

Critical Raw Materials

Dienstag, 13. April 2021 20:41

- ▣ Diversity in terms of supply countries: at max 65% of the annual consumption
- ▣ Set the Russian imports to the EU to zero

- Effectiveness percentage limit
 - how liquid is the global market
 - Increase in transport costs
 - Strategic reserve → stockpiling
-

→ countries are committing

③ Increase supply

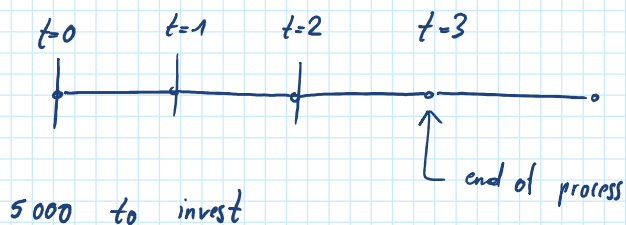
↳ Logistic stockpiling maintaining existing equipment

fraction of the winter demand

4.5bcm / daily use of natural gas in Italy

↳ Time that it takes to develop new production capacities

→ Substitution possibilities at certain costs

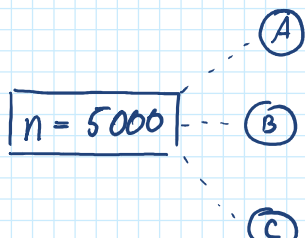


Option { A
B

State $n \in \{0, 5000, 10000\} \dots n$ dollars in account

decisions: $x_t \in \{A, B, \text{no investment}\}$

→ the set of „allowable“ decisions changed, depending on the stage and state



A	-5000	0.3
	+5000	0.7
<hr/>		
B	0	0.9
	+5000	0.1

(C)



ohne Strategisches Verhalten

mini costs

s.t.:

Erweiterung der Kapazität (Abgefragte Menge)

2025 2026

Investitionsvolumen $\hat{=}$ Abgefragte Menge im Schnitt zuvor

↳ Erweiterung des Portfolios entspricht dem kumulierten
 ⇒ Konstanter Profit pro Einheit

$t \in \mathcal{T} = \{2025, 2030, 2035\}$

d_t ... Discount factor

π_t ... Profit at timestep t

λ_t ... Market clearing price at timestep t

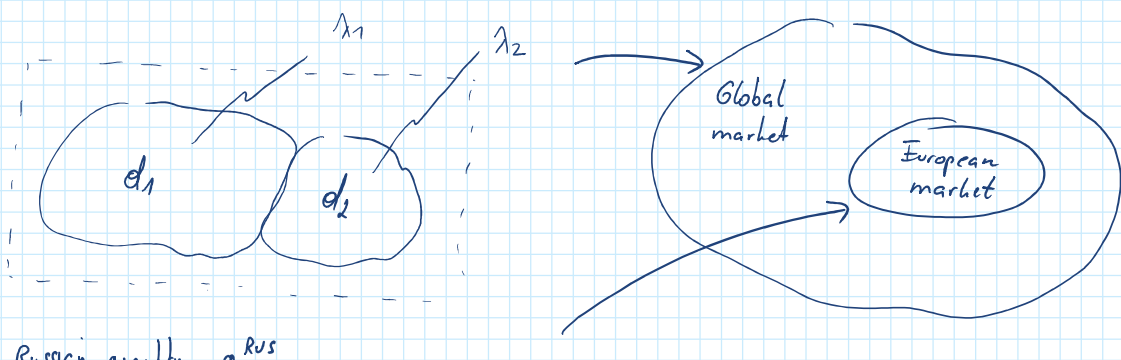
c ... Production costs of major supplier

q_t ... Quantity delivered to / received from the market

$$\max \sum_t d_t \times \pi_t = \max \sum_t \frac{1}{(1+i)^{t-t_0}} \left\{ (\lambda_t - c) \times q_t \right\}$$

p_t ... Price offer by the major supplier at timestep t

\tilde{q}_t ... Quantity offer by the major supplier at timestep t



Russian quantity q^{Rus}

All other generators:

→ Diversifizierung

→ Keine Russian Imports

→ Global market

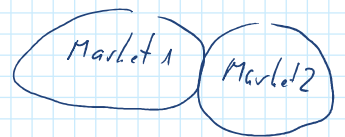
→ European market

$$\sum \text{Generators} \geq \text{European Demand}$$

$d \in D$... demand

$g \in G$... generation

i ... major supply/generation (with market power)



$$\min \text{ costs} = \min \sum_{g \in G} C_g \times p_g$$

$$\text{s.t.: } 0 \leq p_g \leq \bar{p}_g : \forall g \in G$$

$$\sum_{d \in D} p_d - \sum_{g \in G} p_g = 0 : \lambda$$

Weltmarkt (Global trade) → Market 1 (M_1)

Europäischer Handel (European trade) → Market 2 (M_2)

~~$$\min \text{ costs of } M_1 + M_2 = \min \sum_{g \in G} C_g \times \{q_{g,M_1} + q_{g,M_2}\}$$~~

~~$$0 \leq q_{g,M_1} + q_{g,M_2} \leq \bar{q}_g : \forall g \in G$$~~

~~$$\sum_{d \in M_1} q_d = \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,M_1} : \lambda_{M_1}$$~~

~~$$\sum_{d \in M_2} q_d = \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,M_2} : \lambda_{M_2}$$~~

$$\boxed{\text{Nebenbedingung } \lambda_{M_1} = \lambda_{M_2}}$$

~~$q_{g,M2} = 0 : \forall g \in G_{\text{embargo}}$~~

~~$q_{g,M2} \leq 0.65 \times \sum_{d \in M_2} q_d$~~

→ Mit insgesamt 3 Timesteps {2025, 2030, 2035}

→ Veränderung von der maximalen Produktionskapazität

Lower level: $t \in T \dots \{2025, 2030, 2035\}$ $m \in M \dots \{\text{Market 1, Market 2}\}$
 $g \in G \dots \{\text{Generator 1, Generator 2, ...}\} \rightarrow \text{Generator 1 is the major supplier}$

$$\min_x \text{ costs of both markets } M1+M2 = \min \sum_{t \in T} \sum_{g \in G} C_g \times \{q_{g,t,M1} + q_{g,t,M2}\}$$

$$(1) \quad 0 \leq q_{g,t,M1} + q_{g,t,M2} : \forall g,t \quad (\mu_{g,t}^1) \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \min \sum_{t \in T} \sum_{g \in G} \sum_{m \in M} C_g \times q_{g,t,m}$$

$$(2) \quad q_{g,t,M1} + q_{g,t,M2} \leq \bar{q}_{g,t} : \forall g,t \quad (\mu_{g,t}^2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$(3) \quad \sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t} = \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M1} : \forall t \quad (\lambda_t^1) \quad \checkmark$$

$\bar{q}_{g,t} \dots$ is a parameter $\forall t \wedge g = \text{Generator 1}$
 $\bar{q}_{g,t} \dots$ is a variable $\forall t \wedge g \neq \text{Generator 1}$

$$(4) \quad \sum_{d \in M2} d_{d,t} = \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M2} : \forall t \quad (\lambda_t^2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$(5) \quad q_{g,t,M1} = 0 : \forall g \in G_{\text{embargo}}, t \quad (\lambda_{g,t}^3) \quad \checkmark$$

$$(6) \quad q_{g,t,M1} \leq 0.65 \times \sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t} : \forall g,t \quad (\lambda_{g,t}^4) \quad \checkmark$$

$$-q_{g,t,M1} - q_{g,t,M2} \leq 0 : \forall g,t \Leftrightarrow \mu_{g,t}^1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$q_{g,t,M1} + q_{g,t,M2} - \bar{q}_{g,t} \leq 0 : \forall g,t \Leftrightarrow \mu_{g,t}^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t} - \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M1} = 0 : \forall t \Leftrightarrow \lambda_t^1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sum_{d \in M2} d_{d,t} - \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M2} = 0 : \forall t \Leftrightarrow \lambda_t^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$q_{g,t,M1} = 0 : \forall g \in G_{\text{embargo}}, t \Leftrightarrow (\lambda_{g,t}^3) \quad \checkmark$$

$$q_{g,t,M1} = 0,65 \times \sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t} : \forall g,t \Leftrightarrow (\lambda_{g,t}^4) \checkmark$$

⇒ Derive KKT conditions [dual problem of (1)-(6)]

No capacity expansion constraint included!

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(\lambda, \mu, \lambda) = & \sum_t \sum_g \sum_m c_g q_{g,t,m} + \sum_t \sum_g \mu_{g,t}^1 [-q_{g,t,M1} - q_{g,t,M2}] \\ & + \sum_t \sum_g \mu_{g,t}^2 [q_{g,t,M1} + q_{g,t,M2} - \bar{q}_{g,t}] \\ & + \sum_t \lambda_t^1 \left[\sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t} - \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M1} \right] \\ & + \sum_t \lambda_t^2 \left[\sum_{d \in M2} d_{d,t} - \sum_{g \in G} q_{g,t,M2} \right] \\ & + \sum_{g \in G_{\text{Ambargo}}} \lambda_{g,t}^3 [q_{g,t,M1}] \\ & + \sum_t \sum_g \lambda_{g,t}^4 [q_{g,t,M1} - 0,65 \cdot \sum_{d \in M1} d_{d,t}] \end{aligned}$$

KKT Conditions

$$\nabla \mathcal{L} = 0$$

⋮

Is it possible to add (new) constraints like?

such as:

$$(A) \quad \lambda_t^1 = \lambda_t^2 : \forall t$$

$$(B) \quad \bar{q}_{g,t} = f(\lambda_{t-1}^1) : \forall g \setminus \{\text{Generator 1}\}, t$$

→ using SOS2 variables

