

# O

# Administrativa

28 September 2023

Sebastian Wild

# Goals for Today

- ▶ give you some detail on what this module covers
  - ~~ so that you can decide whether to keep it
    - ↑ elective modules can be changed in first 2 weeks
- ▶ inform you about how COMP526 is run —
- ▶ inform you about how COMP526 is assessed

# Welcome to COMP 526 – Applied Algorithms

- Instructor: Dr. Sebastian Wild

Ashton Building 2.23

wild@liverpool.ac.uk

- Tutorials: Ben Smith

b.m.smith@liverpool.ac.uk

- Module website: [www.wild-inter.net/teaching/comp526](http://www.wild-inter.net/teaching/comp526)

→ your first address for any infos on COMP 526



- *Campuswire*: collaborative Q&A (more on this later)

**also used for announcements**

→ please register via link from the Canvas announcement

<https://campuswire.com/p/GBE440C1A>

PIN 4967

- *Slido*: student response system for formative feedback

please bring your smartphone, laptop, etc. to class

- Final mark: 60% final exam + 40% continuous assessments (more later)

# Audience Response System: *Slido*

- ▶ Goal: Collect immediate, formative feedback
  - ▶ Stay focused and engaged! ("active learning")
  - ▶ Quick feedback (for you individually) if you are on track.
  - ▶ Quick feedback (for me) whether (most of) you are on track.
- ▶ ... and there's marks for *participation!* (not for correct answers)



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- ▶ ... and there's marks for *participation!* (not for correct answers)
- ▶ Slido has 2 useful features:



## 1. Quicks Polls



## 2. Audience Questions



# Clicker Question



Have you ever used an audience response system (Slido or similar) in lectures before?

**A** Yes

**B** No



→ *sli.do/comp526*

# My approach to lectures

**My conclusions** (from years of own experience, a pandemic, and observing others)

irrespective of the mode of delivery!

0. Good explanations (intuitions!) and well-structure material are the most important aspect.
1. **Synchronous (live) lectures** beat videos in keeping up with class. (but recordings are great!)
2. Only a small minority of students asks questions in class. ↗ other backchannels ←
3. **Interaction** makes content memorable (and keeps brains awake!) ↗ Slido tasks

# Components of COMP 526

## Slido questions

immediate feedback  
simple questions

## Lectures

new material  
discussions  
big picture

## Tutorials

practice problems  
solve deep questions

## Campuswire

collaborative Q&A knowledge base

## Class tests

frequent test of  
basic understanding

## Programming tasks 1 & 2

find & realize creative solutions

# Overview of the module

## Goals:

- ▶ build / enhance your toolbox of algorithmic methods and techniques
  - ~~ here: focus on practical methods
- ▶ enable you to reason about and communicate algorithmic solutions
  - ~~ level of abstraction, proofs, mathematical analysis, vocabulary
- ▶ enable you to apply, combine and extend methods

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## Units:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>0. Administrativa &amp; Proof Techniques</li><li>1. Machines &amp; Models</li><li>2. Fundamental Data Structures</li><li>3. Efficient Sorting</li><li>4. String Matching</li></ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>5. Compression</li><li>6. Error-Correcting Codes</li><li>7. Parallel Algorithms</li><li>8. Text indexing</li><li>9. Range-Minimum Queries</li></ol> |
|--|---|

# Assessments

= continuous assessment  
↓  
(More details on CA tasks  
later in the term)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{final mark} = & \quad 0.6 \cdot \text{exam mark} \\ & + 0.1 \cdot \text{CA1 (programming puzzle 1) mark} \\ & + 0.1 \cdot \text{CA2 (programming puzzle 2) mark} \\ & + 0.15 \cdot \text{class test mark} \\ & + 0.05 \cdot \text{participation mark}\end{aligned}$$

## Class Tests

- ≈ offload 15% of mark from exam to CA
- ▶ several quizzes throughout term
- ▶ very short (1 question)
- ▶ fair format (IMHO)
  1. unmarked practice questions  
(try as often as you like, answer shown)
  2. same question type as marked quiz
- ▶ quick intermediate feedback

## Participation Marks

- ▶ 5% for regular participation on Slido

for good engagement,  
not correct answers!

# Academic Integrity

e. g., our programming puzzles

- You must show “*good academic practice*” in all your assessments.

→ definition on next few slides

- UK higher education has extremely **strict** rules and **zero-tolerance** policies

- some forms of misconduct entail **immediate termination** of studies at first offense!
- rules could differ from what you are used to, so pay attention

# Academic Integrity

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- ▶ You must show “*good academic practice*” in all your assessments.
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- ▶ UK higher education has extremely **strict** rules and **zero-tolerance** policies
  - ▶ some forms of misconduct entail **immediate termination** of studies at first offense!
  - ▶ rules could differ from what you are used to, so pay attention

- ▶ In short: **It is *not* OK to**
  - ▶ let others **copy** your work
  - ▶ work **together** with others on assessments (except where explicitly allowed)
  - ▶ use anyone’s ideas/work/code/etc. without explicitly **citing** the source
  - ▶ use any tools (in particular GenAI) without proper citation (unless explicitly allowed)

## Clicker Question



Why do we do assessments?



→ *sli.do/comp526*

# Academic Integrity: Definitions

## ► ***Collusion:***

“Collusion occurs when, unless with official approval (e.g. in the case of group projects), two or more **students consciously collaborate** in the preparation and production of work that is **submitted** by each student in an identical or **substantially similar form and/or** is represented by each to be the product of their **individual efforts.** Collusion also occurs where there is **unauthorised co-operation** between a student and another person in the preparation and production of work which is presented as the student’s own.”

## ► ***Plagiarism & Copying:***

“Copying occurs when a student consciously presents as their own work material **copied directly from a fellow student** or other person without their knowledge. It includes the passing off of another’s intellectual property or ideas as one’s own. It differs from collusion in that the **originator of the copied work is not aware** of or party to the copying.

**Copying** of work **from published sources** would be dealt with as **plagiarism.** [...] Examples of forms of plagiarism include: [...] the close **paraphrasing of another’s work** by simply changing a few words, altering the order of presentation, or using software applications to paraphrase another’s work **without appropriate** and correctly presented **acknowledgement and citation** of the original source(s).”

# Academic Integrity: Generative AI

*We live in exciting times!*

LLMs (ChatGPT etc.), Media generators  
(Midjourney etc.), GitHub CoPilot, ...

- ▶ Generative Artificial Intelligence (GenAI) is amazing!
  - ▶ full of flaws (hallucination, bias, copyright, data privacy, cost, ...)
  - ▶ and yet ... often helpful, surprisingly versatile
- ▶ Why not use for everything?
  - ▶ Need for *deeply skilled* humans here to stay (for now anyways)
  - ~~ Skill comes from practice! (We still teach mental arithmetic in primary school!)



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~~ For our assessments: ***Don't take away the thinking! = Don't cheat yourself!***

assessments designed for upskilling *humans*

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## Acceptable use:

- ▶ preparatory research  
(≈ Wikipedia)
- ▶ proof reading  
(spelling, grammar)

## Unacceptable use: (not exhaustive!)

- ▶ use generated parts w/o acknowledgment & citation
- ▶ tools to paraphrase others' work to pass as own
- ▶ generated parts with inappropriate prompt,  
e.g., "write me a conclusion for this essay"

GenAI Guidelines: [liverpool.ac.uk/centre-for-innovation-in-education/digital-education/generative-artificial-intelligence/](http://liverpool.ac.uk/centre-for-innovation-in-education/digital-education/generative-artificial-intelligence/)  
GenAI Literacy: [pcwww.liv.ac.uk/knowhow/GAI/story.html](http://pcwww.liv.ac.uk/knowhow/GAI/story.html)

## Clicker Question



What do you think is the **#1 predictor** of whether a student cheats in assessments?



→ *sli.do/comp526*

# Clicker Question



What do you think is the **#1 predictor** of whether a student cheats in assessments?

Source: [youtu.be/sMpC8QwWSbI](https://youtu.be/sMpC8QwWSbI)

Time Management Tips: [pcwww.liv.ac.uk/knowhow/time-management/story.html](http://pcwww.liv.ac.uk/knowhow/time-management/story.html)



→ *sli.do/comp526*

# Academic Integrity: Categories of Misconduct

Category	Informal Definition	Consequences
A	Minor Errors (e.g., in citations)	10% deduction on assessment
B	Poor Practice, no intention to deceive	cap this assessment at 50%
C	Plagiarism, Copying, Collusion, Unacceptable use of generative AI <b>first offense</b> ↵ no intention to deceive	0% for this assessment
D	Repeated Cat. C offense	0% for entire module
E	Serious Malpractice <small>↳ e.g., submitting purchased coursework, generate entire submission with ChatGPT (without citation)</small>	0% for module, suspension, or <b>termination</b> of studies

↳ You can ruin your future quite quickly with this. 🙏 Please don't do it.

- ▶ *plagiarism-checking software* runs over all submissions
  - ↳ Plagiarism cases are regularly found and investigated.
  - ↳ Don't be one of them. *Start early, work honestly.*

# Tutorials

- ▶ *tutorial sheet* published on module page (every Monday)
  - ▶ practice problems (old exam questions!)
  - ▶ enhancement problems
- ▶ *tutorials* (week after sheet)
  - ▶ small group teaching
  - ▶ discussion of solutions
- ▶ written *solution hints* released after tutorials

The screenshot shows a LaTeX document with the following structure:

- Header:** Includes the University of Tübingen logo, the title "TUTORIAL 1 FOR COMP 526 - EFFICIENT ALGORITHMS, FALL 2023", the date "2023-09-26", and the author "Dr. Sebastian Wild - Bas-Teach".
- Section 1: Problem 1 (Mathematical induction)**

Given a sequence of numbers  $T(n)$  defined recursively by:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } n = 0; \\ T(n-1) + 4, & \text{for } n \geq 1. \end{cases} \quad (1)$$
  - Compute the first 6 elements of  $T(n)$ , i.e.,  $T(0), T(1), T(2), T(3), T(4)$ , and  $T(5)$ .
  - Make an educated guess about the general pattern that this sequence follows. Write this guess as a closed form for  $T(n)$ , i.e., a formula for  $T(n)$  without recourse reference to  $T$ .
  - Now formally prove the correctness of your guess using mathematical induction.
- Section 2: Problem 2 (Decreasing potential method)**

There are two integral<sup>1</sup> parts of integer division: the quotient and the remainder. For two integers  $a, k > 0$  the quotient (or result) of the integer division " $a \text{ div } k$ " is defined as the largest integer  $r$  with  $rk \leq a$ . The remainder of the division is defined as  $r = a - rk$ . Note that  $0 \leq r < k$ . The value  $r$  is also known as the result of the modulo operation, with " $r = a \bmod k$ ".

**Example:**  $10 \text{ div } 3 = 3$  and  $10 \bmod 3 = 1$ ,  
 $13 \text{ div } 5 = 2$  and  $13 \bmod 5 = 3$ .

Apply the decreasing potential method to prove that the following function  $\text{Mod}(n, k)$  always terminates when called with parameters  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ , where  $\mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$ .

```
procedure Mod(n, k)
  // Input: positive integers n, k.
  // Output: value of n mod k.
  t := n;
  while t ≥ k do
    t := t - (t - k);
  end while;
  return t;
```

<sup>1</sup>pos intorded

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## What should you do?

1. Work through problems on sheet (in the week it is released)  
Not assessed ↗ you are welcome to work in groups
2. Write down your answers
3. Ask questions during tutorial (in the week after release)
4. Check your answers with the solution hints

*Use the tutorials to practice your thinking!* = Don't cheat yourself!



UNIVERSITÄT  
TÜBINGEN

Department of Computer Science  
Dr. Sebastian Wild - Basic Tools

Date: 2023-09-26  
Version: 0.0.1

**Tutorial 1 for**  
**COMP 526 – Efficient Algorithms, Fall 2023**

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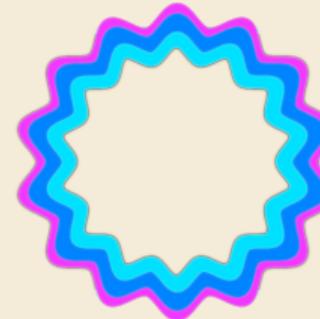
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<sup>1</sup>pos intended

# What is Campuswire?

*Campuswire* is an online space for lectures

1. ***Class Feed:*** questions on material
2. ***Chatrooms:*** structured social space  
similar to Slack or Discord



Join via link on website:  
[campuswire.com/p/GBE440C1A](https://campuswire.com/p/GBE440C1A)

Use in browser  
[campuswire.com/c/GBE440C1A](https://campuswire.com/c/GBE440C1A)  
or via app  
[campuswire.com/download](https://campuswire.com/download)

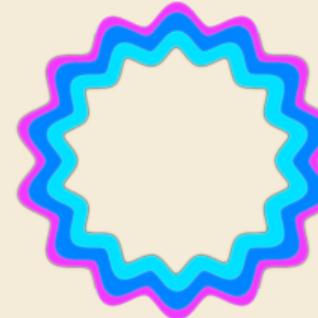
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We use Class Feed for **collaborative Q&A**

- ▶ Ask *public* questions
  - ▶ “Why is  $\lg(n^3) = \Theta(\log n)$ ?”
  - ▶ “Will there be classes during Carneval?”
- ▶ **Answer** your peers' questions!
  - ▶ Know the answer? → put it in!
  - ▶ Know a partial answer? → Post it, others can build on it!
  - ▶ Found a helpful answer (or question)? → Vote it up!
- ▶ Ask *private* questions
  - ▶ if your question might contain “spoilers” for assessments
  - ▶ if you feel the answer is only relevant for you personally



Join via link on website:  
[campuswire.com/p/GBE440C1A](https://campuswire.com/p/GBE440C1A)

Use in browser  
[campuswire.com/c/GBE440C1A](https://campuswire.com/c/GBE440C1A)  
or via app  
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# How to Campuswire

- ▶ My goals for Campuswire Q&A:

- 1. be fair** Same answers for everyone
- 2. learning by teaching** YOU will answer most questions!
- 3. be inclusive** posts can be anonymous; you can take your time to ask and answer

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  - 3. be inclusive** posts can be anonymous; you can take your time to ask and answer
- ▶ Therefore, we instructors will
  - ▶ redirect you to Class Feed for questions,
  - ▶ wait before answering, to give other students a chance to answer first,
  - ▶ explicitly mark good answers (and questions!) as such

## Philosophy of the module

COMP 526 is part of a *scientific* course.

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Less . . .



<https://imgur.com/gallery/xX118>

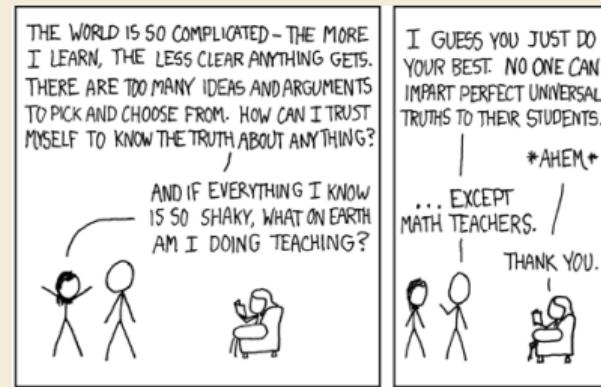
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Less ...



... and more



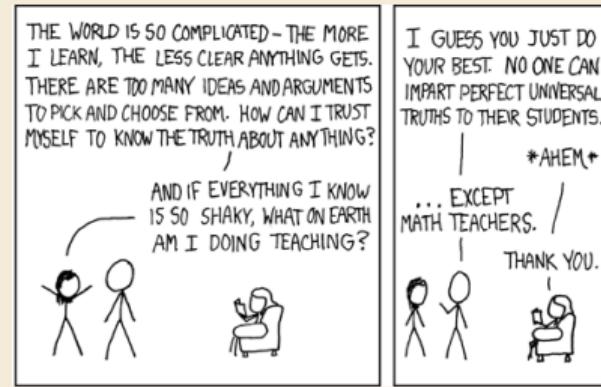
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- ▶ model of reality (machines, programs, data)
- ▶ quantitative predictions
- ▶ validate model in experiments

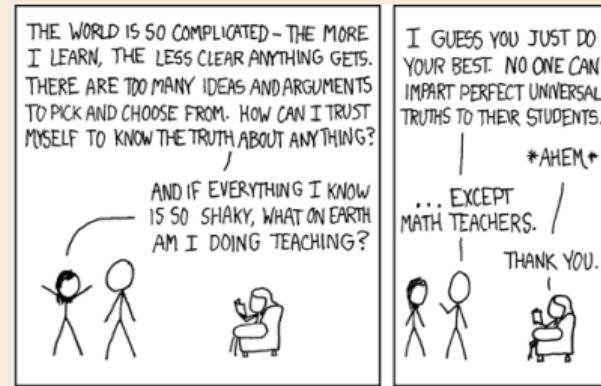
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~~> Focus on *universal truths* of practical algorithms

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- ▶ validate model in experiments

~~> Need some math techniques. (up next)

**But before we start ...**

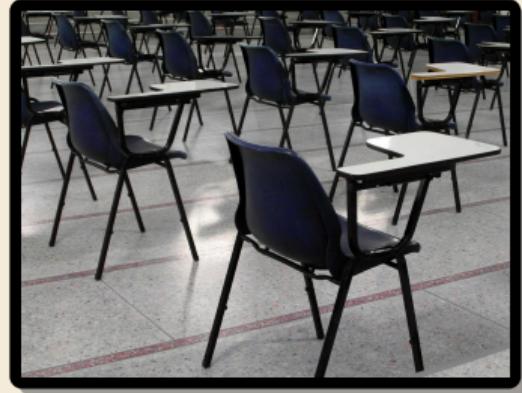


# But before we start ...



## *Prior-knowledge survey*

- ▶ not graded
- ▶ anonymous
- ▶ formative assessment
  - ▶ helps me to tailor teaching to needs
  - ▶ helps you to know where you and others stand
- ▶ Questions cover various topics, some or tough



*I don't expect you can answer everything!  
We don't need everything for COMP526!*

[tiny.cc/526-survey](http://tiny.cc/526-survey)