

Introduction

- Prometheus
 - Model of the human brain.
 - Controls multiple robots in a swarm.

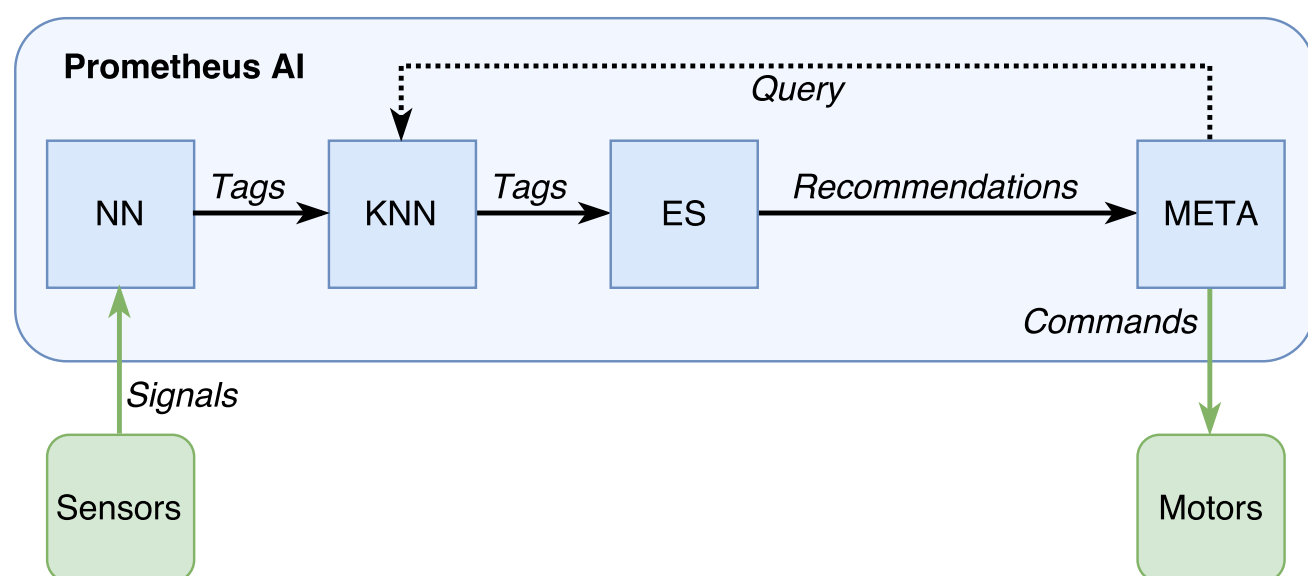


Figure 1: Prometheus AI model with labeled input and output.

- Neural Netwrk (NN)
 - Low-level signal processor.
- Knowledge Node Network (KNN)
 - Represents memory.

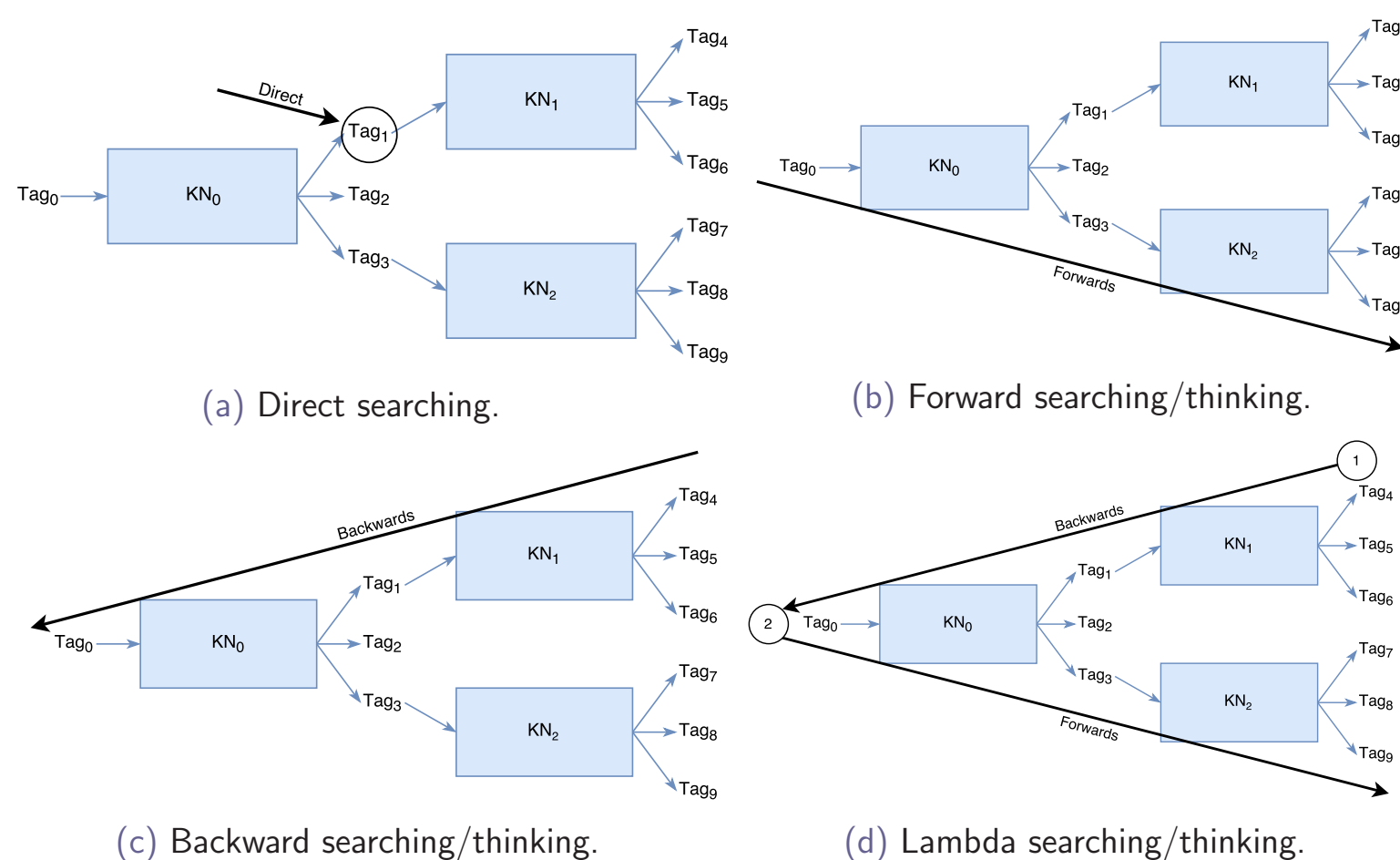


Figure 2: Methods of searching and thinking in the KNN.

- Expert System (ES)
 - Logical reasoner.
 - Unaware of context.

Table 1: Fact predicates in the ES.

Fact	Meaning
(A)	A is true or active.
$(A = 1)$	A is equal to 1.
$(A > 1)$	A is greater than 1.
$(A ?)$	A can take any value.

$$Fact_1 \cdots Fact_m \rightarrow Tag_1 \cdots Tag_n \quad (1)$$

- Meta Reasoner (META)
 - High-level decision-maker.

Problem

- Design and implement the ES and KNN in Java.
 - Create an initial design.
 - Build a code skeleton.
 - Implement integration and unit tests.
- Supervise undergraduate students working on Prometheus.
 - Provide resources.
 - Review code.

Design & Implementation

- Dependencies modeled using Google Guice.
 - Framework for modular dependency injection.
 - Allows for easily testable code.

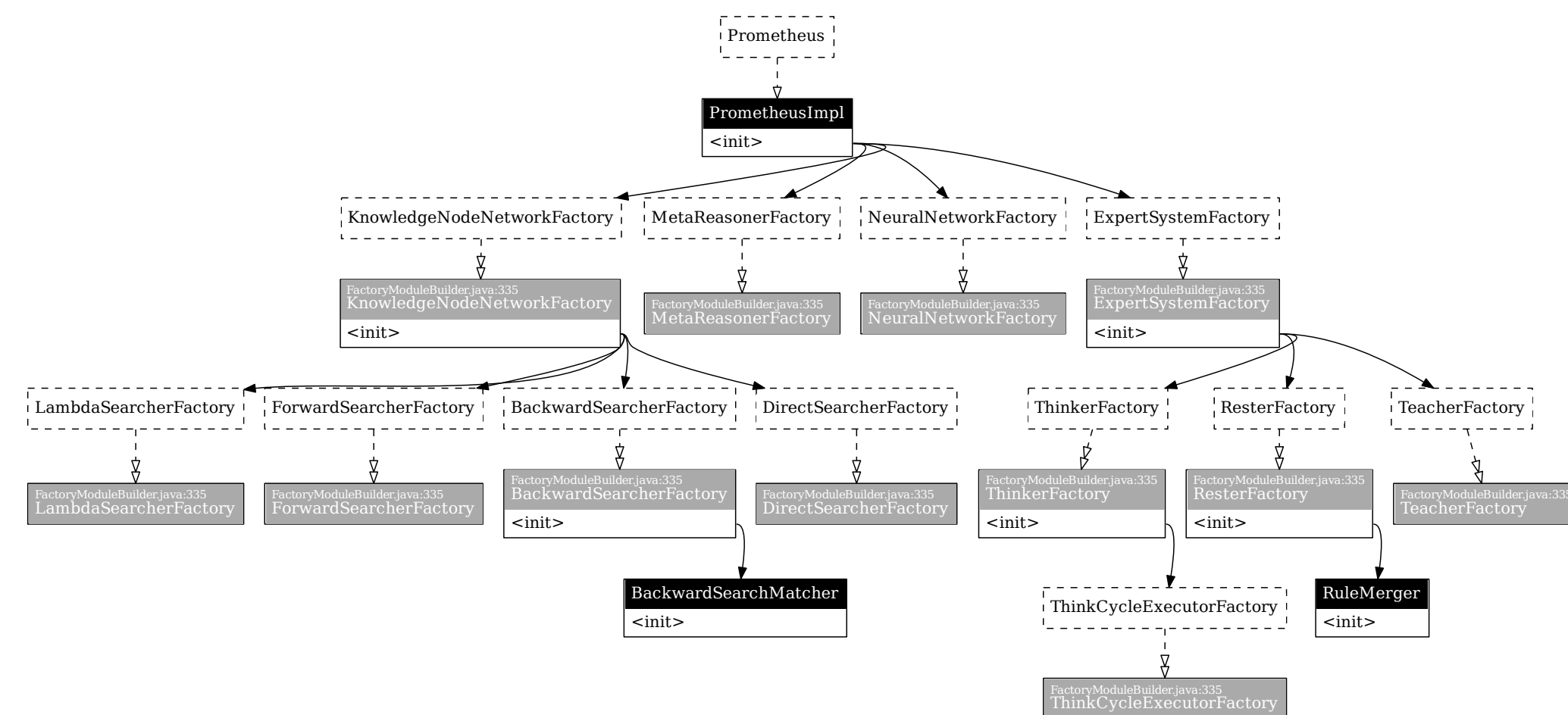


Figure 3: Guice dependency graph.

- Tag object is central to the ES and KNN.
 - Represents a unit of information.
 - Can be instantiated as Fact, Rule or Recommendation classes.

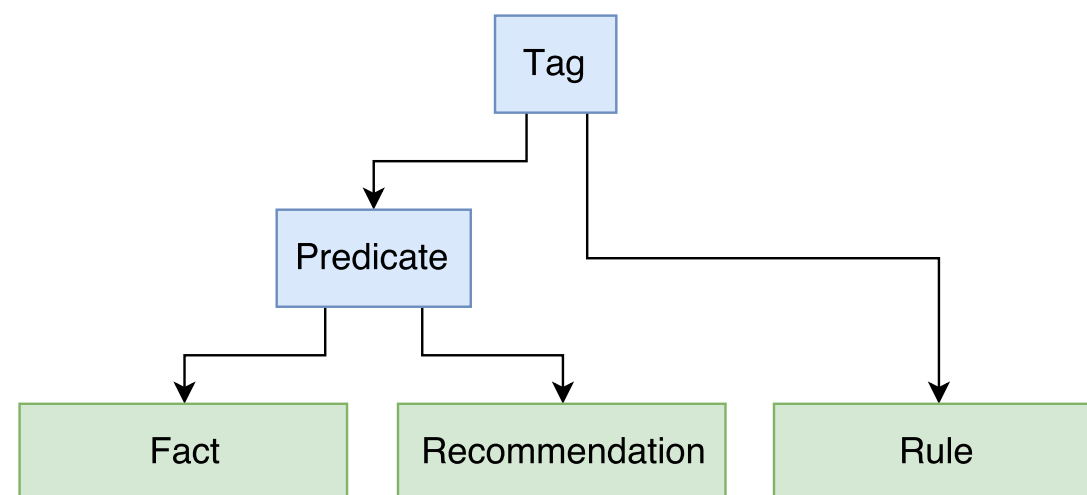


Figure 4: Tag inheritance graph.

Results & Tests

- Unit tests.
 - Testing individual methods of every class in the KNN and ES.
 - Dependencies mocked using the Mockito library.
- Integration tests.
 - Testing end-to-end behavior of the ES and KNN modules.
 - All unit and integration tests written with TestNG and executed with TravisCI.

State	Ready Rules	Active Rules	Active Facts	Active Recommendations
Initial	$(A)(B) \rightarrow (D)$ $(D)(B) \rightarrow (E)$ $(D)(E) \rightarrow (F)$ $(G)(A) \rightarrow (H)$ $(E)(F) \rightarrow (\#Z)$		$(A), (B)$	$(\#X), (\#Y)$
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
Final	$(G)(A) \rightarrow (H)$	$(A)(B) \rightarrow (D)$ $(D)(B) \rightarrow (E)$ $(D)(E) \rightarrow (F)$ $(E)(F) \rightarrow (\#Z)$	$(A), (B),$ $(D), (E)$ (F)	$(\#X), (\#Y), (\#Z)$

Figure 5: ES test setup representing simple rules and facts that must be brought to quiescence.

Results & Tests (continued)

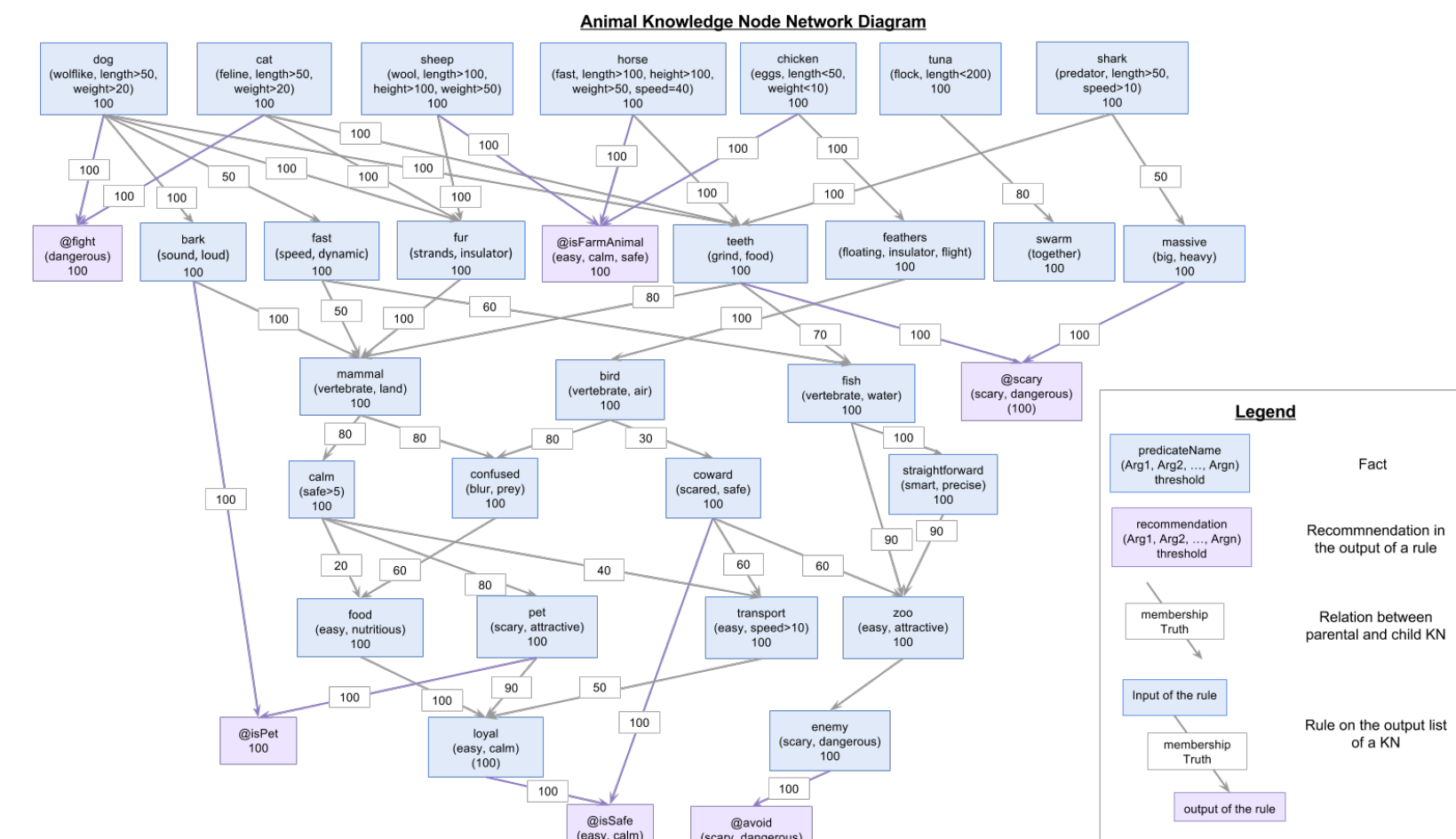


Figure 6: Elaborate test KNN network representing connections between memories of animals and their characteristics.

- Graph visualization tests.
 - Iterations of the KNN searching algorithms are presented visually.

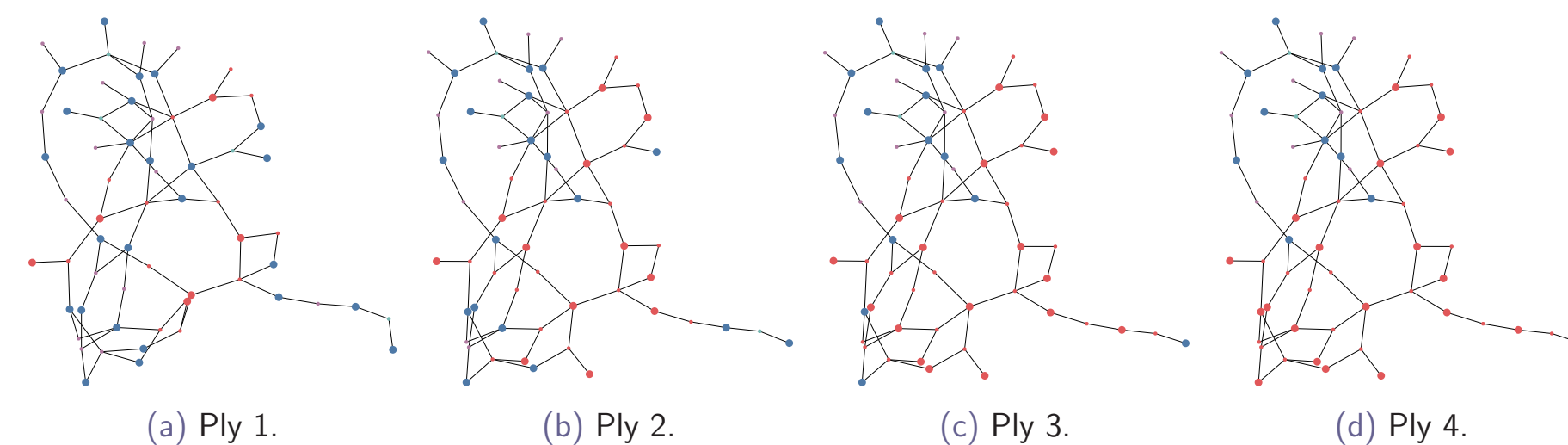


Figure 7: Forward thinking visualization in the KNN.

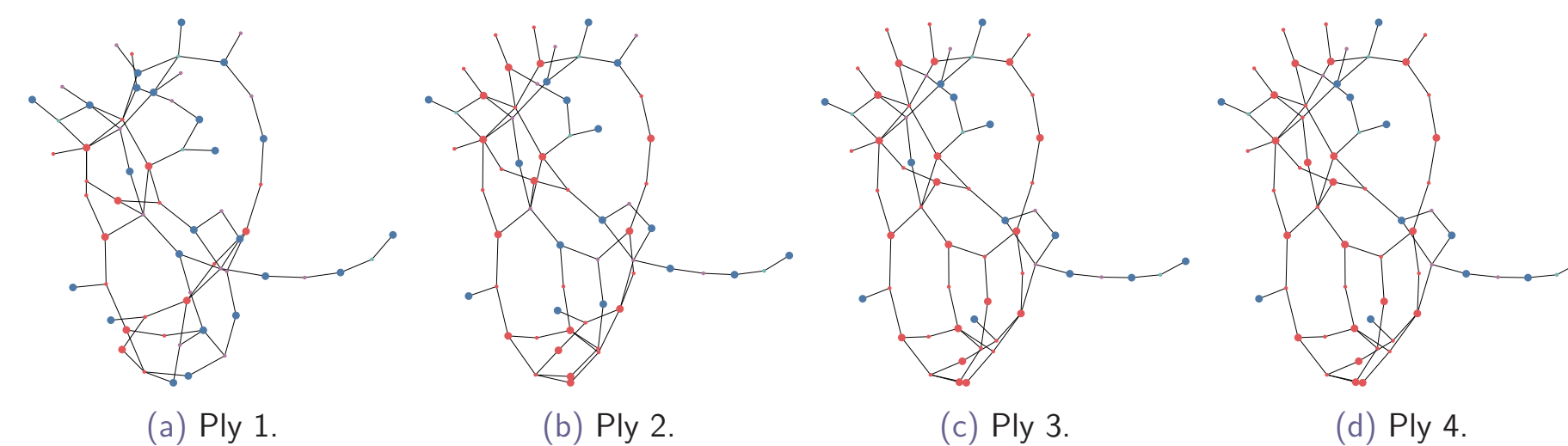


Figure 8: Backward thinking visualization in the KNN.

Conclusion

- Skills learned:
 - Planning and implementing large software project.
 - Time management.
 - People management.
- Possible future work:
 - Implement the missing NN and META layers.
 - Explore further features in the KNN, such as learning and attention.