



Return to "Deep Learning" in the classroom

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# Generate TV Scripts

# CODE REVIEW HISTORY

## **Meets Specifications**

Congratulations! Great model architecture and choice of hyper-parameters. Keep up the good work! About your questions:

Your other project looks also great and those results are awesome, but I am not in a position in the industry to advertise it anyhow. You should definitely take advantage, as a student of a nanodegree, of Udacity's career services: <a href="https://www.udacity.com/career-services">https://www.udacity.com/career-services</a> I am not sure if you can access those services before completing your nanodegree, but it is a big part of what you pay for it. I would definitely start with that. I hope my answer was helpful!

### All Required Files and Tests



The project submission contains the project notebook, called "dlnd\_tv\_script\_generation.ipynb".

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All the unit tests in project have passed.

Congratulations!

### **Pre-processing Data**

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The function create\_lookup\_tables create two dictionaries:

- Dictionary to go from the words to an id, we'll call vocab\_to\_int
- Dictionary to go from the id to word, we'll call int\_to\_vocab

The function create\_lookup\_tables return these dictionaries as a tuple (vocab\_to\_int, int\_to\_vocab).

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The function token\_lookup returns a dict that can correctly tokenizes the provided symbols.

### **Batching Data**

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The function batch\_data breaks up word id's into the appropriate sequence lengths, such that only complete sequence lengths are constructed.

Nice code! Clean and simple.

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In the function batch\_data , data is converted into Tensors and formatted with TensorDataset.

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Finally, batch\_data returns a DataLoader for the batched training data.

### **Build the RNN**

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The RNN class has complete \_\_init\_\_ , forward , and init\_hidden functions.

Great model architecture!



The RNN must include an LSTM or GRU and at least one fully-connected layer. The LSTM/GRU should be correctly initialized, where relevant.

### **RNN Training**



• Enough epochs to get near a minimum in the training loss, no real upper limit on this. Just need

to make sure the training loss is low and not improving much with more training.

- Batch size is large enough to train efficiently, but small enough to fit the data in memory. No real "best" value here, depends on GPU memory usually.
- Embedding dimension, significantly smaller than the size of the vocabulary, if you choose to use word embeddings
- Hidden dimension (number of units in the hidden layers of the RNN) is large enough to fit the data well. Again, no real "best" value.
- n\_layers (number of layers in a GRU/LSTM) is between 1-3.
- The sequence length (seq\_length) here should be about the size of the length of sentences you want to look at before you generate the next word.
- The learning rate shouldn't be too large because the training algorithm won't converge. But needs to be large enough that training doesn't take forever.

Great choice of hyper-parameters. Some suggestions:

- Sequence length -> this can have a big effect on the generated scripts. You can play a bit with this hyper-parameter (around 5-30) to see the differences.
- RNN size and embed dim -> nice choices! Bigger values might improve the training results in exchange of a longer training, due to the added complexity.
- Number of layers -> Despite the comments in the project recommending a value between 1-3, some students managed to get great results with 4 or 5 layers.



The printed loss should decrease during training. The loss should reach a value lower than 3.5.

Awesome!



There is a provided answer that justifies choices about model size, sequence length, and other parameters.

Nice explanation. Informed trial an error is a good strategy to come up with reasonable values.

### **Generate TV Script**



The generated script can vary in length, and should look structurally similar to the TV script in the dataset.

It doesn't have to be grammatically correct or make sense.

Reads great!

