

## **TRANSIENT COMMANDS**

DDT	Initiate Dynamic Debugger Tool program
DDT filename.typ	Initiate DDT and load named file
ASM filename	Assemble named ASM {current drive
ASM d:filename	file on: {designated drive
ASM filename.abc	a=source file drv; b=PRN file destin-
LOAD filename	ation drv (Z=skip); c=PRN file destin-
LOAD D:filename	ation drv (X=console, Z=skip)
DUMP filename.typ	Make .COM file from {current drive
DUMP d:filename.typ	named HEX file on: {designated drive
MOVCPM n	Display file in hex {current drive
MOVCPM n *	{designated drive
MOVCPM * *	Create {and execute nKbyte CP/M system
SYSGEN	{image of nKbyte CP/M system
	{image of maxKbyte CP/M for
	SYSGEN or SAVE
SUBMIT filename parameters	Initiate SYSTEM GENerate program
XSUB	Execute SUB file using optional
	parameter(s)
XSUB	Execute eXtended SUBmit program (V2.x)
ED filename.typ	Execute EDitor program to create
ED d:filename.typ	or edit named file
STAT	Display STATUS-R/W or R/O {current driv
STAT d:	and available disk space {named drive
STAT DEV:	{DEVICE assignments
STAT VAL:	{VALID device assignments
STAT DSK:	{DISK characteristics
STATUSR:	{current USER areas } V2.x
STAT filename.typ \$S	{size of file
STAT filename.typ	{file characteristics {curr driv
STAT d:filename.typ	{named driv
STAT d:=R/O	{designated drive to Read-only
STAT filename.typ \$R/O	{Read-only
STAT filename.typ \$R/W	{Read-Write } V2.x
STAT filename.COM \$\$SYS	{named file to System file
STAT filename.COM \$DIR	{Dirctry file}
STAT gd:=pd:	Change general device (CON:, LST:, PUN: and/or RDR:) assignment of physical device (see I/OBYTE)

## **CP/M DISK FORMAT**

Media: 8" soft-sectored floppy-disk single density  
(IBM 3740 standard)  
Tracks: 77 (numbered 0 thru 76)  
Sectors/Track: 26 (numbered 1 thru 26)  
Bytes/Sector: 128 data bytes (one logical record)  
Storage/Disk: 256,256 bytes (77\*26\*128)  
File Size: any number of sectors from zero to capacity of disk.  
Extent: 1Kbytes-8 sectors (smallest file space allocated)  
Skew: 6 sectors standard (space between consecutive physical sectors on track): 1-7-13-19-25-5-11-17-23-3-9-15-21-2-8-14-20-26-6-12-18-24-4-10-16-22  
System: Track 0 & 1 (optional)  
    Track-0,sector 1: boot loader  
    Track-0,sectors 2-26: CCP & BDOS  
    Track-1,sectors 1-17: CBIOS  
    Track-1,sectors 18-26: CBIOS  
Directory: Track 2: 16 sectors typ. 32-bytes/entry  
                 (64 entries typ.) - extents-0 and 1  
User File Area: Remaining sectors on Track-2 and -3 to 76  
Extents 2 and above

# COMMAND CONTROL CHARACTERS

<u>charac</u>	<u>function</u>	<u>ASCII</u>
C	Reboot CP/M (warm boot)	cod 03H
E	Start new line	05H
H	Backspace and delete (V2.x)	08H
I	Tab 8 columns	09H
J	Line feed	0AH
M	Carriage return	0DH
P	Printer on/printer off	10H
R	Retype current line	12H
S	Stop display output - any character except `c restarts output	13H
U	Delete line	15H
X	same as ^U (V1.4)	18H
Z	backspace to start of line (V2.x)	
delete	End of console input (ED & PIP)	1AH
rubout	Delete and display	7FH
	Last character (tape only)	7EH

10 BYTE (0003H)

Device		LST:	PUN:	RDR:	CON:
Bit	Position	7 6	5 4	3 2	2 1
Dec	Binary				
0	00	TTY:	TTY:	TTY:	TTY:
1	01	CRT:	PTP:	PTR:	CRT:
2	10	LPT:	UPI:	URI:	
3	11	UL1:	UP2:	UR2:	UC1:

TTY: TeleType  
CRT: Cathode Ray Tube type terminal  
BAT: BATch process (RDR=input,LST=output)  
UC1: User defined Console  
LPT: Line Printer  
ULL: User defined List device  
PTR: Paper Tape Reader  
URL: User defined  
UR2: Reader devices  
PTP: Paper Tape Punch  
UP1: User defined Punch  
UP2: } devices

# FILE TYPES

ASC	ASCII text file, usually Basic source
ASM	ASSeMby language file (source for ASM program)
BAK	BAckUp copy file (created by editor)
BAS	BASIC source program file, usually tokenized
COM	COMMAND file (transient executable program)
DATA	DATA file
DOC	DOCUment file
FOR	FORtran source program file
INT	INTERmediate Basic program file (executable)
HEX	HEXadecimal format file (for LOAD program)
LIB	Library file used by macro assembler
PLI	PL/I source file
PRN	PRINT file (source and object produced by ASM)
REL	RELocatable module
SAV	System file (V2.x)
SUB	SUBmit text file executed by SUBMIT program
SYM	SID symbol file
TEX	TEXT formatter source file
XRF	Cross reference file
\$\$\$	Temporary file

Filename - 8 characters maximum  
 Filetype - 3 characters maximum

Invalid filename and filetype characters:  
 < > . , ; : = ? [ ]

**Microsystems**

# **CP/M\***

Versions 1.4 & 2.X

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## BUILT-IN COMMANDS

```

DIR          Display file directory {current drive
DIR d:       current drive {designated drive
DIR filename.typ Search for named file, current drive
DIR *.typ     Display all files of named type, curr drv
DIR filename.* Display all types of designated filename
DIR x????.*   Display all filenames 5 characters long and start with letter x
TYPE filename.typ Display ASCII file {current drive
TYPE filename.type Display ASCII file {designated drive

ERA filename.typ      {named file, current drive
ERA *.*               all files, curr drv, V2.x curr user
ERA *.typ              Erase {all files {designated {type
ERA d:filename.type   {named file} {drive
ERA filename.*         {all types of named file, curr drv

REN nuname.typ=olname.typ {REName file {current drive
REN d:nuname.typ=olname.typ {designated drive

SAVE n filename.typ  {current drive
SAVE n d:filename.typ {SAVE as named file {designated drive
n pages (page=256 bytes) start @ 100H

d:             Switch to designated disk drive
A-D V1.4; A-P V2.x
USER n         Change user area (Version 2.x)

```

## ED COMMANDS

```

nA Append n lines to buffer (n=0 -use half of buffer)
      {beginning}
-B Move pointer to {end } of file
nC Delete n characters forward
nD End edit, close file, return to CP/M
E End edit, close file, return to CP/M
nFs Find n-th occurrence of string 's'
H end edit, move pointer to beginning of file
I Insert text at pointer until `Z typed
Is Insert string at pointer
nK Kill n lines starting at pointer
nL move pointer n lines
nMx execute command string 'x' n times
nNs global F-command- until end of file
O abort ED, start over with original file
nP list next n pages of 23 lines (n=0 -current page)
Q Quit without changing input file
Rfn Read fn.LIB into buffer at current pointer
nS*x'y Substitute string 'y' for next n forward
      occurrences of string 'x'
nT Type n lines
U change lower case to upper case (next entry)
v enable internal line number generation
nW Write n lines to output file (start at
      beginning of buffer)
nx Write next n lines to file 'X$$$$$.LIB'
nZ Pause n/2 seconds (2MHz)
n <CR> Move {forward {1 line } and type one line
-      {backward }
n:x move to n line number and perform 'x' command
:m: perform command 'x' from current line to line m
n:::m: move to n line number and perform command 'x'
      through line number m

note: "--" valid on all positioning and display commands
      for backward movement (e.g. -nC)

```

## PIP COMMANDS

```

PIP          Initiate Peripheral Interchange Program
*d=:s:filename.typ Copy named file {from sourcedrv
*d:unum.*=:s:olname.typ Copy&change filename {to destinatdrv
PIP d=:s:filename.typ Initiate PIP and copy named file
PIP d=:s:*.*    from sourcedrv {all files
PIP d=:s:filename.* to {all named files
PIP d=:s:*.typ  destinationdrv {all files named typ
PIP LST=:filename.typ {list device
PIP PUN=:filename.typ send named file to {punch device
PIP CON=:filename.typ {console device
PIP filename.typ=RDR: Copy data from reader device to
      named file (current drive)

*nuname.typ=aname.type,bname.type,cnametyp {ASCII } copy&con-
*d:unum.type=s:aname.typ,s:bname.typ {catenate
*nuname.typ=aname.typ[X],bname.typ[X] {non-ASCII } files
PIP LST=:aname.type,bname.type {send files in sequence
PIP LST=:s:name.type,s:name.type {to list device

```

## PIP PARAMETERS

```

[B] - read data block until `S character
[Dn] - delete characters past column n
[E] - echo all copy operations to console
[F] - remove form feeds
[Gn] - get file from n user area - V2.x
[H] - check for proper hex format
[I] - same as H plus ignores `:NN"
[L] - change all upper case characters to lower case
[N] - add line numbers with leading zeros suppressed
[N2] - same as N plus leading zeros & tab
[O] - object file transfer; ignores end-of-file
[P] - insert form feed every {n} lines
[Pn] - {n} lines
[Qstring`Z] - Quit copying after {string is found
[Sstring`Z] - Start copying when {string is found
[R] - read SYS file (V2.x)
[Tn] - expand tab space to every n columns
[U] - change all lower case characters to upper case
[V] - verify copied data
[W] - delete R/O files at destination (V2.x)
[X] - copy non-ASCII files
[Z] - zero parity bit on all characters in file

```

## PIP KEYWORDS

```

CON: CONsole device (defined in BIOS)
EOF: send End-of-File (ASCII-Z) to device
INP: INPUT source (patched in PIP)
LST: LIST device (defined in BIOS)
NULL: send 40 NULLs to device
OUT: OUTPUT destination (patched in PIP)
PRN: same as LST; tabs every 8th character, numbers
      lines & page ejects every 60 lines with
      initial eject
PUN: PUNch device { defined in BIOS
RDR: ReaDeR device

```

refer to IORYTE section for additional physical devices

## ASM CONVENTIONS

labels followed by colon 1- 6 alphanumeric characters symbol (eg. EQU) no colon first must be alpha, ? or .

Assembly Program Format (space separates fields)  
label: opcode operand(s) ;comment

### Operators (unsigned)

a+b	a added to b
a-b	difference between a and b
+b	0+b (unary addition)
-b	0-b (unary subtraction)
a*b	a multiplied by b
a/b	a divided by b (integer)
a MOD b	remainder after a/b
NOT b	complement all b-bits
AND b	{AND} of a and b
OR b	bit-by-bit {OR} of a and b
XOR b	{XOR}
SHL b	shift a {left} b bits, end off, zero fill
SHR b	{right}

### Hierarchy Of Operations

highest: */MOD SHL SHR	Numeric (post radix)
- +	B=binary
NOT	0,Q=octal
AND	D=decimal (default)
lowest: OR XOR	H=Hexidecimal
	ASCII - in quotes (e.g. 'A')

### Pseudo-ops

ORG const	Set program or data origin (default=0)
END start	End program. Optional address where execution begins
EQU const	Define symbol value (may not be changed)
SET const	Define symbol value (may be changed later)
IF const	Assemble block conditionally until ENDIF
ENDIF	Terminate conditional assembly block
DS const	Define storage space for later use
DB byte[,byte...],bytel	Define bytes as numeric or ASCII constants
DW word[,word...],word	Define word(s) (two bytes)
const=constant	const=constant (true if bit-0=1 otherwise false)

## ASM ERROR CODES

D	Data error (element cannot be placed in data area)
E	Expression error (ill-formed expression)
L	Label error
N	Not implemented
O	Overflow (expression too complicated to compute)
P	Phase error (label has different values on each pass)
R	Register error (specified value not compatible with op code)
U	Undefined label (label does not exist)
V	Value error (operand improper)

## DDT COMMANDS

A sad Assemble symbolic code ; start at sad  
D Dump RAM (cad; 16 lines  
D sad to console (sad; 16 lines  
D sad,ead from: (sad thru ead  
F sad,ead,const Fill RAM from sad thru ead with constant  
G Start (saved PC  
G sad program (sad  
G sad,bpl execution (sad and stop at bpl  
G sad,bpl,bp2 at: (sad and stop at bpl or bp2  
G,bp1,bp2 (cad and stop at bpl or bp2  
H a,b Display hex a+b and a-b  
I filename Set up FCB user code  
I filename.typ (5CH) for: R-command (HEX or COM file)  
L Dissasembler (cad; 12 lines  
L sad RAM (sad; 12 lines  
L sad,ead from: (sad thru ead  
M sad,ead,nad Move RAM block from sad thru ead to nad  
R Read file specified by I command to RAM at  
R offset normal address + optional offset  
S sad Substitute into RAM starting at sad  
T n Execute n instructions (default=1) with  
register dump (trace)  
U n Execute n instructions (default=1) with  
register dump after last instruction  
Xr Examine/change registers or flags  
X Examine registers (flag reg:C=carry, Z=zero,  
M=sign, E=parity, I=aux carry)  
cad=current address sad=start address  
nad=new address ead=end address  
?error, can mean: file cannot be opened,checksum error  
in HEX file or Assembler/Dissasembler overlayed.

## LOGIN BYTE (0004H)

low nibble = current drive (0=A,1=B,etc.)  
high nibble = current user (V2.x only)

## FILE CONTROL BLOCK

Byte(s)	function
0	dr Drive code (0=current, 1=A, 2=B, etc)
1-8	fl-f8 File Name
9-11	tl-3 File Type tl=1-R/O; t2=1-SYS
12	ex current EXtent number
13	sl reserved (V1.4) {not used}
14	s2 =# on BDOS call to Open,Make,search
15	rc extent Record Count
16-31	d0-dn Disk map
32	cr current record for r/w
33-35	rn random record number

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15  
dr|fl|f2|t3|f4|f5|f6|f7|f8|tl|t2|t3|ex|sl|s2|rc  
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35  
d0|d1|d2|d3|d4|d5|d6|d7|d8|d9|d0|d1|d2|d3|d4|d5|cr|r1|r2

## MEMORY ALLOCATIONS

(b=memsize-20K V2.x; memsize-16K V1.4)

Hex Memory Locations	Contents
0-2	jump to BIOS warm start entry point
3	IOBYTE
4	login drive number and current user
5-7	jump to BDOS
8-37	reserved: interrupt vectors & future use
Area (0-FFH)	RST7-used by DDT or SID programs
38-3A	reserved for interrupt vector
40-4F	scratch area used by CBIOS
50-5B	not used
5C-7C	File Control Block (FCB) area (default)
7D-7F	Random record position-V2.x (default)
80-FF	DMA buffer area (128 bytes) for input and output (default)
Transient Program Area [100...3FF+b]	COM file area {V2.x
[100...28FF+b]	{V1.4}
CCP area [3400+b-3BFF+b]	Console Command {V2.x
[2900+b-30FF+b]	Processor {V1.4}
BDOS area [3C00+b-49FF+b]	Disk Operating {V2.x
[3100+b-3DFF+b]	System {V1.4}
BIOS area [4A00+b-4FFF+b]	I/O system {V2.x
[3E00+b-3FFF+b]	{V1.4}

## BIOS ENTRY POINTS

Hex Addr	Vector Name	Function	Value Passed	Value Returned
**00	BOOT	cold) start entry point	C=0	C=0
**03	WBOOT	warm start entry point	C=drv no	C=drv no
**06	CONST	check for console ready	A=const	A=const
**09	CONIN	read from console	A=chara	A=chara
**0C	CONOUT	(console		
**0F	LIST	write to list device }	C=chara	C=chara
**12	PUNCH	(punch device)		
**15	READER	read from reader device	A=chara	A=chara
**18	HOME	move head to track-0		
**1B	SELDSK	select drive	C=dry no	HL=dph*
**1E	SETTRK	{track number	C=trk no	
**21	SETSEC	set {sector number	C=sec no	
**24	SETDMA	{DMA address	BC=DMA	
**27	READ	read }	A=dskst	
**2A	WRITE	writel selected sector		
**2D*	LISTST	get list status	A=lstst	
**30*	SECTRAN	sector translate subroutine	BC=lsecno DE=smap	HL=pysec

const=console status  
00=idle  
FF=data avail  
dph=disk parameter/  
header address  
dskst=disk status  
00=OK  
01=error  
lstst=list status  
00=busy  
FF=ready

lsecno=logical sector number  
pysec=physical sector number  
smap=sector interlace map  
address  
chara=character  
drv nos=drive number  
trk nos=track number  
sec nos=sector number  
DMA=DMA address  
\* not used in V1.4  
\*\*= contents of location 0002H

## BDOS FUNCTION CALLS

(request to BDOS to perform specified functions)

Function Number in C reg	Function	Value Passed to BDOS in DE(or E)regs	Value Returned in A (or HL) regs
0 00	system reset	--	--
1 01	console read	--	char
2 02	console write	E=char	--
3 03	reader read	--	
4 04	punch write	E=char	--
5 05	list write		--
6 06	direct gon IO {V2.x}	E={FFH(input)} char(output)	0=not ready
7 07	get IOBYTE	--	IOBYTE
8 08	set IOBYTE	E=IOBYTE	--
9 09	print string	string addr	
10 0A	read console buffer	addr of data buffer	chars in buffer
11 0B	get console status	--	00(not ready)
12 0C	lift head(V1.x)	--	FF(ready)
13 0D	get vers (V2.x)	--	HL=version no.
14 0E	reset disk **	--	--
15 0F	select disk {E=drive no}		
16 10	open file	FCB addr	dir
17 11	close file	--	FF(not found)
18 12	search for file	--	*
19 13	search for next	--	
20 14	delete file		*
21 15	read next recrd	FCB addr	00(valid)
22 16	write next recd		
23 17	create file		
24 18	rename file old file	FCB addr	dir FF(disk full)
25 19	get login vectr	-- (V1.4)	directory code
26 1A	get disk no.	DMA addr	HL=av
27 1B	set DMA addr.	--	--
28 1C	get alloc vectr	--	HL=R/O vector
29 1D	write protect	--	dir
30 1E	get R/O vector	FCB addr	HL=dpba
31 1F	set file attrib parameters	--	
32 20	get addr (disk parameters)		
33 21	set/get user code	E=FFH(get) user code(set)	current code
34 22	read random		error code***
35 23	write random	FCB addr	random record field set
36 24	compute file size	{(r0,r1,r2 format)}	
37 25	set random rec		
40 28	reset drive	drive vector	Ø
not used	write random with zero fill	FCB addr	return code
39 27			

\* V1.4 none  
\*\* V1.4 initializes system and selects A drive  
\*\*\* error codes: 01=reading unwritten data  
03=cannot close current extent  
04=seek to unwritten extent  
05=directory overflow (write only)  
06=seek past physical end of disk

char=character (ASCII)  
addr=address  
dir=directory code  
cdn=current drive number (A=0,R=1,etc)  
dpba=disk parameter block address