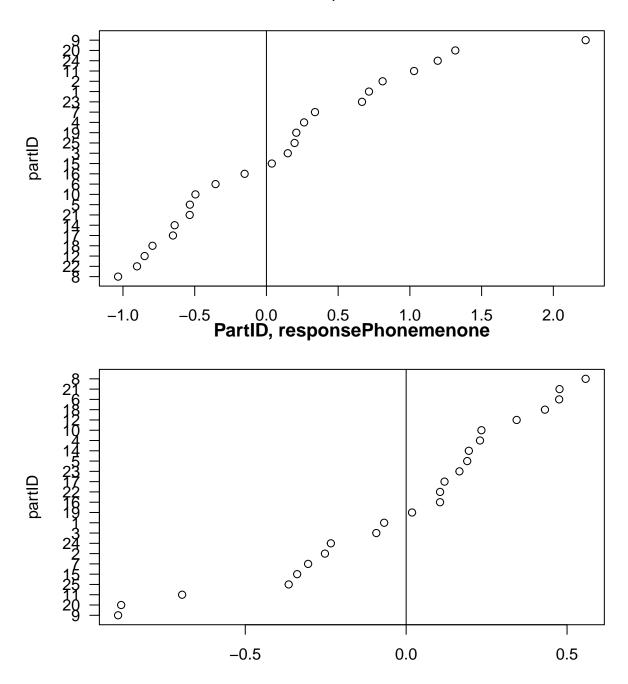
partID



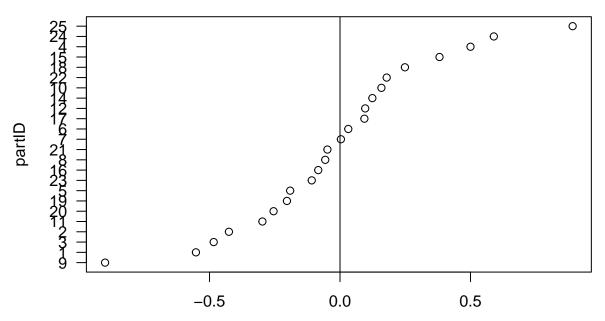
PartID, (Intercept)



PartID, contextIN

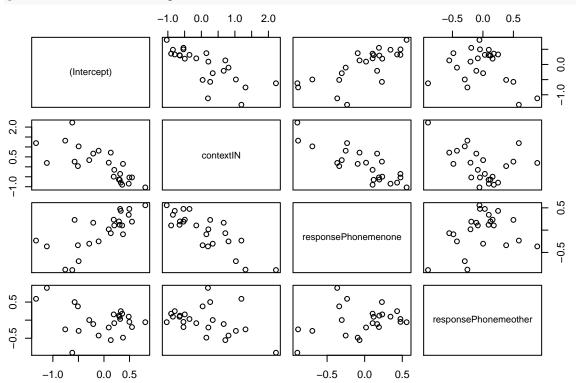


PartID, responsePhonemeother



Correlation between random effects for poarticipants:

plot(ranef(finalModel)\$partID)



Summary

Here is a summary of the main results:

There was a significant main effect of context (log likelihood difference =23 , df =1 , Chi Squared =45.74 , p =1.3e-11).

There was a significant main effect of phoneme (log likelihood difference =6.9, df =2, Chi Squared =13.83, p =0.00099).

There was no significant interaction between context and phoneme (log likelihood difference = 0.67, df = 2, Chi Squared = 1.34, p = 0.51).

There was a significant main effect of trial (\log likelihood difference = 2.4 , df = 1 , Chi Squared = 4.8 , p = 0.029).

Work out model esimates for probabilities in each condition:

```
## IN + none 0.01722517

## IN + other 0.03658105

## IN + wh 0.09378154

## ST + none 0.69797199

## ST + other 0.71315356

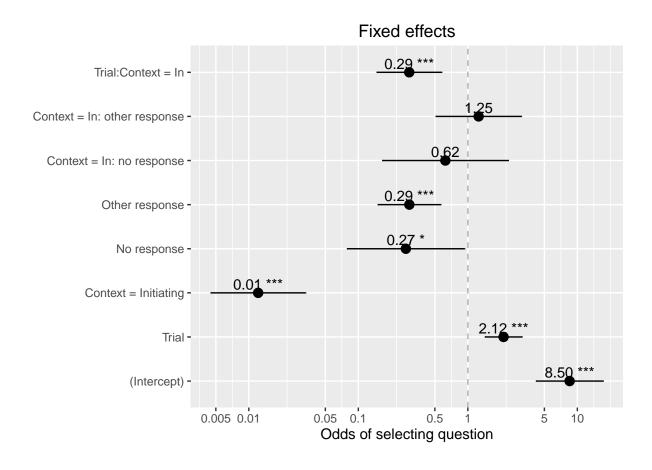
## ST + wh 0.89477791
```

Plots

Fixed effects estimates:

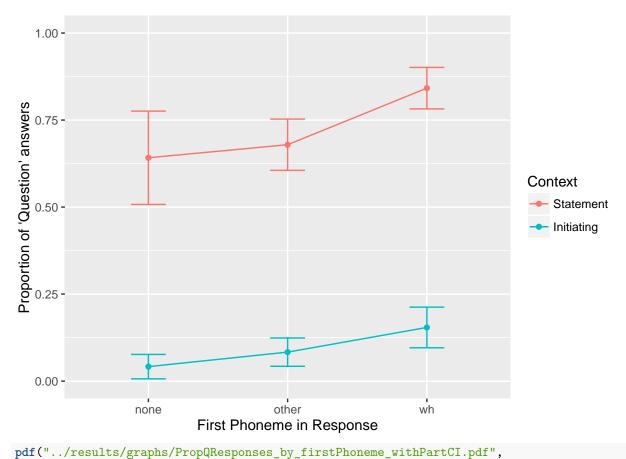
```
feLabels = matrix(c(
  "(Intercept)"
                            ,"Intercept"
                                               , NA,
  "trialNumber.center", "Trial", NA,
  "contextST", "Context = Statement", "context",
  "contextIN", "Context = Initiating", "context",
  "responsePhonemenone", "No response", 'rPhon',
  "responsePhonemewh", "wh response", 'rPhon',
  "responsePhonemeother", "Other response", 'rPhon',
  "contextIN:responsePhonemenone", "Context = In: no response", "conXrPh",
  "contextIN:responsePhonemewh", "Context = In: wh response", "conXrPh",
  "contextIN:responsePhonemeother", "Context = In: other response", "conXrPh",
  "trialNumber.center:contextIN", "Trial:Context = In", 'trialXCon'
), ncol=3, byrow = T)
feLabels2 = as.vector(feLabels[match(names(fixef(finalModel)),feLabels[,1]),2])
sjp.glmer(finalModel, 'fe',
          show.intercept = T,
          geom.colors = c(1,1),
          axis.title = "Odds of selecting question",
          y.offset = 0.2,
          axis.labels = feLabels2[2:length(feLabels2)]
```

Warning: Deprecated, use tibble::rownames_to_column() instead.

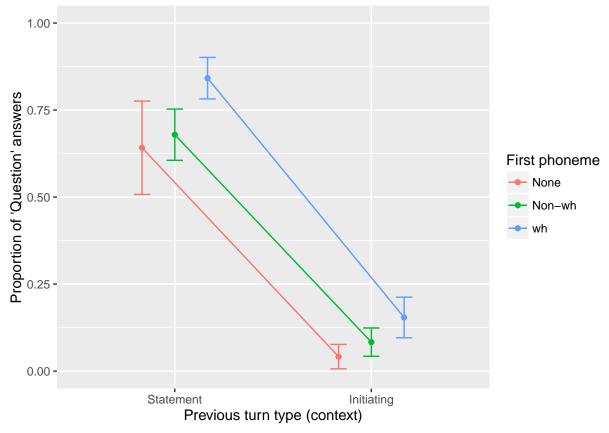


Raw data plots

```
d$responsePhoneme2 = relevel(relevel(d$responsePhoneme, 'other'), 'none')
sumStats = group_by(d, partID ,context,responsePhoneme2 ) %>%
              summarise(mean =mean(answer) )
sumStats2 = summarySE(sumStats, measurevar="mean", groupvars=c("context", "responsePhoneme2"))
sumStats2$upper = sumStats2$mean + sumStats2$ci
sumStats2$lower = sumStats2$mean - sumStats2$ci
sumStats2
##
     context responsePhoneme2 N
                                                     sd
                                        mean
                                                                se
                                                                            ci
## 1
                         none 24 0.64166667 0.31748559 0.06480648 0.13406241
## 2
          ST
                        other 24 0.67916667 0.17440375 0.03560002 0.07364424
## 3
          ST
                           wh 24 0.84166667 0.14116493 0.02881517 0.05960872
## 4
          TN
                         none 24 0.04166667 0.08297022 0.01693623 0.03503525
## 5
          IN
                        other 24 0.08333333 0.09630868 0.01965893 0.04066759
## 6
          IN
                           wh 24 0.15416667 0.13824731 0.02821961 0.05837672
##
          upper
                      lower
## 1 0.77572907 0.507604259
## 2 0.75281091 0.605522423
## 3 0.90127539 0.782057946
## 4 0.07670192 0.006631414
## 5 0.12400092 0.042665743
## 6 0.21254339 0.095789947
dodge <- position_dodge(width=0.5)</pre>
main.plot <- ggplot(sumStats2,</pre>
    aes(x = responsePhoneme2, y = mean, colour=context)) +
  geom_point() + geom_line(aes(group=context)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymax=mean+ci, ymin=mean-ci), width=0.25) +
  xlab("First Phoneme in Response") +
  ylab("Proportion of 'Question' answers") +
  coord_cartesian(ylim=c(0,1)) +
  scale color discrete(breaks=c("ST","IN"),
                       labels=c("Statement","Initiating"),
                       name="Context")
main.plot
```



```
width = 4, height=3)
main.plot
dev.off()
## pdf
##
main.plot2 <- ggplot(sumStats2,</pre>
    aes(x = context, y = mean, colour=responsePhoneme2)) +
  geom_point(position=dodge) + geom_line(aes(group=responsePhoneme2), position=dodge) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymax=mean+ci, ymin=mean-ci), width=0.25, position=dodge) +
  xlab("Previous turn type (context)") +
  ylab("Proportion of 'Question' answers") +
  coord_cartesian(ylim=c(0,1)) +
  scale_color_discrete(breaks=c("none","other",'wh'),
                       labels=c("None","Non-wh","wh"),
                       name="First phoneme") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks=c("ST", "IN"),
                      labels=c("Statement", "Initiating"))
main.plot2
```



```
pdf("../results/graphs/PropQResponses_by_context_withPartCI.pdf",
    width = 4, height=3)
main.plot2
dev.off()
```

pdf ## 2

Predicting response type

```
d2 = d[d$responsePhoneme!="none",]
table(d2$answer,d2$responseType)
##
##
          none other
##
           0 271 267
    FALSE
             0
    TRUE
                  209 213
d2$correct = "Correct"
d2$correct[!d2$answer & d2$responseType=="Q"] = "Incorrect"
d2$correct[d2$answer & d2$responseType=="other"] = "Incorrect"
# number of "correct" responses
table(d2$correct)
##
##
    Correct Incorrect
##
         484
             476
mOT = glmer(answer ~ 1 + context*responsePhoneme +
          (1 + context | partID) +
          (1 | contextSample) +
          (1 | responseSample),
          data = d2,
          family = binomial,
          control=gcontrol)
respT = glmer(answer ~ 1 + context*responsePhoneme +
                responseType +
          (1 + context | partID) +
          (1 | contextSample) +
          (1 | responseSample) ,
          data = d2,
           family = binomial,
          control=gcontrol)
respTXco = glmer(answer ~ 1 + context*responsePhoneme +
                responseType*context +
          (1 + context | partID) +
          (1 | contextSample) +
          (1 | responseSample),
           data = d2,
           family = binomial,
          control=gcontrol)
respTXrp = glmer(answer ~ 1 + context*responsePhoneme +
                responseType*context +
                + responseType: responsePhoneme +
          (1 + context | partID) +
          (1 | contextSample) +
          (1 | responseSample) ,
           data = d2,
           family = binomial,
```

```
control=gcontrol)
rTXcoXrp = glmer(answer ~ 1 + context*responsePhoneme +
                responseType*context *responsePhoneme +
          (1 + context | partID) +
          (1 | contextSample) +
          (1 | responseSample),
          data = d2,
          family = binomial,
          control=gcontrol)
anova(mOT, respT, respTXco, respTXrp, rTXcoXrp)
## Data: d2
## Models:
## mOT: answer ~ 1 + context * responsePhoneme + (1 + context | partID) +
            (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## respT: answer ~ 1 + context * responsePhoneme + responseType + (1 +
              context | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## respT:
## respTXco: answer ~ 1 + context * responsePhoneme + responseType * context +
                 (1 + context | partID) + (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## respTXco:
## respTXrp: answer ~ 1 + context * responsePhoneme + responseType * context +
## respTXrp:
                +responseType:responsePhoneme + (1 + context | partID) +
                 (1 | contextSample) + (1 | responseSample)
## respTXrp:
## rTXcoXrp: answer ~ 1 + context * responsePhoneme + responseType * context *
                responsePhoneme + (1 + context | partID) + (1 | contextSample) +
## rTXcoXrp:
## rTXcoXrp:
                 (1 | responseSample)
           Df
                         BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                 AIC
## mOT
            9 819.68 863.48 -400.84
                                       801.68
           10 821.57 870.24 -400.79
                                       801.57 0.1050
## respT
                                                          1
                                                                0.7459
## respTXco 11 823.40 876.94 -400.70
                                       801.40 0.1702
                                                                0.6800
                                                                0.9288
## respTXrp 12 825.40 883.80 -400.70 801.40 0.0080
                                                          1
## rTXcoXrp 13 826.31 889.58 -400.16
                                       800.31 1.0823
                                                                0.2982
```

No effects of actual response type.

Note on different optimisers

The nlminb optimiser was used instead of the default bobyqa and Nelder-Mead optimisers. The deafult settings caused convergence problems for the model with the interaction between responsePhoneme and context, probably due to the lack of variation in some of the conditions. Several other optimisers were tried, and the main results remained qualitatively the same (main effect of context, main effect of responsePhoneme, no interaction).

For the conXrPh model above, 7 different optimiser settings were tried (following this approach), all but nlminbw produced convergence warnings. The optimisers returned very similar log liklihoods:

- Nelder Mead -482.3682
- bobyga -481.4402
- nloptwrap.NLOPT_LN_NELDERMEAD -481.2140
- nloptwrap.NLOPT_LN_BOBYQA -481.2140
- nmkbw -481.2042
- optimx.L-BFGS-B -481.2041
- nlminbw -481.2041

Below is a summary of the estimates for different fixed effects for different optimisers for the conXrPh model above. The estimates vary little between the runs.

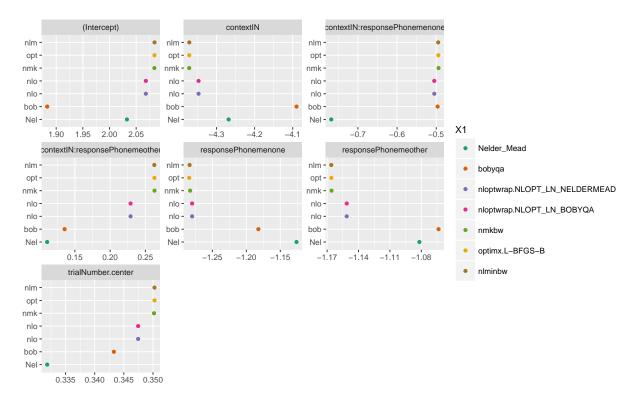


Figure 1: DifferentOptimizerResults