The background of the slide is a dense field of 3D-rendered numbers (0-9) in various shades of blue and white. The numbers are of different heights and are scattered across the frame, creating a sense of depth and noise.

Natural noise generator using CUDA

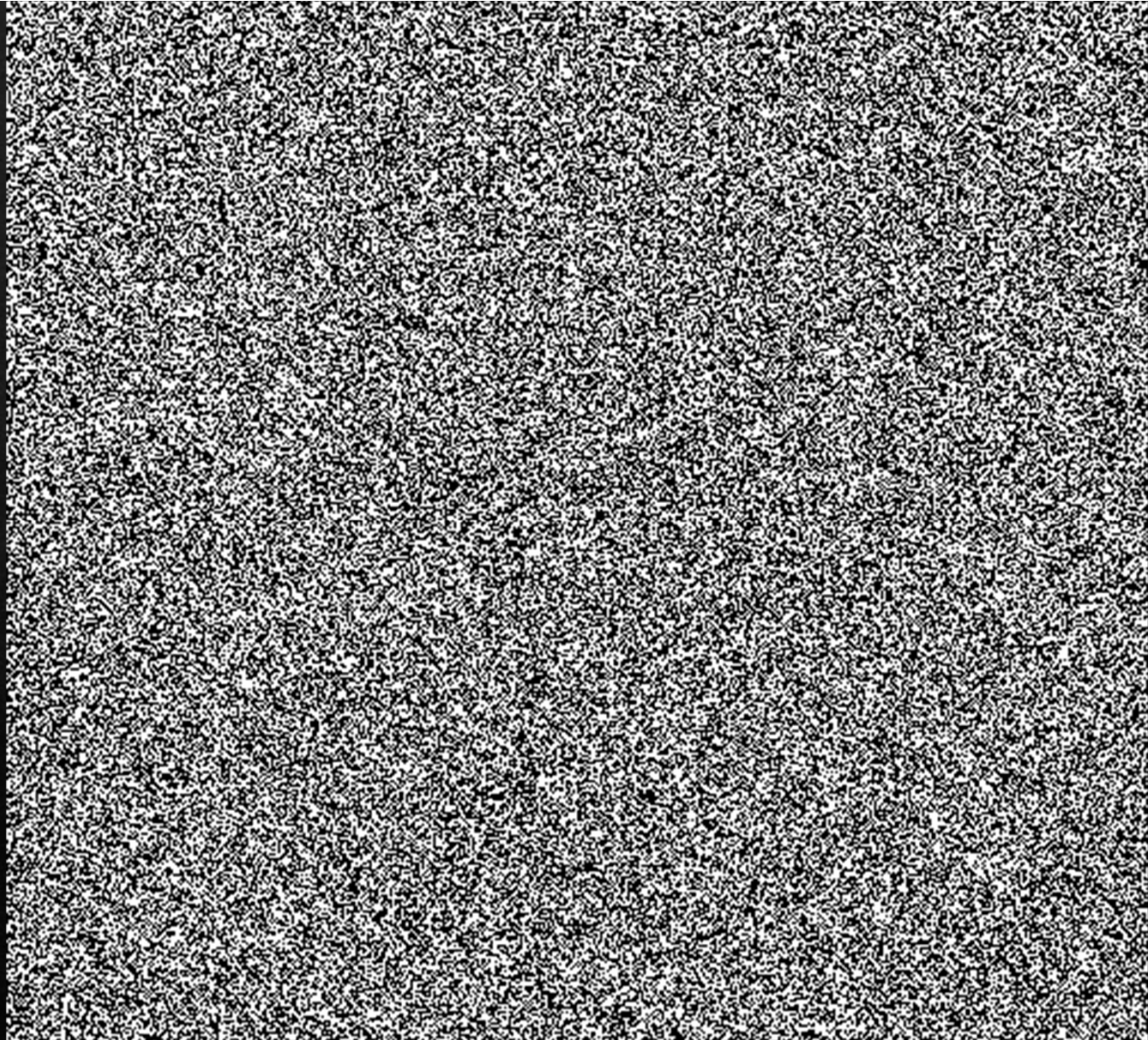
Sebastian Resendiz
A01701111

Context

- ◆ Randomness is everywhere in computing
- ◆ Can be created by physical, or mathematical means
- ◆ Sometimes there's need to get more controlled randomness

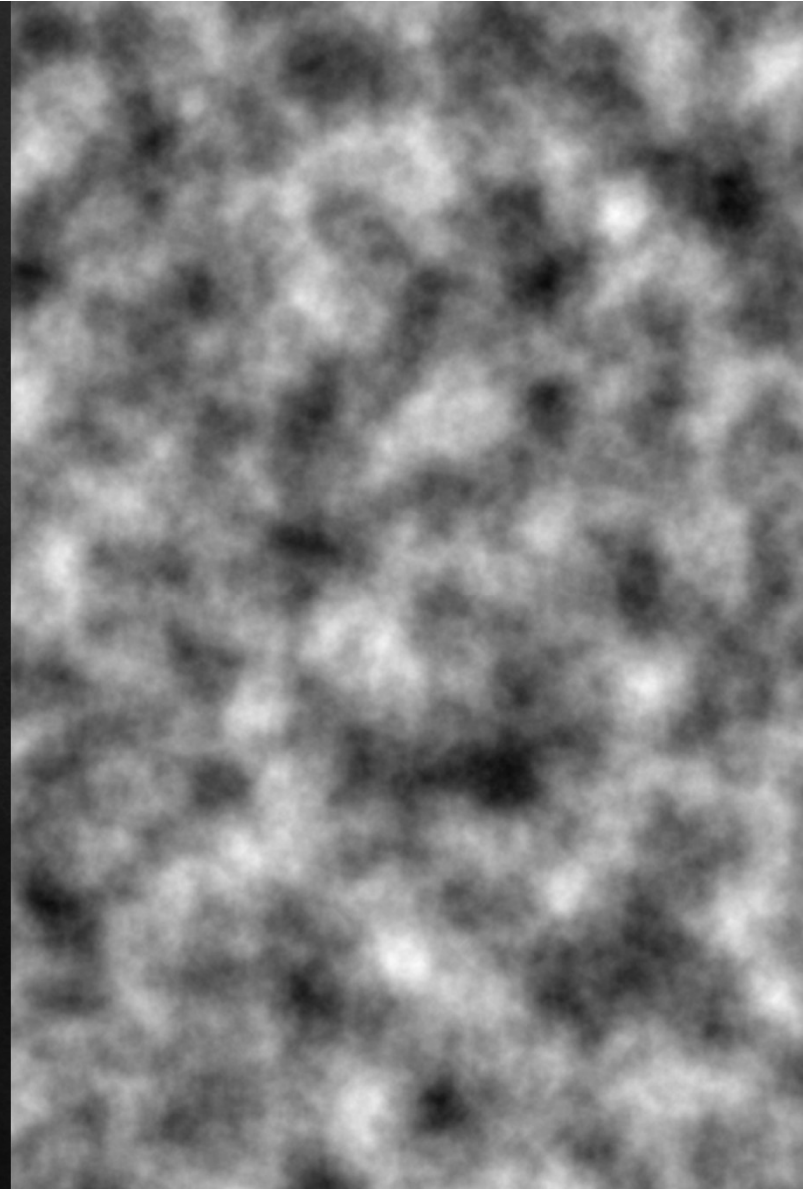
Problem

- ◇ Randomness looks ugly
- ◇ Its hard to get something natural looking



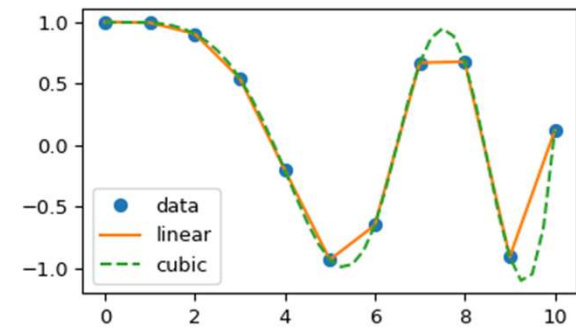
Solution

- ◆ Create a more organic randomness generation
- ◆ Use mathematics to compute the missing parts



Solution

- ◆ Get random or semi random numbers
- ◆ Smooth the numbers
- ◆ Interpolate
- ◆ Repeat by octave
- ◆ End!



-0.0966	0.0653	0.3682	0.3948	0.0328	-0.1832	0.1575	-0.2398	0.3380	0.1106
0.0800	0.3360	0.4082	0.0334	-0.2331	0.2168	-0.1601	0.3117	0.1897	-0.0484
0.3614	0.3387	-0.0883	-0.2226	0.1241	-0.2217	0.2481	0.0159	0.0390	0.0400
0.5143	-0.0628	-0.2590	0.1898	-0.2950	0.2769	0.0175	-0.0314	-0.0404	0.0434
-0.0281	-0.1712	0.1237	-0.2481	0.2311	0.1129	0.0527	0.0315	0.0499	-0.1315
-0.2198	0.1792	-0.2261	0.2292	0.1476	0.0025	-0.0797	0.0092	-0.2070	0.1124
0.2168	-0.1601	0.3117	0.1897	-0.0484	-0.0115	0.0529	-0.0673	0.1246	0.0981
-0.2217	0.2481	0.0159	0.0390	0.0400	0.1479	-0.1313	0.1107	0.2041	-0.0922
0.2769	0.0175	-0.0314	-0.0404	0.0434	-0.1490	0.1917	0.0818	-0.0419	0.4942
0.1129	0.0527	0.0315	0.0499	-0.1315	0.1436	0.0779	-0.0515	0.4536	-0.0628

Results

Conclusion

- ◆ It is useful to create more organic random numbers
- ◆ Its very handy
- ◆ Using CUDA does make it faster



Thanks!