

# Week 7 Homework

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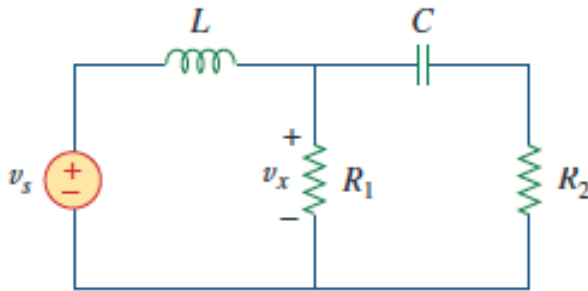
EENG 203 - Circuits and System Design

March 4, 2025

## Homework for February 25, 2025

16.13

**16.13** Using Fig. 16.36, design a problem to help other students better understand circuit analysis using Laplace transforms.



**Figure 16.36**  
For Prob. 16.13.

Given the circuit show in Figure 16.36, suppose that  $v_s = 4u(t)$ ,  $L = 1$  H, the capacitor  $C$  is equivalent to  $C = \frac{1}{8}$  H,  $R_1 = 2 \Omega$ , and  $R_2 = 4 \Omega$ . Find  $v_x$

We first calculate

$$\frac{V_x - \frac{4}{s}}{s} + \frac{V_x}{2} + \frac{V_x}{4 + \frac{8}{s}} = 0$$

Multiplying by  $s(4s + 8)$ , we get

$$V_x(4s + 8) - \frac{16s + 32}{s} + V_x(s(2s + 4)) + V_x s^2$$

$$V_x(3s^2 + 8s + 8) = \frac{16s + 32}{s}$$

$$V_x = \frac{16s + 32}{s(3s^2 + 8s + 8)}$$

Separating into partial fractions, we get

$$V_x = 16 \left( \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s + \left(\frac{4+j\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)} + \frac{C}{s + \left(\frac{4-j\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)} \right)$$

Solving for  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , we get

$$A = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$C = -\frac{1}{8}$$

Therefore,

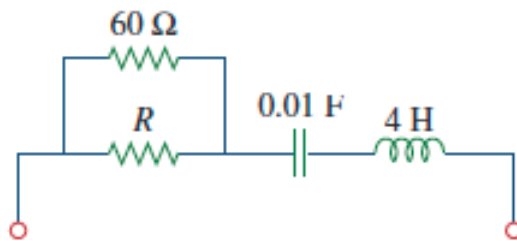
$$V_x = \frac{4}{s} - \frac{2}{s + \left(\frac{4+j\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)} - \frac{2}{s + \left(\frac{4-j\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)}$$

Taking the inverse Laplace transform, we get

$$v_x = 4u(t) - 4e^{-\frac{4}{3}t} \cos\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}t\right) u(t) \text{ V}$$

**16.15**

**16.15** For the circuit in Fig. 16.38, calculate the value of  $R$  needed to have a critically damped response.



**Figure 16.38**  
For Prob. 16.15.

Let  $R_o = R \parallel 60 \Omega$ . Converting the circuit to the  $s$ -domain,

$$T(s) = R_o + \frac{1}{0.01s} + 4s = R_o + \frac{100}{s} + 4s = \frac{4s^2 + sR_o + 100}{s}$$

Therefore,

$$s_{\pm} = \frac{-R_o \pm \sqrt{R_o^2 - 1600}}{2}$$

the system is critically damped when  $R_o = 40$ .

$$R_o = \frac{R \times 60}{R + 60}$$

$$20R = 2400$$

$$R = 120 \Omega$$