System Calibration

The system calibration will be done with the obtained images and the MATLAB camera calibration toolbox.

The following are the steps taken to obtain the calibration result (with an accuracy analysis).

1 Step 1: Convert the Images

The following code has been used to convert the ".png" to a ".jpg" image file type.

```
% Convert a .png image file type to a .jpg file type
f = dir('*.png');

fil = {f.name};

for k = 1:numel(fil)
   file = fil{k};
   new_file = strrep(strcat('calib_',file),'.png','.jpg');
   im = imread(file);
   imwrite(im, new_file);
end
```

Figure 1 MATLAB Code Snippet - Convert Image File Type

The "f = dir('*.png');" line, uses the dir function to list all of the files within the current directory that have a ".png" file extension type. Then it stores the list of file information in the variable "f".

The "fil={f.name};" line extracts the names of the files from the file information that is stored within the variable "f" and then stores them in a call array named "fil". Each element of the cell array contains the name of a ".png" file in the current directory.

The for loop iterates through a cell array fil, which contains the names of all ".png" files in the current directory. For each iteration, it retrieves the name of the current ".png" file, stores it in the variable file, and then generates a new file name new_file by adding "calib_" to the beginning of the file name and changing the file extension from ".png" to ".jpg." Afterward, it reads the image data from the current file using imread, and writes this image data to the new file new_file using imwrite. This process effectively converts each ".png" file in the directory to a ".jpg" format and renames it with an "calib_" prefix while preserving the original file's name. The loop continues until all ".png" files in the directory have been processed.

2 Step 2: Extract the Grid Corners

The next step is to utilise the Camera Calibration Toolbox for MATLAB.

- 1. Start the calibration toolbox my using the **calib_gui** command into the MATLAB command window. Ensure the toolbox and desired calibration images are all within the same path.
- 2. Select Mode of Operation, click on Standard (all images are stored in memory).

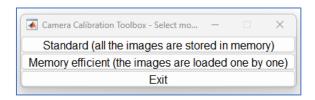


Figure 2 Camera Calibration Toolbox - Select Mode of Operation

- 3. Then, the **Standard Version** of the Camera Calibration Toolbox window will open.
- 4. Select **Image Names**, type the base name "calib_image" and "j" to choose the image format.

```
Basename camera calibration images (without number nor suffix): calib_image

Image format: ([]='r'='ras', 'b'='bmp', 't'='tif', 'p'='pgm', 'j'='jpg', 'm'='ppm') j
```

Figure 3 Image Names Settings

5. Then, the Calibration Images window will open.

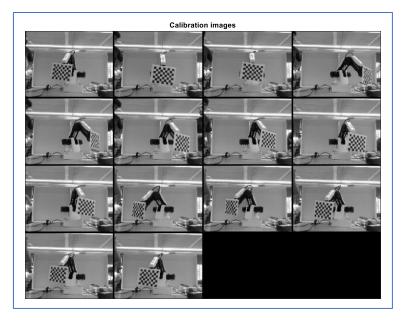


Figure 4 Calibration Images

6. Select, **Extract Grid Corners** and select all images for corner extraction. Leaving the wintx and winty values as default and using an automatic square counting mechanism.

```
Extraction of the grid corners on the images

Number(s) of image(s) to process ([] = all images) =

Window size for corner finder (wintx and winty):

wintx ([] = 5) =

winty ([] = 5) =

Window size = llxll

Do you want to use the automatic square counting mechanism (0=[]=default)

or do you always want to enter the number of squares manually (1,other)?
```

Figure 5 Extraction of Grid Corners Settings

7. For all images, select the four inner grid corners of the checkerboard in the image. The first corner clicked will be the origin; use this same corner in all remaining images. Set dX and dY values to 14(mm). When prompted, select no for an initial guess for distortion.

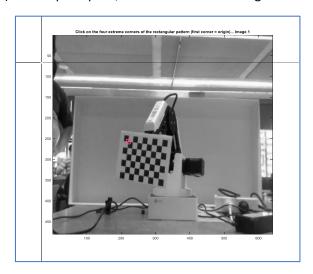


Figure 6 Image 1 Extract Grid Corner 1

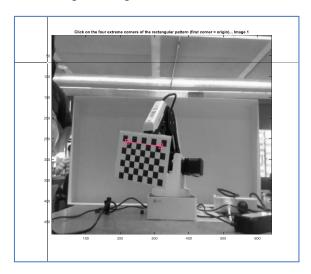


Figure 7 Image 1 Extract Grid Corner 2

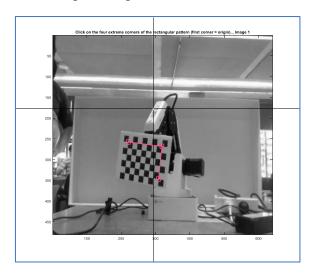


Figure 8 Image 1 Extract Grid Corner 3

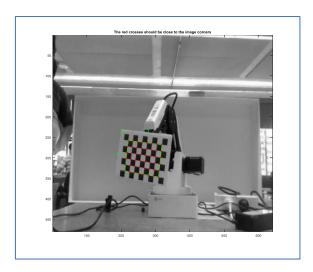


Figure 9 Image 1 Extract Grid Corner 4

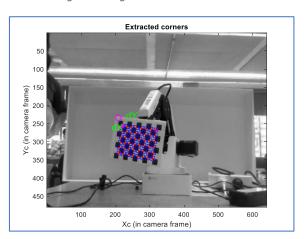


Figure 10 Image 1 Extracted Grid Corners

- 8. In the Camera Calibration Toolbox, select **Calibration** to calibrate the camera. Refer to Appendix B for the First Calibration results.
- 9. Next, select **Reproject on Images** to reproject the grid corners (refer to Appendix C).

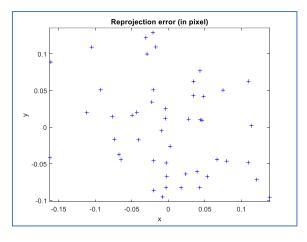


Figure 11 Reprojection Error of Image 1

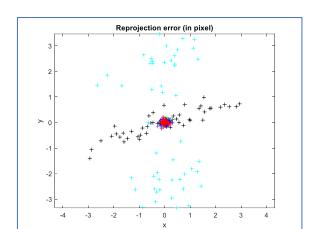


Figure 12 Reprojection Error of All Images

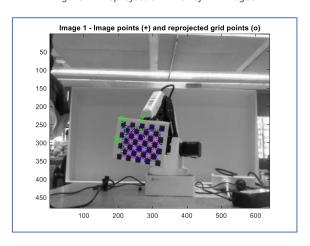


Figure 13 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 1

10. Next, select **Recomp. Corners** to recompute the grid corners in the images.

```
Re-extraction of the grid corners on the images (after first calibration)

Window size for corner finder (wintx and winty):

wintx ([] = 5) =

winty ([] = 5) =

Window size = 11x11

Number(s) of image(s) to process ([] = all images) =

Use the projection of 3D grid or manual click ([]=auto, other=manual):

Processing image 1...2...3...4...5...6...7...8...9...10...11...12...13...14...

done
```

Figure 14 Recompute Corners Settings

- 11. In the Camera Calibration Toolbox, again, select **Calibration** to recalibrate the camera using the same setting as previously used. Refer to Appendix B for the Second Calibration results.
- 12. Next, select **Show Extrinsic** to view the extrinsic parameters for each image.

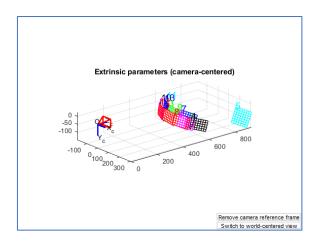


Figure 15 Extrinsic Parameters (Camera-Cantered)

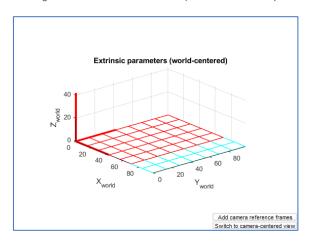


Figure 16 Extrinsic Parameters (World-Cantered)

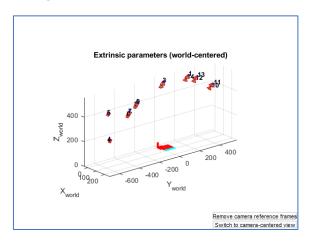


Figure 17 Extrinsic Parameters (World-Cantered) with Added Camera Reference Frame

13. Save the calibration data.

..............

3 Appendices

3.1 Appendix A – MATLAB Code for Converting the Images

```
% Convert a .png image file type to a .jpg file type
f = dir('*.png');
fil = {f.name};

for k = 1:numel(fil)
   file = fil{k};
   new_file = strrep(strcat('calib_',file),'.png','.jpg');
   im = imread(file);
   imwrite(im, new_file);
end
```

3.2 Appendix B – Calibration Results

3.2.1 First Calibration

.

Calibration results after optimization (with uncertainties):

Focal Length: fc = [631.16766 631.00584] +/- [121.96970 116.74740]

Principal point: cc = [320.70321 242.93117] + [61.64725 74.49633]

Skew: $alpha_c = [0.00000] +/-[0.00000] => angle of pixel axes = 90.00000 +/- 0.00000$

degrees

Distortion: $kc = [-0.06743 \ 0.19043 \ 0.00832 \ -0.00467 \ 0.00000] +/-[0.34898 \ 1.14260]$

0.05061 0.03568 0.00000]

Pixel error: $err = [0.46812 \ 0.64955]$

Note: The numerical errors are approximately three times the standard deviations (for reference).

Recommendation: Some distortion coefficients are found equal to zero (within their uncertainties).

To reject them from the optimization set est dist=[0;0;0;0;0] and run Calibration

3.2.2 Second Calibration

Calibration results after optimization (with uncertainties):

Focal Length: fc = [633.52615 633.45627] +/- [122.51386 117.11502]

Principal point: $cc = [321.47181 \ 241.46507] + [58.04011 \ 74.57180]$

Skew: $alpha_c = [0.00000] +/-[0.00000] => angle of pixel axes = 90.00000 +/- 0.00000$

degrees

Distortion: $kc = [-0.08680 \ 0.28603 \ 0.00847 \ -0.00413 \ 0.00000] +/-[0.35488 \ 1.20329]$

0.05110 0.03337 0.00000]

Pixel error: $err = [0.47096 \ 0.65015]$

Note: The numerical errors are approximately three times the standard deviations (for reference).

Recommendation: Some distortion coefficients are found equal to zero (within their uncertainties).

To reject them from the optimization set est_dist=[0;0;0;0;0] and run Calibration

3.3 Appendix C – Reprojection of Grid Points on Images

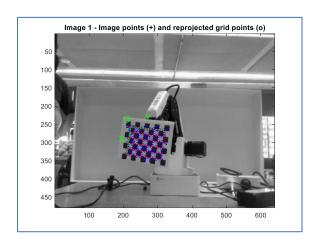


Figure 18 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 1

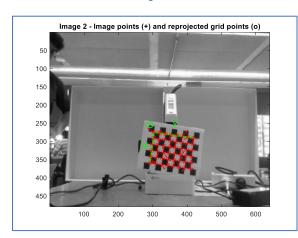


Figure 19 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 2

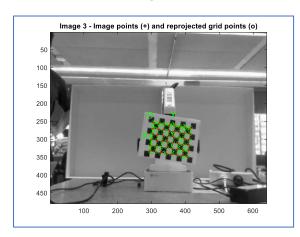


Figure 20 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 3

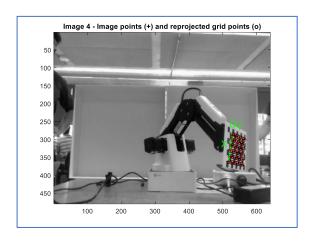


Figure 21 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 4

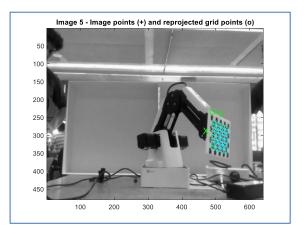


Figure 22 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 5

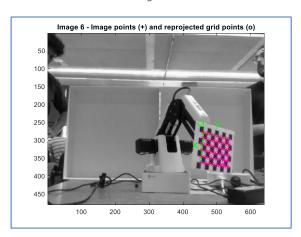


Figure 23 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 6

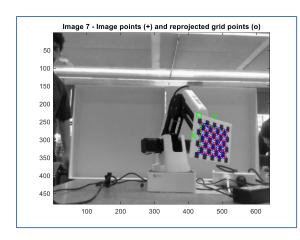


Figure 24 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 7

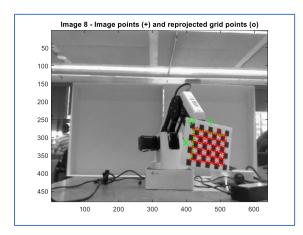


Figure 25 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 8

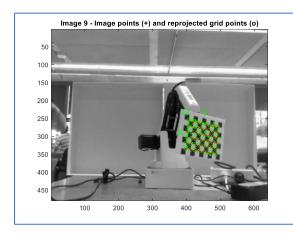


Figure 26 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 9

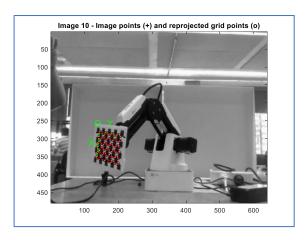


Figure 27 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 10

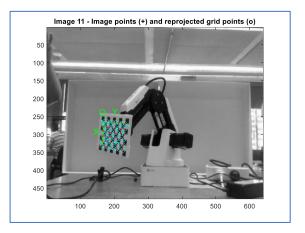


Figure 28 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 11

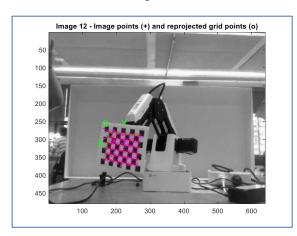


Figure 29 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 12

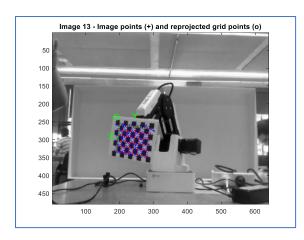


Figure 30 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 13

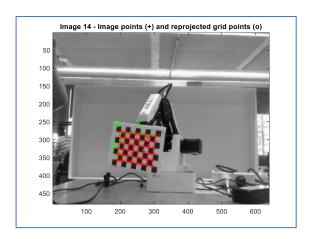


Figure 31 Image Points and Reprojected Grid Points on Image 14