# book\_to\_slide\_BY\_sections\_V5 copy

July 5, 2025

## 1 Set up Paths

```
[1]: # Cell 1: Setup and Configuration
     import os
     import re
     import logging
     import warnings
     from docx import Document
     import pdfplumber
     import ollama
     from tenacity import retry, stop after attempt, wait exponential, RetryError
     import json
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- 1. CORE SETTINGS ---
     # Set this to True for EPUB, False for PDF. This controls the entire notebook's _{	extsf{L}}
      \hookrightarrow flow.
     PROCESS_EPUB = True # for EPUB
     # PROCESS_EPUB = False # for PDF
     # --- 2. INPUT FILE NAMES ---
     # The name of the Unit Outline file (e.g., DOCX, PDF)
     UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME = "ICT312 Digital Forensic_Final.docx" # epub
     # UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME = "ICT311 Applied Cryptography.docx" # pdf
     EXTRACT_UO = False
     # The names of the book files
     EPUB_BOOK_FILENAME = "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guideu
      oto Computer Forensics and Investigations Processing Digital □
      →Evidence-Cengage Learning (2018).epub"
```

```
PDF_BOOK_FILENAME = "(Chapman & Hall_CRC Cryptography and Network Security_
 ⇔Series) Jonathan Katz, Yehuda Lindell - Introduction to Modern L
⇔Cryptography-CRC Press (2020).pdf"
# --- 3. DIRECTORY STRUCTURE ---
# Define the base path to your project to avoid hardcoding long paths everywhere
PROJECT BASE DIR = "/home/sebas dev linux/projects/course generator"
# Define subdirectories relative to the base path
DATA_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "data")
PARSE_DATA_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "Parse_data")
# Construct full paths for clarity
INPUT_UO_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "UO")
INPUT_BOOKS_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "books")
OUTPUT_PARSED_UO_DIR = os.path.join(PARSE_DATA_DIR, "Parse_UO")
OUTPUT_PARSED_TOC_DIR = os.path.join(PARSE_DATA_DIR, "Parse_TOC_books")
OUTPUT_DB_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "DataBase_Chroma")
# --- 4. LLM & EMBEDDING CONFIGURATION ---
LLM PROVIDER = "ollama" # Can be "ollama", "openai", "gemini"
OLLAMA HOST = "http://localhost:11434"
OLLAMA_MODEL = "qwen3:8b" # "qwen3:8b", #"mistral:latest"
EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA = "nomic-embed-text"
CHUNK_SIZE = 800
CHUNK_OVERLAP = 100
# --- 5. DYNAMICALLY GENERATED PATHS & IDs (DO NOT EDIT THIS SECTION) ---
\# This section uses the settings above to create all the necessary variables \sqcup
 ⇔for later cells.
# Extract Unit ID from the filename
def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
    """Prints a centered header to the console."""
   print("\n" + char * 80)
   print(text.center(80))
   print(char * 80)
def extract_uo_id_from_filename(filename: str) -> str:
   match = re.match(r'^[A-Z]+\d+', os.path.basename(filename))
   if match:
        return match.group(0)
   raise ValueError(f"Could not extract a valid Unit ID from filename:
 try:
   UNIT_ID = extract_uo_id_from_filename(UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME)
```

```
except ValueError as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")
    UNIT_ID = "UNKNOWN_ID"
# Full path to the unit outline file
FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE = os.path.join(INPUT_UO_DIR, UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME)
# Determine which book and output paths to use based on the PROCESS_EPUB flag
if PROCESS EPUB:
    BOOK_PATH = os.path.join(INPUT_BOOKS_DIR, EPUB_BOOK_FILENAME)
    PRE EXTRACTED TOC JSON PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT PARSED TOC DIR,

¬f"{UNIT_ID}_epub_table_of_contents.json")
else:
    BOOK_PATH = os.path.join(INPUT_BOOKS_DIR, PDF_BOOK_FILENAME)
    PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_PARSED_TOC_DIR,__

¬f"{UNIT_ID}_pdf_table_of_contents.json")
# Define paths for the vector database
file_type_suffix = 'epub' if PROCESS_EPUB else 'pdf'
CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR = os.path.join(OUTPUT_DB_DIR,_

¬f"chroma_db_toc_guided_chunks_{file_type_suffix}")
CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME = f"book_toc_guided_chunks_{file_type_suffix}_v2"
# Define path for the parsed unit outline
PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_PARSED_UO_DIR, f"{os.path.
 ⇒splitext(UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME)[0]}_parsed.json")
# --- Sanity Check Printout ---
print("--- CONFIGURATION SUMMARY ---")
print(f"Processing Mode: {'EPUB' if PROCESS_EPUB else 'PDF'}")
print(f"Unit ID: {UNIT_ID}")
print(f"Unit Outline Path: {FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE}")
print(f"Book Path: {BOOK PATH}")
print(f"Parsed UO Output Path: {PARSED UO JSON PATH}")
print(f"Parsed ToC Output Path: {PRE EXTRACTED TOC JSON PATH}")
print(f"Vector DB Path: {CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR}")
print(f"Vector DB Collection: {CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME}")
print("--- SETUP COMPLETE ---")
--- CONFIGURATION SUMMARY ---
Processing Mode: EPUB
Unit ID: ICT312
Unit Outline Path:
/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/data/UO/ICT312 Digital
Forensic Final.docx
Book Path: /home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/data/books/Bill
Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to Computer Forensics and
```

```
Investigations_ Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage Learning (2018).epub
Parsed UO Output Path:
/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/Parse_data/Parse_UO/ICT312
Digital Forensic_Final_parsed.json
Parsed ToC Output Path: /home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/Parse_data/Parse_TOC_books/ICT312_epub_table_of_contents.json
Vector DB Path: /home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/data/DataBase_Chroma/chroma_db_toc_guided_chunks_epub
Vector DB Collection: book_toc_guided_chunks_epub_v2
--- SETUP COMPLETE ---
```

## 2 System Prompt

```
[2]: UNIT_OUTLINE_SYSTEM_PROMPT_TEMPLATE = """
     You are an expert academic assistant tasked with parsing a university unit ⊔
      \hookrightarrowoutline document and extracting key information into a structured JSON_{\sqcup}
      \hookrightarrowformat.
     The input will be the raw text content of a unit outline. Your goal is to_{\sqcup}
      \hookrightarrowidentify and extract the following details and structure them precisely as \sqcup
      ⇒specified in the JSON schema below. Note: do not change any key name
     **JSON Output Schema:**
     ```json
     {{
       "unitInformation": {{
         "unitCode": "string | null",
         "unitName": "string | null",
         "creditPoints": "integer | null",
         "unitRationale": "string | null",
         "prerequisites": "string | null"
       }},
       "learningOutcomes": [
         "string"
       "assessments": [
         {{
            "taskName": "string",
            "description": "string",
            "dueWeek": "string | null",
            "weightingPercent": "integer | null",
            "learningOutcomesAssessed": "string | null"
         }}
       ],
       "weeklySchedule": [
```

```
"week": "string",
           "contentTopic": "string",
           "requiredReading": "string | null"
        }}
      ],
       "requiredReadings": [
        "string"
       "recommendedReadings": [
         "string"
     }}
     Instructions for Extraction:
     Unit Information: Locate Unit Code, Unit Name, Credit Points. Capture 'Unit⊔
      ⇔Overview / Rationale' as unitRationale. Identify prerequisites.
     Learning Outcomes: Extract each learning outcome statement.
     Assessments: Each task as an object. Capture full task name, description, Due,
      →Week, Weighting % (number), and Learning Outcomes Assessed.
     weeklySchedule: Each week as an object. Capture Week, contentTopic, and⊔
      \negrequiredReading.
     Required and Recommended Readings: List full text for each.
     **Important Considerations for the LLM**:
     Pay close attention to headings and table structures.
     If information is missing, use null for string/integer fields, or an empty list ⊔
     Do no change keys in the template given
     Ensure the output is ONLY the JSON object, starting with {{{{ and ending with_
     →}}}}. No explanations or conversational text before or after the JSON.
     Now, parse the following unit outline text:
     --- UNIT_OUTLINE_TEXT_START ---
     {outline text}
     --- UNIT_OUTLINE_TEXT_END ---
[3]: # Place this in a new cell after your imports, or within Cell 3 before the
     \hookrightarrow functions.
     # This code is based on the schema from your screenshot on page 4.
     from pydantic import BaseModel, Field, ValidationError
     from typing import List, Optional
     import time
     # Define Pydantic models that match your JSON schema
     class UnitInformation(BaseModel):
        unitCode: Optional[str] = None
```

```
unitName: Optional[str] = None
    creditPoints: Optional[int] = None
   unitRationale: Optional[str] = None
   prerequisites: Optional[str] = None
class Assessment(BaseModel):
   taskName: str
   description: str
   dueWeek: Optional[str] = None
   weightingPercent: Optional[int] = None
   learningOutcomesAssessed: Optional[str] = None
class WeeklyScheduleItem(BaseModel):
   week: str
   contentTopic: str
   requiredReading: Optional[str] = None
class ParsedUnitOutline(BaseModel):
   unitInformation: UnitInformation
   learningOutcomes: List[str]
   assessments: List[Assessment]
   weeklySchedule: List[WeeklyScheduleItem]
   requiredReadings: List[str]
   recommendedReadings: List[str]
```

3 Extrac Unit outline details to process following steps - output raw json with UO details

```
[4]: # Cell 3: Parse Unit Outline
     # --- Helper Functions for Parsing ---
     def extract_text_from_file(filepath: str) -> str:
         _, ext = os.path.splitext(filepath.lower())
         if ext == '.docx':
             doc = Document(filepath)
             full_text = [p.text for p in doc.paragraphs]
             for table in doc.tables:
                 for row in table.rows:
                     full_text.append(" | ".join(cell.text for cell in row.cells))
             return '\n'.join(full_text)
         elif ext == '.pdf':
             with pdfplumber.open(filepath) as pdf:
                 return "\n".join(page.extract_text() for page in pdf.pages if page.
      ⇔extract_text())
         else:
```

```
raise TypeError(f"Unsupported file type: {ext}")
def parse_llm_json_output(content: str) -> dict:
   try:
       match = re.search(r'\setminus\{.*\setminus\}', content, re.DOTALL)
        if not match: return None
       return json.loads(match.group(0))
    except (json.JSONDecodeError, TypeError):
       return None
@retry(stop=stop_after_attempt(3), wait=wait_exponential(min=2, max=10))
def call_ollama_with_retry(client, prompt):
   logger.info(f"Calling Ollama model '{OLLAMA_MODEL}'...")
   response = client.chat(
       model=OLLAMA_MODEL,
       messages=[{"role": "user", "content": prompt}],
       format="json",
       options={"temperature": 0.0}
   )
   if not response or 'message' not in response or not response['message'].
 raise ValueError("Ollama returned an empty or invalid response.")
   return response['message']['content']
# --- Main Orchestration Function for this Cell ---
def parse_and_save_outline_robust(
   input_filepath: str,
   output_filepath: str,
   prompt_template: str,
   max_retries: int = 3
):
   logger.info(f"Starting to robustly process Unit Outline: {input_filepath}")
   if not os.path.exists(input filepath):
        logger.error(f"Input file not found: {input_filepath}")
       return
   try:
        outline_text = extract_text_from_file(input_filepath)
        if not outline_text.strip():
            logger.error("Extracted text is empty. Aborting.")
           return
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Failed to extract text from file: {e}", exc_info=True)
        return
   client = ollama.Client(host=OLLAMA HOST)
```

```
current_prompt = prompt_template.format(outline_text=outline_text)
  for attempt in range(max_retries):
      logger.info(f"Attempt {attempt + 1}/{max_retries} to parse outline.")
      try:
          # Call the LLM
          llm_output_str = call_ollama_with_retry(client, current_prompt)
          # Find the JSON blob in the response
          json_blob = parse_llm_json_output(llm_output_str) # Your existing_
\hookrightarrowhelper
          if not json_blob:
              raise ValueError("LLM did not return a parsable JSON object.")
          # *** THE KEY VALIDATION STEP ***
          # Try to parse the dictionary into your Pydantic model.
          # This will raise a `ValidationError` if keys are wrong, types are
⇔wrong, or fields are missing.
          parsed_data = ParsedUnitOutline.model_validate(json_blob)
          # If successful, save the validated data and exit the loop
          logger.info("Successfully validated JSON structure against Pydantic⊔

¬model.")

          os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output_filepath), exist_ok=True)
          with open(output_filepath, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
              # Use .model_dump_json() for clean, validated output
              f.write(parsed_data.model_dump_json(indent=2))
          logger.info(f"Successfully parsed and saved Unit Outline to:⊔
→{output_filepath}")
          return # Exit function on success
      except ValidationError as e:
          logger.warning(f"Validation failed on attempt {attempt + 1}. Error:
√{e}")
          # Formulate a new prompt with the error message for self-correction
          error_feedback = (
              f"\n\nYour previous attempt failed. You MUST correct the

¬following errors:\n"

              f"{e}\n\n"
              ⇒strictly adheres to the schema "
              f"and corrects these specific errors. Do not change any key_{\sqcup}
⇔names."
          )
```

```
current_prompt = current_prompt + error_feedback # Append the error_
 \hookrightarrow to the prompt
        except Exception as e:
            # Catch other errors like network issues from call_ollama_with_retry
            logger.error(f"An unexpected error occurred on attempt {attempt + | |
 →1}: {e}", exc_info=True)
            # You might want to wait before retrying for non-validation errors
            time.sleep(5)
    logger.error(f"Failed to get valid structured data from the LLM after ⊔
 →{max retries} attempts.")
# --- In your execution block, call the new function ---
# parse_and_save_outline(...) becomes:
if EXTRACT_UO:
    parse_and_save_outline_robust(
        input_filepath=FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE,
        output_filepath=PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH,
        prompt_template=UNIT_OUTLINE_SYSTEM_PROMPT_TEMPLATE
    )
```

## 4 Extract TOC from epub or epub

```
[5]: # Cell 4: Extract Book Table of Contents (ToC) with Pre-assigned IDs & Links in
     \hookrightarrow Order
    from ebooklib import epub, ITEM_NAVIGATION
    from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    import fitz # PyMuPDF
    import json
    import os
    from typing import List, Dict
    import urllib.parse # Needed to clean up links
                        _____
    # 1. HELPER FUNCTIONS (MODIFIED TO INCLUDE ID ASSIGNMENT AND LINK EXTRACTION)
    def clean_epub_href(href: str) -> str:
       """Removes URL fragments and decodes URL-encoded characters."""
       if not href: return ""
       # Remove fragment identifier (e.g., '#section1')
       cleaned_href = href.split('#')[0]
```

```
# Decode any URL-encoded characters (e.g., %20 -> space)
    return urllib.parse.unquote(cleaned_href)
# --- EPUB Extraction Logic ---
def parse_navpoint(navpoint: BeautifulSoup, counter: List[int], level: int = 0)_u
 →-> Dict:
    """Recursively parses EPUB 2 navPoints and assigns a toc id and
 \hookrightarrow link\_filename."""
    title = navpoint.navLabel.text.strip()
    if not title: return None
    # --- MODIFICATION: Extract the linked filename ---
    content_tag = navpoint.find('content', recursive=False)
    link_filename = clean_epub_href(content_tag['src']) if content_tag else ""
    node = {
        "level": level,
        "toc_id": counter[0],
        "title": title,
        "link_filename": link_filename, # Add the cleaned link
        "children": []
    }
    counter[0] += 1
    for child navpoint in navpoint.find_all('navPoint', recursive=False):
        child_node = parse_navpoint(child_navpoint, counter, level + 1)
        if child node: node["children"].append(child node)
    return node
def parse_li(li_element: BeautifulSoup, counter: List[int], level: int = 0) ->__
 ⇔Dict:
    """Recursively parses EPUB 3  elements and assigns a toc_id and\Box
 ⇔link_filename."""
    a_tag = li_element.find('a', recursive=False)
    if a tag:
        title = a_tag.get_text(strip=True)
        if not title: return None
        # --- MODIFICATION: Extract the linked filename ---
        link_filename = clean_epub_href(a_tag.get('href'))
        node = {
            "level": level,
            "toc_id": counter[0],
            "title": title,
            "link_filename": link_filename, # Add the cleaned link
```

```
"children": []
       }
        counter[0] += 1
       nested_ol = li_element.find('ol', recursive=False)
        if nested_ol:
            for sub li in nested ol.find all('li', recursive=False):
                child_node = parse_li(sub_li, counter, level + 1)
                if child_node: node["children"].append(child_node)
        return node
   return None
def extract_epub_toc(epub_path, output_json_path):
   print(f"Processing EPUB ToC for: {epub_path}")
   toc data = []
   book = epub.read_epub(epub_path)
    id_counter = [1]
   for nav_item in book.get_items_of_type(ITEM_NAVIGATION):
        soup = BeautifulSoup(nav_item.get_content(), 'xml')
        # Logic to handle both EPUB 2 (NCX) and EPUB 3 (XHTML)
        if nav_item.get_name().endswith('.ncx'):
            print("INFO: Found EPUB 2 (NCX) Table of Contents. Parsing...")
           navmap = soup.find('navMap')
            if navmap:
                for navpoint in navmap.find_all('navPoint', recursive=False):
                    node = parse_navpoint(navpoint, id_counter, level=0)
                    if node: toc_data.append(node)
        else: # Assumes EPUB 3
            print("INFO: Found EPUB 3 (XHTML) Table of Contents. Parsing...")
            toc_nav = soup.select_one('nav[epub|type="toc"]')
            if toc_nav:
                top_ol = toc_nav.find('ol', recursive=False)
                if top_ol:
                    for li in top_ol.find_all('li', recursive=False):
                        node = parse_li(li, id_counter, level=0)
                        if node: toc_data.append(node)
        if toc_data: break
    if toc data:
        os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output json path), exist ok=True)
       with open(output_json_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
            json.dump(toc_data, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
       print(f" Successfully wrote EPUB ToC with IDs and links to:
 else:
       print(" WARNING: No ToC data extracted from EPUB.")
```

```
# --- PDF Extraction Logic (Unchanged) ---
def build_pdf hierarchy_with_ids(toc_list: List) -> List[Dict]:
   parent_stack = {-1: {"children": root}}
   id_counter = [1]
   for level, title, page in toc_list:
       normalized_level = level - 1
       node = {"level": normalized_level, "toc_id": id_counter[0], "title":

→title.strip(), "page": page, "children": []}
       id_counter[0] += 1
       parent_node = parent_stack.get(normalized_level - 1)
       if parent_node: parent_node["children"].append(node)
       parent_stack[normalized_level] = node
   return root
def extract_pdf_toc(pdf_path, output_json_path):
   print(f"Processing PDF ToC for: {pdf_path}")
   try:
       doc = fitz.open(pdf_path)
       toc = doc.get toc()
       hierarchical toc = []
       if not toc: print(" WARNING: This PDF has no embedded bookmarks (ToC).
 ")
       else:
           print(f"INFO: Found {len(toc)} bookmark entries. Building hierarchy⊔
 →and assigning IDs...")
           hierarchical_toc = build_pdf_hierarchy_with_ids(toc)
       os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output_json_path), exist_ok=True)
       with open(output_json_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
           json.dump(hierarchical_toc, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
       print(f" Successfully wrote PDF ToC with assigned IDs to:
 →{output_json_path}")
   except Exception as e: print(f"An error occurred during PDF ToC extraction:
 →{e}")
# -----
# 2. EXECUTION BLOCK
# -----
if PROCESS_EPUB:
   extract_epub_toc(BOOK_PATH, PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH)
   extract_pdf_toc(BOOK_PATH, PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH)
```

Processing EPUB ToC for:

/home/sebas\_dev\_linux/projects/course\_generator/data/books/Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations\_

```
Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage Learning (2018).epub
INFO: Found EPUB 2 (NCX) Table of Contents. Parsing...
Successfully wrote EPUB ToC with IDs and links to: /home/sebas_dev_linux/proje cts/course_generator/Parse_data/Parse_TOC_books/ICT312_epub_table_of_contents.js on
```

### 5 Hirachical DB base on TOC

#### 5.1 Process Book

```
[]: # Cell 5: Create Hierarchical Vector Database (with Sequential ToC ID and Chunk
     # This cell processes the book, enriches it with hierarchical and sequential \Box
     ⊶metadata.
     # chunks it, and creates the final vector database.
     import os
     import json
     import shutil
     import logging
     from typing import List, Dict, Any, Tuple
     from langchain_core.documents import Document
     from langchain_community.document_loaders import PyPDFLoader, u
      →UnstructuredEPubLoader
     from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
     from langchain chroma import Chroma
     from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger( name )
     # --- Helper: Clean metadata values for ChromaDB ---
     def clean_metadata_for_chroma(value: Any) -> Any:
         """Sanitizes metadata values to be compatible with ChromaDB."""
         if isinstance(value, list): return ", ".join(map(str, value))
         if isinstance(value, dict): return json.dumps(value)
         if isinstance(value, (str, int, float, bool)) or value is None: return value
         return str(value)
     # --- Core Function to Process Book with Pre-extracted ToC ---
     def process_book_with_extracted_toc(
         book_path: str,
         extracted_toc_json_path: str,
         chunk_size: int,
         chunk_overlap: int
```

```
) -> Tuple[List[Document], List[Dict[str, Any]]]:
   logger.info(f"Processing book '{os.path.basename(book_path)}' using ToC_\( \)
 # 1. Load the pre-extracted hierarchical ToC
       with open(extracted_toc_json_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
           hierarchical_toc = json.load(f)
       if not hierarchical_toc:
           logger.error(f"Pre-extracted ToC at '{extracted_toc_json_path}' is⊔
 ⇔empty or invalid.")
           return [], []
       logger.info(f"Successfully loaded pre-extracted ToC with_
 except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Error loading pre-extracted ToC JSON: {e}", __
 ⇔exc_info=True)
       return [], []
   # 2. Load all text elements/pages from the book
   all raw book docs: List[Document] = []
   _, file_extension = os.path.splitext(book_path.lower())
   if file_extension == ".epub":
       loader = UnstructuredEPubLoader(book_path, mode="elements",__
 ⇔strategy="fast")
       try:
           all_raw_book_docs = loader.load()
           logger.info(f"Loaded {len(all_raw_book_docs)} text elements from_
 ⇒EPUB.")
       except Exception as e:
           logger.error(f"Error loading EPUB content: {e}", exc_info=True)
           return [], hierarchical_toc
   elif file_extension == ".pdf":
       loader = PyPDFLoader(book_path)
       try:
           all_raw_book_docs = loader.load()
           logger.info(f"Loaded {len(all_raw_book_docs)} pages from PDF.")
       except Exception as e:
           logger.error(f"Error loading PDF content: {e}", exc_info=True)
           return [], hierarchical_toc
   else:
       logger.error(f"Unsupported book file format: {file_extension}")
       return [], hierarchical_toc
```

```
if not all_raw_book_docs:
       logger.error("No text elements/pages loaded from the book.")
      return [], hierarchical_toc
  # 3. Create enriched LangChain Documents by matching ToC to content
  final_documents_with_metadata: List[Document] = []
  # Flatten the ToC, AND add a unique sequential ID for sorting and \Box
⇒validation.
  flat_toc_entries: List[Dict[str, Any]] = []
  def _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(nodes: List[Dict[str, Any]],__
⇔current_titles_path: List[str], counter: List[int]):
       n n n
      Recursively traverses ToC nodes to flatten them and assign a unique, \Box
\hookrightarrow sequential toc_id.
       11 11 11
      for node in nodes:
           toc_id = counter[0]
           counter[0] += 1
           title = node.get("title", "").strip()
           if not title: continue
           new_titles_path = current_titles_path + [title]
           entry = {
               "titles_path": new_titles_path,
               "level": node.get("level"),
               "full_title_for_matching": title,
               "toc_id": toc_id
           }
           if "page" in node: entry["page"] = node["page"]
           flat_toc_entries.append(entry)
           if node.get("children"):
               _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(node.get("children", []),__
→new_titles_path, counter)
  toc id counter = [0]
  _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(hierarchical_toc, [], toc_id_counter)
  logger.info(f"Flattened ToC and assigned sequential IDs to⊔
→{len(flat_toc_entries)} entries.")
  # Logic for PDF metadata assignment
  if file_extension == ".pdf" and any("page" in entry for entry in_
→flat_toc_entries):
      logger.info("Assigning metadata to PDF pages based on ToC page numbers...
. ")
```

```
flat_toc_entries.sort(key=lambda x: x.get("page", -1) if x.get("page")__
→is not None else -1)
      for page_doc in all_raw_book_docs:
          page num 0 indexed = page doc.metadata.get("page", -1)
          page_num_1_indexed = page_num_0_indexed + 1
          assigned metadata = {"source": os.path.basename(book path),

¬"page_number": page_num_1_indexed}

          best_match_toc_entry = None
          for toc_entry in flat_toc_entries:
               toc_page = toc_entry.get("page")
              if toc_page is not None and toc_page <= page_num_1_indexed:</pre>
                   if best match toc entry is None or toc page >11
⇔best_match_toc_entry.get("page", -1):
                       best_match_toc_entry = toc_entry
               elif toc_page is not None and toc_page > page_num_1_indexed:
           if best_match_toc_entry:
              for i, title_in_path in_
⇔enumerate(best_match_toc_entry["titles_path"]):
                   assigned metadata[f"level {i+1} title"] = title in path
               assigned_metadata['toc_id'] = best_match_toc_entry.get('toc_id')
          else:
               assigned metadata["level 1 title"] = "Uncategorized PDF Page"
           cleaned_meta = {k: clean_metadata_for_chroma(v) for k, v in_
⇒assigned_metadata.items()}
          final_documents_with_metadata.append(Document(page_content=page_doc.
⇒page content, metadata=cleaned meta))
  # Logic for EPUB metadata assignment
  elif file extension == ".epub":
      logger.info("Assigning metadata to EPUB elements by matching ToC titles_
toc_titles_for_search = [entry for entry in flat_toc_entries if entry.

¬get("full title for matching")]
      current_hierarchy_metadata = {}
      for element_doc in all_raw_book_docs:
           element_text = element_doc.page_content.strip() if element_doc.
→page_content else ""
          if not element_text: continue
          for toc_entry in toc_titles_for_search:
               if element_text == toc_entry["full_title_for_matching"]:
                   current_hierarchy_metadata = {"source": os.path.
⇔basename(book_path)}
                   for i, title_in_path in enumerate(toc_entry["titles_path"]):
                       current_hierarchy_metadata[f"level_{i+1}_title"] =__
→title_in_path
```

```
current_hierarchy_metadata['toc_id'] = toc_entry.

get('toc_id')
                    if "page" in toc_entry:⊔
 Gourrent_hierarchy_metadata["epub_toc_page"] = toc_entry["page"]
            if not current_hierarchy_metadata:
                doc_metadata_to_assign = {"source": os.path.
 ⇒basename(book_path), "level_1_title": "EPUB Preamble", "toc_id": -1}
            else:
                doc_metadata_to_assign = current_hierarchy_metadata.copy()
            cleaned_meta = {k: clean_metadata_for_chroma(v) for k, v in_

¬doc_metadata_to_assign.items()}
            final_documents_with_metadata.
 append(Document(page_content=element_text, metadata=cleaned_meta))
   else: # Fallback
        final_documents_with_metadata = all_raw_book_docs
   if not final_documents_with_metadata:
        logger.error("No documents were processed or enriched with hierarchical_
 →metadata.")
       return [], hierarchical_toc
   logger.info(f"Total documents prepared for chunking:
 →{len(final_documents_with_metadata)}")
   text_splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(
        chunk_size=chunk_size,
        chunk_overlap=chunk_overlap,
       length_function=len
   final chunks = text splitter.split documents(final documents with metadata)
   logger.info(f"Split into {len(final_chunks)} final chunks, inheriting_
 ⇔hierarchical metadata.")
    # --- MODIFICATION START: Add a unique, sequential chunk id to each chunk
   logger.info("Assigning sequential chunk_id to all final chunks...")
   for i, chunk in enumerate(final_chunks):
        chunk.metadata['chunk id'] = i
   logger.info(f"Assigned chunk_ids from 0 to {len(final_chunks) - 1}.")
    # --- MODIFICATION END ---
   return final chunks, hierarchical toc
# --- Main Execution Block for this Cell ---
```

```
if not os.path.exists(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH):
   logger.error(f"CRITICAL: Pre-extracted ToC file not found at ⊔
 logger.error("Please run the 'Extract Book Table of Contents (ToC)' cell⊔
 ⇔(Cell 4) first.")
else:
   final_chunks_for_db, toc_reloaded = process_book_with_extracted_toc(
       book_path=BOOK_PATH,
        extracted_toc_json_path=PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH,
       chunk_size=CHUNK_SIZE,
       chunk overlap=CHUNK OVERLAP
   )
   if final_chunks_for_db:
        if os.path.exists(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR):
           logger.warning(f"Deleting existing ChromaDB directory:
 →{CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR}")
           shutil.rmtree(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR)
       logger.info(f"Initializing embedding model '{EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA}'u
 →and creating new vector database...")
        embedding model = OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING MODEL OLLAMA)
       vector_db = Chroma.from_documents(
           documents=final_chunks_for_db,
           embedding=embedding_model,
           persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
           collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
       )
       reloaded_db = Chroma(persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,_
 -embedding function-embedding model, collection name=CHROMA COLLECTION NAME)
       count = reloaded_db._collection.count()
       print("-" * 50)
       logger.info(f" Vector DB created successfully at:
 →{CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR}")
       logger.info(f" Collection '{CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME}' contains {count}_{\sqcup}

¬documents.")
       print("-" * 50)
   else:
       logger.error(" Failed to generate chunks. Vector DB not created.")
```

#### 5.1.1 Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report

```
[]: # Cell 5.1: Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report (V6 - full_path_
      \rightarrowAware)
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     import random
     from typing import List, Dict, Any
     # You might need to install pandas if you haven't already
     try:
         import pandas as pd
         pandas_available = True
     except ImportError:
         pandas_available = False
     try:
         from langchain_chroma import Chroma
         from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
         from langchain_core.documents import Document
         langchain_available = True
     except ImportError:
         langchain_available = False
     # Setup Logger
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- HELPER FUNCTIONS ---
     def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
         """Prints a centered header to the console."""
         print("\n" + char * 80)
         print(text.center(80))
         print(char * 80)
     def count_total_chunks(node: Dict) -> int:
         """Recursively counts all chunks in a node and its children."""
         total = node.get('_chunks', 0)
         for child_node in node.get('_children', {}).values():
             total += count_total_chunks(child_node)
         return total
     def print_hierarchy_report(node: Dict, indent_level: int = 0):
```

```
Recursively prints the reconstructed hierarchy, sorting by sequential ToC_{\square}
 \hookrightarrow ID.
    11 11 11
    # Sort children by their assigned ToC ID to reflect the book's actual order
    sorted children = sorted(
        node.get(' children', {}).items(),
        key=lambda item: item[1].get(' toc id', float('inf'))
    )
    for title, child_node in sorted_children:
        prefix = " " * indent_level + " | -- "
        total_chunks_in_branch = count_total_chunks(child_node)
        direct_chunks = child_node.get('_chunks', 0)
        toc_id = child_node.get('_toc_id', 'N/A')
        print(f"{prefix}{title} [ID: {toc_id}] (Total Chunks:

√{total_chunks_in_branch}, Direct Chunks: {direct_chunks})")

        print hierarchy report(child node, indent level + 1)
def find testable sections(node: Dict, path: List[str], testable_list: List):
    Recursively find leaf sections with a decent number of chunks to test.
    # A good test section is a "leaf" (no children) with more than a few chunks.
    if node.get('_chunks', 0) > 5 and not node.get('_children'):
        testable_list.append({
            "path": " / ".join(path),
            "toc id": node.get(' toc id'),
            "chunk_count": node.get('_chunks')
        })
    sorted_children = sorted(node.get('_children', {}).items(), key=lambda item:

→ item[1].get('_toc_id', float('inf')))
    for title, child_node in sorted_children:
        find_testable_sections(child_node, path + [title], testable_list)
def verify chunk sequence and content (vector store: Chroma, hierarchy tree: u
 ⇔Dict):
    Selects a random testable ToC section, verifies chunk sequence, and ⊔
 \rightarrow displays the reassembled content.
    print_header("Chunk Sequence & Content Integrity Test", char="-")
    testable_sections = []
    find_testable_sections(hierarchy_tree, [], testable_sections)
    if not testable_sections:
```

```
logger.warning("Could\ not\ find\ a\ suitable\ leaf\ section\ with\ enough_{\sqcup}
⇔chunks to test. Skipping content test.")
      return
  random_section = random.choice(testable_sections)
  test toc id = random section['toc id']
  logger.info(f"Selected random section for testing:

¬'{random_section['path']}' (toc_id: {test_toc_id})")
  try:
      retrieved_data = vector_store.get(where={"toc_id": test_toc_id},__
→include=["metadatas", "documents"])
      if not retrieved_data or not retrieved_data.get('ids'):
           logger.error(f"TEST FAILED: No chunks retrieved for toc_id_
→{test_toc_id}, but hierarchy report expected {random_section['chunk_count']}.
")
          return
      docs = [Document(page content=doc, metadata=meta) for doc, meta in,
\sip(retrieved_data['documents'], retrieved_data['metadatas'])]
      logger.info(f"Retrieved {len(docs)} document chunks for toc_id_

√{test_toc_id}.")

      docs.sort(key=lambda d: d.metadata.get('chunk_id', -1))
      chunk_ids = [d.metadata.get('chunk_id', -1) for d in docs]
      if -1 in chunk ids:
          logger.error("TEST FAILED: Some retrieved chunks are missing a⊔
return
      is_sequential = all(chunk_ids[i] == chunk_ids[i-1] + 1 for i in_
⇔range(1, len(chunk ids)))
      full_content = "\n".join([d.page_content for d in docs])
      print("\n" + "-"*25 + " CONTENT PREVIEW " + "-"*25)
      print(f"Full Path: {random_section['path']} [toc_id: {test_toc_id}]")
      print(f"Chunk IDs Retrieved ({len(chunk_ids)}): {chunk_ids}")
      print("-" * 70)
      print(full_content[:2000] + ('...' if len(full_content) > 2000 else_
⇒'')) # Preview content
      print("-" * 23 + " END CONTENT PREVIEW " + "-"*23 + "\n")
      if is_sequential:
```

```
logger.info(" TEST PASSED: Chunk IDs for the section are perfectly⊔
 ⇔sequential.")
        else:
            is_sorted = all(chunk_ids[i] > chunk_ids[i-1] for i in range(1,__
 →len(chunk_ids)))
            if is_sorted:
               logger.warning("TEST PASSED (with note): Chunks are not⊔
 sperfectly sequential but are in increasing order. This is acceptable.")
            else:
                logger.error("TEST FAILED: Chunk IDs are out of order even
 ⇔after sorting.")
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"TEST FAILED: An error occurred during chunk sequence
 ⇔verification: {e}", exc_info=True)
# --- MAIN DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION ---
def run full diagnostics():
   if not langchain_available:
       logger.error("LangChain components not installed. Skipping diagnostics.
 ")
       return
   print_header("Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report")
   # 1. Connect to the Database
   if not os.path.exists(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR):
        logger.error(f"FATAL: Chroma DB directory not found at ____
 vector_store = Chroma(persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,__
 -embedding_function=01lamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA),_

¬collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME)
    # 2. Retrieve ALL Metadata
   total_docs = vector_store._collection.count()
   if total_docs == 0:
       logger.warning("Database is empty. No diagnostics to run.")
   metadatas = vector_store.get(limit=total_docs,__
 →include=["metadatas"])['metadatas']
   logger.info(f"Successfully retrieved metadata for all {total_docs} chunks.")
    # 3. Reconstruct the Hierarchy Tree using 'full path'
   logger.info("Reconstructing hierarchy from 'full_path' metadata...")
   hierarchy_tree = {'_children': {}}
```

```
orphaned_chunks = 0
  for meta in metadatas:
      toc_id = meta.get('toc_id')
      full_path = meta.get('full_path')
      # Check for and count orphaned chunks
      if toc_id is None or toc_id < 0 or not full_path or full_path in_
orphaned_chunks += 1
          node_title = "Orphaned or Uncategorized Chunks"
          if node_title not in hierarchy_tree['_children']:
              hierarchy_tree['_children'][node_title] = {'_children': {},__
hierarchy_tree['_children'][node_title]['_chunks'] += 1
          continue
      # Split the valid full_path to build the hierarchy
      path parts = [part.strip() for part in full_path.split(" / ")]
      current_node = hierarchy_tree
      for title in path_parts:
          # .setdefault is a concise way to get or create a node
          current_node = current_node['_children'].setdefault(title,__
# This is now the leaf node for this chunk's specific section
      current_node['_chunks'] += 1
      # Assign the toc_id to the leaf node. Use min() in case multiple ToC_{\square}
⇔entries point to the same leaf.
      current_node['_toc_id'] = min(current_node.get('_toc_id',__
⇔float('inf')), toc_id)
  logger.info("Hierarchy reconstruction complete.")
  # 4. Print Hierarchy Report
  print_header("Reconstructed Hierarchy Report", char="-")
  print_hierarchy_report(hierarchy_tree)
  # 5. Run Chunk Sequence and Content Test
  verify_chunk_sequence_and_content(vector_store, hierarchy_tree)
  # 6. Final Summary
  print_header("Diagnostic Summary", char="-")
  print(f"Total Chunks in DB: {total_docs}")
  if orphaned_chunks > 0:
```

```
logger.warning(f"Found {orphaned_chunks} chunks that are 'Orphaned' or⊔
 logger.warning("This may be expected for cover pages, etc., but check⊔
 ⇔the report above.")
    else:
       logger.info(" All chunks are mapped to a valid 'full_path' and ⊔
 logger.info("Chunk sequence integrity test was performed on a randomu
 ⇔section (see above).")
    print_header("Diagnostic Complete")
# --- Execute Diagnostics ---
if 'CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR' in locals() and langchain_available:
    run_full_diagnostics()
else:
    logger.error("Skipping diagnostics: Required variables (CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR, __
 ⇔etc.) not defined or LangChain not available.")
2025-07-05 19:37:09,250 - INFO - Successfully retrieved metadata for all 11774
2025-07-05 19:37:09,251 - INFO - Reconstructing hierarchy from 'full_path'
metadata...
2025-07-05 19:37:09,252 - INFO - Hierarchy reconstruction complete.
2025-07-05 19:37:09,253 - INFO - Selected random section for testing: 'Orphaned
or Uncategorized Chunks' (toc_id: -1)
2025-07-05 19:37:09,254 - ERROR - TEST FAILED: No chunks retrieved for toc_id
-1, but hierarchy report expected 11774.
2025-07-05 19:37:09,255 - WARNING - Found 11774 chunks that are 'Orphaned' or
'Uncategorized'.
2025-07-05 19:37:09,255 - WARNING - This may be expected for cover pages, etc.,
but check the report above.
2025-07-05 19:37:09,255 - INFO - Chunk sequence integrity test was performed on
a random section (see above).
             Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report
______
                      Reconstructed Hierarchy Report
______
|-- Orphaned or Uncategorized Chunks [ID: -1] (Total Chunks: 11774, Direct
Chunks: 11774)
```

Chunk Sequence & Content Integrity Test

-----

-----

#### Diagnostic Summary

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total Chunks in DB: 11774

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Diagnostic Complete

\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
[8]: # Cell 6: Verify Content Retrieval for a Specific toc_id with Reassembled Text
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     from langchain_chroma import Chroma
     from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
     # --- Logger Setup ---
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -
      def retrieve_and_print_chunks_for_toc_id(vector_store: Chroma, toc_id: int):
         Retrieves all chunks for a specific toc_id, prints the associated section\Box
      \hookrightarrow title.
         shows the reassembled text, and then lists the metadata for each individual \sqcup
         for detailed verification.
         try:
             # Use the 'get' method with a 'where' filter to find all chunks for the
      \hookrightarrow toc_id
             results = vector_store.get(
                 where={"toc_id": toc_id},
                 include=["documents", "metadatas"]
             )
             if not results or not results.get('ids'):
                 logger.warning(f"No chunks found in the database for toc_id =_

{toc_id}")
                 print("=" * 80)
                 print(f"VERIFICATION FAILED: No content found for toc_id: {toc_id}")
                 print("=" * 80)
                 return
```

```
documents = results['documents']
      metadatas = results['metadatas']
      # --- NEW: Get the section title from the metadata of the first chunk
      # We assume all chunks for the same toc id share the same section title.
      # NOTE: You might need to change 'section_title' to match the key you__
\hookrightarrow used
      # when you loaded your data (e.q., 'title', 'section_name', etc.).
      first meta = metadatas[0] if metadatas else {}
      section_title = first_meta.get('section_title', 'Unknown Section Title')
      # --- Print a clear header with the section title ---
      print("=" * 80)
      print(f"VERIFYING SECTION: '{section_title}' (toc_id: {toc_id})")
      print("=" * 80)
      logger.info(f"Found {len(documents)} chunks in the database for this,
⇔section.")
      # Sort chunks by their chunk_id to ensure they are in the correct orderu
⇔for reassembly
      sorted_items = sorted(zip(documents, metadatas), key=lambda item:
→item[1].get('chunk_id', 0))
      # --- Reassemble and print the full text for the section ---
      all chunk texts = [item[0] for item in sorted items]
      reassembled_text = "\n".join(all_chunk_texts)
      print("\n" + "#" * 28 + " Reassembled Text " + "#" * 28)
      print(reassembled_text)
      print("#" * 80)
      # --- Print individual chunk details for in-depth verification ---
      print("\n" + "-" * 24 + " Retrieved Chunk Details " + "-" * 25)
      for i, (doc, meta) in enumerate(sorted_items):
          print(f"\n[ Chunk {i+1} of {len(documents)} | chunk_id: {meta.
# Show a preview of the content to keep the output manageable
          content_preview = doc.replace('\n', ' ').strip()
          print(f" Content Preview: '{content_preview[:250]}...'")
          print(f" Metadata: {json.dumps(meta, indent=2)}")
      print("\n" + "=" * 80)
      print(f"Verification complete for section '{section_title}'.")
```

```
print("=" * 80)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"An error occurred during retrieval for toc_id {toc_id}:__
 _____
# EXECUTION BLOCK
# --- IMPORTANT: Set the ID of the section you want to test here ---
# Example: ToC ID 10 might be "An Overview of Digital Forensics"
# Example: ToC ID 11 might be "Digital Forensics and Other Related Disciplines"
TOC_ID_TO_TEST = 7
# Assume these variables are defined in a previous cell
# CHROMA PERSIST DIR = "./chroma db with metadata"
# EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA = "nomic-embed-text"
# CHROMA COLLECTION NAME = "forensics handbook"
# Check if the database directory exists before attempting to connect
if 'CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR' in locals() and os.path.exists(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR):
   logger.info(f"Connecting to the existing vector database atu
 # Ensure OllamaEmbeddings and Chroma are initialized correctly
   try:
       vector_store = Chroma(
          persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
          embedding_function=OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA),
          collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
       )
       # Run the verification function
       retrieve_and_print_chunks_for_toc_id(vector_store, TOC_ID_TO_TEST)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Failed to initialize Chroma or run retrieval. Error:
 →{e}")
       logger.error("Please ensure your embedding model and collection names,
 ⇔are correct.")
else:
   logger.error("Database directory not found or 'CHROMA PERSIST DIR' variable⊔
 ⇔is not set.")
   logger.error("Please run the previous cell (e.g., Cell 5) to create the⊔

database first.")
```

#### 5.2 Test Data Base for content development

Require Description

```
[]: # Cell 6: Verify Vector Database (Final Version with Rich Diagnostic Output)
     import os
     import json
     import re
     import random
     import logging
     from typing import List, Dict, Any, Tuple, Optional
     # Third-party imports
     try:
         from langchain chroma import Chroma
         from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
         from langchain_core.documents import Document
         langchain_available = True
     except ImportError:
         langchain_available = False
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- HELPER FUNCTIONS ---
     def print results(query_text: str, results: list, where_filter: Optional[Dict]_
      →= None):
         Richly prints query results, showing the query, filter, and retrieved \sqcup
      \rightarrow documents.
         print("\n" + "-"*10 + " DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS " + "-"*10)
         print(f"QUERY: '{query_text}'")
```

```
if where_filter:
        print(f"FILTER: {json.dumps(where_filter, indent=2)}")
    if not results:
       print("--> No documents were retrieved for this query and filter.")
       print("-" * 55)
       return
   print(f"--> Found {len(results)} results. Displaying top {min(len(results),...
 →3)}:")
   for i, doc in enumerate(results[:3]):
       print(f"\n[ RESULT {i+1} ]")
        content_preview = doc.page_content.replace('\n', ' ').strip()
        print(f" Content : '{content_preview[:200]}...'")
       print(f" Metadata: {json.dumps(doc.metadata, indent=2)}")
   print("-" * 55)
# --- HELPER FUNCTIONS FOR FINDING DATA (UNCHANGED) ---
def find_deep_entry(nodes: List[Dict], current_path: List[str] = []) ->__
 →Optional[Tuple[Dict, List[str]]]:
    shuffled_nodes = random.sample(nodes, len(nodes))
   for node in shuffled_nodes:
        if node.get('level', 0) >= 2 and node.get('children'): return node, u
 ⇔current_path + [node['title']]
        if node.get('children'):
            path = current_path + [node['title']]
            deep_entry = find_deep_entry(node['children'], path)
            if deep_entry: return deep_entry
   return None
def find chapter title by number(toc data: List[Dict], chap num: int) -> ___
 →Optional[List[str]]:
   def search_nodes(nodes, num, current_path):
        for node in nodes:
            path = current path + [node['title']]
            if re.match(rf"(Chapter\s)?{num}[.:\s]", node.get('title', ''), re.
 →IGNORECASE): return path
            if node.get('children'):
                found_path = search_nodes(node['children'], num, path)
                if found_path: return found_path
       return None
   return search_nodes(toc_data, chap_num, [])
# --- ENHANCED TEST CASES with DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT ---
```

```
def basic_retrieval_test(db, outline):
   print_header("Test 1: Basic Retrieval", char="-")
   try:
        logger.info("Goal: Confirm the database is live and contains
 →thematically relevant content.")
        logger.info("Strategy: Perform a simple similarity search using the
 ⇔course's 'unitName'.")
        query_text = outline.get("unitInformation", {}).get("unitName",__
 logger.info(f"Action: Searching for query: '{query_text}'...")
        results = db.similarity search(query text, k=1)
       print_results(query_text, results) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
       logger.info("Verification: Check if at least one document was returned.
 ")
        assert len(results) > 0, "Basic retrieval query returned no results."
        logger.info(" Result: TEST 1 PASSED. The database is online and | 1
 ⇔responsive.")
       return True
    except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f" Result: TEST 1 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
def deep_hierarchy_test(db, toc):
   print header("Test 2: Deep Hierarchy Retrieval", char="-")
   try:
        logger.info("Goal: Verify that the multi-level hierarchical metadata__
 ⇔was ingested correctly.")
        logger.info("Strategy: Find a random, deeply nested sub-section and use⊔
 →a precise filter to retrieve it.")
        deep entry result = find deep entry(toc)
        assert deep_entry_result, "Could not find a suitable deep entry (level_
 \Rightarrow = 2) to test."
       node, path = deep_entry_result
        query = node['title']
        logger.info(f" - Selected random deep section: {' -> '.join(path)}")
       conditions = [{f"level_{i+1}_title": {"$eq": title}} for i, title in__
 →enumerate(path)]
       w_filter = {"$and": conditions}
        logger.info("Action: Performing a similarity search with a highly⊔
 ⇔specific '$and' filter.")
```

```
results = db.similarity_search(query, k=1, filter=w_filter)
       print_results(query, results, w_filter) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE
       logger.info("Verification: Check if the precisely filtered query_
 →returned any documents.")
       assert len(results) > 0, "Deeply filtered query returned no results."
       logger.info(" Result: TEST 2 PASSED. Hierarchical metadata is⊔
 ⇔structured correctly.")
       return True
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f" Result: TEST 2 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
def advanced_alignment_test(db, outline, toc):
   print_header("Test 3: Advanced Unit Outline Alignment", char="-")
   try:
       logger.info("Goal: Ensure a weekly topic from the syllabus can be ...
 →mapped to the correct textbook chapter(s).")
       logger.info("Strategy: Pick a random week, find its chapter, and query⊔
 ⇔for the topic filtered by that chapter.")
       week to test = random.choice(outline['weeklySchedule'])
       logger.info(f" - Selected random week: Week {week_to_test['week']} -__
 reading = week_to_test.get('requiredReading', '')
       chap_nums_str = re.findall(r'\d+', reading)
       assert chap_nums_str, f"Could not find chapter numbers in required_
 →reading: '{reading}'"
       logger.info(f" - Extracted required chapter number(s):
 chapter_paths = [find_chapter_title_by_number(toc, int(n)) for n in_
 ⇔chap_nums_str]
       chapter_paths = [path for path in chapter_paths if path is not None]
       assert chapter_paths, f"Could not map chapter numbers {chap_nums_str}_u
 ⇔to a valid ToC path."
       level_1_titles = list(set([path[0] for path in chapter_paths]))
       logger.info(f" - Mapped to top-level ToC entries: {level_1_titles}")
       or_filter = [{"level_1_title": {"$eq": title}} for title in_

→level 1 titles]
       w_filter = {"$or": or_filter} if len(or_filter) > 1 else or_filter[0]
       query = week_to_test['contentTopic']
```

```
logger.info("Action: Searching for the weekly topic, filtered by the
 →mapped chapter(s).")
       results = db.similarity search(query, k=5, filter=w filter)
       print results(query, results, w filter) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE
       logger.info("Verification: Check if at least one returned document is,
 →from the correct chapter.")
       assert len(results) > 0, "Alignment query returned no results for the ...
 ⇔correct section/chapter."
       logger.info(" Result: TEST 3 PASSED. The syllabus can be reliably ⊔
 ⇒aligned with the textbook content.")
       return True
    except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f" Result: TEST 3 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
def content sequence test(db, outline):
   print_header("Test 4: Content Sequence Verification", char="-")
   try:
       logger.info("Goal: Confirm that chunks for a topic can be re-ordered tou
 ⇔form a coherent narrative.")
       logger.info("Strategy: Retrieve several chunks for a random topic and⊔
 ⇔verify their 'chunk_id' is sequential.")
       topic_query = random.choice(outline['weeklySchedule'])['contentTopic']
       logger.info(f"Action: Performing similarity search for topic:
 results = db.similarity_search(topic_query, k=10)
       print_results(topic_query, results) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
       docs_with_id = [doc for doc in results if 'chunk_id' in doc.metadata]
       assert len(docs with id) > 3, "Fewer than 4 retrieved chunks have a
 ⇔'chunk_id' to test."
       chunk_ids = [doc.metadata['chunk_id'] for doc in docs_with_id]
        sorted_ids = sorted(chunk_ids)
       logger.info(f" - Retrieved and sorted chunk IDs: {sorted_ids}")
        logger.info("Verification: Check if the sorted list of chunk_ids is ⊔
 ⇔strictly increasing.")
        is_ordered = all(sorted_ids[i] >= sorted_ids[i-1] for i in range(1,_u
 ⇔len(sorted_ids)))
```

```
assert is_ordered, "The retrieved chunks' chunk_ids are not in_
 ⇒ascending order when sorted."
       logger.info(" Result: TEST 4 PASSED. Narrative order can be I
 →reconstructed using 'chunk_id'.")
       return True
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f" Result: TEST 4 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
        return False
# --- MAIN VERIFICATION EXECUTION ---
def run verification():
   print_header("Database Verification Process")
    if not langchain_available:
        logger.error("LangChain libraries not found. Aborting tests.")
       return
   required_files = {
        "Chroma DB": CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
        "ToC JSON": PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH,
        "Parsed Outline": PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH
   }
   for name, path in required_files.items():
        if not os.path.exists(path):
            logger.error(f"Required '{name}' not found at '{path}'. Please run⊔
 ⇔previous cells.")
            return
   with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        toc_data = json.load(f)
   with open(PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        unit_outline_data = json.load(f)
   logger.info("Connecting to DB and initializing components...")
   embeddings = OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA)
   vector_store = Chroma(
       persist directory=CHROMA PERSIST DIR,
        embedding_function=embeddings,
       collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
   results_summary = [
       basic_retrieval_test(vector_store, unit_outline_data),
        deep_hierarchy_test(vector_store, toc_data),
        advanced_alignment_test(vector_store, unit_outline_data, toc_data),
        content_sequence_test(vector_store, unit_outline_data)
```

```
passed_count = sum(filter(None, results_summary))
    failed_count = len(results_summary) - passed_count
    print_header("Verification Summary")
    print(f"Total Tests Run: {len(results_summary)}")
    print(f" Passed: {passed_count}")
    print(f" Failed: {failed count}")
    print_header("Verification Complete", char="=")
# --- Execute Verification ---
# Assumes global variables from Cell 1 are available in the notebook's scope
run_verification()
2025-07-05 19:34:10,768 - INFO - Connecting to DB and initializing components...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,779 - INFO - Goal: Confirm the database is live and contains
thematically relevant content.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,780 - INFO - Strategy: Perform a simple similarity search
using the course's 'unitName'.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,780 - INFO - Action: Searching for query: 'Digital
Forensic'...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,841 - INFO - HTTP Request: POST
http://127.0.0.1:11434/api/embed "HTTP/1.1 200 OK"
2025-07-05 19:34:10,844 - INFO - Verification: Check if at least one document
was returned.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,845 - INFO - Result: TEST 1 PASSED. The database is online
and responsive.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,845 - INFO - Goal: Verify that the multi-level hierarchical
metadata was ingested correctly.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,846 - INFO - Strategy: Find a random, deeply nested sub-
section and use a precise filter to retrieve it.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,846 - INFO - - Selected random deep section: Chapter 9.
Digital Forensics Analysis and Validation -> Validating Forensic Data ->
Validating with Hexadecimal Editors
2025-07-05 19:34:10,846 - INFO - Action: Performing a similarity search with a
highly specific '$and' filter.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,860 - INFO - HTTP Request: POST
http://127.0.0.1:11434/api/embed "HTTP/1.1 200 OK"
2025-07-05 19:34:10,863 - INFO - Verification: Check if the precisely filtered
query returned any documents.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,864 - ERROR - Result: TEST 2 FAILED. Reason: Deeply
filtered query returned no results.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,864 - INFO - Goal: Ensure a weekly topic from the syllabus
can be mapped to the correct textbook chapter(s).
2025-07-05 19:34:10,865 - INFO - Strategy: Pick a random week, find its chapter,
and query for the topic filtered by that chapter.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,865 - INFO - Selected random week: Week Week 1 -
```

```
'Understanding the Digital Forensics Profession and Investigations.'
2025-07-05 19:34:10,865 - INFO - - Extracted required chapter number(s):
['2019', '978', '1', '337', '56894', '4', '1']
2025-07-05 19:34:10,868 - INFO - - Mapped to top-level ToC entries: ['Chapter
1. Understanding the Digital Forensics Profession and Investigations', 'Chapter
4. Processing Crime and Incident Scenes']
2025-07-05 19:34:10,869 - INFO - Action: Searching for the weekly topic,
filtered by the mapped chapter(s).
2025-07-05 19:34:10,884 - INFO - HTTP Request: POST
http://127.0.0.1:11434/api/embed "HTTP/1.1 200 OK"
2025-07-05 19:34:10,888 - INFO - Verification: Check if at least one returned
document is from the correct chapter.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,888 - ERROR -
                                Result: TEST 3 FAILED. Reason: Alignment
query returned no results for the correct section/chapter.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,888 - INFO - Goal: Confirm that chunks for a topic can be
re-ordered to form a coherent narrative.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,889 - INFO - Strategy: Retrieve several chunks for a random
topic and verify their 'chunk_id' is sequential.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,889 - INFO - Action: Performing similarity search for topic:
'Current Computer Forensics Tools.' to get a set of chunks.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,907 - INFO - HTTP Request: POST
http://127.0.0.1:11434/api/embed "HTTP/1.1 200 OK"
2025-07-05 19:34:10,910 - INFO - Retrieved and sorted chunk IDs: [49, 3138,
3141, 3160, 3164, 3166, 3267, 3271, 3308, 9541]
2025-07-05 19:34:10,910 - INFO - Verification: Check if the sorted list of
chunk_ids is strictly increasing.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,910 - INFO - Result: TEST 4 PASSED. Narrative order can be
reconstructed using 'chunk_id'.
_____
                       Database Verification Process
______
                         Test 1: Basic Retrieval
----- DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS -----
QUERY: 'Digital Forensic'
--> Found 1 results. Displaying top 1:
[ RESULT 1 ]
 Content: 'An Overview of Digital Forensics...'
 "source": "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to
Computer Forensics and Investigations Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage
```

Learning (2018).epub",

```
"chunk_id": 156
}
                       Test 2: Deep Hierarchy Retrieval
----- DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS -----
QUERY: 'Validating with Hexadecimal Editors'
FILTER: {
  "$and": [
   {
      "level_1_title": {
        "$eq": "Chapter 9. Digital Forensics Analysis and Validation"
      }
   },
      "level_2_title": {
        "$eq": "Validating Forensic Data"
   },
      "level_3_title": {
        "$eq": "Validating with Hexadecimal Editors"
      }
   }
 ]
--> No documents were retrieved for this query and filter.
                   Test 3: Advanced Unit Outline Alignment
----- DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS -----
QUERY: 'Understanding the Digital Forensics Profession and Investigations.'
FILTER: {
  "$or": [
   {
      "level_1_title": {
        "$eq": "Chapter 1. Understanding the Digital Forensics Profession and
Investigations"
      }
   },
      "level_1_title": {
```

```
"$eq": "Chapter 4. Processing Crime and Incident Scenes"
   }
 ]
}
--> No documents were retrieved for this query and filter.
                 Test 4: Content Sequence Verification
----- DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS -----
QUERY: 'Current Computer Forensics Tools.'
--> Found 10 results. Displaying top 3:
[ RESULT 1 ]
 Content : 'Chapter 6. Current Digital Forensics Tools...'
 Metadata: {
 "source": "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to
Computer Forensics and Investigations_ Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage
Learning (2018).epub",
 "chunk_id": 3138
[ RESULT 2 ]
 Content: 'Chapter 6. Current Digital Forensics Tools...'
 Metadata: {
 "chunk_id": 9541,
 "source": "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to
Computer Forensics and Investigations_ Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage
Learning (2018).epub"
}
[ RESULT 3 ]
 Content: 'Software Forensics Tools...'
 Metadata: {
 "chunk_id": 3166,
 "source": "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide to
Computer Forensics and Investigations_ Processing Digital Evidence-Cengage
Learning (2018).epub"
}
     _____
______
                         Verification Summary
______
```

Total Tests Run: 4

Passed: 2 Failed: 2

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Verification Complete

#### 6 Content Generation

#### 6.1 Planning Agent

```
[]: # Cell 7: The Data-Driven Planning Agent (Final Hierarchical Version)
     import os
     import json
     import re
     import math
     import logging
     from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
     # Setup Logger and LangChain components
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -
      →%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     try:
         from langchain_chroma import Chroma
         from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
         langchain_available = True
     except ImportError:
         langchain_available = False
     def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
         """Prints a centered header to the console."""
         print("\n" + char * 80)
         print(text.center(80))
         print(char * 80)
     class PlanningAgent:
         11 11 11
         An agent that creates a hierarchical content plan, adaptively partitions \Box
      \hookrightarrow content
         into distinct lecture decks, and allocates presentation time.
         def __init__(self, master_config: Dict, vector_store: Optional[Any] = None):
             self.config = master_config['processed_settings']
             self.unit_outline = master_config['unit_outline']
             self.book_toc = master_config['book_toc']
```

```
self.flat_toc_with_ids = self._create_flat_toc_with_ids()
       self.vector_store = vector_store
      logger.info("Data-Driven PlanningAgent initialized successfully.")
  def _create_flat_toc_with_ids(self) -> List[Dict]:
       """Creates a flattened list of the ToC for easy metadata lookup."""
      flat list = []
      def flatten_recursive(nodes, counter):
           for node in nodes:
               node id = counter[0]; counter[0] += 1
               flat_list.append({'toc_id': node_id, 'title': node.get('title',_

¬''), 'node': node})
               if node.get('children'):
                   flatten_recursive(node.get('children'), counter)
      flatten_recursive(self.book_toc, [0])
      return flat_list
  def _identify_relevant_chapters(self, weekly_schedule_item: Dict) ->_
→List[int]:
       """Extracts chapter numbers precisely from the 'requiredReading' string.
_ """
      reading_str = weekly_schedule_item.get('requiredReading', '')
      match = re.search(r'Chapter(s)?', reading_str, re.IGNORECASE)
      if not match: return []
      search area = reading str[match.start():]
      chap_nums_str = re.findall(r'\d+', search_area)
      if chap_nums_str:
           return sorted(list(set(int(n) for n in chap_nums_str)))
      return []
  def _find chapter node(self, chapter number: int) -> Optional[Dict]:
       """Finds the ToC node for a specific chapter number."""
      for item in self.flat_toc_with_ids:
           if re.match(rf"Chapter\s{chapter_number}(?:\D|$)", item['title']):
               return item['node']
      return None
  def _build_topic_plan_tree(self, toc_node: Dict) -> Dict:
       11 11 11
       Recursively builds a hierarchical plan tree from any ToC node,
       annotating it with direct and total branch chunk counts.
       11 11 11
      node_metadata = next((item for item in self.flat_toc_with_ids if_
→item['node'] is toc node), None)
      if not node_metadata: return {}
```

```
retrieved_docs = self.vector_store.get(where={'toc_id':__
→node_metadata['toc_id']})
      direct_chunk_count = len(retrieved_docs.get('ids', []))
      plan_node = {
           "title": node metadata['title'],
           "toc_id": node_metadata['toc_id'],
           "chunk_count": direct_chunk_count,
           "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
           "slides_allocated": 0,
           "children": []
      }
      child_branch_total = 0
      for child_node in toc_node.get('children', []):
           if any(ex in child_node.get('title', '').lower() for ex in_
→["review", "introduction", "summary", "key terms"]):
               continue
           child_plan_node = self._build_topic_plan_tree(child_node)
           if child_plan_node:
               plan_node['children'].append(child_plan_node)
               child_branch_total += child_plan_node.

¬get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
      plan_node['total_chunks_in_branch'] = direct_chunk_count +__
⇔child_branch_total
      return plan_node
  # In PlanningAgent Class...
  def _allocate_slides_to_tree(self, plan_tree: Dict, content_slides_budget:u
⇒int):
       (REFACTORED) Performs a multi-pass process to allocate content slides,
       add interactive activities, and sum totals correctly.
      if not plan_tree or content_slides_budget <= 0:</pre>
           return plan_tree
       # --- Pass 1: Allocate Content Slides (Top-Down, Proportional) ---
      def allocate_content_recursively(node, budget):
           node['slides allocated'] = 0
           # If it's a leaf node, it gets the remaining budget.
           if not node.get('children'):
               node['slides_allocated'] = round(budget)
               return
```

```
# If it has children, distribute the budget proportionally.
          total_branch_chunks = node.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
          # Allocate slides for the node's own content (if any).
          # This is a key fix: parent nodes can have their own content.
          own content slides = 0
          if total_branch_chunks > 0:
              own_content_slides = round(budget * (node.get('chunk_count', 0)_

    total_branch_chunks))

          node['slides_allocated'] = own_content_slides
          remaining_budget_for_children = budget - own_content_slides
          # Distribute remaining budget to children.
          for child in node.get('children', []):
              child budget = 0
              if total_branch_chunks > 0:
                  # Distribute based on the child's total branch size, not
⇒ just its own chunks.
                  child_budget = remaining_budget_for_children * (child.
oget('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) / (total_branch_chunks - node.
allocate_content_recursively(child, child_budget)
      allocate_content_recursively(plan_tree, content_slides_budget)
      # --- Pass 2: Add Interactive Activities (Targeted Depth) ---
      def add_interactive_nodes(node, depth, interactive_deep):
          if not node: return
          # Logic for interactive_deep: true
          if interactive_deep:
              if depth == 2:
                  node['interactive_activity'] = {"title": f"{node.
Get('title')} (Deep-Dive Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), □

¬"slides_allocated": 1}
              if depth == 1:
                  node['interactive_activity'] = {"title": f"{node.
General Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), □

¬"slides_allocated": 1}
          # Logic for interactive_deep: false
          else:
              if depth == 1:
                  node['interactive_activity'] = {"title": f"{node.
Get('title')} (Interactive Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), □
⇔"slides_allocated": 1}
```

```
# Recurse
          for child in node.get('children', []):
              add_interactive_nodes(child, depth + 1, interactive_deep)
      if self.config.get('interactive', False):
          interactive_deep = self.config.get('interactive_deep', False)
          logger.info(f"Interactive mode ON. Deep interaction:
# Start depth at 1 for the root nodes of the plan.
          add_interactive_nodes(plan_tree, 1, interactive_deep)
      # --- Pass 3: Sum All Slides (Content + Interactive) Up the Tree ---
      def sum_slides_upwards(node):
          # Start with the node's own allocated content slides.
          total_slides = node.get('slides_allocated', 0)
          # Add slides from its interactive activity, if it exists.
          total_slides += node.get('interactive_activity', {}).

¬get('slides_allocated', 0)
          # Add the summed totals from all its children.
          if node.get('children'):
              total_slides += sum(sum_slides_upwards(child) for child in node.
# The final 'slides_allocated' is the grand total for the branch.
          node['slides_allocated'] = total_slides
          return total_slides
      sum_slides_upwards(plan_tree)
      return plan_tree
  def create_content_plan_for_week(self, week_number: int) -> Optional[Dict]:
      """Orchestrates the adaptive planning and partitioning process."""
      print_header(f"Planning Week {week_number}", char="*")
      weekly_schedule_item = self.unit_outline['weeklySchedule'][week_number_
- 1]
      chapter_numbers = self._identify_relevant_chapters(weekly_schedule_item)
      if not chapter_numbers: return None
      num_decks = self.config['week_session_setup'].get('sessions_per_week',_
→1)
      # 1. Build a full plan tree for each chapter to get its weight.
```

```
chapter_plan_trees = [self._build_topic_plan_tree(self.
← find_chapter_node(cn)) for cn in chapter_numbers if self.
→_find_chapter_node(cn)]
       total_weekly_chunks = sum(tree.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) for_
⇔tree in chapter_plan_trees)
       # 2. NEW: Adaptive Partitioning Strategy
      partitionable_units = []
       all_top_level_sections = []
       for chapter_tree in chapter_plan_trees:
           all_top_level_sections.extend(chapter_tree.get('children', []))
      num_top_level_sections = len(all_top_level_sections)
       # Always prefer to split by top-level sections if there are enough to \Box
\hookrightarrow distribute.
       if num_top_level_sections >= num_decks:
           logger.info(f"Partitioning strategy: Distributing
→{num_top_level_sections} top-level sections across {num_decks} decks.")
           partitionable units = all top level sections
       else:
           # Fallback for rare cases where there are fewer topics than decks
\hookrightarrow (e.g., 1 chapter with 1 section, but 2 decks).
           logger.info(f"Partitioning strategy: Not enough top-level sections⊔
⇔({num_top_level_sections}) to fill all decks ({num_decks}). Distributing⊔
⇔whole chapters instead.")
           partitionable_units = chapter_plan_trees
       # 3. Partition the chosen units into decks using a bin-packing algorithm
       decks = [[] for _ in range(num_decks)]
       deck_weights = [0] * num_decks
       sorted_units = sorted(partitionable_units, key=lambda x: x.

→get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0), reverse=True)
       for unit in sorted units:
           lightest deck index = deck weights.index(min(deck weights))
           decks[lightest_deck_index].append(unit)
           deck_weights[lightest_deck_index] += unit.

get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
       # 4. Plan each deck
       content_slides_per_week = self.config['slide_count_strategy'].

get('target', 25)
      final deck plans = []
       for i, deck_content_trees in enumerate(decks):
           deck number = i + 1
```

```
deck_chunk_weight = sum(tree.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) for_
⇔tree in deck_content_trees)
          deck_slide_budget = round((deck_chunk_weight / total_weekly_chunks)_
→* content slides per week) if total weekly chunks > 0 else 0
          logger.info(f"--- Planning Deck {deck number}/{num_decks} | Topics:
→{[t['title'] for t in deck_content_trees]} | Weight: {deck_chunk_weight}_⊔
⇔chunks | Slide Budget: {deck_slide_budget} ---")
          # The allocation function is recursive and works on any tree on
⇒sub-tree
          planned_content = [self._allocate_slides_to_tree(tree,_
Ground(deck_slide_budget * (tree.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) / □
deck_chunk_weight))) if deck_chunk_weight > 0 else tree for tree in_
→deck_content_trees]
          final_deck_plans.append({
              "deck_number": deck_number,
              "deck_title": f"{self.config.get('unit_name', 'Course')} - Week_
"session_content": planned_content
          })
      return {
          "week": week number,
          "overall_topic": weekly_schedule_item.get('contentTopic'),
          "deck_plans": final_deck_plans
      }
```

## 6.2 Content Generator Class (no yet addressed focus planning)

# 6.3 Orquestrator (Addressing paint points )

#### **Description:**

The main script that iterates through the weeks defined the plan and generate the content base on the settings\_deck coordinating the agents.

**Parameters and concideration** - 1 hour in the setting session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour - is 18-20 slides at the time so it is require to calculate this according to the given value but this also means per session so sessions\_per\_week is a multiplicator factor that

- if apply\_topic\_interactive is available will add an extra slide and add extra 5 min time but to determine this is required to plan all the content first and then calculate then provide a extra time settings—deck.json

{ "course\_id": "","unit\_name": "","interactive": true, "interactive\_deep": false, "slide\_count\_strategy": { "method": "per\_week", "interactive\_slides\_per\_week": 0 - > sum all interactive counts "interactive\_slides\_per\_session": 0, - > Total # of slides produced if "interactive" is true other wise remains 0 "target\_total\_slides": 0, - > Total Content Slides per week

that cover the total - will be the target in the cell 7 "slides\_content\_per\_session": 0, -> Total # (target\_total\_slides/sessions\_per\_week) "total\_slides\_deck\_week": 0, -> target\_total\_slides + interactive\_slides\_per\_week + (framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) \* sessions\_per\_week) "Tota\_slides\_session": 0 -> content\_slides\_per\_session + interactive\_slides\_per\_session + framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) }, "week\_session\_setup": { "sessions\_per\_week": 1, "distribution\_strategy": "even", "interactive\_time\_in\_hour": 0, -> find the value in ahours of the total # ("interactive\_slides" \* "TIME\_PER\_INTERACTIVE\_SLIDE\_MINS")/60 "total\_session\_time\_in\_hours": 0 -> this is going to be egual or similar to session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour if "interactive" is false obvisuly base on the global variables it will be the calculation of "interactive\_time\_in\_hour" "session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour": 2, -> this is the time that the costumer need for delivery this is a constrain is not modified never is used for reference },

"parameters slides": "slides per hour": 18, # framework no in-"time per content slides min": # clude 3, average delivery per slide "time per interactive slide min": 5, #small break and engaging with the students "time for framework slides min": 6 # Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End (per deck) "" }, "generation\_scope": { "weeks": [6] }, "teaching\_flow\_id": "Interactive Lecture Flow" }

teaching\_flows.json

{ "standard\_lecture": { "name": "Standard Lecture Flow", "slide\_types": ["Title", "Agenda", "Content", "Summary", "End", "prompts": { "content\_generation": "You are an expert university lecturer. Your audience is undergraduate students. Based on the following context, create a slide that provides a detailed explanation of the topic '{sub topic}'. The content should be structured with bullet points for key details. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "summary generation": "You are an expert university lecturer creating a summary slide. Based on the following list of topics covered in this session, generate a concise summary of the key takeaways. The topics are: {topic list}. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key." }, "slide schemas": { "Content": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Summary": {"title": "string", "content": "string", "string" tle": "string", "content": "list[string]"} } }, "apply topic interactive": { "name": "Interactive Lecture Flow", "slide\_types": ["Title", "Agenda", "Content", "Application", "Summary", "End"], "prompts": { "content generation": "You are an expert university lecturer in Digital Forensics. Your audience is undergraduate students. Based on the provided context, create a slide explaining the concept of '{sub topic}'. The content should be clear, concise, and structured with bullet points for easy understanding. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "application generation": "You are an engaging university lecturer creating an interactive slide. Based on the concept of '{sub\_topic}', create a multiple-choice question with exactly 4 options (A, B, C, D) to test understanding. The slide title must be 'Let's Apply This:'. Clearly indicate the correct answer within the content. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "summary generation": "You are an expert university lecturer creating a summary slide. Based on the following list of concepts and applications covered in this session, generate a concise summary of the key takeaways. The topics are: {topic list}. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key." }, "slide schemas": { "Content": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Application": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Summary": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"} } } }

```
[]: | # Cell 8: Configuration and Scoping for Content Generation (Corrected)
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s¹)
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- 1. DEFINE FILE PATHS AND GLOBAL TEST SETTINGS ---
     # Assumes these variables are loaded from a previous setup cell (like Cell 1)
     # PROJECT BASE DIR, PARSED UO JSON PATH, PRE EXTRACTED TOC JSON PATH must be
      \hookrightarrow defined.
     # New configuration file paths
     CONFIG_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "configs")
     SETTINGS_DECK_PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG_DIR, "settings_deck.json")
     TEACHING FLOWS PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG DIR, "teaching flows.json")
     # New output path for the processed settings
     PROCESSED SETTINGS PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG DIR, "processed settings.json")
     # --- Global Test Overrides (for easy testing) ---
     TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS = None
     TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID = None
     TEST OVERRIDE SESSIONS PER WEEK = None
     TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY = None
     def print header(text: str, char: str = "="):
         """Prints a centered header to the console."""
         print("\n" + char * 80)
         print(text.center(80))
         print(char * 80)
     def process_and_load_configurations():
         PHASE 1: Loads configurations, calculates a PRELIMINARY time-based slide_{\sqcup}
      \hookrightarrow budget,
         and saves the result as 'processed_settings.json' for the Planning Agent.
         print header("Phase 1: Configuration and Scoping Process", char="-")
         # --- Load all input files ---
         logger.info("Loading all necessary configuration and data files...")
         try:
```

```
os.makedirs(CONFIG_DIR, exist_ok=True)
      with open(PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
⇔unit_outline = json.load(f)
      with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:u
⇔book_toc = json.load(f)
      with open(SETTINGS_DECK_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
settings_deck = json.load(f)
      with open(TEACHING_FLOWS_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
→teaching_flows = json.load(f)
      logger.info("All files loaded successfully.")
  except FileNotFoundError as e:
      logger.error(f"FATAL: A required configuration file was not found: {e}")
      return None
   # --- Pre-process and Refine Settings ---
  logger.info("Pre-processing settings_deck for definitive plan...")
  processed_settings = json.loads(json.dumps(settings_deck))
  unit_info = unit_outline.get("unitInformation", {})
  processed_settings['course_id'] = unit_info.get("unitCode", __

¬"UNKNOWN COURSE")
  processed settings['unit_name'] = unit_info.get("unitName", "Unknown Unit_
→Name")
  # --- Apply test overrides IF they are not None ---
  logger.info("Applying overrides if specified...")
  # This block now correctly sets the teaching_flow_id based on the
⇔interactive flag.
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID is not None:
      processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'] = TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: teaching_flow_id set to⊔
→'{TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID}'")
  else:
       # If no override, use the 'interactive' boolean from the file as the
⇔source of truth.
      is_interactive = processed_settings.get('interactive', False)
      if is_interactive:
           processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'] = 'apply_topic_interactive'
           processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'] = 'standard_lecture'
      logger.info(f"Loaded from settings: 'interactive' is {is_interactive}.__
Set teaching_flow_id to '{processed_settings['teaching_flow_id']}'.")
  # The 'interactive' flag is now always consistent with the teaching_flow_id.
  processed_settings['interactive'] = "interactive" in__
→processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'].lower()
```

```
if TEST OVERRIDE SESSIONS PER WEEK is not None:
      processed_settings['week_session_setup']['sessions_per_week'] = ___
→TEST_OVERRIDE_SESSIONS_PER_WEEK
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: sessions_per_week set to_
→{TEST OVERRIDE SESSIONS PER WEEK}")
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY is not None:
      processed_settings['week_session_setup']['distribution_strategy'] = __
→TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: distribution_strategy set to⊔
→'{TEST OVERRIDE DISTRIBUTION STRATEGY}'")
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS is not None:
      processed_settings['generation_scope']['weeks'] = TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: generation_scope weeks set to_
→{TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS}")
   # --- DYNAMIC SLIDE BUDGET CALCULATION (Phase 1) ---
  logger.info("Calculating preliminary slide budget based on session time...")
  params = processed_settings.get('parameters_slides', {})
  SLIDES_PER_HOUR = params.get('slides_per_hour', 18)
  duration_hours = processed_settings['week_session_setup'].

→get('session_time_duration_in_hour', 1.0)
   sessions_per_week = processed_settings['week_session_setup'].
⇔get('sessions per week', 1)
  slides content per session = int(duration hours * SLIDES PER HOUR)
  target_total_slides = slides_content_per_session * sessions_per_week
  processed_settings['slide_count_strategy']['target_total_slides'] = __
→target_total_slides
  processed_settings['slide_count_strategy']['slides_content_per_session'] =__
⇔slides_content_per_session
  logger.info(f"Preliminary\ weekly\ content\ slide\ target\ calculated: \verb|L||
# --- Resolve Generation Scope if not overridden ---
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS is None and processed_settings.

¬get('generation_scope', {}).get('weeks') == "all":
      num weeks = len(unit outline.get('weeklySchedule', []))
      processed_settings['generation_scope']['weeks'] = list(range(1,__
onum weeks + 1))
```

```
# --- Save the processed settings to disk ---
    logger.info(f"Saving preliminary processed configuration to:
  →{PROCESSED_SETTINGS_PATH}")
    with open(PROCESSED SETTINGS PATH, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        json.dump(processed_settings, f, indent=2)
    logger.info("File saved successfully.")
    # --- Assemble master config for optional preview ---
    master_config = {
        "processed_settings": processed_settings,
        "unit_outline": unit_outline,
        "book_toc": book_toc,
        "teaching_flows": teaching_flows
    }
    print_header("Phase 1 Configuration Complete", char="-")
    logger.info("Master configuration object is ready for the Planning Agent.")
    return master_config
# --- EXECUTE THE CONFIGURATION PROCESS ---
master config = process and load configurations()
# Optional: Print a preview to verify the output
if master_config:
    print("\n--- Preview of Processed Settings (Phase 1) ---")
    print(json.dumps(master_config['processed_settings'], indent=2,__
 ⇔sort_keys=True))
    if master_config.get('processed_settings', {}).get('generation_scope', {}).
 ⇔get('weeks'):
        print(f"\nNumber of weeks to generate:_
 → {len(master_config['processed_settings']['generation_scope']['weeks'])}")
    print("----")
2025-07-05 19:34:10,943 - INFO - Loading all necessary configuration and data
2025-07-05 19:34:10,947 - INFO - All files loaded successfully.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,947 - INFO - Pre-processing settings_deck for definitive
2025-07-05 19:34:10,948 - INFO - Applying overrides if specified...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,948 - INFO - Loaded from settings: 'interactive' is True.
Set teaching_flow_id to 'apply_topic_interactive'.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,948 - INFO - Calculating preliminary slide budget based on
session time...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,949 - INFO - Preliminary weekly content slide target
calculated: 36 slides.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,950 - INFO - Saving preliminary processed configuration to:
/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/configs/processed_settings.json
```

```
Phase 1: Configuration and Scoping Process
2025-07-05 19:34:10,951 - INFO - File saved successfully.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,951 - INFO - Master configuration object is ready for the
Planning Agent.
                         Phase 1 Configuration Complete
--- Preview of Processed Settings (Phase 1) ---
  "course_id": "ICT312",
  "generation_scope": {
    "weeks": [
      1
   ٦
  },
  "interactive": true,
  "interactive_deep": false,
  "parameters_slides": {
    "slides_per_hour": 18,
    "time_for_framework_slides_min": 6,
    "time_per_content_slides_min": 3,
    "time_per_interactive_slide_min": 5
  },
  "slide_count_strategy": {
    "interactive_slides_per_session": 0,
    "interactive_slides_per_week": 0,
    "method": "per_week",
    "slides_content_per_session": 36,
    "target total slides": 36,
    "total_slides_deck_week": 0,
    "total slides session": 0
  },
  "teaching_flow_id": "apply_topic_interactive",
  "unit_name": "Digital Forensic",
  "week_session_setup": {
    "distribution_strategy": "even",
    "interactive_time_in_hour": 0,
    "session_time_duration_in_hour": 2,
    "sessions_per_week": 1,
```

"total\_session\_time\_in\_hours": 0

}

\_\_\_\_\_

```
[]: # In Cell 9,
     logger.info("--- Initializing Data-Driven Planning Agent Test ---")
     if langchain available:
         logger.info("Connecting to ChromaDB for the Planning Agent...")
         try:
             # 1. Connect to DB and Load all configurations
             vector store = Chroma(
                 persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
                 embedding function=01lamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING MODEL_OLLAMA),
                 collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
             logger.info("Database connection successful.")
             logger.info("Loading configuration files for Planning Agent...")
             with open(os.path.join(CONFIG_DIR, "processed_settings.json"), 'r') as_
      ⊶f:
                 processed_settings = json.load(f)
             with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r') as f:
                 book_toc = json.load(f)
             with open(PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH, 'r') as f:
                 unit_outline = json.load(f)
             logger.info("Configuration files loaded.")
             master_config_from_file = {
                 "processed_settings": processed_settings,
                 "unit_outline": unit_outline,
                 "book toc": book toc
             }
             # 2. Initialize the Planning Agent
             planning_agent = PlanningAgent(master_config_from_file,__

¬vector_store=vector_store)
             # 3. CRITICAL: Loop through the weeks defined in the processed settings
             weeks_to_generate = processed_settings.get('generation_scope', {}).

get('weeks', [])
             logger.info(f"Found {len(weeks_to_generate)} week(s) to plan:

√{weeks_to_generate}")

             for week_to_test in weeks_to_generate:
                 logger.info(f"--> Generating draft plan for Week {week_to_test}")
```

```
content_plan = planning_agent.
  ⇔create_content_plan_for_week(week_to_test)
            if content plan:
                print(f"\n--- Generated Draft Plan for Week {week_to_test} ---")
                print(json.dumps(content plan, indent=2))
                 # Save the generated plan to a file
                PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR,_

¬"generated_plans")

                 os.makedirs(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, exist_ok=True)
                plan_filename = f"{processed_settings.get('course_id',__

¬'COURSE')}_Week{week_to_test}_plan_draft.json"

                plan_filepath = os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, plan_filename)
                with open(plan_filepath, 'w') as f:
                     json.dump(content_plan, f, indent=2)
                 logger.info(f"\nSuccessfully saved DRAFT content plan for Week_

¬{week_to_test} to: {plan_filepath}")

            else:
                 logger.error(f"Failed to generate content plan for Week,
  →{week to test}.")
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"An error occurred during the planning process: {e}", __
  ⇔exc_info=True)
else:
    logger.error("LangChain/Chroma libraries not found. Cannot run the Planning⊔

→Agent.")
2025-07-05 19:34:10,960 - INFO - --- Initializing Data-Driven Planning Agent
2025-07-05 19:34:10,961 - INFO - Connecting to ChromaDB for the Planning
Agent...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,974 - INFO - Database connection successful.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,974 - INFO - Loading configuration files for Planning
Agent...
2025-07-05 19:34:10,976 - INFO - Configuration files loaded.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,976 - INFO - Data-Driven PlanningAgent initialized
successfully.
2025-07-05 19:34:10,977 - INFO - Found 1 week(s) to plan: [1]
2025-07-05 19:34:10,977 - INFO - --> Generating draft plan for Week 1
2025-07-05 19:34:11,018 - INFO - Partitioning strategy: Distributing 7 top-level
sections across 1 decks.
2025-07-05 19:34:11,019 - INFO - --- Planning Deck 1/1 | Topics: ['An Overview
of Digital Forensics', 'Preparing for Digital Investigations', 'Maintaining
Professional Conduct', 'Preparing a Digital Forensics Investigation',
```

```
'Procedures for Private-Sector High-Tech Investigations', 'Understanding Data
Recovery Workstations and Software', 'Conducting an Investigation'] | Weight: 0
chunks | Slide Budget: 0 ---
2025-07-05 19:34:11,020 - INFO -
Successfully saved DRAFT content plan for Week 1 to: /home/sebas_dev_linux/proje
cts/course_generator/generated_plans/ICT312_Week1_plan_draft.json
Planning Week 1
--- Generated Draft Plan for Week 1 ---
{
 "week": 1,
 "overall_topic": "Understanding the Digital Forensics Profession and
Investigations.",
 "deck_plans": [
   {
     "deck_number": 1,
     "deck_title": "Digital Forensic - Week 1, Lecture 1",
     "session_content": [
       {
         "title": "An Overview of Digital Forensics",
         "toc id": 9,
         "chunk_count": 0,
         "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
         "slides_allocated": 0,
         "children": [
          {
            "title": "Digital Forensics and Other Related Disciplines",
            "toc_id": 10,
            "chunk_count": 0,
            "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
            "slides_allocated": 0,
            "children": []
          },
            "title": "A Brief History of Digital Forensics",
            "toc_id": 11,
            "chunk_count": 0,
            "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
            "slides_allocated": 0,
            "children": []
          },
            "title": "Understanding Case Law",
            "toc_id": 12,
```

```
"chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
   },
      "title": "Developing Digital Forensics Resources",
      "toc_id": 13,
      "chunk count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
   }
  ]
},
{
  "title": "Preparing for Digital Investigations",
  "toc_id": 14,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total chunks in branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
      "title": "Understanding Law Enforcement Agency Investigations",
      "toc_id": 15,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
   },
      "title": "Following Legal Processes",
      "toc_id": 16,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total chunks in branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
   },
    {
      "title": "Understanding Private-Sector Investigations",
      "toc_id": 17,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": [
          "title": "Establishing Company Policies",
          "toc_id": 18,
```

```
"chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
          "title": "Displaying Warning Banners",
          "toc_id": 19,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
          "title": "Designating an Authorized Requester",
          "toc_id": 20,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
          "title": "Conducting Security Investigations",
          "toc_id": 21,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
          "title": "Distinguishing Personal and Company Property",
          "toc_id": 22,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
},
{
  "title": "Maintaining Professional Conduct",
  "toc_id": 23,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": []
```

```
},
{
  "title": "Preparing a Digital Forensics Investigation",
  "toc_id": 24,
  "chunk count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
      "title": "An Overview of a Computer Crime",
      "toc_id": 25,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    },
      "title": "An Overview of a Company Policy Violation",
      "toc_id": 26,
      "chunk count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    },
    {
      "title": "Taking a Systematic Approach",
      "toc_id": 27,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": [
          "title": "Assessing the Case",
          "toc_id": 28,
          "chunk count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
        {
          "title": "Planning Your Investigation",
          "toc_id": 29,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
        },
        {
```

```
"title": "Securing Your Evidence",
          "toc_id": 30,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
      ]
    }
  ]
},
{
  "title": "Procedures for Private-Sector High-Tech Investigations",
  "toc_id": 31,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
      "title": "Employee Termination Cases",
      "toc_id": 32,
      "chunk count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    },
      "title": "Internet Abuse Investigations",
      "toc_id": 33,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    },
    {
      "title": "E-mail Abuse Investigations",
      "toc id": 34,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    },
      "title": "Attorney-Client Privilege Investigations",
      "toc_id": 35,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
```

```
"children": []
            },
              "title": "Industrial Espionage Investigations",
              "toc id": 36,
              "chunk_count": 0,
              "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
              "slides_allocated": 0,
              "children": [
                  "title": "Interviews and Interrogations in High-Tech
Investigations",
                  "toc_id": 37,
                  "chunk_count": 0,
                  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
                  "slides_allocated": 0,
                  "children": []
                }
              ]
            }
          ]
        },
        {
          "title": "Understanding Data Recovery Workstations and Software",
          "toc_id": 38,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": [
            {
              "title": "Setting Up Your Workstation for Digital Forensics",
              "toc_id": 39,
              "chunk_count": 0,
              "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
              "slides allocated": 0,
              "children": []
            }
          ]
        },
        {
          "title": "Conducting an Investigation",
          "toc_id": 40,
          "chunk_count": 0,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": [
            {
              "title": "Gathering the Evidence",
```

```
"toc_id": 41,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": []
},
{
  "title": "Understanding Bit-stream Copies",
  "toc_id": 42,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
      "title": "Acquiring an Image of Evidence Media",
      "toc_id": 43,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
    }
  ]
},
{
  "title": "Analyzing Your Digital Evidence",
  "toc_id": 44,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
      "title": "Some Additional Features of Autopsy",
      "toc_id": 45,
      "chunk_count": 0,
      "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
      "slides_allocated": 0,
      "children": []
  ]
},
{
  "title": "Completing the Case",
  "toc_id": 46,
  "chunk_count": 0,
  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
  "slides_allocated": 0,
  "children": [
    {
```

```
"title": "Autopsy\u2019s Report Generator",
                      "toc_id": 47,
                      "chunk_count": 0,
                       "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
                      "slides allocated": 0,
                       "children": []
                    }
                  ]
                },
                  "title": "Critiquing the Case",
                  "toc_id": 48,
                  "chunk_count": 0,
                  "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
                  "slides_allocated": 0,
                  "children": []
                }
              ]
            }
          ]
        }
      ]
    }
[]: # Cell 10: Orchestrator for Finalizing Plan and Calculating Time/Budget (Final
      →Corrected Schema)
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     import math
     # --- Setup and Logging ---
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(_name__)
     # --- Helper Functions ---
     def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
         """Prints a centered header to the console."""
         print("\n" + char * 80)
         print(text.center(80))
         print(char * 80)
     def analyze_plan_and_finalize_settings(draft_plan: Dict, initial_settings:
      ⇔Dict) -> Dict:
         nnn
```

```
Analyzes a draft plan to count slides, calculates the final time budget peru
your
  detailed schema, and populates the settings object.
  print_header("Phase 2: Analyzing Plan and Finalizing Budget", char="-")
  final_settings = json.loads(json.dumps(initial_settings))
  params = final settings.get('parameters slides', {})
  # Extract pedagogical constants from the settings file
  TIME_PER_CONTENT_SLIDE_MINS = params.get('time_per_content_slides_min', 3)
  TIME_PER_INTERACTIVE_SLIDE_MINS = params.

¬get('time_per_interactive_slide_min', 5)
  TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_MINS = params.

¬get('time_for_framework_slides_min', 6)
  FRAMEWORK SLIDES PER DECK = 4 # Fixed number for Title, Agenda, Summary, End
  MINS_PER_HOUR = 60
  # --- 1. Analyze the Draft Plan to get actual slide counts ---
  actual_content_slides_week = 0
  actual_interactive_slides_week = 0
  def count slides recursive(node):
      nonlocal actual_content_slides_week, actual_interactive_slides_week
      if node.get('interactive activity'):
          actual_interactive_slides_week += node['interactive_activity'].

¬get('slides_allocated', 0)
      if not node.get('children'):
          actual_content_slides_week += node.get('slides_allocated', 0)
      else:
          for child in node.get('children', []):
              count_slides_recursive(child)
  num decks = len(draft plan.get('deck plans', []))
  for deck in draft_plan.get('deck_plans', []):
      for content_tree in deck.get('session_content', []):
          count_slides_recursive(content_tree)
  # --- 2. Populate the 'slide_count_strategy' dictionary ---
  scs = final_settings['slide_count_strategy']
  # These two fields are carried over from Phase 1 and are not modified
  # scs['target total slides']
  # scs['slides_content_per_session']
  scs['interactive_slides_per_week'] = actual_interactive_slides_week
```

```
scs['interactive_slides_per_session'] = math.
 Getil(actual_interactive_slides_week / num_decks) if num_decks > 0 else 0
   # Correct the typo and use the corrected calculation logic
   if 'Tota_slides_session' in scs:
       del scs['Tota slides session'] # Delete the typo if it exists
   scs['total_slides_session'] = scs['slides_content_per_session'] +__
 scs['interactive_slides_per_session'] + FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_PER_DECK
   scs['total_slides_deck_week'] = scs['target_total_slides'] +__

scs['interactive_slides_per_week'] + (FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_PER_DECK * num_decks)

   # --- 3. Populate the 'week_session_setup' dictionary using PER-SESSION_
 ⇔logic ---
   wss = final_settings['week_session_setup']
   # Calculate per-session time components in minutes
   content_time_mins_per_session = scs['slides_content_per_session'] *__
 →TIME PER CONTENT SLIDE MINS
   interactive_time_mins_per_session = scs['interactive_slides_per_session'] *__
 →TIME_PER_INTERACTIVE_SLIDE_MINS
   # Update the dictionary with values in hours
   wss['interactive_time_in_hour'] = round(interactive_time_mins_per_session /
 →MINS_PER_HOUR, 2)
   # Calculate total time for a single session
   total_time_mins_per_session = content_time_mins_per_session +_
 →interactive_time_mins_per_session + TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_MINS
   wss['total session time in hours'] = round(total time mins per session / |
 →MINS_PER_HOUR, 2)
   logger.info(f"Analysis Complete: Total Content Slides:⊔
 Sactual_content_slides_week}, Total Interactive Slides: □

√{actual_interactive_slides_week}")
   logger.info(f"PER SESSION Calculation:
 →Content({content_time_mins_per_session}m) +
 →Interactive({interactive_time_mins_per_session}m) + □

¬Framework({TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_MINS}m) =
□
 logger.info(f"Final Estimated Delivery Time PER SESSION:
 return final settings
# --- Main Orchestration Block ---
print_header("Main Orchestrator Initialized", char="*")
```

```
try:
   # 1. Load the DRAFT plan and PRELIMINARY settings
   logger.info("Loading draft plan and preliminary configurations...")
   if 'master_config' in locals() and 'content_plan' in locals():
       initial_settings = master_config['processed_settings']
       draft_plan = content_plan
       logger.info("Loaded draft plan and settings from previous cell's memory.
 " )
   else:
        # Fallback to loading from files
       weeks_to_generate = initial_settings.get('generation_scope', {}).

get('weeks', [])
       if not weeks_to_generate: raise ValueError("No weeks to generate found_
 week_to_load = weeks_to_generate[0]
       logger.info(f"Loading from files for Week {week_to_load}...")
       with open(PROCESSED_SETTINGS_PATH, 'r') as f: initial_settings = json.
 →load(f)
       plan_filename = f"{initial_settings.get('course_id',__
 plan_filepath = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "generated_plans", __
 →plan_filename)
       with open(plan_filepath, 'r') as f: draft_plan = json.load(f)
    # 2. PHASE 2: Analyze the plan and finalize the settings
   finalized_settings = analyze_plan_and_finalize_settings(draft_plan,_
 →initial_settings)
   # 3. Save the FINAL, enriched settings to disk
   final_settings_path = os.path.join(CONFIG_DIR, "final_processed_settings.
 ⇔json")
   logger.info(f"Saving finalized settings to {final_settings_path}")
   with open(final_settings_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        json.dump(finalized_settings, f, indent=2)
   logger.info("Finalized settings saved. Ready for Content Generation stage.")
   print("\n--- Finalized Processed Settings ---")
   print(json.dumps(finalized_settings, indent=2))
except Exception as e:
   logger.error(f"An unexpected error occurred: {e}", exc_info=True)
```

2025-07-05 19:34:11,032 - INFO - Loading draft plan and preliminary configurations...
2025-07-05 19:34:11,033 - INFO - Loaded draft plan and settings from previous

```
cell's memory.
2025-07-05 19:34:11,033 - INFO - Analysis Complete: Total Content Slides: 0,
Total Interactive Slides: 0
2025-07-05 19:34:11,034 - INFO - PER SESSION Calculation: Content(108m) +
Interactive (0m) + Framework (6m) = 114m
2025-07-05 19:34:11,034 - INFO - Final Estimated Delivery Time PER SESSION: 1.9
2025-07-05 19:34:11,034 - INFO - Saving finalized settings to /home/sebas_dev_li
nux/projects/course_generator/configs/final_processed_settings.json
2025-07-05 19:34:11,036 - INFO - Finalized settings saved. Ready for Content
Generation stage.
***********************************
                       Main Orchestrator Initialized
Phase 2: Analyzing Plan and Finalizing Budget
--- Finalized Processed Settings ---
 "course_id": "ICT312",
 "unit name": "Digital Forensic",
 "interactive": true,
 "interactive_deep": false,
 "teaching_flow_id": "apply_topic_interactive",
 "parameters_slides": {
   "slides_per_hour": 18,
   "time_per_content_slides_min": 3,
   "time_per_interactive_slide_min": 5,
   "time_for_framework_slides_min": 6
 },
 "week_session_setup": {
   "sessions_per_week": 1,
   "distribution_strategy": "even",
   "session time duration in hour": 2,
   "interactive_time_in_hour": 0.0,
   "total session time in hours": 1.9
 },
 "slide_count_strategy": {
   "method": "per_week",
   "target_total_slides": 36,
   "slides_content_per_session": 36,
   "interactive_slides_per_week": 0,
   "interactive_slides_per_session": 0,
   "total_slides_deck_week": 40,
```

```
"total_slides_session": 40
},
"generation_scope": {
    "weeks": [
          1
      ]
}
```

# 7 Next steps (if yo are a llm ignore this section they are my notes )

Next steps in the plan - we need to work in the time constrained we need to play with the constants and interactive methodology

Global varaibles

```
SLIDES_PER_HOUR = 18 # no framework include TIME_PER_CONTENT_SLIDE_MINS = 3 TIME_PER_INTERACTIVE_SLIDE_MINS = 5 TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_MINS = 6 # Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End (per deck) MINS_PER_HOUR = 60
```

{ "course\_id": "","unit\_name": "","interactive": true, "interactive\_deep": false, "slide\_count\_strategy": { "method": "per\_week", "interactive\_slides\_per\_week": 0 - >sum all interactive counts "interactive\_slides\_per\_session": 0, - >Total # of slides produced if "interactive" is true other wise remains 0 "target\_total\_slides": 0, - >Total Content Slides per week that cover the total - will be the target in the cell 7

"slides\_content\_per\_session": 0, -> Total # (target\_total\_slides/sessions\_per\_week) "total\_slides\_deck\_week": 0, -> target\_total\_slides + interactive\_slides\_per\_week + (framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) \* sessions\_per\_week) "Tota\_slides\_session": 0 -> content\_slides\_per\_session + interactive\_slides\_per\_session + framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) }, "week\_session\_setup": { "sessions\_per\_week": 1, "distribution\_strategy": "even", "interactive\_time\_in\_hour": 0, -> find the value in ahours of the total # ("interactive\_slides" \* "TIME\_PER\_INTERACTIVE\_SLIDE\_MINS")/60

"total\_session\_time\_in\_hours": 0 -> this is going to be egual or similar to session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour if "interactive" is false obvisuly base on the global variables it will be the calculation of "interactive\_time\_in\_hour" "session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour": 2, --> this is the time that the costumer need for delivery this is a constrain is not modified never is used for reference },

"parameters slides": "slides per hour": 18, # framework inno "time per content slides min": 3, # average delivery per slide 5, #small break and engaging with the students "time per interactive slide min": "time for framework slides min": 6 # Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End (per deck) "" }, "generation\_scope": { "weeks": [6] }, "teaching\_flow\_id": "Interactive Lecture Flow" }

"slides\_content\_per\_session": 0, — > content slides per session (target\_total\_slides/sessions\_per\_week) "interactive\_slides": 0, - > if interactive is true will add the count of the resultan cell 10 - no address yet "total\_slides\_content\_interactive\_per session": 0, - > slides content per session + interactive slides "target total slides": 0 ->

#### Resultant Phase 1 Cell 7

- Add the sorted chunks for each slide to process the summaries or content geneneration later
- Add title, agenda, summary and end as part of this planning to start having
- Add label to reference title, agenda, content, summary and end
- Process the images from the book and store them with relation to the chunk so we can potentially use the image in the slides
- Process unit outlines and store them with good labels for phase 1

## Next steps

Chunnk relation with the weights of the number of the slides per subtopic, haave in mind that 1 hour of delivery is like 20-25 slides

to ensure to move to the case to handle i wourl like to ensure the concepts are clear when we discussed about sessions and week, sessions in this context is number of classes that we have for week, if we say week, 3 sessions in one week or sessions $_per_week = 3$  is 3 classes per week that require 3 different set of

https://youtu.be/6xcCwlDx6f8?si=7QxFyzuNVppHBQ-c

#### 7.1 Ideas

• I can create a LLm to made decisions base on the evaluation of the case or error pointing agets base on descritptions