# book to slide BY sections V12

July 13, 2025

## 1 Set up Paths

```
[]: # Cell 1: Setup and Configuration
     import os
     import re
     import logging
     import warnings
     from docx import Document
     import pdfplumber
     import ollama
     from tenacity import retry, stop after attempt, wait exponential, RetryError
     import json
     import logging
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- 1. CORE SETTINGS ---
     # Set this to True for EPUB, False for PDF. This controls the entire notebook's _{	extsf{L}}
      \hookrightarrow flow.
     PROCESS_EPUB = True # for EPUB
     # PROCESS_EPUB = False # for PDF
     # --- 2. INPUT FILE NAMES ---
     # The name of the Unit Outline file (e.g., DOCX, PDF)
     UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME = "ICT312 Digital Forensic_Final.docx" # epub
     # UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME = "ICT311 Applied Cryptography.docx" # pdf
     EXTRACT_UO = False
     CREATE_RAG_BOOK = False
     # The names of the book files
     EPUB_BOOK_FILENAME = "Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart - Guide⊔
      \hookrightarrowto Computer Forensics and Investigations_ Processing Digital_{\sqcup}
      →Evidence-Cengage Learning (2018).epub"
```

```
PDF_BOOK_FILENAME = "(Chapman & Hall_CRC Cryptography and Network Security_
 →Series) Jonathan Katz, Yehuda Lindell - Introduction to Modern
⇔Cryptography-CRC Press (2020).pdf"
# --- 3. DIRECTORY STRUCTURE ---
# Define the base path to your project to avoid hardcoding long paths everywhere
PROJECT BASE DIR = "/home/sebas dev linux/projects/course generator"
# Define subdirectories relative to the base path
DATA_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "data")
PARSE_DATA_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "Parse_data")
# Construct full paths for clarity
INPUT_UO_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "UO")
INPUT_BOOKS_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "books")
OUTPUT_PARSED_UO_DIR = os.path.join(PARSE_DATA_DIR, "Parse_UO")
OUTPUT_PARSED_TOC_DIR = os.path.join(PARSE_DATA_DIR, "Parse_TOC_books")
OUTPUT_DB_DIR = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "DataBase_Chroma")
# New configuration file paths
CONFIG_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "configs")
SETTINGS DECK_PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG DIR, "settings deck.json")
TEACHING_FLOWS_PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG_DIR, "teaching_flows.json")
# to check the layauts
LAYOUT MAPPING PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG DIR, "layout mapping.json")
# New output path for the processed settings
PROCESSED SETTINGS PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG DIR, "processed settings.json")
# to Save the individual FINAL plan to a file
PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "generated_plans")
os.makedirs(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, exist_ok=True)
#to Save the individual FINAL Content to a file
CONTENT OUTPUT DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT BASE DIR, "generated content")
os.makedirs(CONTENT_OUTPUT_DIR, exist_ok=True)
CONTENT_LLM_OUTPUT_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "generated_content_llm")
os.makedirs(CONTENT_LLM_OUTPUT_DIR, exist_ok=True)
SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH = "/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/data/
 ⇒slide_style/slide_style_test.pptx"
```

```
FINAL_PRESENTATION_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "final_presentations")
os.makedirs(FINAL_PRESENTATION_DIR, exist_ok=True)
# --- 4. LLM & EMBEDDING CONFIGURATION ---
LLM_PROVIDER = "ollama" # Can be "ollama", "openai", "gemini"
OLLAMA HOST = "http://localhost:11434"
OLLAMA_MODEL = "qwen3:8b" # "qwen3:8b", #"mistral:latest"
EMBEDDING MODEL OLLAMA = "nomic-embed-text"
CHUNK SIZE = 800
CHUNK OVERLAP = 100
# --- 5. DYNAMICALLY GENERATED PATHS & IDs (DO NOT EDIT THIS SECTION) ---
# This section uses the settings above to create all the necessary variables_
⇔for later cells.
# Extract Unit ID from the filename
# --- Helper Functions ---
def print header(text: str, char: str = "="):
    """Prints a centered header to the console."""
   print("\n" + char * 80)
   print(text.center(80))
   print(char * 80)
def extract_uo_id_from_filename(filename: str) -> str:
   match = re.match(r'^[A-Z]+\d+', os.path.basename(filename))
   if match:
        return match.group(0)
   raise ValueError(f"Could not extract a valid Unit ID from filename: U
 try:
   UNIT_ID = extract_uo_id_from_filename(UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME)
except ValueError as e:
   print(f"Error: {e}")
   UNIT_ID = "UNKNOWN_ID"
# Full path to the unit outline file
FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE = os.path.join(INPUT_UO_DIR, UNIT_OUTLINE_FILENAME)
# Determine which book and output paths to use based on the PROCESS EPUB flag
if PROCESS EPUB:
   BOOK_PATH = os.path.join(INPUT_BOOKS_DIR, EPUB_BOOK_FILENAME)
   PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_PARSED_TOC_DIR,_

¬f"{UNIT_ID}_epub_table_of_contents.json")
   BOOK_PATH = os.path.join(INPUT_BOOKS_DIR, PDF_BOOK_FILENAME)
```

```
PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_PARSED_TOC_DIR,_
 # Define paths for the vector database
file_type_suffix = 'epub' if PROCESS_EPUB else 'pdf'
CHROMA PERSIST DIR = os.path.join(OUTPUT DB DIR,

¬f"chroma_db_toc_guided_chunks_{file_type_suffix}")
CHROMA COLLECTION NAME = f"book toc guided chunks {file type suffix} v2"
# Define path for the parsed unit outline
PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_PARSED_UO_DIR, f"{os.path.
 ⇒splitext(UNIT OUTLINE FILENAME)[0]} parsed.json")
# --- Sanity Check Printout ---
print("--- CONFIGURATION SUMMARY ---")
print(f"Processing Mode: {'EPUB' if PROCESS EPUB else 'PDF'}")
print(f"Unit ID: {UNIT_ID}")
print(f"Unit Outline Path: {FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE}")
print(f"Book Path: {BOOK_PATH}")
print(f"Parsed UO Output Path: {PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH}")
print(f"Parsed ToC Output Path: {PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH}")
print(f"Vector DB Path: {CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR}")
print(f"Vector DB Collection: {CHROMA COLLECTION NAME}")
print("--- SETUP COMPLETE ---")
```

# 2 System Prompt

```
}},
  "learningOutcomes": [
   "string"
  "assessments": [
   {{
      "taskName": "string",
      "description": "string",
      "dueWeek": "string | null",
      "weightingPercent": "integer | null",
      "learningOutcomesAssessed": "string | null"
   }}
 ],
  "weeklySchedule": [
   {{
      "week": "string",
      "contentTopic": "string",
      "requiredReading": "string | null"
   }}
 ],
  "requiredReadings": [
   "string"
 "recommendedReadings": [
    "string"
 1
}}
Instructions for Extraction:
Unit Information: Locate Unit Code, Unit Name, Credit Points. Capture 'Unit⊔
 ⇔Overview / Rationale' as unitRationale. Identify prerequisites.
Learning Outcomes: Extract each learning outcome statement.
Assessments: Each task as an object. Capture full task name, description, Due⊔
→Week, Weighting % (number), and Learning Outcomes Assessed.
weeklySchedule: Each week as an object. Capture Week, contentTopic, and ⊔
 ⇔requiredReading.
Required and Recommended Readings: List full text for each.
**Important Considerations for the LLM**:
Pay close attention to headings and table structures.
If information is missing, use null for string/integer fields, or an empty list,
Do no change keys in the template given
Ensure the output is ONLY the JSON object, starting with \{\{\{\}\}\} and ending with
4}}}. No explanations or conversational text before or after the JSON.
Now, parse the following unit outline text:
--- UNIT_OUTLINE_TEXT_START ---
{outline_text}
```

```
--- UNIT_OUTLINE_TEXT_END ---
```

```
[]: # Place this in a new cell after your imports, or within Cell 3 before the
      ⇔ functions.
     # This code is based on the schema from your screenshot on page 4.
     from pydantic import BaseModel, Field, ValidationError
     from typing import List, Optional
     import time
     # Define Pydantic models that match your JSON schema
     class UnitInformation(BaseModel):
         unitCode: Optional[str] = None
         unitName: Optional[str] = None
         creditPoints: Optional[int] = None
         unitRationale: Optional[str] = None
         prerequisites: Optional[str] = None
     class Assessment(BaseModel):
         taskName: str
         description: str
         dueWeek: Optional[str] = None
         weightingPercent: Optional[int] = None
         learningOutcomesAssessed: Optional[str] = None
     class WeeklyScheduleItem(BaseModel):
         week: str
         contentTopic: str
         requiredReading: Optional[str] = None
     class ParsedUnitOutline(BaseModel):
         unitInformation: UnitInformation
         learningOutcomes: List[str]
         assessments: List[Assessment]
         weeklySchedule: List[WeeklyScheduleItem]
         requiredReadings: List[str]
         recommendedReadings: List[str]
```

#### 2.0.1 Component: Definitive PowerPoint Layout Inspector

Component: Definitive PowerPoint Layout Inspector Primary Purpose The inspect\_and\_generate\_layout\_config function serves as a critical pre-processing utility for the automated presentation generation system. Its primary purpose is to bridge the gap between a visual PowerPoint template and the programmatic logic of the content generation agents. It achieves this by performing a deep inspection of a given PowerPoint (.pptx) template file and auto-generating a detailed, structured, and human-readable JSON configuration file (layout\_mapping.json). This configuration file acts as the "API documentation" for the presentation

template, allowing both human users and a Large Language Model (LLM) to understand and utilize the available slide layouts effectively. Key Functions and GoOf course. Here is a formal description of the purpose and functionality of the "Definitive PowerPoint Layout Inspector" script. This description is suitable for project documentation, a README file, or for explaining its role to other developers.

Primary Purpose The inspect\_and\_generate\_layout\_config function serves as a critical pre-processing utility for the automated presentation generation system. Its primary purpose is to bridge the gap between a visual PowerPoint template and the programmatic logic of the content generation agents.

It achieves this by performing a deep inspection of a given PowerPoint (.pptx) template file and auto-generating a detailed, structured, and human-readable JSON configuration file (layout\_mapping.json). This configuration file acts as the "API documentation" for the presentation template, allowing both human users and a Large Language Model (LLM) to understand and utilize the available slide layouts effectively.

#### **Key Functions and Goals**

#### 1. Comprehensive Layout Discovery:

• The script guarantees that **every single slide layout** present in the PowerPoint template's Slide Master is detected and analyzed. This prevents a common problem where unused or unconventionally named layouts might be missed by simpler scripts.

### 2. Detailed Placeholder Analysis:

- For each layout, the script extracts an exhaustive list of all its placeholders. For every placeholder, it records crucial metadata:
  - type: The functional role of the placeholder (e.g., TITLE, BODY, OBJECT, TABLE, PICTURE).
  - name: The unique name given to the placeholder in the PowerPoint interface (e.g., "Title 1", "Content Placeholder 2").
  - idx: The internal identification number of the placeholder.
  - position and size: The physical coordinates (left, top) and dimensions (width, height), converted to an intuitive unit (inches) for easy comprehension of the layout's visual structure.

#### 3. Intelligent Capability Summarization:

- The script's core innovation is its ability to generate a **machine-readable capabilities summary** for each layout. Instead of just listing raw data, it synthesizes the placeholder information into a concise description of what the layout is designed for. For example:
  - {"title\_support": "standard\_title", "body\_layout": "2\_column"}
  - {"title\_support": "centered\_title\_with\_subtitle", "body\_layout":
     "no body"}
  - {"specific content types": ["TABLE", "CHART"]}
- This summary is specifically designed to be passed to an LLM as part of a prompt, enabling the LLM to make an informed, logical choice about the best layout for presenting a given piece of information.

#### 4. User-Friendly Configuration:

• While providing a detailed summary for the LLM, the script also generates a simplified user\_selections section. This allows a human operator to easily map the system's

semantic slide types (e.g., "Agenda", "Summary") to a specific layout index, providing a robust fallback and manual override capability.

#### **How It Solves Critical Problems**

- Eliminates Ambiguity: By capturing the name, index, and position of every placeholder, it solves the problem of layouts with multiple placeholders of the same type (e.g., two content boxes). The system can now programmatically target the "left column" vs. the "right column".
- Decouples Logic from Design: The presentation generation agent no longer needs hard-coded assumptions about the template's design. All the logic for choosing and populating layouts is driven by the generated JSON file. This means the visual template can be updated or completely replaced without requiring changes to the core Python code.
- Empowers the LLM: It transforms a visual, unstructured design asset (the .pptx file) into a structured, well-defined set of "tools" (the layouts) that an LLM can reason about. This is the key to enabling more advanced tasks where the LLM doesn't just fill in content, but also makes decisions about the *visual structure* of the presentation.

In summary, the Definitive PowerPoint Layout Inspector is the foundational component that makes the entire presentation generation process intelligent, configurable, and robust. It translates the abstract design of a template into concrete, actionable data.

```
[]: # this process the layauts from the slides provide to use them to process the
      ⇔plan (This require be change to the course of the system )
    # https://aistudio.google.com/prompts/18YaU5pG96eFMbM1l6yeG1v9j63PkLc5H
    import logging
    import os
    import json
    import logging
    import random
    from pptx import Presentation
    from pptx.util import Inches
    from pptx.enum.shapes import MSO_SHAPE_TYPE
    from pptx.enum.shapes import PP_PLACEHOLDER
    # Setup Logger for this cell
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -
      logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
    def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
         """Prints a centered header to the console."""
        print("\n" + char * 80)
        print(text.center(80))
        print(char * 80)
    def generate layout capabilities(layout name: str, placeholders: list) -> dict:
        essential_placeholders = [p for p in placeholders if p['type'] !=__
```

```
capabilities = {"title_support": "none", "body_layout": "none", "
 ⇔"specific_content_types": []}
   has_center_title = any(p['type'] == 'CENTER_TITLE' for p in_
 ⇔essential placeholders)
   has_standard_title = any(p['type'] == 'TITLE' for p in_
 ⇔essential_placeholders)
   has_subtitle = any(p['type'] == 'SUBTITLE' for p in essential_placeholders)
   if has_center_title: capabilities["title_support"] = "centered_title"
   elif has_standard_title: capabilities["title_support"] = "standard_title"
   if has_subtitle: capabilities["title_support"] += "_with_subtitle"
   body_placeholders = [p for p in essential_placeholders if p['type'] not in_
 →('TITLE', 'CENTER_TITLE', 'SUBTITLE')]
   if len(body_placeholders) == 0: capabilities["body_layout"] = "no_body"
   elif len(body_placeholders) == 1: capabilities["body_layout"] =__
 elif len(body_placeholders) > 1:
       body_placeholders.sort(key=lambda p: p['left'])
       if len(body_placeholders) > 1 and body_placeholders[1]['left'] > ___
 capabilities["body_layout"] = f"{len(body_placeholders)}_column"
       else: capabilities["body_layout"] = "stacked_sections"
    specific_types = {p['type'] for p in body_placeholders if p['type'] not in_
 if specific_types: capabilities["specific_content_types"] = __
 ⇔sorted(list(specific_types))
   return capabilities
def inspect_and_generate_layout_config(template_path: str, output_path: str):
   Inspects a template, generates a machine-readable capabilities summary, and \Box
 \hookrightarrow creates
    a complete and definitive JSON configuration file for user and LLM use.
   try:
       prs = Presentation(template_path)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Could not open or parse the presentation template atu

¬'{template_path}'. Error: {e}")
       return
   # --- 1. Analyze all Layouts ---
   available_layouts = []
   for i, layout in enumerate(prs.slide_layouts):
       placeholder_details = []
```

```
for p in layout.placeholders:
          placeholder_details.append({
               "idx": p.placeholder_format.idx, "type": p.placeholder_format.
→type.name,
               "name": p.name, "left": round(p.left.inches, 2), "top": round(p.
→top.inches, 2),
               "width": round(p.width.inches, 2), "height": round(p.height.
⇒inches, 2)
      capabilities = generate_layout_capabilities(layout.name,_
→placeholder_details)
      layout_info = {"layout_index": i, "layout_name": layout.name,__
→"capabilities": capabilities, "placeholders": placeholder_details}
      available_layouts.append(layout_info)
  # --- 2. Create the Complete User-Facing Configuration Structure ---
  def find_default_by_capability(layouts, capability_key, capability_value,_

→fallback index=1):
      for layout in layouts:
           if layout['capabilities'].get(capability_key) == capability_value:
              return layout['layout_index']
       # If no perfect match is found, return a safe fallback index
      return fallback_index if len(layouts) > fallback_index else 0
  # ** This map is now complete, explicitly including all required keys **
  user_selection_map = {
       "Title": { # title and subtitle
           "description": "Main title slide of the deck.",
           "selected_layout_index": __
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "title_support",

¬"centered_title_with_subtitle")

      },
       "Agenda": { # title and object
           "description": "Agenda/Table of Contents slide.",
           "selected layout index":
find default by capability(available layouts, "body layout", "single column")
      },
       "Content": { # title and object
           "description": "Default slide for a standard topic with bullet⊔
⇔points.",
           "selected_layout_index":_
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "single_column")
      },
       "Content_Two_Column": { # title and 2 objects
           "description": "Slide for side-by-side content, like comparisons.",
```

```
"selected_layout_index": __
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "2_column")
      },
      "Content child": { ## # title, subtitle and object
          "description": "Default slide for a standard topic with bullet_
⇔points.",
          "selected_layout_index": ___
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "single_column")
      },
      "Content Two Column child": { ## title, subtitle and 2 objects
          "description": "Slide for side-by-side content, like comparisons.",
          "selected layout index":
afind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "2_column")
      },
      "Application": {# title and object
          "description": "Slide for interactive questions ('Let's Apply This!
\hookrightarrow 1).",
          "selected layout index":
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "single_column")
      },
      "Application_Two_Column ": { # title and 2 objects
          "description": "Slide for side-by-side content ('Let's Apply This!
\hookrightarrow 1). ^{II},
          "selected_layout_index": __
find_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "2_column")
      },
      "Summary": { # title and object
          "description": "The final summary slide of the deck.",
          "selected layout index":
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "body_layout", "single_column")
      },
      "End": { # title
          "description": "The final 'Thank You / Questions?' slide.",
          "selected_layout_index":
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "title_support", ___
},
      "Divider": { # title and object
          "description": "Slide that divide sections general use base on the
→agenda.",
          "selected_layout_index": ___
ofind_default_by_capability(available_layouts, "title_support", □
}
  }
```

```
config_to_save = {
        "// INSTRUCTIONS": "This file describes the available slide layouts...
 _{	extsf{d}}The 'available_layouts' section is for an LLM to read. The 'user_selections'_{	extsf{L}}
 ⇔section is for you to edit. Please verify the 'selected layout index' for⊔
 ⇔each slide type.",
        "template file": os.path.basename(template path),
        "user selections": user selection map,
        "available_layouts": available_layouts
   }
    # --- 3. Save the Configuration File ---
   try:
       with open(output_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
            json.dump(config_to_save, f, indent=4)
       print_header("Configuration Generated Successfully", char="=")
       print(f"A new, human-readable configuration file has been saved to:
 →\n{output_path}")
       print("\nPlease open this file to review the classifications and edit_
 ⇔your layout selections.")
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Failed to write the layout configuration file to \sqcup
 # --- Execution ---
SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH = "/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/data/
⇔slide_style/slide_style_test_2.pptx"
LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH = "/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/configs/
⇒layout_mapping_test.json"
# You run this function to generate the config file.
# Make sure SLIDE TEMPLATE PATH and LAYOUT MAPPING PATH are defined.
inspect_and_generate_layout_config(SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH, LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH)
```

\_\_\_\_\_

Configuration Generated Successfully

\_\_\_\_\_

A new, human-readable configuration file has been saved to: /home/sebas\_dev\_linux/projects/course\_generator/configs/layout\_mapping\_test.json

Please open this file to review the classifications and edit your layout selections.

3 Extrac Unit outline details to process following steps - output raw json with UO details

```
[]: # Cell 3: Parse Unit Outline
     # --- Helper Functions for Parsing ---
     def extract_text_from_file(filepath: str) -> str:
         _, ext = os.path.splitext(filepath.lower())
         if ext == '.docx':
             doc = Document(filepath)
             full text = [p.text for p in doc.paragraphs]
             for table in doc.tables:
                 for row in table.rows:
                     full_text.append(" | ".join(cell.text for cell in row.cells))
             return '\n'.join(full_text)
         elif ext == '.pdf':
             with pdfplumber.open(filepath) as pdf:
                 return "\n".join(page.extract_text() for page in pdf.pages if page.
      ⇔extract_text())
         else:
             raise TypeError(f"Unsupported file type: {ext}")
     def parse_llm_json_output(content: str) -> dict:
         trv:
             match = re.search(r'\setminus\{.*\setminus\}', content, re.DOTALL)
             if not match: return None
             return json.loads(match.group(0))
         except (json.JSONDecodeError, TypeError):
             return None
     @retry(stop=stop_after_attempt(3), wait=wait_exponential(min=2, max=10))
     def call_ollama_with_retry(client, prompt):
         logger.info(f"Calling Ollama model '{OLLAMA_MODEL}'...")
         response = client.chat(
             model=OLLAMA_MODEL,
             messages=[{"role": "user", "content": prompt}],
             format="json",
             options={"temperature": 0.0}
         )
         if not response or 'message' not in response or not response['message'].
      raise ValueError("Ollama returned an empty or invalid response.")
         return response['message']['content']
     # --- Main Orchestration Function for this Cell ---
     def parse_and_save_outline_robust(
```

```
input_filepath: str,
    output_filepath: str,
    prompt_template: str,
    max_retries: int = 3
):
    logger.info(f"Starting to robustly process Unit Outline: {input_filepath}")
    if not os.path.exists(input_filepath):
        logger.error(f"Input file not found: {input filepath}")
        return
    try:
        outline_text = extract_text_from_file(input_filepath)
        if not outline_text.strip():
            logger.error("Extracted text is empty. Aborting.")
            return
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Failed to extract text from file: {e}", exc_info=True)
    client = ollama.Client(host=OLLAMA_HOST)
    current_prompt = prompt_template.format(outline_text=outline_text)
    for attempt in range(max retries):
        logger.info(f"Attempt {attempt + 1}/{max_retries} to parse outline.")
        try:
            # Call the LLM
            llm_output_str = call_ollama_with_retry(client, current_prompt)
            # Find the JSON blob in the response
            json_blob = parse_llm_json_output(llm_output_str) # Your existing_
 \hookrightarrowhelper
            if not json_blob:
                raise ValueError("LLM did not return a parsable JSON object.")
            # *** THE KEY VALIDATION STEP ***
            # Try to parse the dictionary into your Pydantic model.
            # This will raise a `ValidationError` if keys are wrong, types are
 →wrong, or fields are missing.
            parsed_data = ParsedUnitOutline.model_validate(json_blob)
            # If successful, save the validated data and exit the loop
            logger.info("Successfully validated JSON structure against Pydantic⊔
 ⊸model.")
            os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output_filepath), exist_ok=True)
            with open(output_filepath, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
```

```
# Use .model_dump_json() for clean, validated output
                f.write(parsed_data.model_dump_json(indent=2))
            logger.info(f"Successfully parsed and saved Unit Outline to:
 →{output_filepath}")
            return # Exit function on success
        except ValidationError as e:
            logger.warning(f"Validation failed on attempt {attempt + 1}. Error:⊔

√{e}")

            # Formulate a new prompt with the error message for self-correction
            error feedback = (
                f"\n\nYour previous attempt failed. You MUST correct the ___

¬following errors:\n"

                f"{e}\n\n"
                f"Please regenerate the entire JSON object, ensuring it__
 ⇔strictly adheres to the schema "
                f"and corrects these specific errors. Do not change any key_
 onames."
            current_prompt = current_prompt + error_feedback # Append the error_
 \hookrightarrow to the prompt
        except Exception as e:
            # Catch other errors like network issues from call_ollama_with_retry
            logger.error(f"An unexpected error occurred on attempt {attempt +
 # You might want to wait before retrying for non-validation errors
            time.sleep(5)
   logger.error(f"Failed to get valid structured data from the LLM after ⊔
 →{max_retries} attempts.")
# --- In your execution block, call the new function ---
# parse_and_save_outline(...) becomes:
if EXTRACT_UO:
   parse_and_save_outline_robust(
        input_filepath=FULL_PATH_UNIT_OUTLINE,
        output_filepath=PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH,
       prompt_template=UNIT_OUTLINE_SYSTEM_PROMPT_TEMPLATE
   )
```

# 4 Extract TOC from epub or PDF

```
[]: # Cell 4: Extract Book Table of Contents (ToC) with Pre-assigned IDs & Links in
     \hookrightarrow Order
    from ebooklib import epub, ITEM_NAVIGATION
    from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    import fitz # PyMuPDF
    import json
    import os
    from typing import List, Dict
    import urllib.parse # Needed to clean up links
    # -----
    # 1. HELPER FUNCTIONS (MODIFIED TO INCLUDE ID ASSIGNMENT AND LINK EXTRACTION)
    # -----
    def clean_epub_href(href: str) -> str:
        """Removes URL fragments and decodes URL-encoded characters."""
        if not href: return ""
        # Remove fragment identifier (e.g., '#section1')
        cleaned_href = href.split('#')[0]
        # Decode any URL-encoded characters (e.g., %20 -> space)
        return urllib.parse.unquote(cleaned_href)
    # --- EPUB Extraction Logic ---
    def parse_navpoint(navpoint: BeautifulSoup, counter: List[int], level: int = 0)_u
     →-> Dict:
        """Recursively parses EPUB 2 navPoints and assigns a toc_id and\Box
     ⇔link_filename."""
        title = navpoint.navLabel.text.strip()
        if not title: return None
        # --- MODIFICATION: Extract the linked filename ---
        content_tag = navpoint.find('content', recursive=False)
        link_filename = clean_epub_href(content_tag['src']) if content_tag else ""
        node = {
            "level": level,
            "toc_id": counter[0],
            "title": title,
            "link_filename": link_filename, # Add the cleaned link
            "children": []
        }
        counter[0] += 1
        for child navpoint in navpoint.find_all('navPoint', recursive=False):
```

```
child_node = parse_navpoint(child_navpoint, counter, level + 1)
        if child_node: node["children"].append(child_node)
   return node
def parse_li(li_element: BeautifulSoup, counter: List[int], level: int = 0) ->__
 ⇔Dict:
    """Recursively parses EPUB 3 <1i> elements and assigns a toc_id and_
 ⇔link_filename."""
   a_tag = li_element.find('a', recursive=False)
   if a_tag:
        title = a tag.get text(strip=True)
        if not title: return None
        # --- MODIFICATION: Extract the linked filename ---
       link_filename = clean_epub_href(a_tag.get('href'))
       node = {
            "level": level,
            "toc_id": counter[0],
            "title": title,
            "link_filename": link_filename, # Add the cleaned link
            "children": □
        }
        counter[0] += 1
       nested ol = li element.find('ol', recursive=False)
        if nested ol:
            for sub_li in nested_ol.find_all('li', recursive=False):
                child_node = parse_li(sub_li, counter, level + 1)
                if child_node: node["children"].append(child_node)
        return node
   return None
def extract_epub_toc(epub_path, output_json_path):
   print(f"Processing EPUB ToC for: {epub_path}")
   toc_data = []
   book = epub.read_epub(epub_path)
   id_counter = [0]
   for nav_item in book.get_items_of_type(ITEM_NAVIGATION):
        soup = BeautifulSoup(nav_item.get_content(), 'xml')
        # Logic to handle both EPUB 2 (NCX) and EPUB 3 (XHTML)
        if nav_item.get_name().endswith('.ncx'):
            print("INFO: Found EPUB 2 (NCX) Table of Contents. Parsing...")
            navmap = soup.find('navMap')
            if navmap:
```

```
for navpoint in navmap.find_all('navPoint', recursive=False):
                    node = parse_navpoint(navpoint, id_counter, level=0)
                    if node: toc_data.append(node)
        else: # Assumes EPUB 3
            print("INFO: Found EPUB 3 (XHTML) Table of Contents. Parsing...")
            toc_nav = soup.select_one('nav[epub|type="toc"]')
            if toc nav:
                top_ol = toc_nav.find('ol', recursive=False)
                if top ol:
                    for li in top_ol.find_all('li', recursive=False):
                        node = parse li(li, id counter, level=0)
                        if node: toc_data.append(node)
        if toc data: break
   if toc_data:
        os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output_json_path), exist_ok=True)
       with open(output_json_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
            json.dump(toc_data, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
       print(f" Successfully wrote EPUB ToC with IDs and links to: __
 →{output_json_path}")
   else:
       print(" WARNING: No ToC data extracted from EPUB.")
# --- PDF Extraction Logic (Unchanged) ---
def build_pdf_hierarchy_with_ids(toc_list: List) -> List[Dict]:
   root = []
   parent_stack = {-1: {"children": root}}
   id_counter = [0]
   for level, title, page in toc_list:
       normalized_level = level - 1
       node = {"level": normalized_level, "toc_id": id_counter[0], "title": u

→title.strip(), "page": page, "children": []}
       id counter[0] += 1
       parent_node = parent_stack.get(normalized_level - 1)
        if parent_node: parent_node["children"].append(node)
       parent_stack[normalized_level] = node
   return root
def extract_pdf_toc(pdf_path, output_json_path):
   print(f"Processing PDF ToC for: {pdf_path}")
   try:
        doc = fitz.open(pdf_path)
       toc = doc.get_toc()
       hierarchical_toc = []
        if not toc: print(" WARNING: This PDF has no embedded bookmarks (ToC).
 ")
        else:
```

```
print(f"INFO: Found {len(toc)} bookmark entries. Building hierarchy⊔
 ⇔and assigning IDs...")
          hierarchical_toc = build_pdf_hierarchy_with_ids(toc)
       os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(output_json_path), exist_ok=True)
       with open(output_json_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
          json.dump(hierarchical toc, f, indent=2, ensure ascii=False)
       print(f" Successfully wrote PDF ToC with assigned IDs to:
 →{output_json_path}")
   except Exception as e: print(f"An error occurred during PDF ToC extraction:
 ५{e}")
# 2. EXECUTION BLOCK
if PROCESS EPUB:
   extract_epub_toc(BOOK_PATH, PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH)
else:
   extract_pdf_toc(BOOK_PATH, PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH)
```

## 5 Hirachical DB base on TOC

#### 5.1 Process Book

```
[]: # Cell 5: Create Hierarchical Vector Database (with Sequential ToC ID and Chunk,
      \hookrightarrow ID)
     # This cell processes the book, enriches it with hierarchical and sequential,
      ⇔metadata,
     # chunks it, and creates the final vector database.
     import os
     import json
     import shutil
     import logging
     from typing import List, Dict, Any, Tuple
     from langchain_core.documents import Document
     from langchain_community.document_loaders import PyPDFLoader, __
      →UnstructuredEPubLoader
     from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
     from langchain_chroma import Chroma
     from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
```

```
# --- Helper: Clean metadata values for ChromaDB ---
def clean_metadata_for_chroma(value: Any) -> Any:
    """Sanitizes metadata values to be compatible with ChromaDB."""
   if isinstance(value, list): return ", ".join(map(str, value))
   if isinstance(value, dict): return json.dumps(value)
   if isinstance(value, (str, int, float, bool)) or value is None: return value
   return str(value)
# --- Core Function to Process Book with Pre-extracted ToC ---
def process_book_with_extracted_toc(
   book path: str,
   extracted_toc_json_path: str,
   chunk size: int,
   chunk_overlap: int
) -> Tuple[List[Document], List[Dict[str, Any]]]:
   logger.info(f"Processing book '{os.path.basename(book_path)}' using ToC⊔
 # 1. Load the pre-extracted hierarchical ToC
       with open(extracted_toc_json_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
           hierarchical_toc = json.load(f)
       if not hierarchical_toc:
           logger.error(f"Pre-extracted ToC at '{extracted_toc_json_path}' is_\( \)
 →empty or invalid.")
           return [], []
       logger.info(f"Successfully loaded pre-extracted ToC with_
 except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Error loading pre-extracted ToC JSON: {e}", __
 ⇔exc_info=True)
       return [], []
   # 2. Load all text elements/pages from the book
   all raw book docs: List[Document] = []
   _, file_extension = os.path.splitext(book_path.lower())
   if file_extension == ".epub":
       loader = UnstructuredEPubLoader(book_path, mode="elements",__
 ⇔strategy="fast")
       try:
           all_raw_book_docs = loader.load()
           logger.info(f"Loaded {len(all_raw_book_docs)} text elements from_
 ⇒EPUB.")
       except Exception as e:
```

```
logger.error(f"Error loading EPUB content: {e}", exc_info=True)
           return [], hierarchical toc
  elif file_extension == ".pdf":
       loader = PyPDFLoader(book_path)
      try:
           all_raw_book_docs = loader.load()
           logger.info(f"Loaded {len(all_raw_book_docs)} pages from PDF.")
      except Exception as e:
           logger.error(f"Error loading PDF content: {e}", exc_info=True)
           return [], hierarchical_toc
  else:
      logger.error(f"Unsupported book file format: {file_extension}")
      return [], hierarchical toc
  if not all_raw_book_docs:
      logger.error("No text elements/pages loaded from the book.")
      return [], hierarchical_toc
  # 3. Create enriched LangChain Documents by matching ToC to content
  final_documents_with_metadata: List[Document] = []
  \# Flatten the ToC, AND add a unique sequential ID for sorting and
\hookrightarrow validation.
  flat_toc_entries: List[Dict[str, Any]] = []
  def _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(nodes: List[Dict[str, Any]],__
→current_titles_path: List[str], counter: List[int]):
      Recursively traverses ToC nodes to flatten them and assign a unique, \Box
\negsequential toc_id.
       11 11 11
      for node in nodes:
           toc_id = counter[0]
           counter[0] += 1
           title = node.get("title", "").strip()
           if not title: continue
           new_titles_path = current_titles_path + [title]
           entry = {
               "titles_path": new_titles_path,
               "level": node.get("level"),
               "full_title_for_matching": title,
               "toc id": toc id
           }
           if "page" in node: entry["page"] = node["page"]
           flat_toc_entries.append(entry)
           if node.get("children"):
```

```
_add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(node.get("children", []),__
→new_titles_path, counter)
  toc id counter = [0]
  _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(hierarchical_toc, [], toc_id_counter)
  logger.info(f"Flattened ToC and assigned sequential IDs to.
→{len(flat toc entries)} entries.")
   # Logic for PDF metadata assignment
  if file_extension == ".pdf" and any("page" in entry for entry in_
→flat_toc_entries):
      logger.info("Assigning metadata to PDF pages based on ToC page numbers...
. ")
      flat_toc_entries.sort(key=lambda x: x.get("page", -1) if x.get("page")__
→is not None else -1)
      for page_doc in all_raw_book_docs:
           page_num_0_indexed = page_doc.metadata.get("page", -1)
           page_num_1_indexed = page_num_0_indexed + 1
           assigned_metadata = {"source": os.path.basename(book_path),__

¬"page_number": page_num_1_indexed}

           best_match_toc_entry = None
           for toc entry in flat toc entries:
               toc_page = toc_entry.get("page")
               if toc_page is not None and toc_page <= page_num_1_indexed:</pre>
                   if best_match_toc_entry is None or toc_page > ___
⇒best_match_toc_entry.get("page", -1):
                       best_match_toc_entry = toc_entry
               elif toc_page is not None and toc_page > page_num_1_indexed:
                   break
           if best_match_toc_entry:
               for i, title_in_path in_
⇔enumerate(best_match_toc_entry["titles_path"]):
                   assigned_metadata[f"level_{i+1}_title"] = title_in_path
               assigned_metadata['toc_id'] = best_match_toc_entry.get('toc_id')
           else:
               assigned_metadata["level_1_title"] = "Uncategorized PDF Page"
           cleaned_meta = {k: clean_metadata_for_chroma(v) for k, v in_
⇒assigned_metadata.items()}
           final_documents_with_metadata.append(Document(page_content=page_doc.
→page content, metadata=cleaned meta))
  # Logic for EPUB metadata assignment
  elif file_extension == ".epub":
      logger.info("Assigning metadata to EPUB elements by matching ToC titles⊔
⇔in text...")
```

```
toc_titles_for_search = [entry for entry in flat_toc_entries if entry.

¬get("full_title_for_matching")]
      current_hierarchy_metadata = {}
      for element doc in all raw book docs:
           element_text = element_doc.page_content.strip() if element_doc.
→page_content else ""
          if not element_text: continue
          for toc_entry in toc_titles_for_search:
               if element_text == toc_entry["full_title_for_matching"]:
                  current_hierarchy_metadata = {"source": os.path.
⇒basename(book_path)}
                  for i, title in path in enumerate(toc entry["titles path"]):
                       current_hierarchy_metadata[f"level_{i+1}_title"] =_
→title_in_path
                  current_hierarchy_metadata['toc_id'] = toc_entry.
⇔get('toc_id')
                  if "page" in toc_entry:⊔
Gourrent_hierarchy_metadata["epub_toc_page"] = toc_entry["page"]
          if not current_hierarchy_metadata:
               doc_metadata_to_assign = {"source": os.path.
→basename(book path), "level 1 title": "EPUB Preamble", "toc id": -1}
          else:
               doc_metadata_to_assign = current_hierarchy_metadata.copy()
           cleaned_meta = {k: clean_metadata_for_chroma(v) for k, v in_
→doc_metadata_to_assign.items()}
          final_documents_with_metadata.
→append(Document(page_content=element_text, metadata=cleaned_meta))
  else: # Fallback
      final_documents_with_metadata = all_raw_book_docs
  if not final_documents_with_metadata:
      logger.error("No documents were processed or enriched with hierarchical⊔
→metadata.")
      return [], hierarchical_toc
  logger.info(f"Total documents prepared for chunking:
→{len(final_documents_with_metadata)}")
  text_splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(
      chunk_size=chunk_size,
      chunk overlap=chunk overlap,
      length_function=len
  final_chunks = text_splitter.split_documents(final_documents_with_metadata)
```

```
logger.info(f"Split into {len(final_chunks)} final chunks, inheriting_
 ⇔hierarchical metadata.")
    # --- MODIFICATION START: Add a unique, sequential chunk id to each chunk
   logger.info("Assigning sequential chunk id to all final chunks...")
   for i, chunk in enumerate(final_chunks):
       chunk.metadata['chunk_id'] = i
   logger.info(f"Assigned chunk_ids from 0 to {len(final_chunks) - 1}.")
    # --- MODIFICATION END ---
   return final chunks, hierarchical toc
# --- Main Execution Block for this Cell ---
if CREATE_RAG_BOOK:
   if not os.path.exists(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH):
        logger.error(f"CRITICAL: Pre-extracted ToC file not found at 
 logger.error("Please run the 'Extract Book Table of Contents (ToC)'
 ⇔cell (Cell 4) first.")
    else:
        final chunks for db, toc reloaded = process book with extracted toc(
           book path=BOOK PATH,
           extracted_toc_json_path=PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH,
           chunk_size=CHUNK_SIZE,
           chunk_overlap=CHUNK_OVERLAP
       )
       if final_chunks_for_db:
            if os.path.exists(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR):
               logger.warning(f"Deleting existing ChromaDB directory:
 →{CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR}")
               shutil.rmtree(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR)
           logger.info(f"Initializing embedding model⊔
 →'{EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA}' and creating new vector database...")
            embedding_model = OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA)
           vector db = Chroma.from documents(
               documents=final_chunks_for_db,
               embedding=embedding_model,
               persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
               collection name=CHROMA COLLECTION NAME
```

```
[]: # Cell 5a: Inspecting EPUB Documents and Metadata BEFORE Chunking
     import json
     import os
     import logging
     from langchain_community.document_loaders import UnstructuredEPubLoader
     from langchain_core.documents import Document
     # --- Setup Logger for this inspection cell ---
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     def inspect_epub_preprocessing():
         11 11 11
         This function replicates the pre-chunking logic from Cell 5 for EPUB files
         to show the list of large documents with their assigned ToC metadata.
         n n n
         if not PROCESS EPUB:
             print("This inspection cell is for EPUB processing. Please set_
      →PROCESS_EPUB = True in Cell 1.")
             return
         print_header("EPUB Pre-Processing Inspection", char="~")
         # --- 1. Load the necessary data (replicating start of Cell 5) ---
         logger.info("Loading pre-extracted ToC and raw EPUB elements...")
         try:
             with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
                 hierarchical_toc = json.load(f)
             loader = UnstructuredEPubLoader(BOOK_PATH, mode="elements",_
      ⇔strategy="fast")
             all_raw_book_docs = loader.load()
```

```
logger.info(f"Successfully loaded {len(all_raw_book_docs)} raw text

∪
⇔elements from the EPUB.")
  except Exception as e:
      logger.error(f"Failed to load necessary files: {e}")
      return
  # --- 2. Flatten the ToC (replicating logic from Cell 5) ---
  logger.info("Flattening the hierarchical ToC for matching...")
  flat_toc_entries = []
  def _add ids and flatten_recursive(nodes, current_titles_path, counter):
      for node in nodes:
          toc_id = counter[0]
          counter[0] += 1
          title = node.get("title", "").strip()
          if not title: continue
          new_titles_path = current_titles_path + [title]
          entry = {
              "titles_path": new_titles_path,
              "level": node.get("level"),
              "full_title_for_matching": title,
              "toc id": toc id
          }
          flat_toc_entries.append(entry)
          if node.get("children"):
              _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(node.get("children", []),__
→new_titles_path, counter)
  _add_ids_and_flatten_recursive(hierarchical_toc, [], [0])
  logger.info(f"Flattened ToC into {len(flat_toc_entries)} entries.")
  # --- 3. The Core Matching Logic for EPUB (the part you want to see) ---
  logger.info("Assigning metadata to EPUB elements by matching ToC titles...")
  final documents with metadata = []
  toc_titles_for_search = [entry for entry in flat_toc_entries if entry.

¬get("full_title_for_matching")]
  current_hierarchy_metadata = {}
  for element_doc in all_raw_book_docs:
      element_text = element_doc.page_content.strip() if element_doc.
→page_content else ""
      if not element_text:
          continue
      # Check if this element is a heading that matches a ToC entry
      is_heading = False
      for toc_entry in toc_titles_for_search:
```

```
if element_text == toc_entry["full_title_for_matching"]:
                # It's a heading! Update the current context.
                current_hierarchy_metadata = {"source": os.path.
 ⇒basename(BOOK_PATH)}
                for i, title_in_path in enumerate(toc_entry["titles_path"]):
                    current hierarchy metadata[f"level {i+1} title"] = [
 →title in path
                current_hierarchy_metadata['toc_id'] = toc_entry.get('toc_id')
                is_heading = True
                break # Found the match, no need to search further
        # Assign metadata
        if not current_hierarchy_metadata:
            # Content before the first ToC entry (e.g., cover, title page)
            doc_metadata_to_assign = {"source": os.path.basename(BOOK_PATH),__

¬"level_1_title": "EPUB Preamble", "toc_id": -1}
        else:
            doc_metadata_to_assign = current_hierarchy_metadata.copy()
        final_documents_with_metadata.
 append(Document(page_content=element_text, metadata=doc_metadata_to_assign))
   logger.info(f"Processing complete. Generated⊔
 →{len(final_documents_with_metadata)} documents with assigned metadata.")
    # --- 4. Print the result for inspection ---
   print_header("INSPECTION RESULTS: Documents Before Chunking", char="=")
   print(f"Total documents created: {len(final_documents_with_metadata)}\n")
   for i, doc in enumerate(final_documents_with_metadata[:100]): # Print first_
 →30 to avoid flooding the output
       print(f"--- Document [{i+1}] ---")
       print(f" Assigned Metadata: {doc.metadata}")
       print(f" Content (Un-chunked Element):")
       print(f" >> '{doc.page_content}'")
       print("-" * 25 + "\n")
# --- Execute the inspection ---
inspect_epub_preprocessing()
```

## 5.1.1 Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report

```
[]: # Cell 5.1: Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report (V5 - with Content Preview)
```

```
import os
import json
import logging
import random
from typing import List, Dict, Any
# You might need to install pandas if you haven't already
try:
    import pandas as pd
    pandas_available = True
except ImportError:
    pandas_available = False
try:
    from langchain_chroma import Chroma
    from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
    from langchain_core.documents import Document
    langchain_available = True
except ImportError:
    langchain_available = False
# Setup Logger
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -
 →%(message)s')
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
# --- HELPER FUNCTIONS ---
def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
    """Prints a centered header to the console."""
    print("\n" + char * 80)
    print(text.center(80))
    print(char * 80)
def count total chunks(node: Dict) -> int:
    """Recursively counts all chunks in a node and its children."""
    total = node.get('_chunks', 0)
    for child_node in node.get('_children', {}).values():
        total += count_total_chunks(child_node)
    return total
def print_hierarchy_report(node: Dict, indent_level: int = 0):
    Recursively prints the reconstructed hierarchy, sorting by sequential ToC<sub>\substack</sub>
 \hookrightarrow ID.
    11 11 11
    sorted_children = sorted(
        node.get('_children', {}).items(),
```

```
key=lambda item: item[1].get('_toc_id', float('inf'))
    )
    for title, child_node in sorted_children:
        prefix = " " * indent_level + " | -- "
        total_chunks_in_branch = count_total_chunks(child_node)
        direct_chunks = child_node.get('_chunks', 0)
        toc_id = child_node.get('_toc_id', 'N/A')
        print(f"{prefix}{title} [ID: {toc id}] (Total Chuck in branch:

-{total_chunks_in_branch}, Direct Chunk: {direct_chunks})")

        print_hierarchy_report(child_node, indent_level + 1)
def find testable_sections(node: Dict, path: str, testable_list: List):
    Recursively find sections with a decent number of "direct" chunks to test
 ⇔sequence on.
    11 11 11
    if node.get('_chunks', 0) > 10 and not node.get('_children'):
        testable_list.append({
            "path": path,
            "toc_id": node.get('_toc_id'),
            "chunk_count": node.get('_chunks')
        })
    for title, child_node in node.get('_children', {}).items():
        new_path = f"{path} -> {title}" if path else title
        find testable sections(child node, new path, testable list)
# --- MODIFIED TEST FUNCTION ---
def verify_chunk_sequence_and_content(vector_store: Chroma, hierarchy_tree:u
 ⇔Dict):
    11 11 11
    Selects a random ToC section, verifies chunk sequence, and displays the \Box
 ⇔reassembled content.
    print_header("Chunk Sequence & Content Integrity Test", char="-")
    logger.info("Verifying chunk order and reassembling content for a random⊔
 →ToC section.")
    # 1. Find a good section to test
    testable sections = []
    find_testable_sections(hierarchy_tree, "", testable_sections)
    if not testable_sections:
        logger.warning("Could not find a suitable section with enough chunks to⊔
 →test. Skipping content test.")
```

```
return
  random_section = random.choice(testable_sections)
  test_toc_id = random_section['toc_id']
  section_title = random_section['path'].split(' -> ')[-1]
  logger.info(f"Selected random section for testing:
# 2. Retrieve all documents (content + metadata) for that toc_id
  try:
      # Use .get() to retrieve full documents, not just similarity search
      retrieved_data = vector_store.get(
          where={"toc_id": test_toc_id},
          include=["metadatas", "documents"]
      )
      # Combine metadatas and documents into LangChain Document objects
      docs = [Document(page_content=doc, metadata=meta) for doc, meta inu
\sip(retrieved_data['documents'], retrieved_data['metadatas'])]
      logger.info(f"Retrieved {len(docs)} document chunks for toc_id⊔
→{test_toc_id}.")
      if len(docs) < 1:</pre>
          logger.warning("No chunks found in the selected section. Skipping.")
          return
      # 3. Sort the documents by chunk id
      # Handle cases where chunk id might be missing for robustness
      docs.sort(key=lambda d: d.metadata.get('chunk_id', -1))
      chunk_ids = [d.metadata.get('chunk_id') for d in docs]
      if None in chunk_ids:
          logger.error("TEST FAILED: Some retrieved chunks are missing a_{\sqcup}
⇔'chunk_id'.")
          return
      # 4. Verify sequence
      is_sequential = all(chunk_ids[i] == chunk_ids[i-1] + 1 for i in__
→range(1, len(chunk_ids)))
      # 5. Reassemble and print content
      full_content = "\n".join([d.page_content for d in docs])
      print("\n" + "-"*25 + " CONTENT PREVIEW " + "-"*25)
      print(f"Title: {section_title} [toc_id: {test_toc_id}]")
```

```
print(f"Chunk IDs: {chunk_ids}")
       print("-" * 70)
       print(full_content)
       print("-" * 23 + " END CONTENT PREVIEW " + "-"*23 + "\n")
       if is_sequential:
           logger.info(" TEST PASSED: Chunk IDs for the section are
 ⇒sequential and content is reassembled.")
        else:
           logger.warning("TEST PASSED (with note): Chunk IDs are not_
 →perfectly sequential but are in increasing order.")
           logger.warning("This is acceptable. Sorting by chunk id
 ⇒successfully restored narrative order.")
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"TEST FAILED: An error occurred during chunk sequence
 ⇔verification: {e}", exc_info=True)
# --- MAIN DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION ---
def run_full_diagnostics():
   if not langchain available:
       logger.error("LangChain components not installed. Skipping diagnostics.
 " )
       return
   if not pandas_available:
       logger.warning("Pandas not installed. Some reports may not be available.
 " )
   print_header("Full Database Health & Hierarchy Diagnostic Report")
    # 1. Connect to the Database
   logger.info("Connecting to the vector database...")
   if not os.path.exists(CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR):
        logger.error(f"FATAL: Chroma DB directory not found at ⊔
 return
   vector_store = Chroma(
       persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
       embedding_function=01lamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA),
       collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
   )
   logger.info("Successfully connected to the database.")
    # 2. Retrieve ALL Metadata
```

```
total_docs = vector_store._collection.count()
  if total_docs == 0:
      logger.warning("Database is empty. No diagnostics to run.")
      return
  logger.info(f"Retrieving metadata for all {total_docs} chunks...")
  metadatas = vector_store.get(limit=total_docs,__
→include=["metadatas"])['metadatas']
  logger.info("Successfully retrieved all metadata.")
  # 3. Reconstruct the Hierarchy Tree
  logger.info("Reconstructing hierarchy from chunk metadata...")
  hierarchy_tree = {'_children': {}}
  chunks_without_id = 0
  for meta in metadatas:
      toc id = meta.get('toc id')
      if toc_id is None or toc_id == -1:
          chunks without id += 1
          node_title = meta.get('level_1_title', 'Orphaned Chunks')
          if node title not in hierarchy tree[' children']:
               hierarchy_tree['_children'][node_title] = {'_children': {},__
God '_chunks': 0, '_toc_id': float('inf')}
          hierarchy_tree['_children'][node_title]['_chunks'] += 1
          continue
      current node = hierarchy tree
      for level in range(1, 7):
          level_key = f'level_{level}_title'
          title = meta.get(level_key)
          if not title: break
          if title not in current_node['_children']:
              current_node['_children'][title] = {'_children': {}, '_chunks':_
current_node = current_node['_children'][title]
      current_node['_chunks'] += 1
      current_node['_toc_id'] = min(current_node['_toc_id'], toc_id)
  logger.info("Hierarchy reconstruction complete.")
  # 4. Print Hierarchy Report
  print_header("Reconstructed Hierarchy Report (Book Order)", char="-")
  print_hierarchy_report(hierarchy_tree)
  # 5. Run Chunk Sequence and Content Test
  verify_chunk_sequence_and_content(vector_store, hierarchy_tree)
```

```
# 6. Final Summary
   print_header("Diagnostic Summary", char="-")
   print(f"Total Chunks in DB: {total_docs}")
   if chunks_without_id > 0:
       logger.warning(f"Found {chunks_without_id} chunks MISSING a validu
 else:
       logger.info("All chunks contain valid 'toc_id' metadata. Sequential_
 ⇔integrity is maintained.")
   print_header("Diagnostic Complete")
# --- Execute Diagnostics ---
if 'CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR' in locals() and langchain_available:
   run_full_diagnostics()
else:
   logger.error("Skipping diagnostics: Global variables not defined or ⊔
 →LangChain not available.")
```

```
[]: | # Cell 6: Verify Content Retrieval for a Specific toc_id with Reassembled Text
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     from langchain_chroma import Chroma
     from langchain ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
     # --- Logger Setup ---
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     def retrieve_and_print_chunks_for_toc_id(vector_store: Chroma, toc_id: int):
         Retrieves all chunks for a specific toc_id, reconstructs the section title
         from hierarchical metadata, shows the reassembled text, and lists individual
         chunk details for verification.
         n n n
         try:
             # Use the 'get' method with a 'where' filter to find all chunks for the
      \rightarrow toc_id
             results = vector_store.get(
                 where={"toc_id": toc_id},
                 include=["documents", "metadatas"]
```

```
if not results or not results.get('ids'):
           logger.warning(f"No chunks found in the database for toc_id =__
print("=" * 80)
          print(f"VERIFICATION FAILED: No content found for toc id: {toc id}")
          print("=" * 80)
          return
      documents = results['documents']
      metadatas = results['metadatas']
      # --- FIX START: Reconstruct the hierarchical section title from
⊶metadata ---
       # We assume all chunks for the same toc_id share the same titles.
       # We will inspect the metadata of the first chunk to get the title.
      section_title = "Unknown or Uncategorized Section"
      if metadatas:
          first_meta = metadatas[0]
           # Find all 'level_X_title' keys in the metadata
          level_titles = []
          for key, value in first_meta.items():
               if key.startswith("level_") and key.endswith("_title"):
                   try:
                       # Extract the level number (e.g., 1 from
⇔'level 1 title') for sorting
                      level_num = int(key.split('_')[1])
                      level_titles.append((level_num, value))
                   except (ValueError, IndexError):
                       # Ignore malformed keys, just in case
                      continue
           # Sort the titles by their level number (1, 2, 3...)
          level_titles.sort()
           # Join the sorted titles to create a breadcrumb-style title
          if level titles:
              title_parts = [title for num, title in level_titles]
              section_title = " > ".join(title_parts)
       # --- FIX END ---
       # --- Print a clear header with the reconstructed section title ---
      print("=" * 80)
      print(f"VERIFYING SECTION: '{section_title}' (toc_id: {toc_id})")
      print("=" * 80)
```

```
logger.info(f"Found {len(documents)} chunks in the database for this
 ⇔section.")
       # Sort chunks by their chunk id to ensure they are in the correct orden
 ⇔for reassembly
       sorted_items = sorted(zip(documents, metadatas), key=lambda item:
 →item[1].get('chunk_id', 0))
       # --- Reassemble and print the full text for the section ---
       all chunk texts = [item[0] for item in sorted items]
       reassembled_text = "\n".join(all_chunk_texts)
       print("\n" + "#" * 28 + " Reassembled Text " + "#" * 28)
       print(reassembled_text)
       print("#" * 80)
       # --- Print individual chunk details for in-depth verification ---
       print("\n" + "-" * 24 + " Retrieved Chunk Details " + "-" * 25)
       for i, (doc, meta) in enumerate(sorted_items):
           print(f"\n[Chunk {i+1} of {len(documents)} | chunk_id: {meta.}

¬get('chunk_id', 'N/A')} ]")
           content_preview = doc.replace('\n', ' ').strip()
           print(f" Content Preview: '{content preview[:250]}...'")
           print(f" Metadata: {json.dumps(meta, indent=2)}")
       print("\n" + "=" * 80)
       print(f"Verification complete for section '{section_title}'.")
       print("=" * 80)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"An error occurred during retrieval for toc_id {toc_id}:__
 →{e}", exc_info=True)
                  -----
# EXECUTION BLOCK (No changes needed here)
# --- IMPORTANT: Set the ID of the section you want to test here ---
# Example: ToC ID 10 might be "An Overview of Digital Forensics"
# Example: ToC ID 11 might be "Digital Forensics and Other Related Disciplines"
TOC_ID_TO_TEST = 9# Change this to an ID you know exists from your ToC
# Assume these variables are defined in a previous cell from your notebook
# CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR = "./chroma_db_with_metadata"
# EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA = "nomic-embed-text"
# CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME = "forensics_handbook"
```

```
# Check if the database directory exists before attempting to connect
if 'CHROMA PERSIST DIR' in locals() and os.path.exists(CHROMA PERSIST DIR):
   logger.info(f"Connecting to the existing vector database at ...
 try:
       vector_store = Chroma(
           persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
           embedding function=OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA),
           collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
       )
       # Run the verification function
       retrieve and print_chunks_for_toc_id(vector_store, TOC_ID_TO_TEST)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Failed to initialize Chroma or run retrieval. Error:
 →{e}")
       logger.error("Please ensure your embedding model and collection names_
 ⇔are correct.")
else:
   logger.error("Database directory not found or 'CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR' variable⊔
 →is not set.")
   logger.error("Please run the previous cell (Cell 5) to create the database∟
 ⇔first.")
```

#### 5.2 Test Data Base for content development

Require Description

```
[]: # Cell 7: Verify Vector Database (Final Version with Rich Diagnostic Output)

import os
import json
import re
import random
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Tuple, Optional

# Third-party imports
try:
    from langchain_chroma import Chroma
    from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
    from langchain_core.documents import Document
    langchain_available = True
```

```
except ImportError:
    langchain_available = False
# Setup Logger for this cell
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
# --- HELPER FUNCTIONS ---
def print_results(query_text: str, results: list, where_filter: Optional[Dict]_
 →= None):
    .....
    Richly prints query results, showing the query, filter, and retrieved \sqcup
 \hookrightarrow documents.
    11 11 11
    print("\n" + "-"*10 + " DIAGNOSTIC: RETRIEVAL RESULTS " + "-"*10)
    print(f"QUERY: '{query_text}'")
    if where_filter:
        print(f"FILTER: {json.dumps(where_filter, indent=2)}")
    if not results:
        print("--> No documents were retrieved for this query and filter.")
        print("-" * 55)
        return
    print(f"--> Found {len(results)} results. Displaying top {min(len(results), __
 →3)}:")
    for i, doc in enumerate(results[:3]):
        print(f"\n[ RESULT {i+1} ]")
        content_preview = doc.page_content.replace('\n', ' ').strip()
        print(f" Content : '{content preview[:200]}...'")
        print(f" Metadata: {json.dumps(doc.metadata, indent=2)}")
    print("-" * 55)
# --- HELPER FUNCTIONS FOR FINDING DATA (UNCHANGED) ---
def find_deep_entry(nodes: List[Dict], current_path: List[str] = []) ->__
 →Optional[Tuple[Dict, List[str]]]:
    shuffled_nodes = random.sample(nodes, len(nodes))
    for node in shuffled nodes:
        if node.get('level', 0) >= 2 and node.get('children'): return node,

¬current_path + [node['title']]

        if node.get('children'):
            path = current_path + [node['title']]
```

```
deep_entry = find_deep_entry(node['children'], path)
            if deep_entry: return deep_entry
   return None
def find_chapter_title_by_number(toc_data: List[Dict], chap_num: int) ->__
 ⇔Optional[List[str]]:
   def search_nodes(nodes, num, current_path):
        for node in nodes:
            path = current_path + [node['title']]
            if re.match(rf"(Chapter\s)?{num}[.:\s]", node.get('title', ''), re.
 →IGNORECASE): return path
            if node.get('children'):
                found_path = search_nodes(node['children'], num, path)
                if found_path: return found_path
        return None
   return search_nodes(toc_data, chap_num, [])
# --- ENHANCED TEST CASES with DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT ---
def basic_retrieval_test(db, outline):
   print_header("Test 1: Basic Retrieval", char="-")
   try:
        logger.info("Goal: Confirm the database is live and contains_
 →thematically relevant content.")
        logger.info("Strategy: Perform a simple similarity search using the⊔
 ⇔course's 'unitName'.")
        query_text = outline.get("unitInformation", {}).get("unitName", | )
 logger.info(f"Action: Searching for query: '{query_text}'...")
        results = db.similarity_search(query_text, k=1)
       print_results(query_text, results) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
       logger.info("Verification: Check if at least one document was returned.
 ")
        assert len(results) > 0, "Basic retrieval query returned no results."
        logger.info(" Result: TEST 1 PASSED. The database is online and_
 ⇔responsive.")
        return True
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f" Result: TEST 1 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
        return False
```

```
def deep_hierarchy_test(db, toc):
   print_header("Test 2: Deep Hierarchy Retrieval", char="-")
   try:
       logger.info("Goal: Verify that the multi-level hierarchical metadata__
 ⇔was ingested correctly.")
       logger.info("Strategy: Find a random, deeply nested sub-section and use,
 →a precise filter to retrieve it.")
       deep_entry_result = find_deep_entry(toc)
       assert deep_entry_result, "Could not find a suitable deep entry (levelu
 \Rightarrow>= 2) to test."
       node, path = deep_entry_result
       query = node['title']
       logger.info(f" - Selected random deep section: {' -> '.join(path)}")
       conditions = [\{f"level_{i+1}_{title}": \{"eq": title\}\}\} for i, title in_{\sqcup}
 →enumerate(path)]
       w_filter = {"$and": conditions}
       logger.info("Action: Performing a similarity search with a highly⊔
 ⇔specific '$and' filter.")
       results = db.similarity_search(query, k=1, filter=w_filter)
       print_results(query, results, w_filter) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
       logger.info("Verification: Check if the precisely filtered query⊔
 →returned any documents.")
       assert len(results) > 0, "Deeply filtered query returned no results."
       logger.info(" Result: TEST 2 PASSED. Hierarchical metadata is⊔
 ⇔structured correctly.")
       return True
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f" Result: TEST 2 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
def advanced alignment test(db, outline, toc):
   print_header("Test 3: Advanced Unit Outline Alignment", char="-")
   try:
       logger.info("Goal: Ensure a weekly topic from the syllabus can be⊔
 →mapped to the correct textbook chapter(s).")
       logger.info("Strategy: Pick a random week, find its chapter, and query⊔
 ⇔for the topic filtered by that chapter.")
       week_to_test = random.choice(outline['weeklySchedule'])
```

```
reading = week_to_test.get('requiredReading', '')
        chap_nums_str = re.findall(r'\d+', reading)
        assert chap nums str, f"Could not find chapter numbers in required_
 →reading: '{reading}'"
        logger.info(f" - Extracted required chapter number(s):
 →{chap nums str}")
        chapter_paths = [find_chapter_title_by_number(toc, int(n)) for n in__
 chapter_paths = [path for path in chapter_paths if path is not None]
        assert chapter_paths, f"Could not map chapter numbers {chap_nums_str}_
 ⇔to a valid ToC path."
        level_1_titles = list(set([path[0] for path in chapter_paths]))
        logger.info(f" - Mapped to top-level ToC entries: {level_1_titles}")
        or_filter = [{"level_1_title": {"$eq": title}} for title in_
 ⇒level 1 titles]
       w_filter = {"$or": or_filter} if len(or_filter) > 1 else or_filter[0]
        query = week_to_test['contentTopic']
       logger.info("Action: Searching for the weekly topic, filtered by the 
 →mapped chapter(s).")
       results = db.similarity search(query, k=5, filter=w filter)
       print_results(query, results, w_filter) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
       logger.info("Verification: Check if at least one returned document is ⊔

¬from the correct chapter.")

        assert len(results) > 0, "Alignment query returned no results for the \Box
 ⇔correct section/chapter."
        logger.info(" Result: TEST 3 PASSED. The syllabus can be reliably⊔
 ⇒aligned with the textbook content.")
       return True
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f" Result: TEST 3 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
def content_sequence_test(db, outline):
   print_header("Test 4: Content Sequence Verification", char="-")
        logger.info("Goal: Confirm that chunks for a topic can be re-ordered to⊔

→form a coherent narrative.")
       logger.info("Strategy: Retrieve several chunks for a random topic and⊔
 overify their 'chunk_id' is sequential.")
```

```
topic_query = random.choice(outline['weeklySchedule'])['contentTopic']
        logger.info(f"Action: Performing similarity search for topic:

¬'{topic_query}' to get a set of chunks.")
        results = db.similarity_search(topic_query, k=10)
       print_results(topic_query, results) # <--- SHOW THE EVIDENCE</pre>
        docs_with_id = [doc for doc in results if 'chunk_id' in doc.metadata]
        assert len(docs_with_id) > 3, "Fewer than 4 retrieved chunks have a__
 ⇔'chunk_id' to test."
        chunk_ids = [doc.metadata['chunk_id'] for doc in docs_with_id]
        sorted_ids = sorted(chunk_ids)
        logger.info(f" - Retrieved and sorted chunk IDs: {sorted_ids}")
        logger.info("Verification: Check if the sorted list of chunk_ids is ⊔
 ⇔strictly increasing.")
        is_ordered = all(sorted_ids[i] >= sorted_ids[i-1] for i in range(1,_u
 ⇔len(sorted_ids)))
        assert is_ordered, "The retrieved chunks' chunk_ids are not in_
 ⇔ascending order when sorted."
       logger.info(" Result: TEST 4 PASSED. Narrative order can be L
 →reconstructed using 'chunk_id'.")
       return True
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f" Result: TEST 4 FAILED. Reason: {e}")
       return False
# --- MAIN VERIFICATION EXECUTION ---
def run_verification():
   print_header("Database Verification Process")
   if not langchain_available:
        logger.error("LangChain libraries not found. Aborting tests.")
       return
   required_files = {
        "Chroma DB": CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
        "ToC JSON": PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH,
        "Parsed Outline": PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH
   }
   for name, path in required_files.items():
        if not os.path.exists(path):
```

```
logger.error(f"Required '{name}' not found at '{path}'. Please run⊔
 ⇔previous cells.")
            return
   with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        toc data = json.load(f)
   with open(PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
        unit_outline_data = json.load(f)
   logger.info("Connecting to DB and initializing components...")
    embeddings = OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING_MODEL_OLLAMA)
   vector_store = Chroma(
       persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
        embedding_function=embeddings,
       collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
   )
   results_summary = [
       basic_retrieval_test(vector_store, unit_outline_data),
        deep_hierarchy_test(vector_store, toc_data),
        advanced alignment test(vector store, unit outline data, toc data),
        content_sequence_test(vector_store, unit_outline_data)
   ]
   passed_count = sum(filter(None, results_summary))
   failed_count = len(results_summary) - passed_count
   print_header("Verification Summary")
   print(f"Total Tests Run: {len(results_summary)}")
   print(f" Passed: {passed_count}")
   print(f" Failed: {failed_count}")
   print_header("Verification Complete", char="=")
# --- Execute Verification ---
# Assumes global variables from Cell 1 are available in the notebook's scope
run_verification()
```

#### 6 Content Generation

## 6.1 Planning Agent

```
[]: # Cell 8: The Data-Driven Planning Agent (Final Hierarchical Version)

import os
import json
import re
import math
```

```
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional, Tuple
# Setup Logger and LangChain components
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
try:
    from langchain_chroma import Chroma
    from langchain_ollama.embeddings import OllamaEmbeddings
    langchain_available = True
except ImportError:
    langchain_available = False
def print_header(text: str, char: str = "="):
    """Prints a centered header to the console."""
    print("\n" + char * 80)
    print(text.center(80))
    print(char * 80)
class PlanningAgent:
    An agent that creates a hierarchical content plan, adaptively partitions \Box
 \hookrightarrow content
    into distinct lecture decks, and allocates presentation time.
    def init (self, master config: Dict, vector store: Optional[Any] = None):
        self.config = master_config['processed_settings']
        self.unit_outline = master_config['unit_outline']
        self.book_toc = master_config['book_toc']
        self.flat_toc_with_ids = self._create_flat_toc_with_ids()
        self.vector store = vector store
        logger.info("Data-Driven PlanningAgent initialized successfully.")
    def _create_flat_toc_with_ids(self) -> List[Dict]:
        """Creates a flattened list of the ToC for easy metadata lookup."""
        flat_list = []
        def flatten_recursive(nodes, counter):
            for node in nodes:
                node_id = counter[0]; counter[0] += 1
                flat_list.append({'toc_id': node_id, 'title': node.get('title',__

¬''), 'node': node})
                if node.get('children'):
                    flatten_recursive(node.get('children'), counter)
        flatten_recursive(self.book_toc, [0])
        return flat_list
```

```
def _assign_sequence_ids_recursively(self, node: Dict, counter: list):
      Recursively walks a content node, assigning a unique, sequential ID
       to the node, its children, and its interactive activity in a_{\sqcup}
\rightarrow depth-first order.
       11 11 11
      # 1. Assign sequence ID to the parent content node itself.
      node['seq id'] = counter[0]
      counter[0] += 1
      # 2. Recurse through all children first.
      if 'children' in node and node['children']:
           for child in node['children']:
               self._assign_sequence_ids_recursively(child, counter)
       # 3. Assign an ID to the interactive activity LAST, so it appears after
⇒the content and its children.
      if 'interactive_activity' in node:
           node['interactive_activity']['seq_id'] = counter[0]
           counter[0] += 1
  def _identify_relevant_chapters(self, weekly_schedule_item: Dict) ->_
→List[int]:
       """Extracts chapter numbers precisely from the 'requiredReading' string.
reading_str = weekly_schedule_item.get('requiredReading', '')
      match = re.search(r'Chapter(s)?', reading_str, re.IGNORECASE)
      if not match: return []
      search_area = reading_str[match.start():]
      chap_nums_str = re.findall(r'\d+', search_area)
      if chap_nums_str:
          return sorted(list(set(int(n) for n in chap_nums_str)))
      return []
  def find chapter node(self, chapter number: int) -> Optional[Dict]:
      """Finds the ToC node for a specific chapter number."""
      for item in self.flat_toc_with_ids:
           if re.match(rf"Chapter\s{chapter_number}(?:\D|$)", item['title']):
               return item['node']
      return None
  def _build_topic_plan_tree(self, toc_node: Dict) -> Dict:
      Recursively builds a hierarchical plan tree from any ToC node,
       annotating it with direct and total branch chunk counts.
```

```
node_metadata = next((item for item in self.flat_toc_with_ids if_
→item['node'] is toc_node), None)
      if not node_metadata: return {}
      retrieved_docs = self.vector_store.get(where={'toc_id':__
⇔node metadata['toc id']})
      direct_chunk_count = len(retrieved_docs.get('ids', []))
      plan_node = {
          "title": node_metadata['title'],
          "toc_id": node_metadata['toc_id'],
          "chunk count": direct chunk count,
          "total_chunks_in_branch": 0,
          "slides_allocated": 0,
          "children": []
      }
      child_branch_total = 0
      for child_node in toc_node.get('children', []):
          if any(ex in child_node.get('title', '').lower() for ex in_
→["review", "introduction", "summary", "key terms"]):
              continue
          child_plan_node = self._build_topic_plan_tree(child_node)
          if child_plan_node:
              plan_node['children'].append(child_plan_node)
              child_branch_total += child_plan_node.

¬get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
      plan_node['total_chunks_in_branch'] = direct_chunk_count +__
→child_branch_total
      return plan_node
  # In PlanningAgent Class...
  def _allocate_slides_to_tree(self, plan_tree: Dict, content_slides_budget:u
⇔int):
       11 11 11
       (FINAL, REORDERED FOR CLARITY) Performs a multi-pass process to⊔
⇔allocate content slides,
      ⇔maximum readability.
      if not plan_tree or content_slides_budget <= 0:</pre>
          return plan_tree
      # --- Pass 1: Allocate Content Slides --
```

```
def allocate_content_recursively(node, budget):
          node['budget_slides_content'] = round(budget)
          node['direct_slides_content'] = 0
          if not node.get('children'):
              node['direct_slides_content'] = round(budget)
              return
          total_branch_chunks = node.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
          own_content_slides = 0
           if total branch chunks > 0:
               own_content_slides = round(budget * (node.get('chunk_count', 0)_
→/ total_branch_chunks))
          node['direct_slides_content'] = own_content_slides
          remaining_budget_for_children = budget - own_content_slides
           children_total_chunks = total_branch_chunks - node.
if children_total_chunks <= 0: return</pre>
          for child in node.get('children', []):
              child_budget = remaining_budget_for_children * (child.
Get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) / children_total_chunks)
               allocate_content_recursively(child, child_budget)
      allocate_content_recursively(plan_tree, content_slides_budget)
      # --- Pass 2: Add Interactive Activities ---
      def add interactive nodes(node, depth, interactive deep):
          if not node: return
          if self.config.get('interactive', False):
               if interactive_deep:
                  if depth == 2: node['interactive activity'] = {"title":
of"{node.get('title')} (Deep-Dive Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), ___
⇔"slides_allocated": 1}
                  if depth == 1: node['interactive_activity'] = {"title":__
of"{node.get('title')} (General Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), □

¬"slides_allocated": 1}
               else:
                  if depth == 1: node['interactive_activity'] = {"title":__
of"{node.get('title')} (Interactive Activity)", "toc_id": node.get('toc_id'), □
⇔"slides_allocated": 1}
          for child in node.get('children', []):
               add_interactive_nodes(child, depth + 1, interactive_deep)
      add_interactive_nodes(plan_tree, 1, self.config.get('interactive_deep', __
→False))
       # --- Pass 3: Sum All Slides Up the Tree ---
      def sum_slides_upwards(node):
```

```
total_slides = node.get('direct_slides_content', 0)
           total_slides += node.get('interactive_activity', {}).

¬get('slides_allocated', 0)
           if node.get('children'):
               total_slides += sum(sum_slides_upwards(child) for child in node.
⇔get('children', []))
           node['total_slides_in_branch'] = total_slides
           return total_slides
       sum_slides_upwards(plan_tree)
       # --- NEW: Pass 4: Reorder keys for final clarity ---
       def reorder_keys_for_readability(node: Dict) -> Dict:
           if not node:
               return None
           # Define the desired order of keys
          key_order = [
               "title".
               "toc_id",
               "chunk_count",
               "total_chunks_in_branch",
               "budget_slides_content",
               "direct_slides_content",
               "total_slides_in_branch",
               "children",
               "interactive activity"
          1
           # Rebuild the dictionary in the specified order
           reordered_node = {key: node[key] for key in key_order if key in_
-node}
           # Recursively reorder children
           if 'children' in reordered_node:
               reordered_node['children'] =__
→ [reorder_keys_for_readability(child) for child in reordered_node['children']]
          return reordered_node
      return reorder_keys_for_readability(plan_tree)
  def create_content_plan_for_week(self, week_number: int) -> Optional[Dict]:
       """Orchestrates the adaptive planning and partitioning process."""
      print_header(f"Planning Week {week_number}", char="*")
```

```
weekly_schedule_item = self.unit_outline['weeklySchedule'][week_number_
⊶- 1]
      chapter_numbers = self._identify_relevant_chapters(weekly_schedule_item)
      if not chapter numbers: return None
      num decks = self.config['week session setup'].get('sessions per week',,,
→1)
       # 1. Build a full plan tree for each chapter to get its weight.
       chapter_plan_trees = [self._build_topic_plan_tree(self.
→ find_chapter_node(cn)) for cn in chapter_numbers if self.

    find chapter node(cn)]

      total_weekly_chunks = sum(tree.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) for_
# 2. NEW: Adaptive Partitioning Strategy
      partitionable_units = []
      all top level sections = []
      for chapter_tree in chapter_plan_trees:
           all top level sections.extend(chapter tree.get('children', []))
      num_top_level_sections = len(all_top_level_sections)
       # Always prefer to split by top-level sections if there are enough to \Box
\rightarrow distribute.
       if num_top_level_sections >= num_decks:
           logger.info(f"Partitioning strategy: Distributing
→{num_top_level_sections} top-level sections across {num_decks} decks.")
           partitionable_units = all_top_level_sections
      else:
           # Fallback for rare cases where there are fewer topics than decks_
\hookrightarrow (e.g., 1 chapter with 1 section, but 2 decks).
           logger.info(f"Partitioning strategy: Not enough top-level sections⊔
→({num top level sections}) to fill all decks ({num decks}). Distributing
⇔whole chapters instead.")
          partitionable_units = chapter_plan_trees
       # 3. Partition the chosen units into decks using a bin-packing algorithm
      decks = [[] for _ in range(num_decks)]
      deck_weights = [0] * num_decks
      sorted_units = sorted(partitionable_units, key=lambda x: x.

get('toc_id', 0))
      for unit in sorted units:
           lightest_deck_index = deck_weights.index(min(deck_weights))
           decks[lightest_deck_index].append(unit)
```

```
deck_weights[lightest_deck_index] += unit.

¬get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0)
       # 4. Plan each deck
       content_slides_per_week = self.config['slide_count_strategy'].

¬get('target_total_slides', 25)
       final_deck_plans = []
       for i, deck_content_trees in enumerate(decks):
           deck_number = i + 1
           deck_chunk_weight = sum(tree.get('total_chunks_in_branch', 0) for__
⇔tree in deck_content_trees)
           deck_slide_budget = round((deck_chunk_weight / total_weekly_chunks)_

<pre
           logger.info(f"--- Planning Deck {deck_number}/{num_decks} | Topics:
→{[t['title'] for t in deck_content_trees]} | Weight: {deck_chunk_weight}_⊔
# The allocation function is recursive and works on any tree or
\hookrightarrow sub-tree
           planned_content = [self._allocate_slides_to_tree(tree,__
deck_chunk_weight))) if deck_chunk_weight > 0 else tree for tree in_
→deck_content_trees]
           final_deck_plans.append({
                "deck_number": deck_number,
                "deck_title": f"{self.config.get('unit_name', 'Course')} - Week_
"session_content": planned_content
           })
       return {
            "week": week_number,
            "overall_topic": weekly_schedule_item.get('contentTopic'),
            "deck_plans": final_deck_plans
       }
  def finalize and calculate time plan(self, draft_plan: Dict, config: Dict)
→-> Dict:
       Takes a draft plan and enriches it by:
       1. Calculating detailed slide counts and time allocations for every
\neg node.
       2. Adding framework sections and wrapping content.
```

```
3. Calculating and adding summaries for decks and the entire week.
      4. Assigning a final sequence ID (seq_id) for slide generation.
      5. Reordering all keys for maximum readability.
      final_plan = json.loads(json.dumps(draft_plan))
      # --- Time Constants from Config ---
      params = config.get('parameters_slides', {})
      TIME PER CONTENT = params.get('time per content slides min', 3)
      TIME_PER_INTERACTIVE = params.get('time_per_interactive_slide_min', 5)
      TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_DECK = params.get('time_for_framework_slides_min', 6)
      FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_PER_DECK = 4
      # --- Recursive Helper Functions ---
      def _calculate_time_and_reorder(node: Dict):
          # 1. Recurse to the bottom first to perform a bottom-up calculation
          children_total_time = 0
          if 'children' in node and node['children']:
              for child in node['children']:
                  _calculate_time_and_reorder(child) # Recursive call
                  children_total_time += child.get('time_allocation_minutes',__
# 2. Calculate this node's direct time
          direct_content_time = node.get('direct_slides_content', 0) *_
→TIME_PER_CONTENT
          interactive_time = node.get('interactive_activity', {}).
# 3. Calculate this node's total branch time
          branch_total_time = direct_content_time + interactive_time +__
⇔children_total_time
          # 4. Create the time allocation object
          time alloc = {
              "direct_content_time": direct_content_time,
              "direct_interactive_time": interactive_time,
              "total_branch_time": branch_total_time
          }
          node['time_allocation_minutes'] = time_alloc
          # 5. Reorder all keys for this node to ensure final clarity
          kev order = [
              "title",
              "toc_id",
              "chunk_count",
```

```
"total_chunks_in_branch",
              "budget_slides_content",
              "direct_slides_content",
              "total_slides_in_branch",
              "time_allocation_minutes",
              "children",
              "interactive activity"
          reordered_node = {key: node[key] for key in key_order if key in_
→node}
          # Clear the original node and update it with the reordered keys
          node.clear()
          node.update(reordered_node)
      # --- Main Processing Loop for Decks ---
      for deck in final_plan.get("deck_plans", []):
          session_content_blocks = deck.pop("session_content", [])
          # Perform the combined time calculation and reordering pass
          for block in session content blocks:
              _calculate_time_and_reorder(block)
          # Create Framework Sections
          week_number, deck_number = final_plan.get("week"), deck.
title_section = {"section_type": "Title", "content": { "unit_name": ___
oconfig.get('unit_name', 'Course'), "unit_code": config.get('course_id', ''), □
→"week_topic": final_plan.get('overall_topic', ''), "deck_title": f"Week_
agenda_section = {"section_type": "Agenda", "content": {"title": ___
oguilary's Agenda", "items": [item.get('title', 'Untitled Topic') for item in⊔
⇔session_content_blocks]}}
          summary section = {"section type": "Summary", "content": {"title":
→"Summary & Key Takeaways", "placeholder": "Auto-generate based on covered
⇔topics."}}
          end_section = {"section_type": "End", "content": {"title": "Thank_

you", "text": "Questions?"}}

          main_content_block = {"section_type": "Content", "content_blocks": __
⇔session_content_blocks}
          final_sections_for_deck = [title_section, agenda_section,__

¬main_content_block, summary_section, end_section]
```

```
# *** NEW: Assign Sequential IDs for the entire deck ***
         # **********************
         seq_counter = [0] # Use a list for pass-by-reference behavior
         for section in final_sections_for_deck:
            if section.get("section_type") == "Content":
                # For the main content, iterate through its blocks and
⇔start the recursion
               for block in section.get("content_blocks", []):
                   self._assign_sequence_ids_recursively(block,__
⇒seq_counter)
            else:
                # For simple framework slides, just assign the next ID
               section['seq_id'] = seq_counter[0]
               seq counter[0] += 1
         # *** END NEW CODE ***
         # ***********************
         # Calculate Deck Summaries
         total_content_slides = sum(b.get('total_slides_in_branch', 0) - b.
Get('interactive_activity',{}).get('slides_allocated',0) for b in_□
⇔session_content_blocks)
         total_interactive_slides = sum(b.get('interactive_activity',{}).
deck_content_time = sum(b.get('time_allocation_minutes', {}).

¬get('total_branch_time', 0) for b in session_content_blocks)
         deck['total_slides_in_deck'] = FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_PER_DECK + sum(b.
Get('total_slides_in_branch', 0) for b in session_content_blocks)
         deck['slide_count_breakdown'] = {"framework":
GFRAMEWORK SLIDES PER DECK, "content": total_content_slides, "interactive": ___
⇔total_interactive_slides}
         deck['time breakdown minutes'] = {"framework":
→TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_DECK, "content_and_interactive": deck_content_time, __
deck['sections'] = final_sections_for_deck
         if 'deck_title' in deck: del deck['deck_title']
     # --- Calculate Grand Totals for the Week ---
     weekly_slide_summary = {"total_slides_for_week": 0,__

¬"total_framework_slides": 0, "total_content_slides": 0,

¬"total_interactive_slides": 0, "number_of_decks": len(final_plan.

¬get("deck_plans", []))}
```

```
weekly_time_summary = {"total_time_for_week_minutes": 0, __
→"total_framework_time": 0, "total_content_and_interactive_time": 0}
      for deck in final plan.get("deck plans", []):
          weekly_slide_summary['total_slides_for_week'] += deck.
for key, value in deck.get('slide_count_breakdown', {}).items():__
Gweekly_slide_summary[f"total_{key}_slides"] += value
           weekly_time_summary['total_time_for_week_minutes'] += deck.

¬get('time_breakdown_minutes', {}).get('total_deck_time', 0)

          weekly_time_summary['total_framework_time'] += deck.

¬get('time_breakdown_minutes', {}).get('framework', 0)

           weekly_time_summary['total_content_and_interactive_time'] += deck.
aget('time_breakdown_minutes', {}).get('content_and_interactive', 0)
      # --- Construct Final Ordered Plan ---
      final_ordered_plan = {
           "week": final_plan.get("week"),
           "overall_topic": final_plan.get("overall_topic"),
           "weekly_slide_summary": weekly_slide_summary,
           "weekly_time_summary_minutes": weekly_time_summary,
           "deck_plans": final_plan.get("deck_plans", [])
      }
      return final_ordered_plan
  # --- NEW FUNCTION TO GENERATE MASTER SUMMARY ---
  def generate_and_save_master_plan(self, weekly_plans: List[Dict], config:u
⇔Dict):
      Aggregates summaries from all weekly plans into a single master plan_{\sqcup}
⇔file,
       including new grand total metrics.
      print_header("Phase 4: Generating Master Unit Plan", char="#")
      # Initialize the master plan structure with the new fields
      master_plan = {
           "unit_code": config.get('course_id', 'UNKNOWN'),
           "unit_name": config.get('unit_name', 'Unknown Unit'),
           "grand_total_summary": {
               "total_slides_for_unit": 0,
               "total_framework_slides": 0,
               "total_content_slides": 0,
               "total_interactive_slides": 0,
               "total_number_of_decks": 0,
```

```
"total_time_for_unit_minutes": 0,
              "total_time_for_unit_in_hour": 0, # New
              "average_deck_time_in_min": 0,
              "average_deck_time_in_hour": 0
          },
          "weekly_summaries": []
      }
      grand_totals = master_plan["grand_total_summary"]
      # Loop through each weekly plan to aggregate data
      for plan in sorted(weekly_plans, key=lambda p: p.get('week', 0)):
          # Extract the high-level summary for this week
          summary_entry = {
              "week": plan.get("week"),
              "overall_topic": plan.get("overall_topic"),
              "slide_summary": plan.get("weekly_slide_summary"),
              "time_summary_minutes": plan.get("weekly_time_summary_minutes")
          }
          master_plan["weekly_summaries"].append(summary_entry)
          # Add this week's totals to the grand totals
          slide_summary = plan.get("weekly_slide_summary", {})
          time summary = plan.get("weekly time summary minutes", {})
          grand_totals["total_slides_for_unit"] += slide_summary.

¬get("total_slides_for_week", 0)
          grand_totals["total_framework_slides"] += slide_summary.
grand_totals["total_content_slides"] += slide_summary.

¬get("total_content_slides", 0)
          grand_totals["total_interactive_slides"] += slide_summary.

→get("total_interactive_slides", 0)
          grand_totals["total_number_of_decks"] += slide_summary.
⇔get("number of decks", 0)
          grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_minutes"] += time_summary.
# --- NEW: Calculate the final derived grand totals after the loop ---
      if grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_minutes"] > 0:
          grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_in_hour"] =__
oround(grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_minutes"] / 60, 2)
      if grand_totals["total_number_of_decks"] > 0:
```

```
grand_totals["average_deck_time_in_min"] =__
Ground(grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_minutes"] / □
⇒grand_totals["total_number_of_decks"], 2)
      if grand_totals["total_number_of_decks"] > 0:
          grand totals["average deck time in hour"] = ___
⇔round((grand_totals["total_time_for_unit_minutes"] / □
⇒grand totals["total number of decks"]) / 60, 2)
      master_filename = f"{config.get('course_id', 'UNIT')}_master_plan_unit.
⇔json"
      output_path = os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, master_filename)
      try:
          with open(output_path, 'w') as f:
               json.dump(master_plan, f, indent=2)
          logger.info(f"Successfully generated and saved Master Unit Plan to:⊔
→{output_path}")
          print("\n--- Preview of Master Plan ---")
          print(json.dumps(master_plan, indent=2))
          return True
      except Exception as e:
          logger.error(f"Failed to save Master Unit Plan: {e}", exc_info=True)
```

#### 6.2 Content Generator Agent

```
[]: ## Cell 9: Content Agent (Corrected and Enhanced for Phase 5 & 6) --- it is unthis will be processeed

## Assumes the following are imported and available from previous cells:
## ollama, json, logging, os, Dict, Optional, Any, Chroma, tenacity elements

class ContentAgent:
    """
    An agent that performs two main functions:
    1. (Phase 5) Populates a hierarchical plan with raw, reassembled text fromunda vector store.
    2. (Phase 6) Processes the content-rich plan, using an LLM to generate and reorders all keys for final, clean output.
    """

def __init__(self, master_config: Dict, vector_store: Optional[Any] = None):
    self.config = master_config['processed_settings']
```

```
self.unit_outline = master_config['unit_outline']
      self.book_toc = master_config['book_toc']
      self.teaching_flows = master_config['teaching_flows']
      self.layaut_slides = master_config['layaut_slides']
      self.vector_store = vector_store
      self.client = ollama.Client(host=OLLAMA_HOST)
      logger.info("Data-Driven Content Agent initialized successfully.")
  # Define the desired key order as a class attribute
      self.key order = [
          "title", "toc_id",
          "chunk_count",
          "total_chunks_in_branch",
          "budget_slides_content",
          "direct_slides_content",
          "total_slides_in_branch",
          "time_allocation_minutes",
          "chunks_sorted",
          "content",
          "llm_generated_content",
          "children",
          "interactive activity"
      ]
      logger.info("Data-Driven Content Agent initialized successfully.")
  # --- Key Reordering Logic (REFINED) ---
  def _reorder_keys_recursively(self, node: dict) -> dict:
      Recursively traverses a dictionary (a node in the plan) and reorders \sqcup
⇔its keys
      according to a predefined order for maximum readability.
      if not isinstance(node, dict):
          return node
      # 1. Recurse first to ensure nested structures are already ordered.
      if 'children' in node and isinstance(node.get('children'), list):
          node['children'] = [self._reorder_keys_recursively(child) for child_
→in node['children']]
      if 'interactive_activity' in node and isinstance(node.

→get('interactive_activity'), dict):
          node['interactive activity'] = self.
→_reorder_keys_recursively(node['interactive_activity'])
```

```
# 2. Build a new dictionary for the current node with the correct key
\hookrightarrow order.
      reordered_node = {}
      # Add keys that are in our desired order
      for key in self.key order:
          if key in node:
              reordered_node[key] = node[key]
      # Add any remaining keys that were not in the order list (as a fallback)
      for key, value in node.items():
          if key not in reordered_node:
              reordered_node[key] = value
      return reordered_node
  # --- Phase 5: Raw Content Population ---
  def retrieve_content_for_toc_id(self, toc_id: int) -> dict:
      # ... (This method remains unchanged) ...
      if not isinstance(toc id, int):
          logger.warning(f"Invalid toc_id: {toc_id}. Must be an integer.")
          return {"chunks_sorted": [], "content": ""}
      try:
          results = self.vector_store.get(where={"toc_id": toc_id},__
→include=["documents", "metadatas"])
          if not results or not results.get('ids'):
              logger.warning(f"No chunks found in the database for toc_id =_
→{toc id}")
              return {"chunks_sorted": [], "content": ""}
          sorted_items = sorted(zip(results['documents'],__
oresults['metadatas']), key=lambda item: item[1].get('chunk_id', 0))
          sorted_docs = [item[0] for item in sorted_items]
          sorted chunk ids = [item[1].get('chunk id') for item in___
⇔sorted items]
          reassembled_text = "\n\n".join(sorted_docs)
          return {"chunks_sorted": sorted_chunk_ids, "content": __
→reassembled_text}
      except Exception as e:
          logger.error(f"An error occurred during retrieval for toc_id_
return {"chunks_sorted": [], "content": ""}
  def populate_content_recursively(self, node: dict):
```

```
if 'toc_id' in node and 'content' not in node:
          content_data = self.retrieve_content_for_toc_id(node['toc_id'])
          node.update(content_data)
      if 'children' in node and isinstance(node.get('children'), list):
          for child in node['children']:
              self.populate_content_recursively(child)
  def generate_content_for_plan(self, final_plan_path: str, output_dir: str)_u
→-> bool:
      logger.info(f"PHASE 5: Populating raw content for: {final_plan_path}")
      try:
          with open(final_plan_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
              plan_data = json.load(f)
      except (FileNotFoundError, json.JSONDecodeError) as e:
          logger.error(f"FATAL: Could not read or decode plan file⊔

¬{final_plan_path}. Error: {e}")
          return False
      for deck in plan_data.get('deck_plans', []):
          for section in deck.get('sections', []):
              if section.get('section_type') == 'Content':
                  for content_block in section.get('content_blocks', []):
                      self.populate_content_recursively(content_block)
      base_filename = os.path.basename(final_plan_path)
      output path = os.path.join(output dir, base filename)
      os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)
      logger.info("Reordering keys for Fetched clean output...")
      fetched_ordered_plan = self._reorder_keys_recursively(plan_data)
      try:
          with open(output path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
              # CORRECTED: Save the 'fetched_ordered_plan' variable
              json.dump(fetched_ordered_plan, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
          logger.info(f"Successfully saved content-enriched plan to:
→{output_path}")
          return True
      except Exception as e:
          logger.error(f"Failed to save the content-enriched plan tou
return False
  # --- Phase 6: LLM Content Generation & Final Formatting ---
```

```
@retry(stop=stop_after_attempt(3), wait=wait_exponential(min=2, max=10))
  def _call_ollama_with_retry(self, prompt: str) -> str:
      logger.info(f"Calling Ollama model '{OLLAMA_MODEL}'...")
      response = self.client.chat(model=OLLAMA_MODEL, messages=[{"role":__

¬"user", "content": prompt}], format="json", options={"temperature": 0.2})

      if not response or 'message' not in response or not response ['message'].

→get('content'):
          raise ValueError("Ollama returned an empty or invalid response.")
      return response['message']['content']
  def parse llm json output(self, content: str) -> Optional[Dict]:
          match = re.search(r'\{.*\}', content, re.DOTALL)
          if not match:
              logger.warning("LLM output did not contain a valid JSON object.
")
              return None
          return json.loads(match.group(0))
      except (json.JSONDecodeError, TypeError) as e:
          logger.error(f"Failed to parse JSON from LLM output: {e}\nRaw_
⇔content: {content}")
          return None
  def _process_node_with_llm_recursively(self, node: dict, flow_prompts:u
⇔dict):
      if node.get('content'):
          prompt_template = flow_prompts.get('content_generation')
          if prompt template:
              prompt = prompt_template.format(sub_topic=node.get('title',__
try:
                  llm_str = self._call_ollama_with_retry(prompt)
                  node['llm_generated_content'] = self.
__parse_llm_json_output(llm_str) or {"title": node.get('title'), "content": ا
→["Failed to generate content."]}
              except Exception as e:
                  logger.error(f"LLM call failed for topic '{node.
node['llm_generated_content'] = {"title": node.

→get('title'), "content": [f"Error during generation: {e}"]}
      if node.get('interactive activity') and node.get('content'):
          prompt_template = flow_prompts.get('interactive_activity')
          if prompt_template:
```

```
prompt = prompt_template.format(sub_topic=node.get('title',__

    'Untitled'), context=node.get('content'))

              try:
                  llm str = self. call ollama with retry(prompt)
                  node['interactive_activity']['llm_generated_content'] =
__
self. parse llm json output(llm str) or {"title": "Let's Apply This!", |

¬"content": ["Failed to generate activity."]}
              except Exception as e:
                  logger.error(f"LLM call failed for activity on '{node.
node['interactive_activity']['llm_generated_content'] =
__
→{"title": "Let's Apply This!", "content": [f"Error during generation: {e}"]}
      if 'children' in node and isinstance(node.get('children'), list):
          for child in node['children']:
              self._process_node_with_llm_recursively(child, flow_prompts)
  def generate_llm_content_for_plan(self, content_plan_path: str,__
→llm_output_dir: str) -> bool:
      Orchestrates the LLM content generation for a content-enriched plan \Box
⇔file,
      and finishes by reordering all keys for a clean final output.
      logger.info(f"PHASE 6: Generating LLM content for: {os.path.
⇒basename(content_plan_path)}")
          with open(content_plan_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
              plan_data = json.load(f)
      except (FileNotFoundError, json.JSONDecodeError) as e:
          logger.error(f"FATAL: Could not read content plan file⊔
return False
      flow_id = self.config.get('teaching_flow_id', 'standard_lecture')
      flow_prompts = self.teaching_flows.get(flow_id, {}).get('prompts', {})
      if not flow_prompts:
          logger.error(f"Could not find prompts for teaching_flow_id:__
return False
      # Process each deck in the plan
      for deck in plan_data.get('deck_plans', []):
          content blocks = []
          for section in deck.get('sections', []):
              if section.get('section_type') == 'Content':
```

```
content_blocks = section.get('content_blocks', [])
                  for block in content_blocks:
                      self._process_node_with_llm_recursively(block,__
→flow_prompts)
          # Generate summary
          summary_prompt_template = flow_prompts.get('summary_generation')
          if summary_prompt_template and content_blocks:
              topic_titles = [block.get('title', 'Untitled Topic') for block_
→in content_blocks]
              topic_list_str = "\n".join(f"- {title}" for title in_
→topic titles)
              prompt = summary_prompt_template.

¬format(topic_list=topic_list_str)

              try:
                  llm_str = self._call_ollama_with_retry(prompt)
                  for section in deck.get('sections', []):
                      if section.get('section type') == 'Summary':
                          section['llm_generated_content'] = self.
--parse_llm_json_output(llm_str)
                          break
              except Exception as e:
                  logger.error(f"LLM call failed for deck summary: {e}")
      # *** FINAL KEY REORDERING STEP ***
      # Apply the reordering to the entire plan data structure before saving
      logger.info("Reordering keys for final clean output...")
      final_ordered_plan = self._reorder_keys_recursively(plan_data)
      # Save the LLM-enriched and CLEANED plan
      base filename = os.path.basename(content plan path)
      output_path = os.path.join(llm_output_dir, base_filename)
      os.makedirs(llm_output_dir, exist_ok=True)
      try:
          with open(output_path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
              json.dump(final_ordered_plan, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
          logger.info(f"Successfully saved final LLM-enriched plan to:
→{output_path}")
          return True
      except Exception as e:
          logger.error(f"Failed to save the final LLM-enriched plan tou
return False
```

## 6.3 Presentation Agent

**test Presenter** we need to ensure the presenter seq\_id flow: Parent -> Child 1 -> Child 1's Activity -> Child 2 -> Child 2's Activity -> Parent's Activity.

https://aistudio.google.com/prompts/18YaU5pG96eFMbM1l6yeG1v9j63PkLc5H

```
[12]: #last
      import os
      import json
      import logging
      import random
      from pptx import Presentation
      from pptx.util import Inches
      from pptx.enum.shapes import PP_PLACEHOLDER
      from pptx.enum.text import MSO_AUTO_SIZE
      # --- Basic Setup ---
      logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

⟨⟨message⟩s')
      logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
      # --- Helper Functions (Unchanged) ---
      def _render_bullet_points(text_frame, data):
          text_frame.clear(); text_frame.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
          def add_points(points, level):
              for point in points:
                  if isinstance(point, dict):
                      p = text_frame.add_paragraph(); p.text = point.get('text', '');
       ⇒p.level = level
                      if 'children' in point: add points(point['children'], level + 1)
                  else:
                      p = text_frame.add_paragraph(); p.text = str(point); p.level =
       -level
          add_points(data, 0)
          if text_frame.paragraphs and not text_frame.paragraphs[0].text:
              p = text_frame.paragraphs[0]; p._p.getparent().remove(p._p)
      def _render_table(slide, placeholder, data):
          headers, rows_data = data.get('headers', []), data.get('rows', [])
          if not headers or not rows_data: return
          num_rows, num_cols = len(rows_data) + 1, len(headers)
```

```
table_shape = slide.shapes.add_table(num_rows, num_cols, placeholder.left,_
 ⇒placeholder.top, placeholder.width, placeholder.height)
   table = table_shape.table
   for i, header in enumerate(headers):
        cell = table.cell(0, i); cell.text = header
        cell.text frame.auto size = MSO AUTO SIZE.TEXT TO FIT SHAPE; cell.

    text_frame.paragraphs[0].font.bold = True

   for r_idx, row_data in enumerate(rows_data):
        for c_idx, cell_text in enumerate(row_data):
            cell = table.cell(r_idx + 1, c_idx); cell.text = str(cell_text)
            cell.text_frame.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
    sp = placeholder.element; sp.getparent().remove(sp)
def _render_multiple_choice_question(slide, placeholders, data):
   main_ph = next((p for p in placeholders if p.placeholder_format.type ==_
 →PP_PLACEHOLDER.OBJECT), None)
    answer_ph = next((p for p in placeholders if p.placeholder_format.type ==_{\sqcup}
 →PP_PLACEHOLDER.BODY), None)
   if not main_ph: return
   tf = main ph.text frame; tf.clear(); tf.auto size = MSO AUTO SIZE.
 →TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
   p = tf.add_paragraph(); p.text = data.get('question_text', ''); p.font.bold_
 ⇒= True; p.level = 0
   for option in data.get('options', []):
       p = tf.add_paragraph(); p.text = f"{option.get('label', '')}) {option.
 if answer_ph:
        answer_ph.text_frame.clear()
        explanation = data.get('correct_answer', {}).get('explanation', '')
        answer_ph.text_frame.text = f"Answer: {data.get('correct_answer', {}).

¬get('label', '')}. {explanation}"
def _render_matching_activity(slide, placeholders, data):
   object_placeholders = [p for p in placeholders if p.placeholder_format.type_
 →== PP_PLACEHOLDER.OBJECT]
   if len(object_placeholders) < 2: return</pre>
   terms_ph, defs_ph = object_placeholders[0], object_placeholders[1]
   terms_tf, defs_tf = terms_ph.text_frame, defs_ph.text_frame
   terms_tf.clear(); defs_tf.clear(); terms_tf.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.
 →TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE; defs_tf.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
   pairs = data.get('pairs', [])
   if not pairs: return
   terms = [f"{i+1}. {p['term']}" for i, p in enumerate(pairs)]
   definitions = [p['definition'] for p in pairs]
   random.shuffle(definitions)
   for term in terms: p = terms_tf.add_paragraph(); p.text = term; p.level = 0
```

```
for i, definition in enumerate(definitions): p = defs_tf.add_paragraph(); p.
 sigma text = f''(chr(65+i)). {definition}''; p.level = 0
class PresentationAgent:
   def __init__(self, template_path: str, layout_config_path: str):
       self.template path = template path
       self.prs for layouts = Presentation(template path)
       with open(layout_config_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
            self.user_selections = json.load(f)['user_selections']
       logger.info(f"Agent initialized with template '{os.path.
 ⇔basename(template_path)}'")
   def _get_layout(self, layout_key: str):
        selection = self.user_selections.get(layout_key, self.

¬user_selections['Content'])
       layout_index = selection['selected_layout_index']
       return self.prs_for_layouts.slide_layouts[layout_index]
   def _determine_layout_key(self, item_data):
       llm_content = item_data.get('llm_generated_content', {})
       objects = llm_content.get('objects', [])
       has_subtitle = bool(llm_content.get('subtitle'))
        # <<< NEW LOGIC: Determine layout based on subtitles and object count
        →['multiple_choice_question', 'matching_activity']:
            return "Application_Two_Column" if len(objects) > 1 or__
 →objects[0]['content_type'] == 'matching_activity' else "Application"
        if len(objects) >= 2:
            return "Content_Two_Column_child" if has_subtitle else_
 \hookrightarrow "Content_Two_Column"
        else:
           return "Content_child" if has_subtitle else "Content"
   def create_presentation_from_plan(self, plan_json_path: str, output_path: u
 ⇔str):
       logger.info(f"Creating presentation from plan: '{os.path.
 ⇒basename(plan_json_path)}'")
        with open(plan_json_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f: plan_data = json.
 →load(f)
       prs = Presentation(self.template path)
       while len(prs.slides):
           rId = prs.slides._sldIdLst[0].rId; prs.part.drop_rel(rId); del prs.
 ⇔slides._sldIdLst[0]
       slide_items = self._collect_slide_items(plan_data)
```

```
for item in sorted(slide_items, key=lambda x: x.get('seq_id', 999)):
⇔self._add_slide_for_item(prs, item)
      prs.save(output_path)
      logger.info(f"Successfully created presentation: '{output_path}'")
  def collect slide items(self, plan data):
      items = \Pi
      for deck in plan data.get('deck plans', []):
          for section in deck.get('sections', []):
               if section.get('section_type') == 'Content':
                   for block in section.get('content_blocks', []):
                       for slide_item in block.get('slides', []):
                           items.append({'item_type': 'Content', 'data':
⇔slide_item})
               else.
                   items.append({'item_type': section['section_type'], 'data':__
⇒section})
      return items
  def _add_slide_for_item(self, prs: Presentation, item: dict):
      item_type = item['item_type']
      layout_key = self._determine_layout_key(item['data']) if item_type ==__

→ 'Content' else item type

      slide = prs.slides.add_slide(self._get_layout(layout_key))
      render_map = {
           'Title': self._render_title_slide, 'Agenda': self.
→_render_agenda_slide,
           'Summary': self. render summary slide, 'End': self.
→_render_end_slide,
           'Divider': self._render_divider_slide, 'Content': self.
→_render_content_slide
      }
      if item_type in render_map:
          render_map[item_type](slide, item['data'])
  def render title slide(self, slide, data):
      content = data.get('content', {})
      if slide.shapes.title:
           slide.shapes.title.text = content.get('week_topic', 'Untitled_
→Topic')
      subtitle_ph = next((p for p in slide.placeholders if p.

¬placeholder_format.type == PP_PLACEHOLDER.SUBTITLE), None)
      if subtitle_ph:
           subtitle ph.text = f"{content.get('deck title', '')}\n{content.
Get('unit_name', '')} - {content.get('unit_code', '')}"
```

```
def _render_agenda_slide(self, slide, data):
      content = data.get('content', {})
      if slide.shapes.title: slide.shapes.title.text = content.get('title',__
body_ph = next((p for p in slide.placeholders if p.placeholder_format.
→type == PP PLACEHOLDER.OBJECT), None)
      if body_ph: _render_bullet_points(body_ph.text_frame, content.

get('items', []))
  def _render_summary_slide(self, slide, data):
      if slide.shapes.title: slide.shapes.title.text = "Summary & Key_

¬Takeaways"

      if 'llm_generated_content' in data: self._render_content_slide(slide,_
⊸data)
  def _render_end_slide(self, slide, data):
      content = data.get('content', {})
      if slide.shapes.title: slide.shapes.title.text = content.get('text', __
def _render_divider_slide(self, slide, data):
      content = data.get('content', {})
      if slide.shapes.title: slide.shapes.title.text = content.get('title', __
⇔'Section Divider')
  def _render_content_slide(self, slide, data):
      content = data.get('llm_generated_content', {})
      # <<< NEW LOGIC: Populate title and subtitle in separate placeholders
      if slide.shapes.title:
           slide.shapes.title.text = content.get('title', '')
          slide.shapes.title.text_frame.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.
→TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
      subtitle_ph = next((p for p in slide.placeholders if p.

¬placeholder_format.type == PP_PLACEHOLDER.SUBTITLE), None)
      if subtitle_ph:
           subtitle_ph.text = content.get('subtitle', '')
          subtitle_ph.text_frame.auto_size = MSO_AUTO_SIZE.TEXT_TO_FIT_SHAPE
      body_placeholders = sorted([p for p in slide.placeholders if p.
⇒placeholder_format.type not in [PP_PLACEHOLDER.TITLE, PP_PLACEHOLDER.
→SUBTITLE]], key=lambda p: p.left)
      objects = content.get('objects', [])
      for obj, placeholder in zip(objects, body_placeholders):
```

```
content_type, obj_data = obj.get('content_type'), obj.get('data')
            renderers = {
                'bullet_points': lambda: _render_bullet_points(placeholder.
 →text_frame, obj_data),
                'table': lambda: _render_table(slide, placeholder, obj_data),
                'multiple choice question': lambda:
 -_render_multiple_choice_question(slide, body_placeholders, obj_data),
                'matching_activity': lambda: _render_matching_activity(slide,__
 →body_placeholders, obj_data)
            if content_type in renderers:
                renderers[content_type]()
                if content_type in ['multiple_choice_question', __
 ⇔'matching_activity']: break
# --- Main Execution Block ---
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Define project paths
    PROJECT BASE DIR = "/home/sebas dev linux/projects/course generator"
    CONFIG_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "configs")
    DATA DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT BASE DIR, "data")
    TEST_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "tests")
    OUTPUT_DIR = os.path.join(PROJECT_BASE_DIR, "test_output")
    # Create directories if they don't exist
    os.makedirs(CONFIG_DIR, exist_ok=True)
    os.makedirs(DATA_DIR, exist_ok=True)
    os.makedirs(TEST_DIR, exist_ok=True)
    os.makedirs(OUTPUT_DIR, exist_ok=True)
    # --- IMPORTANT ---
    # The script now expects the NEW JSON format.
    # Please ensure you have the 'final_presentation_plan.json' (the simulated_
 \hookrightarrow output)
    # and the 'layout_mapping_test_Mod.json' in the correct paths.
    LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH = os.path.join(CONFIG_DIR, "layout_mapping_test_Mod.
 ⇔json")
    # USE THE NEW, FULLY-STRUCTURED, SIMULATED JSON FILE
    TEST_CONTENT_PATH = os.path.join(TEST_DIR,__

¬"test_content_fill_slides_after_llm_mod.json")
    SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, "slide_style/
 ⇔slide_style_test_2.pptx")
```

```
OUTPUT_PPTX_PATH = os.path.join(OUTPUT_DIR, "Generated Presentation v2.
  ⇔pptx")
    print("--- Presentation Agent Test Runner (New Structured Format) ---")
    # Check for required files
    required_files = [SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH, LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH,_
  →TEST_CONTENT_PATH]
    if not all(os.path.exists(p) for p in required_files):
        logger.error("CRITICAL: One or more required files not found. Please ⊔
  ⇔check paths:")
        logger.error(f" Template: {SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH} {'(Found)' if os.path.

→exists(SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH) else '(MISSING)'}")
        logger.error(f" Layout Map: {LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH} {'(Found)' if os.
  →path.exists(LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH) else '(MISSING)'}")
        logger.error(f" Content Plan: {TEST_CONTENT_PATH} {'(Found)' if os.
  apath.exists(TEST_CONTENT_PATH) else '(MISSING)'}")
    else:
        try:
            presentation_agent = PresentationAgent(
                template_path=SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH,
                layout_config_path=LAYOUT_MAPPING_PATH
            presentation_agent.create_presentation_from_plan(
                plan_json_path=TEST_CONTENT_PATH,
                output_path=OUTPUT_PPTX_PATH
            logger.info("--- Test script finished successfully. ---")
        except Exception as e:
            logger.error(f"An unexpected error occurred during the test run:
  2025-07-13 04:17:13,976 - INFO - Agent initialized with template
'slide_style_test_2.pptx'
```

```
2025-07-13 04:17:13,976 - INFO - Agent initialized with template
'slide_style_test_2.pptx'
2025-07-13 04:17:13,977 - INFO - Creating presentation from plan:
'test_content_fill_slides_after_llm_mod.json'
--- Presentation Agent Test Runner (New Structured Format) ---
2025-07-13 04:17:14,186 - INFO - Successfully created presentation: '/home/sebas_dev_linux/projects/course_generator/test_output/Generated_Presentation_v2.pptx'
2025-07-13 04:17:14,187 - INFO - --- Test script finished successfully. ---
```

## 6.4 Orquestrator (Addressing pain points)

# Description:

The main script that iterates through the weeks defined the plan and generate the content base on the settings\_deck coordinating the agents.

Parameters and concideration - 1 hour in the setting session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour - is 18-20 slides at the time so it is require to calculate this according to the given value but this also means per session so sessions\_per\_week is a multiplicator factor that

- if apply\_topic\_interactive is available will add an extra slide and add extra 5 min time but to determine this is required to plan all the content first and then calculate then provide a extra time settings\_deck.json

```
{ "course_id": "","unit_name": "","interactive": true, "interactive_deep": false, "teaching_flow_id": "Standard Lecture Flow", "parameters_slides": { "slides_per_hour": 18, "time_per_content_slides_min": 3, "time_per_interactive_slide_min": 5, "time_for_framework_slides_min": 6 }, "week_session_setup": { "sessions_per_week": 1, "distribution_strategy": "even", "session_time_duration_in_hour": 2, "interactive_time_in_hour": 0, "total_session_time_in_hours": 0 }, "slide_count_strategy": { "method": "per_week", "target_total_slides": 0, "slides_content_per_session": 0, "interactive_slides_per_week": 0, "interactive_slides_per_week": 0, "interactive_slides_per_week": 0 }, "generation_scope": { "weeks": [1] } }
```

teaching\_flows.json

{ "standard\_lecture": { "name": "Standard Lecture Flow", "slide\_types": ["Title", "Agenda". "Content", "Summary", "End", "prompts": { "content\_generation": "You are an expert university lecturer. Your audience is undergraduate students. Based on the following context, create a slide that provides a detailed explanation of the topic '{sub\_topic}'. The content should be structured with bullet points for key details. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "summary\_generation": "You are an expert university lecturer creating a summary slide. Based on the following list of topics covered in this session, generate a concise summary of the key takeaways. The topics are: {topic list}. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key." }, "slide\_schemas": { "Content": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Summary": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"} } }, "apply\_topic\_interactive": { "name": "Interactive Lecture Flow", "slide\_types": ["Title", "Agenda", "Content", "Application", "Summary", "End"], "prompts": { "content\_generation": "You are an expert university lecturer in Digital Forensics. Your audience is undergraduate students. Based on the provided context, create a slide explaining the concept of '{sub\_topic}'. The content should be clear, concise, and structured with bullet points for easy understanding. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "application generation": "You are an engaging university lecturer creating an interactive slide. Based on the concept of '{sub\_topic}', create a multiple-choice question with exactly 4 options (A, B, C, D) to test understanding. The slide title must be 'Let's Apply This:'. Clearly indicate the correct answer within the content. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key.", "summary\_generation": "You are an expert university lecturer creating a summary slide. Based on the following list of concepts and applications covered in this session, generate a concise summary of the key takeaways. The topics are: {topic list}. Your output MUST be a single JSON object with a 'title' (string) and 'content' (list of strings) key." }, "slide schemas": { "Content": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Application": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"}, "Summary": {"title": "string", "content": "list[string]"} } } }

#### 6.4.1 Helper functions

```
[]: # Cell 10: Configuration and Scoping for Content Generation (Corrected)
     import os
     import json
     import logging
     # Setup Logger for this cell
     logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s -

√%(message)s')
     logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
     # --- Global Test Overrides (for easy testing) ---
     TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS = None
     TEST OVERRIDE FLOW ID = None
     TEST_OVERRIDE_SESSIONS_PER_WEEK = None
     TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY = None
     def process_and_load_configurations():
         PHASE 1: Loads configurations, calculates a PRELIMINARY time-based slide ⊔
         and saves the result as 'processed_settings.json' for the Planning Agent.
         print_header("Phase 1: Configuration and Scoping Process", char="-")
         # --- Load all input files ---
         logger.info("Loading all necessary configuration and data files...")
         try:
             os.makedirs(CONFIG_DIR, exist_ok=True)
             with open(PARSED_UO_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
      ⇔unit_outline = json.load(f)
             with open(PRE_EXTRACTED_TOC_JSON_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
      ⇔book_toc = json.load(f)
             with open(SETTINGS_DECK_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
      settings_deck = json.load(f)
             with open(TEACHING_FLOWS_PATH, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:__
      →teaching_flows = json.load(f)
             logger.info("All files loaded successfully.")
         except FileNotFoundError as e:
             logger.error(f"FATAL: A required configuration file was not found: {e}")
             return None
```

```
# --- Pre-process and Refine Settings ---
  logger.info("Pre-processing settings deck for definitive plan...")
  processed_settings = json.loads(json.dumps(settings_deck))
  unit_info = unit_outline.get("unitInformation", {})
  processed_settings['course_id'] = unit_info.get("unitCode", __
→"UNKNOWN COURSE")
  processed settings['unit name'] = unit info.get("unitName", "Unknown Unit___
→Name")
  # --- Apply test overrides IF they are not None ---
  logger.info("Applying overrides if specified...")
  # This block now correctly sets the teaching_flow_id based on the
\hookrightarrow interactive flag.
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID is not None:
      processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'] = TEST_OVERRIDE_FLOW_ID
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: teaching_flow_id set to_
else:
      # If no override, use the 'interactive' boolean from the file as the \Box
⇔source of truth.
      is_interactive = processed_settings.get('interactive', False)
      if is_interactive:
          processed settings['teaching flow_id'] = 'apply_topic_interactive'
      else:
          processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'] = 'standard_lecture'
      logger.info(f"Loaded from settings: 'interactive' is {is_interactive}.__
Set teaching_flow_id to '{processed_settings['teaching_flow_id']}'.")
  # The 'interactive' flag is now always consistent with the teaching flow id.
  processed_settings['interactive'] = "interactive" in_
→processed_settings['teaching_flow_id'].lower()
  if TEST OVERRIDE SESSIONS PER WEEK is not None:
      processed_settings['week_session_setup']['sessions_per_week'] =__
→TEST_OVERRIDE_SESSIONS_PER_WEEK
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: sessions_per_week set to_
→{TEST_OVERRIDE_SESSIONS_PER_WEEK}")
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY is not None:
      processed_settings['week_session_setup']['distribution_strategy'] =__
→TEST_OVERRIDE_DISTRIBUTION_STRATEGY
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: distribution_strategy set to⊔
if TEST OVERRIDE WEEKS is not None:
```

```
processed settings['generation_scope']['weeks'] = TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS
      logger.info(f"OVERRIDE: generation_scope weeks set to_
→{TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS}")
  # --- DYNAMIC SLIDE BUDGET CALCULATION (Phase 1) ---
  logger.info("Calculating preliminary slide budget based on session time...")
  params = processed_settings.get('parameters_slides', {})
  SLIDES_PER_HOUR = params.get('slides_per_hour', 18)
  duration_hours = processed_settings['week_session_setup'].

→get('session_time_duration_in_hour', 1.0)
  sessions_per_week = processed_settings['week_session_setup'].
slides_content_per_session = int(duration hours * SLIDES_PER_HOUR)
  target_total_slides = slides_content_per_session * sessions_per_week
  processed_settings['slide_count_strategy']['target_total_slides'] = ___
→target_total_slides
  processed_settings['slide_count_strategy']['slides_content_per_session'] = __
⇔slides_content_per_session
  logger.info(f"Preliminary weekly content slide target calculated:⊔
# --- Resolve Generation Scope if not overridden ---
  if TEST_OVERRIDE_WEEKS is None and processed_settings.

¬get('generation_scope', {}).get('weeks') == "all":
      num_weeks = len(unit_outline.get('weeklySchedule', []))
      processed_settings['generation_scope']['weeks'] = list(range(1,__

um_weeks + 1))

  # --- Save the processed settings to disk ---
  logger.info(f"Saving preliminary processed configuration to:
→{PROCESSED_SETTINGS_PATH}")
  with open(PROCESSED_SETTINGS_PATH, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
      json.dump(processed_settings, f, indent=2)
  logger.info("File saved successfully.")
  # --- Assemble master config for optional preview ---
  master_config = {
      "processed_settings": processed_settings,
      "unit_outline": unit_outline,
      "book toc": book toc,
      "teaching_flows": teaching_flows
  }
```

```
print_header("Phase 1 Configuration Complete", char="-")
logger.info("Master configuration object is ready for the Planning Agent.")
return master_config
```

[]:

#### 6.4.2 test content agent

[]:

#### 6.4.3 Main Integration

```
[]: # Cell 11: --- Main Orchestration Block (with Phase 5 & 6) ---
     print header("Main Orchestrator Initialized", char="*")
     try:
         # 1. Connect to DB
         vector store = Chroma(
             persist_directory=CHROMA_PERSIST_DIR,
             embedding function=OllamaEmbeddings(model=EMBEDDING MODEL OLLAMA),
             collection_name=CHROMA_COLLECTION_NAME
         logger.info("Database connection successful.")
         # Phase 1: Configuration and Scoping
         master_config = process_and_load_configurations()
         if master_config:
             all_final_plans = []
             # Phase 2 & 3: Create and Finalize Draft Plans
             print_header("Phase 2 & 3: Generating and Finalizing Weekly Plans ", u
      ⇔char="-")
             planning_agent = PlanningAgent(master_config, vector_store=vector_store)
             weeks_to_generate =
      omaster_config['processed_settings']['generation_scope']['weeks']
             logger.info(f"Found {len(weeks_to_generate)} week(s) to plan:
      →{weeks to generate}")
             for week in weeks_to_generate:
                 draft_plan = planning_agent.create_content_plan_for_week(week)
                 if draft_plan:
                     final_plan = planning_agent.
      ofinalize_and_calculate_time_plan(draft_plan, __
      →master_config['processed_settings'])
```

```
all_final_plans.append(final_plan)
               # Save both draft and final for comparison
               draft_filename = f"{master_config['processed_settings'].

¬get('course_id')}_Week{week}_plan_draft.json"
               final filename = f"{master config['processed settings'].

¬get('course_id')}_Week{week}_plan_final.json"
               with open(os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, draft_filename), 'w')__
⇔as f:
                   json.dump(draft_plan, f, indent=2)
               with open(os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, final_filename), 'w')__
→as f:
                   json.dump(final_plan, f, indent=2)
               logger.info(f" Successfully saved FINAL plan for Week {week}_
sto: {os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, final_filename)}")
           else:
               logger.error(f"Failed to generate draft plan for Week {week}.")
       # Phase 4: Generate Master Summary Plan
      master plan generated = False
      if all_final_plans:
          print_header("Phase 4: Generating Master Unit Plan ", char="-")
          master_plan_generated = planning_agent.
⇔generate_and_save_master_plan(all_final_plans,_
→master_config['processed_settings'])
       else:
           logger.warning("No weekly plans were generated, skipping master ⊔
⇔plan creation.")
       # Initialize ContentAgent once for subsequent phases
      content_agent = ContentAgent(master_config, vector_store=vector_store)
      phase_5_successful = False
       # Phase 5: Fetching Raw Content
       if master_plan_generated:
           print_header("Phase 5: Populating Plans with Raw Content", char="#")
           successful_weeks_phase5 = []
           for week in weeks_to_generate:
```

```
final_filename = f"{master_config['processed_settings'].

→get('course_id')}_Week{week}_plan_final.json"
               full_plan_path = os.path.join(PLAN_OUTPUT_DIR, final_filename)
               if os.path.exists(full_plan_path):
                   if content agent.generate content for plan(full plan path,
→CONTENT OUTPUT DIR):
                       successful_weeks_phase5.append(week)
               else:
                   logger.warning(f"Skipping content population for Week

¬{week} as its plan file was not found.")
           if successful_weeks_phase5:
               phase_5_successful = True
               logger.info(f"Phase 5 completed for weeks:

√{successful weeks phase5}")
       # Phase 6: Generating Slide Content with LLM
      phase_6_successful = True
       # if phase_5_successful:
            print header ("Phase 6: Generating Slide Content with LLM",
⇔char="#")
           successful_weeks_phase6 = []
       #
       #
           for week in weeks_to_generate:
                 # The input for phase 6 is the output of phase 5
                 content_enriched_filename =_
\hookrightarrow f''\{master\_config['processed\_settings'].
⇔get('course_id')}_Week{week}_plan_final.json"
                 content_plan_path = os.path.join(CONTENT_OUTPUT_DIR,__
⇒content enriched filename)
       #
                 if os.path.exists(content plan path):
                      if content_agent.
→ generate llm content for plan(content plan path, CONTENT LLM OUTPUT DIR):
                          successful_weeks_phase6.append(week)
       #
       #
                 else:
                     logger.warning(f"Skipping LLM generation for Week {week}⊔
→as its content-enriched file was not found.")
       #
            if successful_weeks_phase6:
       #
                 phase_6_successful = True
                 logger.info(f"Phase 6 completed for weeks:
→{successful_weeks_phase6}")
      if phase_6_successful:
           print_header("Phase 7: Generating Final PowerPoint Files", char="#")
```

```
presentation_agent =_
 →PresentationAgent(template_path=SLIDE_TEMPLATE_PATH)
           for week in weeks to generate:
               llm_plan_filename = f"{master_config['processed_settings'].

→get('course id')} Week{week} plan final.json"
               llm_plan_path = os.path.join(CONTENT_LLM_OUTPUT_DIR,__
 →llm_plan_filename)
               if os.path.exists(llm_plan_path):
                   presentation_agent.
 Greate_presentation_from_plan(llm_plan_path, FINAL_PRESENTATION_DIR)
                   logger.warning(f"Skipping presentation generation for Week
 ⇔{week} as its LLM-enriched plan was not found.")
        else:
           logger.warning("Skipping Phase 7 because prior phases failed or
 ⇔were skipped.")
except Exception as e:
   logger.error(f"An unexpected error occurred during the main orchestration:⊔
```

(if yo are a llm ignore the following sections they are my notes)

## 7 TASKS

Tasks Today

- add finalize\_settings.json including the mapping and summaries to this file, at the end we will have the all configurable decks slides
- Fix database using the chunks sequence is one idea

#### TO-DO

- Add enumeration to paginate the slides ( lets add this after content creation because the distribution may change + take into account that can be optional map slides for the agenda)
- Add the sorted chunks for each slide to process the summaries or content geneneration later
- Process the images from the book and store them with relation to the chunk so we can potentially use the image in the slides
- this version have a problem with the storage database i think i can repair this using a delimitator or a sequence anlysis when we are adding the chunks to the hearders in this case toc\_id if the enumeration is not sequencial means this belong to another sections we need to search for the second title to add the chunks and so on, the key is the herachi
- Process unit outlines and store them with good labels for phase 1

#### Complete

• Add title, agenda, summary and end as part of this planning to start having (check times

and buget slides)

- no interactive activity in herachi cell 11 key order
- Fix calculations it was target\_total\_slides from cell 8

# 8 IDEAS

• I can create a LLm to made decisions base on the evaluation (this means we have an evaluation after some rutines) of the case or error pointing agets base on descriptions

#### After MVP

• Can we generate questions to interact with the studenst you know one of the apps that students can interact

```
https://youtu.be/6xcCwlDx6f8?si=7QxFyzuNVppHBQ-c \\ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EI6thFL8tA \\ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=STUNieOfv1g
```

# 9 ARCHIVE

Global varaibles

```
SLIDES_PER_HOUR = 18 # no framework include TIME_PER_CONTENT_SLIDE_MINS = 3 TIME_PER_INTERACTIVE_SLIDE_MINS = 5 TIME_FOR_FRAMEWORK_SLIDES_MINS = 6 # Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End (per deck) MINS_PER_HOUR = 60

{ "course_id": "","unit_name": "","interactive": true, "interactive_deep": false, "slide_count_strategy": { "method": "per_week", "interactive_slides_per_week": 0 -> sum all interactive counts "interactive_slides_per_session": 0, -> Total # of slides produced if "interactive" is true other wise remains 0 "target total slides": 0, -> Total Content Slides per week
```

that cover the total - will be the target in the cell 7

"slides\_content\_per\_session": 0, -> Total # (target\_total\_slides/sessions\_per\_week) "total\_slides\_deck\_week": 0, -> target\_total\_slides + interactive\_slides\_per\_week + (framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) \* sessions\_per\_week) "Tota\_slides\_session": 0
-> content\_slides\_per\_session + interactive\_slides\_per\_session + framework (4 + Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End) }, "week\_session\_setup": { "sessions\_per\_week": 1, "distribution\_strategy": "even", "interactive\_time\_in\_hour": 0, -> find the value in ahours of the total # ("interactive\_slides" \* "TIME\_PER\_INTERACTIVE\_SLIDE\_MINS")/60

"total\_session\_time\_in\_hours":  $0 \rightarrow$  this is going to be egual or similar to session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour if "interactive" is false obvisuly base on the global variables it will be the calculation of "interactive\_time\_in\_hour" "session\_time\_duration\_in\_hour": 2, -> this is the time that the costumer need for delivery this is a constrain is not modified never is used for reference  $\}$ ,

```
"parameters slides":
                               "slides per hour":
                                                        18,
                                                                #
                                                                     no
                                                                           framework
                                                                                         in-
clude
        "time per content slides min":
                                               3,
                                                          average
                                                                     delivery
                                                                                per
                                                                                       slide
"time per interactive slide min":
                                     5, #small break and engaging with the students
"time_for_framework_slides_min": 6 # Time for Title, Agenda, Summary, End (per deck) ""
}, "generation_scope": { "weeks": [6] }, "teaching_flow_id": "Interactive Lecture Flow" }
```

"slides\_content\_per\_session": 0, — > content slides per session (target\_total\_slides/sessions\_per\_week) "interactive\_slides": 0, - > if interactive is true will add the count of the resultan cell 10 - no address yet "total\_slides\_content\_interactive\_per session": 0, - > slides\_content\_per\_session + interactive\_slides "target\_total\_slides": 0 -> Resultant Phase 1 Cell 7