Prometheus Al Phase 1

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ECSE-498 Presentation

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation Prometheus Al Model Task

Work done this semester

Design Knowledge

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 3 / 51

Swarm Robotics

Coordinating multiple robots

The aim is to create an intelligent system controlling multiple agents simultaneously working in a swarm. Possible applications include robots in hazardous environments:

- 1. Outer space (Moon, Mars)
- 2. Nuclear disaster aftermath
- 3. Oil pipeline inspection
- 4. Military zones

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 4 / 51

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 5 / 51

Prometheus Al

A model of the human brain

The Prometheus AI model aims to mimic the basic structure of the human brain with four layers:

- 1. Neural Network
- 2. Knowledge Node Network
- 3. Expert System
- 4. Meta Reasoner

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 6 / 51

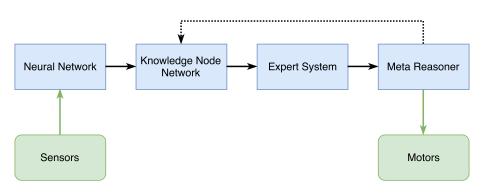


Figure 1: Full AI model.

Sean Stappas 7 / 51 Prometheus Al March 30, 2017

1. Neural Network

The Neural Network (NN) is a **signal classifier** and the first interface between the sensors and the rest of the system.

input Signals from the robots' sensors (through an external API). output Simple tuples of (label, measurement).

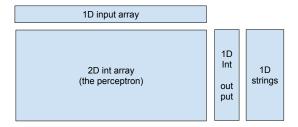


Figure 2: A perceptron¹.

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 8 / 51

¹Joseph Vybihal. Full Al Model. 2016.

2. Knowledge Node Network

The Knowledge Node Network (KNN) represents **memory** with the following incomplete list of features²:

- Aging
- Spread of activation
- ► Thresholds
- Weighted connections
- Learning
- ▶ Effort
- Belief

input Tuples from the Neural Network.

Commands from the Meta Reasoner.

output Tags (facts, recommendations and rules).

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 9 / 51

²Joseph Vybihal. Knowledge Nodes. 2017.

Knowledge Node

The Knowledge Node Network is centered around the concept of **Knowledge Nodes**, a one-to-many structure similar to neurons. The input tag represents information and the output tag represents information related to the input tag.



Figure 3: An abstract view of the Knowledge Node³.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017

10 / 51

³Joseph Vybihal. Full Al Model. 2016.

3. Expert System

The Expert System (ES) is a **basic logic reasoner**, unaware of context.

input Tags from the Knowledge Node Network.

output Recommendations for actions to take (such as "turn left").

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 11 / 51

Simple Expert System

Facts	Ready Rules	Activated Rules	Fired Tags
(A), (B)	$(A)(B) \rightarrow (D)$		
	$(D)(B) \to (E)$ $(D)(E) \to (F)$		
(A),(B)	$(D)(B) \to (E)$ $(D)(E) \to (F)$	$(A)(B)\to (D)$	(D)
(A), (B), (D)	$(D)(E)\to (F)$	$(A)(B) \rightarrow (D)$ $(D)(B) \rightarrow (E)$	(E)
	:	:	÷

Table 1: Example of cascading in a simple expert system⁴

 Sean Stappas
 Prometheus AI
 March 30, 2017
 12 / 51

⁴Joseph Vybihal. Expert Systems. 2016.

4. Meta Reasoner

High-level thinking

The Meta Reasoner (META) receives recommendations from the ES and makes an intelligent decision based on its own **paranoid** view of the world. The META is aware of context and may reject the KNN's recommendation based on how that action would affect the current reality.

This layer represents high-level thinking in humans.

input Recommendations from the Expert System.

output Commands to the robots' motors (through an external API). Commands to the Knowledge Node Network (think cycle).

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 13 / 51

Summary

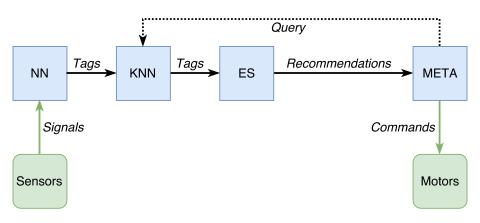


Figure 4: Summary of the Prometheus Al layers, with emphasis on the input/output of each layer.

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 14 / 51

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Assigned Task

The task assigned to me was to implement the **Expert System** and **Knowledge Node Network** in Java based on some preliminary specifications.

The other two layers (Neural Network and Meta Reasoner) were to be done in parallel by another student.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 16 / 51

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation
Prometheus Al Model

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network Expert System

Work plan for next semester

Finalization Integration Testing

References

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 17 / 51

Weekly Meetings

Weekly meetings were conducted to assess progress in the project.

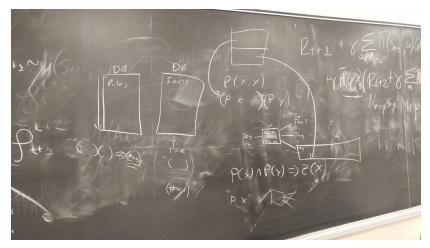


Figure 5: One of the weekly discussions on the blackboard.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 18 / 51

Design Criteria

The design of both the Expert System and Knowledge Node Network had many criteria:

- Object-Oriented Design
 - Encapsulation
 - Abstraction
 - Inheritance
 - Polymorphism
- ► Efficiency (space & time)
- Documentation (Javadoc)
 http://cs.mcgill.ca/~sstapp/prometheus/index.html

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 19 / 51

Tags

The entire system revolves around tags, which can be one of three types:

Fact Simple calculus predicate

Rule Logical combination of Tags, used by the Expert System

Recommendation Action to be performed

To follow object-oriented design, Fact, Rule and Recommendation classes were created, which all subclass an abstract Tag class.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 20 / 51

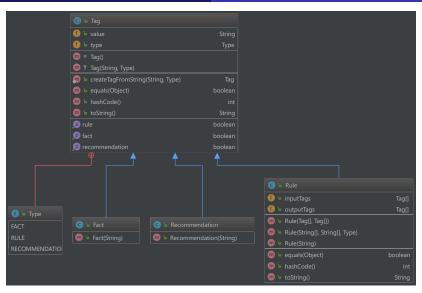


Figure 6: UML diagram of the tags package.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 21 / 51

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Terminology

We will assume the following terminology for the Knowledge Node Network:

- KNN Knowledge Node Network.
 - KN Knowledge Node.
- active Describes a Tag that is seen as true by the KNN. If the Tag is the input of a Knowledge Node, it will excite that node (increasing its activation parameter).
 - fired Describes a Knowledge Node whose activation >
 threshold.

Knowledge Node

- The Knowledge Node has the following important fields:
 - inputTag Represents information and is used as an index.
- outputTags Array of output Tags.
- activation Integer starting at 0, incrementing when KN is excited.

 Could also be implemented with sigmoid.
 - threshold Threshold such that activation \geq threshold causes firing of the KN.
 - strength Biases the activation of a KN, causing early firing. Related to learning. Simple implementation: if activation * strength \geq threshold then fire the KN.
- confidence Belief that inputTag is true (0 to 100%). Could be associated with each Tag.
 - age Age of the KN. If greater than some threshold, the KN is discarded.

Data Structures

- The Knowledge Node Network has the following important data structures:
 - mapKN Map of input Tags to associated Knowledge Nodes
 - activeTags Set of active Tags, corresponding to input Tags of fired Knowledge Nodes
- activeTuplesNN Set of active tuples coming from the Neural Network
 layer.
- activeTagsMETA Set of active Tags coming from the META layer. These are commands coming from higher up.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 25 / 51

think()

Starts the activation process. The KNN has three main ways of thinking:

- thinkForwards()
- thinkBackwards()
- ▶ thinkLambda()

The KNN picks the correct way of thinking based on a command from META.

parameters: A **number of cycles** can be passed as a parameter to an overloaded version of think(). This number of cycles represents the amount of *effort* being put into thinking, running until energy-based quiescence⁵ occurs. Otherwise, think() takes no parameters and runs to natural quiescence.

returns: The Set of Tags activated as a result of thinking.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017

26 / 51

⁵Joseph Vybihal. Knowledge Nodes. 2017.

thinkForwards()

Forwards thinking is the simplest method. It is based on simple forward activation, similar to the Expert System. If the input Tag of a Knowledge Node is known to be true, then the output Tags become *active* and all the Knowledge Nodes associated with those Tags are *fired*.

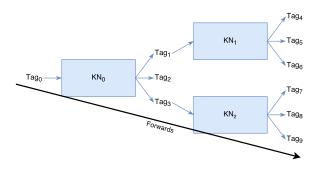


Figure 7: Thinking forwards.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 27 / 51

thinkBackwards()

Backwards thinking looks at the output Tags of Knowledge Nodes and propagates activation backwards. This type of thinking occurs constantly in the background in $humans^6$.

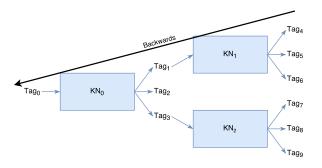


Figure 8: Thinking backwards.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 28 / 51

⁶Joseph Vybihal. Knowledge Nodes. 2017.

thinkLambda()

The most complex way of thinking, representing a combination of thinkBackwards() and thinkForwards(). Commonly used in humans when using analogical reasoning to solve a problem⁷.

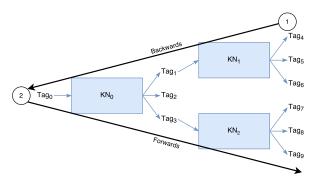


Figure 9: Lambda (Λ) thinking.

 Sean Stappas
 Prometheus AI
 March 30, 2017
 29 / 51

⁷Joseph Vybihal and Thomas R. Shultz. Search in Analogical Reasoning. 1990.

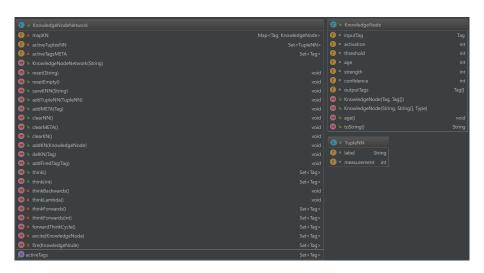


Figure 10: UML diagram of the knn package.

March 30, 2017 Sean Stappas Prometheus Al 30 / 51

Table of Contents

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Terminology

We will assume the following terminology for the Knowledge Node Network:

- ES Expert System.
- active Tag A Fact or Recommendation that is seen as true by the ES. If all input Tags of a Rule are active, that Rule will become active.
- active Rule A Rule whose input Tags are active, making its output Tags active.
- ready Rule A Rule that has not yet become active.
- to activate To make a Tag or Rule active.

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 32 / 51

Rule

The Expert System is based around cascaded activation of Rules, a many-to-many structure. A Rule has the following important fields:

inputTags Array of input Tags representing the conditions of the Rule.

outputTags Array of output Tags, which become active when all condition Tags are active (logical AND).

$$(Tag_{in_1})\cdots(Tag_{in_m}) \rightarrow (Tag_{out_1})\cdots(Tag_{out_n})$$
 (1)

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 33 / 51

Data Structures

The Expert System has the following important data structures:

readyRules Set of Rules that have not been activated yet.

activeRules Set of active Rules.

facts Set of active Facts.

recommendations Set of active recommendations.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 34 / 51

think()

Starts the activation process, similarly to the KNN, with the following important differences:

- ▶ A rule is either active or not; there is no activation threshold.
- Rules are many-to-many; Knowledge Nodes are one-to-many.
- ▶ The propagation is only forwards (no backwards or lambda).

parameters: A number of cycles can be passed, similarly to the KNN. Otherwise, think() takes no parameters and runs to natural quiescence.

returns: The Set of **Recommendations** activated as a result of thinking. These Recommendations are passed on to the META layer.

Figure 11: UML diagram of the es package.

 Sean Stappas
 Prometheus Al
 March 30, 2017
 36 / 51

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Tests

Unit tests were created with the TestNG framework

TestES Unit tests of all the Expert System methods.

TestKNN Unit tests of the Knowledge Node Network methods.

TestIntegration High-level tests of the ES and KNN (Demo).

- testKNN()
- testES()
- testESandKNN()

testES()

Ready Rules	Active Rules	Active Facts	Active Recommendations
$(A)(B) \rightarrow (D)$ $(D)(B) \rightarrow (E)$ $(D)(E) \rightarrow (F)$ $(G)(A) \rightarrow (H)$ $(\#X)(\#Y) \rightarrow (\#Z)$		(A),(B)	(#X),(#Y)
: :	:	:	i:
$(G)(A) \rightarrow (H)$	$(A)(B) \to (D)$ $(D)(B) \to (E)$ $(D)(E) \to (F)$ $(\#X)(\#Y) \to (\#Z)$	(A), (B), (D), (E) (F)	(#X),(#Y),(#Z)

Table 2: Test setup for testES().

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 39 / 51

testKNN()

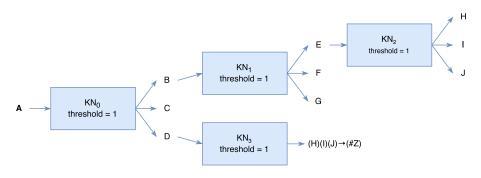


Figure 12: Test setup for testKNN().

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 40 / 51

testKNNandES()

Same setup as testKNN(), but the activated Tags are passed on to an Expert System.

Ready Rules	Active Rules	Active	Active
		Facts	Recommendations
$(H)(I)(J) \to (\#Z)$		(B), (C), (D)	
		(E), (F), (G)	
		(H), (I), (J)	
		(B), (C), (D)	
	$(H)(I)(J) \to (\#Z)$	(E), (F), (G)	(#Z)
		(H),(I),(J)	

Table 3: Test setup for testKNNandES().

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 41 / 51

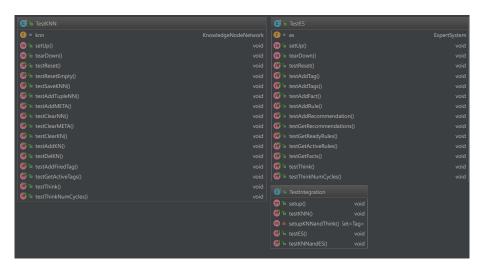


Figure 13: UML diagram of the test package.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 42 / 51

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 43 / 51

Knowledge Node Network Finalization

Some more complex features of the KNN are still to be implemented:

- Lambda thinking
- Confidence and strength
- Sigmoid activation
- Timestamp aging
- Interface with Neural Network

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 44 / 51

Expert System Finalization

Some features of the Expert System are still to be implemented:

► Fact token matching (? < >)

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 45 / 51

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Integration

The ES and KNN layers will have to be merged with the NN and META, which will probably lead to some conflicts. Time will be required to ensure proper functionality.

Sean Stappas Prometheus AI March 30, 2017 47 / 51

Problem description

Motivation

Prometheus Al Model

Task

Work done this semester

Design

Knowledge Node Network

Expert System

Tests

Work plan for next semester

Finalization

Integration

Testing

References

Simulation

The Java simulation library Simbad will be used to test the entire system on virtual robots.

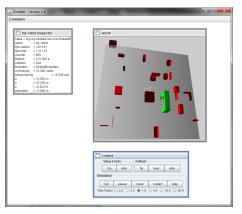


Figure 14: Simbad Java simulator.8

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 49 / 51

⁸Simbad 3D Robot Simulator. http://simbad.sourceforge.net/index.php.

Physical Testing

Prof. Vybihal's lab has multiple simple robots with ultrasonic sensors that can be tested on.

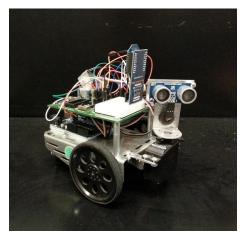


Figure 15: Robot in the lab.

Sean Stappas Prometheus Al March 30, 2017 50 / 51

References I

- Simbad 3D Robot Simulator.
 - http://simbad.sourceforge.net/index.php. (Accessed on 03/27/2017).
- Joseph Vybihal. Expert Systems. 2016.
- Joseph Vybihal. Full Al Model. 2016.
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- Joseph Vybihal and Thomas R. Shultz. Search in Analogical Reasoning. 1990.