$$\lambda^{3} = \sum_{i=1}^{l} (-\lambda_{i})^{3} + \sum_{i=l+1}^{k} (-\lambda_{i})^{3} - (n-k-1) \ge \frac{(-\lambda_{1} - \dots - \lambda_{l})^{3}}{l^{2}} - (k-l) - (n-k-1)$$

$$\ge \frac{(n-d-1)^{3}}{(d+1)^{2}} - n.$$