



## Allgemeines & Mathe

Lagrange-Multiplikatoren

$f$  Fkt;  $g$  holonome NB.

$$\Rightarrow \text{bei } 2 \text{ NB} \Rightarrow 2 \lambda \quad \nabla(f + \lambda g) = 0$$

Logarithmusregeln  $\ln(1)=0$

$$\log(x) + \log(y) = \log(xy)$$

$$(n(0)) \rightarrow -\infty \quad \ln(1) \rightarrow \text{positiv}$$

$$\ln(-1) \rightarrow \text{negativ}$$

Eulersche Formel

$$e^{iy} = \cos(y) + i \sin(y)$$

$$e^{-iy} = \cos(y) - i \sin(y)$$

Taylorenhöherung:

$$\cos \varphi = 1 + O(\varphi^2)$$

$$\sin \varphi = \varphi + O(\varphi^3)$$

$$\text{mit } \sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(2x))$$

Trigonometrische Identitäten

$$\sin(x+y) = \sin(x)\cos(y) + \cos(x)\sin(y)$$

$$\sin(x-y) = \sin(x)\cos(y) - \cos(x)\sin(y)$$

$$\cos(x+y) = \cos(x)\cos(y) - \sin(x)\sin(y)$$

$$\cos(x-y) = \cos(x)\cos(y) + \sin(x)\sin(y)$$

$$\sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x) = 1, \quad \cosh^2(x) - \sinh^2(x) = 1$$

indim Kugel

$$\text{Volumen } V_n(R) = \int d^n x = \frac{\pi^{n/2}}{T(\frac{n}{2}+1)} R^n$$

$$S_n(R) = \frac{d}{dR} V_n(R)$$

$$\text{Oberfläche } S_n(R) = \int S(r=R) d^n x = \frac{2\pi^{n/2}}{T(\frac{n}{2})} R^{n-1}$$

Gammafunktion  $T'(x) = \int t^{x-1} e^{-t} dt$

$$d^n x = d\Omega_n r^{n-1} dr$$

Koordinatenstuf

$$dA = r dr d\varphi$$

$$\vec{x}^2 = \vec{r}^2 + r^2 \vec{\varphi}^2$$

$$\vec{r} = r \vec{e}_r$$

$$\vec{e}_r = (\cos \varphi, \sin \varphi)$$

$$\vec{e}_{\theta} = (\sin \varphi, 0)$$

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