# Sonic Advance 2

Sonic Advance 2<sup>[a]</sup> is a 2002 side-scrolling platform game developed by Dimps for the Game Boy Advance. It is an installment in the Sonic the Hedgehog series and the sequel to 2001's Sonic Advance. The story follows Sonic as he sets out to save his friends and retrieve the seven magical Chaos Emeralds from series antagonist Doctor Eggman. Gameplay consists of the player completing various levels as one of five characters, each with their own unique attributes. After each zone is completed, the player faces Doctor Eggman in a boss battle.

Development began in February 2002 and lasted eight months. *Sonic Advance 2* was programmed using an updated version of the original's game engine and the team aimed to make the game larger and faster-paced than the original. *Sonic Advance 2* was released to positive reviews; critics praised the updates made over the original *Advance* and its improved replay value in comparison to past games. Some journalists, however, disliked its high difficulty level. A sequel, *Sonic Advance 3*, was released in 2004. *Sonic Advance 2* was rereleased for the Wii U's Virtual Console in February 2016.

# Contents Gameplay Development and release Reception Legacy Notes References External links

# **Gameplay**

*Sonic Advance 2* is a <u>side-scrolling platformer</u> similar in gameplay and style to the original <u>Sonic Advance</u>. The player controls <u>Sonic the Hedgehog</u>, who can unlock three other playable characters: <u>Cream the Rabbit</u> and her <u>Chao</u> named Cheese, <u>Tails</u>, and <u>Knuckles the Echidna after defeating Doctor Eggman in specific boss battles. [1] A</u>

Sonic	Sonic Advance 2		
GAME BOY ADVANCE B			
Developer(s)	Dimps Sonic Team		
Publisher(s)	JP: <u>Sega</u> NA: <u>THQ</u> EU: <u>Infogrames</u>		
Director(s)	Akinori Nishiyama		
Producer(s)	Yuji Naka Hiroshi Matsumoto		
Artist(s)	Yuji Uekawa		
Composer(s)	Tatsuyuki Maeda Yutaka Minobe Teruhiko Nakagawa		
Series	Sonic the Hedgehog		
Platform(s)	Game Boy Advance		
Release	<u>JP</u> : December 19, 2002		
	NA: March 9, 2003 PAL: March 21,		
	2003		
Genre(s)	Platform, action		
Mode(s)	Single player, multiplayer		

fifth character, <u>Amy Rose</u>, can be unlocked after completing the game with each character. [1] Each character has their own unique moves and abilities. Sonic can perform an "insta-shield" that protects him for a brief moment; Cream and Tails can fly; Knuckles can glide and climb; and Amy can destroy enemies using a hammer. [1]



Gameplay screenshot showing <u>Sonic</u> fighting Doctor Eggman

In the tradition of *Sonic* games, gameplay consists of moving quickly through levels. Levels in the game are divided into seven "zones", [2] each consisting of two acts of normal gameplay then a boss battle, where the player fights Doctor Eggman in order to stop Eggman from taking over the world. [4] The player collects rings as a form of health; when the player is attacked by an enemy, their rings bounce in all directions. If the player is hit by an enemy and has no rings, they lose a life. [5] A character will also lose a life if they fall into a gap, get crushed, or exceed an act's 10-minute limit. The game ends when all lives are lost. The player can also collect seven "special rings" to access special stages, [5] where Chaos Emeralds are found. Special stages are on a 3D plane, [3] where the character tries to obtain a set

number of rings before time runs out in order to collect a Chaos Emerald. After beating all zones and finding all seven Chaos Emeralds with Sonic, an alternate final act is unlocked. [2]

When all of the Chaos Emeralds are collected with the other characters, a sound test feature (where the player can listen to music) and a boss time-attack feature are unlocked, along with the Tiny Chao Garden, where toys for Cheese, [1] can be purchased with rings earned in-game. [5] Various mini-games can also be played in the Tiny Chao Garden. [6] Other game modes include a "time-attack" mode where the player tries to beat a specific act in the shortest amount of time, [7] and a multiplayer mode, where players can race each other through unlocked acts. [3]

### **Development and release**

Sonic Advance 2 was developed by the video game studio <u>Dimps</u>, with assistance from <u>Sonic Team</u>. According to producer <u>Yuji Naka</u>, the developers began designing the concept of the game immediately after the completion of the original *Sonic Advance*, and full development began in February 2002. The design team decided to increase the speed of the original greatly; thus, the levels were made six times larger. The main development period lasted eight months; it was programmed using an updated version of the original *Sonic Advance* engine. The developers also refined the graphics and sought to make the game feel more "mechanical". The game also marks the first appearance of Cream the Rabbit in the *Sonic* series; the character was originally designed for 2003's <u>Sonic Heroes</u>, though she was added to *Advance 2* before the release of *Heroes* to help make the game easier for beginning players.

The game's musical score was composed by Yutaka Minobe, <u>Tatsuyuki Maeda</u> and Teruhiko Nakagawa. <u>Sega</u> announced *Sonic Advance 2* on July 1, 2002, <u>12</u> and showcased it at the <u>Tokyo Game Show</u> in September 2002. It was released in Japan on December 19, 2002, followed by a North American release on March 9, 2003, and in Europe on March 21, 2003. <u>Sega Published the game Japan</u>, while <u>THQ published it in North America and <u>Sega Europe</u> in Europe, with distribution being held by <u>Infogrames</u>. The game was re-released in <u>emulated</u> form on the <u>Wii U's Virtual Console</u> in Japan on February 24, 2016. <u>169[17]</u></u>

# Reception

Reception		
Aggregate score		
Aggregator	Score	
Metacritic	83/100 <sup>[18]</sup>	

Review scores		
Publication	Score	
<u>1Up.com</u>	8.5/10 <sup>[2]</sup>	
<u>AllGame</u>	**** <sup>3</sup>	
<u>Famitsu</u>	32/40 <sup>[19]</sup>	
<u>GameSpot</u>	8.2/10 <sup>[5]</sup>	
<u>GameSpy</u>	<b>★★★★</b> [20]	
IGN	9/10 <sup>[1]</sup>	
Nintendo Power	8.2/10 <sup>[18]</sup>	

*Sonic Advance 2* received "generally favorable reviews", according to <u>review aggregator</u> Metacritic. [18] The game was also commercial successful, selling approximately 176,541 copies in Japan, [21] 740,000 copies in the United States, [22] and 100,000 copies in the United Kingdom, [23] for a total of 1.016 million copies.

The visuals and presentation were one of the most praised aspects of the game. [13][3] <u>GameSpot</u> considered the game's graphics to be a major advance from the previous game, feeling that it took more advantage of the Game Boy Advance's capabilities and praised the improved character animations, favorably comparing them to that of a cartoon. [5] <u>IGN</u> offered similar praise, calling its visuals more vibrant, bright, and vivid, and also spoke positively of its "peppy" soundtrack. [1] This sentiment was echoed by <u>AllGame</u>. Nintendo World Report called the music catchy and enjoyable, though they criticized the re-use of certain themes from the original Sonic Advance.

Reviewers commended the game's <u>replay value</u> and large level design in comparison to older titles. [5][1] *IGN* admired the "massive" designs and felt the levels were much more balanced compared to prior games. They also praised the "crafty" paths for encouraging multiple playthroughs. [1] *GameSpot* agreed, praising the method of collecting special rings to access special stages and unlock special features for being fun and rewarding. [5] *1UP.com* considered this addition interesting and called it "not bad" for the technical limitations of the Game Boy Advance. [2] *AllGame*, however, felt that the main acts were unoriginal and too short.

The game's difficulty polarized critics. [3][2] *Nintendo World Report* began their review by warning players of the difficulty, and felt it spoiled an otherwise-good game. [13] *GameSpot* described *Sonic Advance 2* as the hardest game in the entire series, calling its auto-scrolling boss fights "positively cutthroat", though they did believe that the game's amount of playable characters helped reduce this difficulty. [5] The difficulty was cited as the game's only problem by IGN. [1] IUP, however, considered it a positive aspect, calling it "a welcome breath of fresh difficulty in this modern age of gaming." [2]

Of the game as a whole, GameSpot felt Sega's risks to deviate from past Sonic games in terms of difficulty and size paid off handsomely. Nintendo Power stated that, while Sonic Advance 2 did not present significant advances beyond the first game, it was still a "solid action title". Despite this, AllGame called it a boring, unoriginal retread, and "more subsonic than supersonic".

#### Legacy

Cream the Rabbit, who was introduced in *Sonic Advance 2*, would feature predominantly in future *Sonic* games. [24] A direct sequel, *Sonic Advance 3*, was released in 2004; it is the final entry in the *Sonic Advance* trilogy. [25]

ツー

a. Japanese: ソニックアドバンス2, Hepburn: Sonikku Adobansu Tsū

#### References

- 1. Craig James (March 14, 2003). "Sonic Advance 2" (http://gameboy.ign.com/articles/389/389500 p1.html). *IGN*. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120719045005/http://gameboy.ign.com/articles/389/389500p1.html) from the original on July 19, 2012. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- 2. "Sonic Advance 2 review" (https://web.archive.org/web/20130508214841/http://www.1up.com/do/blogEntry?bld=5871852&publicUserld=5545487). 1UP.com. October 13, 2005. Archived from the original (http://www.1up.com/do/blogEntry?bld=5871852&publicUserld=5545487) on 8 May 2013. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- 3. Scott Alan Marriott. "Sonic Advance 2" (http://www.allgame.com/game.php?id=40662&tab=review). Allgame. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20141212083450/http://www.allgame.com/game.php?id=40662&tab=review) from the original on December 12, 2014. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- 4. Sonic Team (2003). Sonic Advance 2 Instruction Booklet. THQ. p. 2.
- 5. Frank Provo (April 7, 2003). "Sonic Advance 2 Review" (http://www.gamespot.com/sonic-advance-2/reviews/sonic-advance-2-review-6024682?page=2). GameSpot. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20130624163545/http://www.gamespot.com/sonic-advance-2/reviews/sonic-advance-2-review-6024682/?page=2) from the original on June 24, 2013. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- "THQ and SEGA Announce Sonic Advance 2 for Game Boy Advance" (https://web.archive.org/web/20030410065631/http://biz.yahoo.com/bw/030130/300063\_1.html). THQ. Yahoo! Finance. January 30, 2003. Archived from the original (http://biz.yahoo.com/bw/030130/300063\_1.html) on April 10, 2003. Retrieved December 27, 2011.
- 7. Tom Bramwell (April 4, 2003). "Sonic Advance 2 Review" (http://www.eurogamer.net/articles/r\_sonicadvance2\_gba). Eurogamer. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20130508231823/http://www.eurogamer.net/articles/r\_sonicadvance2\_gba) from the original on May 8, 2013. Retrieved December 27, 2011.
- 8. Mylonas, Eric (2003). Sonic Advance 2 (Prima's Official Strategy Guide). Prima Games. ISBN 978-0761540083.
- 9. Sega Europe (30 January 2004). "Yuji Naka interview by Sega Europe (January 30, 2004)" (http://info.sonicretro.org/Yuji\_Naka\_interview\_by\_Sega\_Europe\_(January\_30, 2004)). Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20150925064117/http://info.sonicretro.org/Yuji\_Naka\_interview\_by\_Sega\_Europe\_(January\_30, 2004)) from the original on 2015-09-25. Retrieved 31 October 2017.
- 10. Mike Sklens (September 20, 2002). "Brand new character in Sonic Advance 2" (https://nintendoworldreport.com/news/7785). Nintendo World Report. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20\_120531043930/https://nintendoworldreport.com/news/7785) from the original on May 31, 2012. Retrieved December 29, 2011.
- 11. Dimps (December 19, 2002). Sonic Advance 2. Sega; THQ. Level/area: Credits.
- 12. Harris, Craig (July 1, 2002). "Sonic Gets a Sequel" (http://www.ign.com/articles/2002/07/01/sonic-gets-a-sequel). IGN. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160324085408/http://www.ign.com/articles/2002/07/01/sonic-gets-a-sequel) from the original on 24 March 2016. Retrieved 31 October 2017.
- 13. Kosmina, Ben. "Sonic Advance 2 Review" (http://www.nintendoworldreport.com/review/4088/s onic-advance-2-game-boy-advance). Nintendo World Report. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160826221818/http://www.nintendoworldreport.com/review/4088/sonic-advance-2-game-boy-advance) from the original on 26 August 2016. Retrieved 31 October 2017.

- 14. "Sonic Advance 2" (http://www.eurogamer.net/games/sonic-advance-2). Eurogamer. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160314093118/http://www.eurogamer.net/games/sonic-advance-2) from the original on 2016-03-14. Retrieved 31 October 2017.
- 15. <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2001/06/29/business/worldbusiness/IHT-infogrames-will-distribute-companys-games-in.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2001/06/29/business/worldbusiness/IHT-infogrames-will-distribute-companys-games-in.html</a>
- 16. "ソニック アドバンス 2 | Wii U | 任天堂" (https://www.nintendo.co.jp/titles/20010000014107) (in Japanese). Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160324235044/https://www.nintendo.co.jp/titles/20010000014107) from the original on 24 March 2016. Retrieved 16 August 2016.
- 17. Cardoso, Jose. "Sonic Advance 2 will join Japan's Wii U Virtual Console next week" (http://www.gamezone.com/news/sonic-advance-2-will-join-japan-s-wii-u-virtual-console-next-week-343 3657). *GameZone*. Retrieved 31 October 2017.
- 18. "Sonic Advance 2" (http://www.metacritic.com/game/game-boy-advance/sonic-advance-2/critic-reviews). *Metacritic*. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20141205024113/http://www.metacritic.com/game/game-boy-advance/sonic-advance-2/critic-reviews) from the original on December 5, 2014. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- 19. "ゲームボーイアドバンス ソニックアドバンス 2". Weekly Famitsu. No. 915 Pt.2. p. 121.
- 20. Christian Nutt (March 31, 2003). "Sonic Advance 2" (https://web.archive.org/web/20120415052 907/http://gba.gamespy.com/gameboy-advance/sonic-advance-2/5728p1.html). GameSpy. Archived from the original (http://gba.gamespy.com/gameboy-advance/sonic-advance-2/5728p1.html) on April 15, 2012. Retrieved December 26, 2011.
- 21. "Japanese total sales from 21 March 2001 to 30 December 2007" (https://web.archive.org/web/20080710195807/http://www.japan-gamecharts.com/gba.php). Famitsu. Archived from the original (http://www.japan-gamecharts.com/gba.php) on July 10, 2008. Retrieved December 27, 2011.
- 22. "The Century's Top 50 Handheld Games" (https://web.archive.org/web/20120515224208/http://www.edge-online.com/features/centurys-top-50-handheld-games?page=3). Next Generation Magazine. August 2, 2006. Archived from the original (http://www.next-gen.biz/features/centurys-top-50-handheld-games?page=3) on May 15, 2012. Retrieved December 27, 2011.
- 23. "ELSPA Sales Awards: Silver" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090221154943/http://www.elspa.com/?i=3942). Entertainment and Leisure Software Publishers Association. Archived from the original (http://www.elspa.com/?i=3942) on February 21, 2009. Retrieved December 27, 2011.
- 24. Sterling, Jim. "The 10 worst Sonic friends" (http://www.gamesradar.com/the-10-worst-sonic-friends/2/). *GamesRadar*. Retrieved 31 October 2017.
- 25. Craig, Harris. "Sonic Advance 3" (http://www.ign.com/articles/2004/05/27/sonic-advance-3). *IGN*. Retrieved 31 October 2017.

#### **External links**

Official website (http://sonic.sega.jp/advance2/) (in Japanese)

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Sonic\_Advance\_2&oldid=1019516688"

This page was last edited on 23 April 2021, at 19:32 (UTC).

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.