## THESIS TALK OUTLINE

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- (1) Give intuitive introduction to vector bundles with lots of examples.
  - (a) Tangent bundle to sphere
  - (b) Mobius Strip
  - (c) Trivial bundle definition
- (2) Give necessary background to understand definition of V.B.
  - (a) Topology motivation: Motivate the definition of open sets and continuous functions with visual  $\mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  example.
  - (b) Give intuition for generalization with visual examples on sphere.
  - (c) Briefly address formal definition of topology and continuous functions.
- (3) Give formal definition of a vector bundle, but emphasize a vector bundle as a bunch of fibers.
- (4) Go over goal of the talk: given a topological space, want to translate the vector bundles over the topological space into a ring.
- (5) Necessary algebra:
  - (a) /\*ring completion now? may be later when there is better motivation for it\*/
  - (b) Motivation: need addition and multiplication due to V.B's being a union of fibers, turn to V.S's.
  - (c) Direct sum and tensor product on vector spaces with relevant properties.
- (6) Extending direct sum and tensor product to V.B's by applying V.S. operations to each fiber.
  - (a) Intuition for extending direct sum and tensor product
  - (b) Address identity elements for each operation
  - (c) Talk about  $E \oplus E'$  trivial result. /\*but maybe later when there is more motivation\*/
- (7) Go through operations of a ring and point out everything works except for additive inverses
- (8) Another Algebra tangent:
  - (a) What we have is a semiring ... give definition of a semi ring.
  - (b) Example of a semiring:  $\mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$ . Adding in the additive inverses gives  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
  - (c) This idea can be formalized so that every semiring has a unique ring extension so long as ... multiplication is commutative and ... there is the additive cancellation law
  - (d) Commutativity is good, but note that we have no tools that would promise an additive cancellation law
- (9) Quest for getting cancellation property

- (a) However, here is a tool that could be of some use:  $(E \oplus E' \text{ trivial theorem})$
- (b) Show some work trying to use this cancellation property:

$$\begin{split} E \oplus F &\cong E' \oplus F \\ E \oplus (F \oplus F') &\cong E' \oplus (F \oplus F') \\ E \oplus \varepsilon^n &\cong E' \oplus \varepsilon^n \end{split}$$

- (c) However all we get is (above). BUT now introduce very convenient equivalence relation:  $E \approx_s E'$  if we have what is given above. Using this, we do have cancellation property! Adding in equivalence relation brings some complications with it (well-defined, etc.) but it all works out.
- (10) Summary slide for the definition of K-Theory