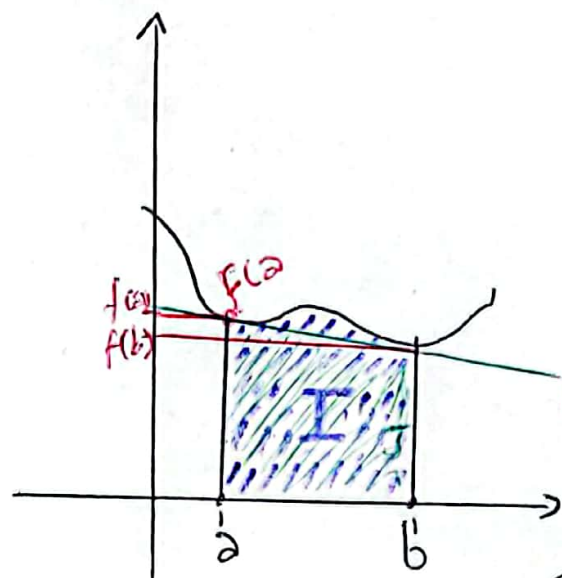


i) Método de trapecio simple

$$I = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$



$$\Omega = \{(a, f(a)), (b, f(b))\}$$

$$p_{\Omega}(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f_i(x) L_i(x)$$

$$p_{\Omega}(x) = \frac{x-b}{a-b} f(a) + \frac{x-a}{b-a} f(b)$$

$$\left(\int_a^b p_{\Omega}(x) dx = I \right) \approx \left(I = \int_a^b f(x) dx \right)$$

$$f(a) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(a) \\ f(b) \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(a) \\ f(b) \end{array} \right\} \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}}_{(b-a)} = \int_a^b p_{\Omega}(x) dx$$

$$A_{\square} = f(b) \cdot (b-a) + \frac{(f(a) - f(b)) \cdot (b-a)}{2} = (b-a) \left(f(b) + \frac{f(a) - f(b)}{2} \right)$$

$$A_{\square} = \left(\frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} \right) (b-a) = \int_a^b p_{\Omega}(x) dx$$

2) Error

$$f(x) = P_{\Omega_{a,b}}(x) + \epsilon(x)$$

$$h = (b-a)$$

$$\epsilon(x) = \frac{f''(\xi)}{2} (x-a)(x-b)$$

$$\int_a^b \frac{f''(\xi)}{2} (x-a)(x-b) dx =$$

$$\frac{f''(\xi)}{2} \int_a^b (x^2 - bx - ax + ab) dx =$$

$$\frac{f''(\xi)}{2} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{bx^2}{2} - \frac{ax^2}{2} + abx \right]_a^b =$$

$$\frac{f''(\xi)}{2} \left[\frac{b^3}{3} - \frac{b^3}{2} - \frac{ab^2}{2} + ab^2 - \frac{a^3}{3} + \frac{ba^2}{2} + \frac{a^3}{2} + a^2b \right]$$

$$\frac{f''(\xi)}{2} \left(\frac{a^3 - b^3}{6} + \frac{-ab^2 + ba^2}{2} + b^2a + ba^2 \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{a^3 - b^3}{12} + \frac{-ab^2 + ba^2}{4} + \frac{b^2a}{2} + \frac{ba^2}{2} \right) f''(\xi) = \mathcal{O}(h^3)$$

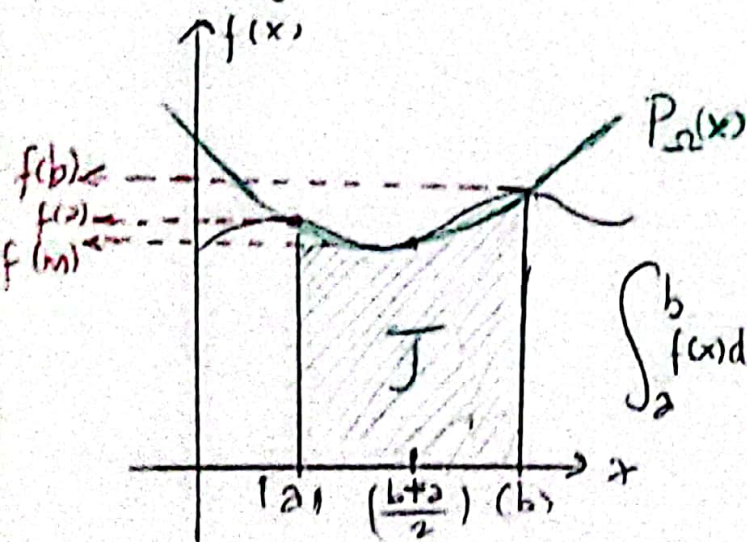
$$h = (b - a)$$

$$\frac{-h^3}{12} = \left(-\frac{b^3}{12} + \frac{3ba^2}{4} + \frac{ab^2}{4} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{O} \rightarrow h^3}$$

3) Método de Simpson simple $1/3$

$$I = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$



$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \left(J = \int_a^b P_2(x) dx \right)$$

4)

$$E = \int_a^b E(x) dx = \int_a^b \frac{f'''(\xi)}{4!} (x-a)(x-b)\left(x - \left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$=$$

$$\frac{f'''(\xi)}{24} \int_a^b x^3 + \frac{xb^2}{2} - \frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{x^2b}{2} + \frac{xa^2}{2} - \frac{a^2b}{2} - \frac{ab^2}{2} + \frac{2abx}{2} - x^2b - ax^2 + abx dx$$

$$=$$

$$\frac{f'''(\xi)}{24} \left[\frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{ax^3}{2} - \frac{bx^3}{2} + \frac{a^2x^2}{4} + \frac{b^2x^2}{4} + abx^2 - \frac{ab^2x}{2} - \frac{a^2bx}{2} \right]_a^b$$

$$\frac{f'''(\xi)}{24} \left(\begin{aligned} &\frac{b^4}{4} - \frac{ab^3}{2} - \frac{b^4}{4} + \frac{a^2b^2}{4} + \frac{b^4}{4} + \frac{ab^3}{2} - \frac{ab^3}{2} - \frac{a^2b^2}{2} \\ &- \frac{a^4}{4} + \frac{a^4}{2} - \frac{b^4}{2} + \frac{a^4}{4} + \frac{b^2a^2}{4} + \frac{a^3b}{2} - \frac{a^2b^2}{2} - \frac{a^3b}{2} \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$\frac{f'''(\xi)}{24} (0) = 0$$