

# How analysis strategy affects analysis results

Vibration of effects due to model specifications

Sebastian Ploner, sploner1@sheffield.ac.uk, University of Sheffield

## Introduction

Silberzahn et al. (2018) investigated the effects of analytical choices on results. Specifically, they had 29 teams of researchers investigate the same research question with the same dataset. Other than being part of the project there was no incentive for researchers to participate i.e., there was no ulterior motive for researcher to manipulate outcomes (e.g. wanting/needing to publish). The variation between the analytic approaches was substantial. There were 29 different analyses with 21 different combinations of covariates. Twenty teams found a statistically significant effect, and the estimated effect sizes stretched from 0.89 to 2.93 (median = 1.31). The authors also controlled for prior beliefs, experience and peer rated analysis quality, none of them accounted for the variation of results.

This study puts (psychological) research in a delicate position, because if researchers with honest intentions come to such drastically different conclusions despite starting off on the identical dataset what does this mean for the rest of studies?

The Covid-19 pandemic has reaffirmed the need for rigorous scientific research, but the process is not straightforward. In fact, Ioannidis 2005 argued that most study findings are false positives due to flawed study designs and insufficient sample sizes.

Silberzahn et al. (2018)

Patel et al. (2015)

Haessler et al. (2020)

## References

- Haessler, T., Ullrich, J., Bernardino, M., Shnabel, N., Van Laar, C., Valdenegro, D., Sebben, S., Tropp, L. R., Visintin, E. P., Gonzalez, R., Dittmann, R. K., Abrams, D., Selvanathan, H. P., Brankovic, M., Wright, S., von Zimmermann, J., Pasek, M., Aydin, A. L., Zezelj, I., . . . Ugarte, L. M. (2020). A large-scale test of the link between intergroup contact and support for social change. *Nature Human Behaviour*, 4(4), 380–386. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41562-019-0815-z>
- Patel, C. J., Burford, B., & Ioannidis, J. P. A. (2015). Assessment of vibration of effects due to model specification can demonstrate the instability of observational associations. *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology*, 68(9), 1046–1058. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclinepi.2015.05.029>
- Silberzahn, R., Uhlmann, E. L., Martin, D. P., Anselmi, P., Aust, F., Awtrey, E., Bahník, Š., Bai, F., Bannard, C., Bonnier, E., Carlsson, R., Cheung, F., Christensen, G., Clay, R., Craig, M. A., Rosa, A. D., Dam, L., Evans, M. H., Cervantes, I. F., . . . Nosek, B. A. (2018). Many analysts, one data set: Making transparent how variations in analytic choices affect results. *Advances in Methods and Practices in Psychological Science*, 1(3), 337–356. <https://doi.org/10.1177/2515245917747646>