

Anti-ferromagnetic Ising Model in Hierarchical Networks

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The Ising antiferromagnet is a convenient model of glassy dynamics. It can introduce geometric frustrations and may give rise to a spin glass phase and glassy relaxation at low temperatures. We apply the antiferromagnetic Ising model to 4 hierarchical networks which share features of both small world networks and regular lattices. Their recursive and fixed structures make them suitable for exact renormalization group analysis as well as numerical simulations. We first explore the dynamical behaviors using simulated annealing and discover an extremely slow relaxation at low temperatures. Then we employ renormalization group to study the equilibrium properties in the thermodynamic limit with a range of bond strengthes, and we found paramagnetic phase, spin glass phase, ferromagnetic phase, and chaotic behavior in different networks. Moreover, a rich phase diagram is proposed based on the transitions points among these phases.

I. INTRODUCTION

- Spin glass and chaotic behavior in spin glass models;
- Antiferromagnetic Ising Model;
- Our work: hierarchical networks, renormalization group, rich phase and glassy dynamics;

II. MODEL

- Antiferromagnetic Ising Model;
- Hierarchical networks;

III. MONTE CARLO METHODS AND THE DYNAMICS

A. Simulated Annealing

B. Wang-Landau Sampling

C. Dynamics of different networks

- Slow dynamics;
- Power-law behavior;
- Computational complexity \leftrightarrow geometric frustration;
- We need renormalization group to learn more about the equilibrium, spin glass, and chaos.

IV. RENORMALIZATION GROUP

A. HN3, HN5, and their interpolations

1. *RG setup and procedures*
2. *Fixed point analysis*
3. *Phase diagram of transitions from paramagnetic to ferromagnetic phases*

B. HNNP, HN6, and their interpolations

1. *RG setup and procedures*
2. *Fixed point analysis*
3. *Chaotic Behaviors: fixed points, free energy crossing, chaotic exponent*
4. *Phase diagram of transitions among paramagnetic, ferromagnetic, and spin glass phases*

V. CONCLUSION

- Interesting model and network;
- Strong ferromagnetic bonds in AFM system lead to FM-like transition;
- Spin glass phases and interesting chaotic behavior;
- Phase diagram and chaotic exponents.